

DrMOS Integrated Power Stage

DESCRIPTION

The SiC772 is an integrated power stage solution optimized for synchronous buck applications to offer high current, high efficiency and high power density performance. Packaged in Vishay's proprietary 6 mm x 6 mm MLP package, SiC772 enables voltage regulator design to deliver in excess of 40 A per phase current.

The internal Power MOSFETs utilizes Vishay's state-of-theart TrenchFET Gen IV technology that delivers industry bench-mark performance to significantly reduce switching and conduction losses.

The SiC772 incorporates an advanced MOSFET gate driver IC that features high current driving capability, adaptive dead-time control, and integrated bootstrap Schottky diode; a thermal warning (THWn) alerts the system of excessive junction temperature. This driver is also compatible with wide range of PWM controllers with the support of Tri-state PWM, 5 V PWM Logic, and skip mode (SMOD) for improve light load efficiency.

FEATURES

 Thermally enhanced PowerPAK MLP6x6-40L package



RoHS

HALOGEN

FREE

- Industry benchmark MOSFET with integrated Schottky diode
- Delivers in excess of 40 A continuous current
- 86 % peak efficiency at 19 V to 1 V and 18 A
- High frequency operation up to 1.5 MHz
- · Power MOSFETs optimized for 19 V input stage
- 5 V PWM Logic with Tri-state and hold-off
- SMOD logic for light load efficiency boost
- Low PWM propagation delay (< 20 ns)
- Thermal monitor flag
- Faster enable/disenable (10 ns)
- V_{CIN} UVLO
- Compliant with Intel DrMOS 4.0 specification
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance
 please see <u>www.vishay.com/doc?99912</u>

Note:

* This datasheet provides information about parts that are RoHS-compliant and/or parts that are non-RoHS-compliant. For example, parts with lead (Pb) terminations are not RoHS-compliant. Please see the information/tables in this datasheet for details.

APPLICATIONS

- Synchronous buck converters
- Multi-phase VRDs for CPU, GPU, and memory
- DC/DC POL modules
- Notebook computers

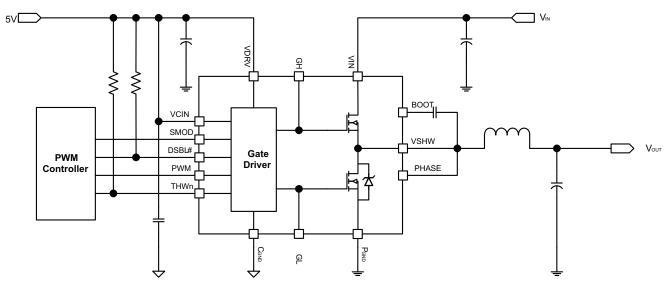


Figure 1: SiC772 Typical Application Diagram

Document Number: 63822 S13-1024-Rev. B, 10-Jun-13 For technical questions, contact: powerictechsupport@vishay.com

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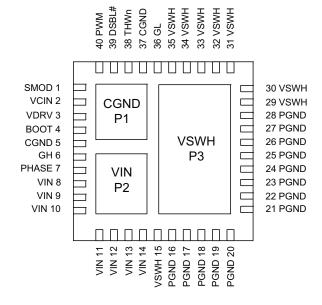
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TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAMM

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PIN CONFIGURATION





PIN DESCRI	PTION	
Pin Number	Symbol	Description
1	SMOD#	LS FET Turn-OFF Logic. Active low
2	V _{CIN}	Supply voltage for internal logic circuitry
3	V _{DRV}	Supply voltage for internal gate driver
4	BOOT	High side driver bootstrap voltage
5, 37, P1	C _{GND}	Analog ground for the driver IC
6	GH	High side gate signal
7	PHASE	Return path of HS Gate Driver
8 to 14, P2	V _{IN}	Power stage input voltage. Drain of high side MOSFET
15, 29 to 35, P3	V _{SWH}	Phase node of the power stage
16 to 28	P _{GND}	Power ground
36	GL	Low side gate signal
38	THWn	Thermal warning open drain output
39	DSBL#	Disable pin. Active low
40	PWM	PWM input logic

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ORDERING INFORMATION						
Part Number	Package	Marking Code				
SiC772CD-T1-GE3	PowerPAK MLP66-40L	SiC772CD				
SiC772DB	Reference	Board				

