

# 300-mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator With Error Flag and Discharge Option

#### **FEATURES**

•

Ultra Low Dropout—300 mV at 300-mA Load



- Low Noise—75 µV<sub>RMS</sub> (10-Hz to 100-kHz) Out-of-Regulation Error Flag (power good) •
- Shutdown Control •
- 130-μA Ground Current at 300-mA Load
- Fast Start-Up (50 μS)
- 1.5% Guaranteed Output Voltage Accuracy
- 400-mA Peak Output Current Capability
- Uses Low ESR Ceramic Capacitors
- Fast Line and Load Transient Response (≤ 30 µs)
- 1-µA Maximum Shutdown Current
- Output Current Limit •
- **Reverse Battery Protection**
- Built-in Short Circuit and Thermal Protection

- Output—Auto-Discharge In Shutdown Mode
- Fixed 1.2, 1.8, 2.5, 2.6, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3, 5.0-V Output Voltage Options
- MLP33-5 PowerPAK<sup>®</sup> Package

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Cellular Phones, Wireless Handsets
- Noise-Sensitive Electronic Systems, Laptop and Palmtop Computers
- PDAs
- Pagers
- **Digital Cameras**
- MP3 Plaver
- Wireless Modem

#### DESCRIPTION

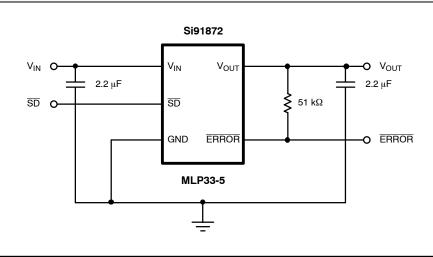
The Si91872 is a 300-mA CMOS LDO (low dropout) voltage regulator. It is the perfect choice for low voltage, low power applications. An ultra low ground current and ultra fast turn-on make this part attractive for battery operated power systems. The Si91872 also offers ultra low dropout voltage to prolong battery life in portable electronics. Systems requiring a quiet voltage source will benefit from the Si91872's low output noise. The Si91872 is designed to maintain regulation while delivering 400-mA peak current, making it ideal for systems that have a high surge current upon turn-on.

For better transient response and regulation, an active pull-down circuit is built into the Si91872 to clamp the output voltage when it rises beyond normal regulation. The Si91872 automatically discharges the output voltage by connecting the output to ground through a 100- $\Omega$  n-channel MOSFET when the device is put in shutdown mode.

The Si91872 features reverse battery protection to limit reverse current flow to approximately 1-µA in the event reversed battery is applied at the input, thus preventing damage to the IC.

The Si91872 is available in both the standard and lead (Pb)-free 5-pin MLP33 PowerPAK packages and is specified to operate over the industrial temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $85^{\circ}$ .

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Input Voltage, V <sub>IN</sub> to GND	6.0 to 6.5 V
VERROR, VSD (See Detailed Description)	–0.3 V to V <sub>IN</sub>
Output Current, I <sub>OUT</sub>	Short Circuit Protected
Output Voltage, V <sub>OUT</sub>	–0.3 V to V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3 V
Package Power Dissipation, (P <sub>d</sub> ) <sup>b</sup>	2.3 W

Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> ) <sup>a</sup>	55°C/W
R <sub>(θJA)</sub> <sup>a</sup>	8°C/W
Maximum Junction Temperature, T <sub>J(max)</sub>	150°C
Storage Temperature, T <sub>STG</sub> 65°C to	o 150°C
Notes	

Device mounted with all leads soldered or welded to PC board. Derate 20 mW/°C above  $T_A = 25$  °C a.

b.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE**

Input Voltage, V <sub>IN</sub>	
Input Voltage, V <sub>SD</sub> 0 V to V <sub>IN</sub>	
Output Current 0 to 300 mA	
C <sub>IN</sub> , C <sub>OUT</sub> <sup>a</sup> (Ceramic)	

Operating Ambient Temperature, $T_A$ $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots -40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$
Operating Junction Temperature, $T_J$ $\ldots \ldots -40^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$
Notes

a. Maximum ESR of  $C_{OUT}$ : 0.2  $\Omega$ .

SPECIFICATIONS								
		$\label{eq:transform} \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline \textbf{Test Conditions Unless Specified} \\ T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{nom})} + 1 \ \text{V}, \ I_{\text{OUT}} = 1