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ⁽¹⁾						
Electrical Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit			
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	- 0.3 to 30				
Control Input Voltage	V _{CIN}	- 0.3 to 7				
Drive Input Voltage	V _{DRV}	- 0.3 to 7				
Switch Node (DC)	V _{SW}	- 0.3 to 30	v			
Switch Node (AC) ⁽²⁾	V _{SW}	- 8 to 35	V			
Boot Voltage (DC Voltage)	V _{BS}	- 0.3 to 33				
Boot to Switching Node (DC Voltage)	V _{BS_SW}	- 0.3 to 7				
All Logic Inputs and Outputs (PWM, DSBL, SMOD and THWn)		- 0.3 to V _{CIN} + 0.3				
Max. Operating Junction Temperature	TJ	150				
Ambient Temperature	T _A	- 40 to 125	°C			
Storage Temperature		- 65 to 150				

Note:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2. The specification values indicated "AC" is V_{SW} to P_{GND} - 8 V (< 20 ns, 10 μ J), min. and 35 V (< 50 ns), max.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS						
Parameter	Unit					
Input Voltage (V _{IN})	4.5		24			
Drive Input Voltage (V _{DRV})	4.5	5	5.5			
Control Input Voltage (V _{CIN})	4.5	5	5.5	V		
Switching Node (LX, DC Voltage)			27			
BOOT-SW	4	4.5	5.5			

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS				
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case (to P3 PAD (V _{SHW})		2.5		°C/W
Thermal Resistance from Junction to PCB		5		0/11

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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIO	NS					
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Specified $V_{DSBL\#} = V_{SMOD} = 5 V,$ $V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{DRV} = V_{CIN} = 5 V,$ $T_A = 25 °C$	Min.	Тур. ⁽³⁾	Max. ⁽⁵⁾	Unit
Power Supplies						
		$V_{DSBL\#} = 0$ V, no switching		100		
V _{CIN} Control Input Current	I _{VCIN}	$V_{DSBL\#} = 5 V$, no switching		300		μA
		$V_{DSBL\#} = 5 V, f_s = 300 \text{ kHz}, D = 0.1$		300		
		f _s = 300 kHz, D = 0.1		16	25	mA
Drive Input Current (Dynamic)		f _s = 1 MHz, D = 0.1		60		ШA
Drive input Current (Dynamic)	IVDRV	$V_{DSBL\#} = 0$ V, no switching		30		
		$V_{DSBL\#} = 5 V$, no switching		60	μΑ	
Bootstrap Supply			•			
Bootstrap Switch Forward Voltage	V _F	$V_{CIN} = 5$ V, forward bias current 2 mA			0.4	V
PWM Control Input						
Rising Threshold	PWM _{th_r}		3.4	3.7	4.2	
Falling Threshold	PWM _{th_f}		0.7	0.9	1.2	
Tri-state Voltage	V _{tri}	PWM pin floating		2.3		V
Tri-state Falling Threshold	V _{tri_th_f}		0.9	1.2	1.5	
Tri-state Rising Threshold	V _{tri_th_r}		3	3.4	3.7	
Tri-state Rising Threshold Hysteresis	V _{tri_hys_r}			225		mV
Tri-state Falling Threshold Hysteresis	V _{tri_hys_f}			325		111 V
PWM Input Current	Law a	V _{PWM} = 5 V			500	
	I _{PWM}	V _{PWM} = 0 V			- 500	μA

Notes:

3. Typical limits are established by characterization and are not production tested.

Guaranteed by design.
 Min. and max. not 100 % production tested.



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICAT	IONS					
Parameter	Symbol Test Conditions Unless Specified $V_{DSBL\#} = V_{SMOD} = 5 V,$ $V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{VDRV} = V_{VCIN} = 5 V,$ $T_A = 25 °C$ V Enable V Disenable V_SMOD High State Low State V VUVLO Rising, on Threshold Sis Image: Signal state Image: Signal state Image: Signal state Image: Signal st	Min.	Тур. ⁽³⁾	Max. ⁽⁵⁾	Unit	
DSBL#, SMOD INPUT						
DSBL# Logic Input Voltage	V _{DSBL}		2		0.8	
SMOD Logic Input Voltage	V _{SMOD}	5	2		0.8	V
Protection					0.0	
Under Voltage Lockout	V _{UVLO}	0	2.7	3.7 3.2	4.3	V
Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis		-		550		mV
THDn Flag Set ⁽⁴⁾				160		
THDn Flag Clear ⁽⁴⁾				135		°C
THDn Flag Hysteresis ⁽⁴⁾				25		
THDn Output Low				0.02		V
Timing Specifications						
Tri-State to GH/GL Rising Propagation Delay	t _{pd_r_tri}			20		
Tri-state Hold-off Time	t _{tsho}			150		
GH - Turn off Propagation Delay	t _{pd_off_GH}			20		
GH - Turn on Propagation Delay (Dead Time Rising)	t _{pd_on_GH}	No load, see fig.4		10		ns
GL - Turn off Propagation Delay	t _{pd_off_GL}			10		
GL - Turn on Propagation Delay (Dead Time Falling)	t _{pd_on_GL}			10		

Notes:

3. Typical limits are established by characterization and are not production tested.

4. Guaranteed by design.

5. Min. and max. not 100 % production tested.

DETAILED OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

PWM Input with Tri-state Function

The PWM input receives the PWM control signal from the VR controller IC. The PWM input is designed to be compatible with standard controllers using two state logic (H and L) and advanced controllers that incorporate Tri-state logic (H, L, and Tri-state) on the PWM output. For two state logic, the PWM input operates as follows. When PWM is driven above $V_{th_pwm_r}$ the low side is turned OFF and the high side is turned ON. When PWM input is driven below V_{th pwm f} the high side turns off and the low side turns on. For Tri-state logic, the PWM input operates as above for driving the MOSFETs. However, there is an third state that is entered into as the PWM output of Tri-state compatible controller enters its high impedance state during shut-down. The high impedance state of the controller's PWM output allows the SiC772 to pull the PWM input into the Tri-state region (see the Tri-state Voltage Threshold Diagram below). If the PWM input stays in this region for the Tri-state hold-off period, t_{TSHO} , both high side and low side MOSFETs are turned off. This function allows the VR phase to be disabled without negative output voltage swing caused by inductor ringing and saves a schottky diode clamp. The PWM and Tri-state regions are separated by hysteresis to prevent false triggering. The SiC772CD incorporates PWM voltage thresholds that are compatible with 5 V logic.

Disable (DSBL#)

In the low state, the DSBL# pin shuts down the driver IC and disables both high-side and low-side MOSFET. In this state, the standby current is minimized. If DSBL# is left unconnected an internal pull-down resistor will pull the pin down to C_{GND} and shut down the IC.

Diode Emulation Mode (SMOD) Skip

When SMOD pin is low the diode emulation mode is enabled and GL is turned off. This is a non-synchronous conversion mode that improves light load efficiency bv reducing switching losses. Conducted losses that occur in synchronous buck regulators when inductor current is negative can also be reduced. Circuitry in the external controller IC detects when inductor current crosses zero and drive SMOD Lo turning the low side MOSFET off. See SMOD Operation diagram for additional details. If SMOD is left unconnected, an internal pull up resistor will pull the pin up to V_{CIN} (Logic High) to disable the SMOD function.

Thermal Shutdown Warning (THDn)

The THDn pin is an open drain signal that flags the presence of excessive junction temperature. Connect a maximum of 20 k Ω to pull this pin up to V_{CIN}. An internal temperature sensor detects the junction temperature. The temperature threshold is 160 °C. When this junction temperature is exceeded the THDn flag is set. When the junction temperature drops below 135 °C the device will clear the THDn signal. The SiC772 does not stop operation



when the flag is set. The decision to shutdown must be made by an external thermal control function.

Voltage Input (VIN)

This is the power input to the drain of the high-side Power MOSFET. This pin is connected to the high power intermediate BUS rail.

Switch Node (V_{SWH} and PHASE)

The Switch node V_{SWH} is the circuit PWM regulated output. This is the output applied to the filter circuit to deliver the regulated high output for the buck converter. The PHASE pin is internally connected to the switch node V_{SWH}. This pin is to be used exclusively as the return pin for the BOOT capacitor. A 20.2 k Ω resistor is connected between GH and PHASE to provide a discharge path for the HS MOSFET in the event that V_{CIN} goes to zero while V_{IN} is still applied.

Ground connections (C_{GND} and P_{GND})

 P_{GND} (power ground) should be externally connected to C_{GND} (control signal ground). The layout of the Printed Circuit Board should be such that the inductance separating the C_{GND} and P_{GND} should be a minimum. Transient differences due to inductance effects between these two pins should not exceed 0.5 V.

Control and Drive Supply Voltage Input (V_{DRV}, V_{CIN})

 V_{CIN} is the bias supply for the gate drive control IC. V_{DRV} is the bias supply for the gate drivers. It is recommended to separate these pins through a resistor. This creates a low pass filtering effect to avoid coupling of high frequency gate drive noise into the IC.

Bootstrap Circuit (BOOT)

The internal bootstrap switch and an external bootstrap capacitor form a charge pump that supplies voltage to the BOOT pin. An integrated bootstrap diode is incorporated so that only an external capacitor is necessary to complete the bootstrap circuit. Connect a boot strap capacitor with one leg tied to BOOT pin and the other tied to PHASE pin. Shoot-Through Protection and Adaptive Dead Time

Shoot-Through Protection and Adaptive Dead Time (AST)

The SiC772 has an internal adaptive logic to avoid shoot through and optimize dead time. The shoot through protection ensures that both high-side and low-side MOSFET are not turned on the same time. The adaptive dead time control operates as follows. The HS and LS gate voltages are monitored to prevent the one turning on until the other's gate voltage is sufficiently low (1 V), that and built in delays ensure the one Power MOS is completely off, before the other can be turned on. This feature helps to adjust dead time as gate transitions change with respect to output current and temperature.



Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

During the start up cycle, the UVLO disables the gate drive holding high-side and low-side MOSFET gate low until the input voltage rail has reached a point at which the logic circuitry can be safely activated. The SiC772 also

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

incorporates logic to clamp the gate drive signals to zero when the UVLO falling edge triggers the shutdown of the device. As an added precaution, a 20.2 k Ω resistor is connected between GH and PHASE to provide a discharge path for the HS MOSFET.

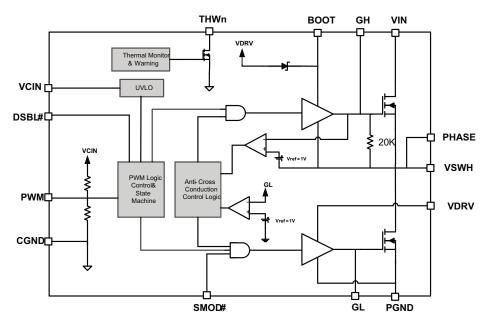


Figure 3: SiC772 Functional Block Diagram

EVICE TRUTH TABLE							
DSBL#	SMOD	PWM	GH	GL			
Open	Х	Х	L	L			
L	Х	Х	L	L			
Н	L	L	L	L			
Н	L	Н	Н	L			
Н	Н	Н	н	L			
Н	Н	L	L	Н			
Н	L	Tri-state	L	L			
Н	Н	Tri-state	L	L			

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PWM TIMING DIAGRAM

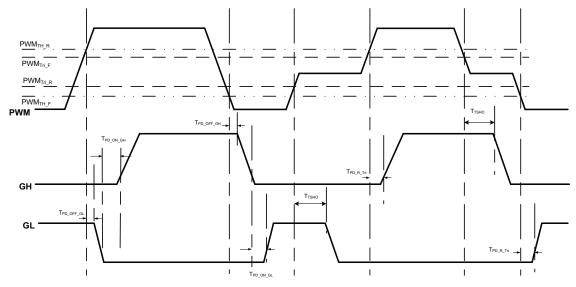
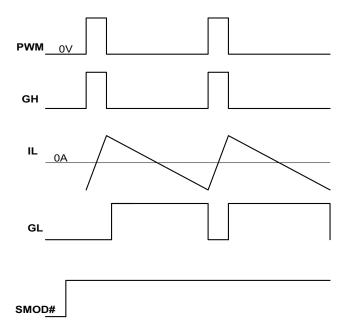


Figure 4: Definition of PWM Logic and Tri-state







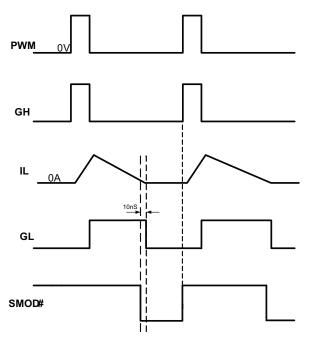


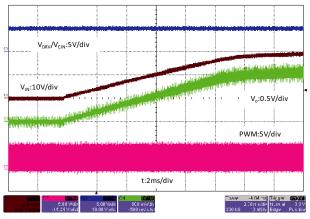
Figure 6: DCM Operation with SMOD# = Active Toggle

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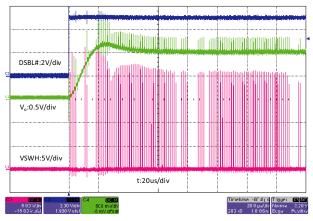


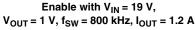
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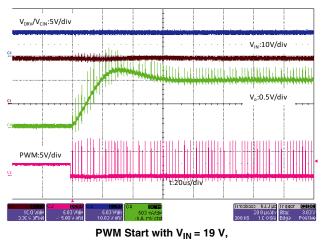
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



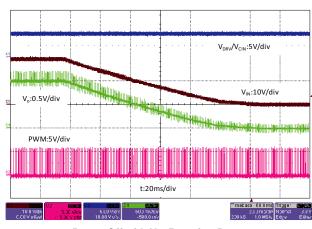
 $\label{eq:VIN} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Start-up with } V_{IN} \mbox{ Ramping Up} \\ V_{IN} = 19 \mbox{ V, } V_{OUT} = 1 \mbox{ V, } f_{SW} = 800 \mbox{ kHz, } I_{OUT} = 0 \mbox{ A} \end{array}$



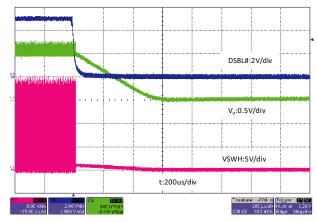




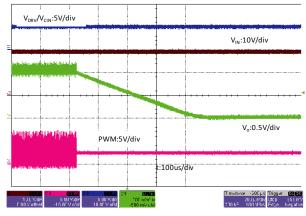
V_{OUT} = 1 V, f_{SW} = 800 kHz, I_{OUT} = 1.2 A



Power Off with V_{IN} Ramping Down V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{OUT} = 1 V, f_{SW} = 800 kHz, I_{OUT} = 1.2 A



 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Disable with V}_{\text{IN}} = 19 \text{ V}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} = 1.2 \text{ V}, \text{ f}_{\text{SW}} = 800 \text{ kHz}, \text{ I}_{\text{OUT}} = 1.2 \text{ A} \end{array}$

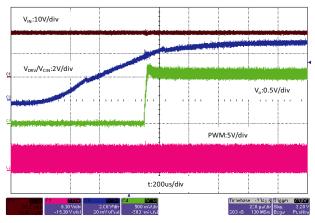


PWM Turn-off with V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{OUT} = 1 V, f_{SW} = 800 kHz, I_{OUT} = 1.2 A

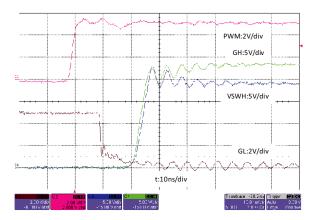
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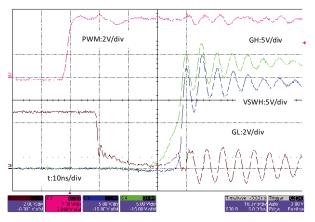
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

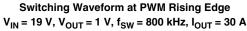


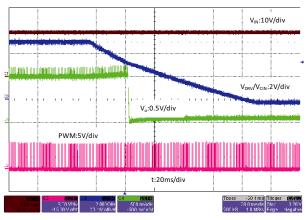
Start-up with V_{DRV}/V_{CIN} Ramping Up V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{OUT} = 1 V, f_{SW} = 800 kHz, I_{OUT} = 0 A



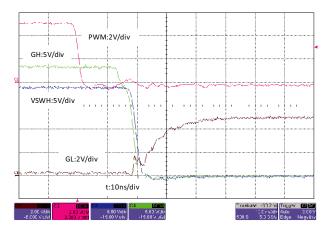
Switching Waveform at PWM Rising Edge $V_{\rm IN}$ = 19 V, $V_{\rm OUT}$ = 1 V, $f_{\rm SW}$ = 800 kHz, $I_{\rm OUT}$ = 0 A



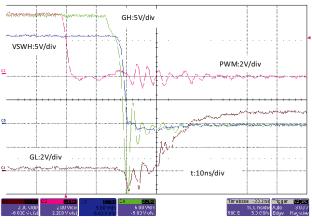




Power off with V_{DRV}/V_{CIN} Ramping Down V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{OUT} = 1 V, f_{SW} = 800 kHz, I_{OUT} = 1.2 A



Switching Waveform at PWM Falling Edge V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{OUT} = 1 V, f_{SW} = 800 kHz, I_{OUT} = 0 A



Switching Waveform at PWM Falling Edge V_{IN} = 19 V, V_{OUT} = 1 V, f_{SW} = 800 kHz, I_{OUT} = 30 A

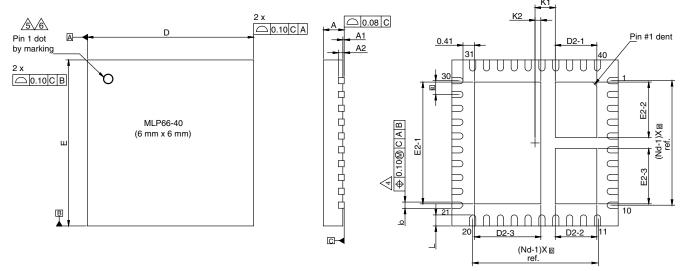
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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



	Top View		Side View		Bottom View		
DIM	MILLIMETERS			INCHES			
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
A ⁽⁸⁾	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.027	0.029	0.031	
A1	0.00	-	0.05	0.000	-	0.002	
A2		0.20 ref.			0.008 ref.		
b ⁽⁴⁾	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.078	0.098	0.011	
D		6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC		
е		0.50 BSC			0.019 BSC		
E		6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC		
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.013	0.015	0.017	
N ⁽³⁾		40			40		
Nd ⁽³⁾		10			10		
Ne ⁽³⁾		10			10		
D2-1	1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061	
D2-2	1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061	
D2-3	2.35	2.40	2.45	0.095	0.094	0.096	
E2-1	4.35	4.40	4.45	0.171	0.173	0.175	
E2-2	1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080	
E2-3	1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080	
K1		0.73 BSC			0.028 BSC		
K2		0.21 BSC			0.008 BSC		

Notes:

1. Use millimeters as the primary measurement.

2. Dimensioning and tolerances conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994.

3. N is the number of terminals.

Nd is the number of terminals in X-direction and Ne is the number of terminals in Y-direction .

4. Dimension b applies to plated terminal and is measured between 0.20 mm and 0.25 mm from terminal tip.

5. The pin #1 identifier must be existed on the top surface of the package by using indentation mark or other feature of package body .

6. Exact shape and size of this feature is optional.

7. Package warpage max. 0.08 mm.

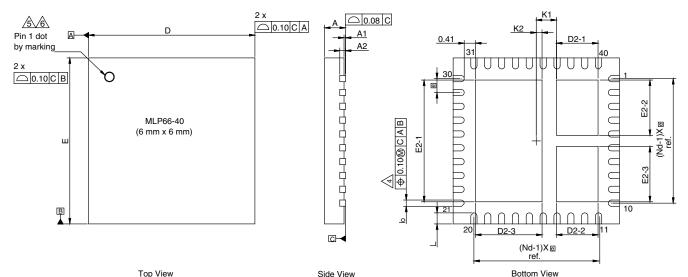
8. Applied only for terminals.

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <u>www.vishay.com/ppg263822</u>.

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PowerPAK[®] MLP66-40 Case Outline



DIM.	MILLIMETERS			INCHES			
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A ⁽⁸⁾	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.027	0.029	0.031	
A1	0.00	-	0.05	0.000	-	0.002	
A2		0.20 ref.			0.008 ref.		
b ⁽⁴⁾	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.078	0.098	0.011	
D		6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC		
е		0.50 BSC			0.019 BSC		
E		6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC		
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.013	0.015	0.017	
N ⁽³⁾		40		40			
Nd ⁽³⁾		10		10			
Ne ⁽³⁾		10		10			
D2-1	1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061	
D2-2	1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061	
D2-3	2.35	2.40	2.45	0.095	0.094	0.096	
E2-1	4.35	4.40	4.45	0.171	0.173	0.175	
E2-2	1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080	
E2-3	1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080	
K1	0.73 BSC			0.028 BSC			
K2	0.21 BSC				0.008 BSC		

DWG: 5986

Notes

1. Use millimeters as the primary measurement

2. Dimensioning and tolerances conform to ASME Y14.5M. - 1994

3. N is the number of terminals. Nd is the number of terminals in X-direction and Ne is the number of terminals in Y-direction

 Δ Dimension b applies to plated terminal and is measured between 0.20 mm and 0.25 mm from terminal tip

🛕 The pin #1 identifier must be existed on the top surface of the package by using indentation mark or other feature of package body

A Exact shape and size of this feature is optional

7. Package warpage max. 0.08 mm

Applied only for terminals

Revision: 12-Jan-15

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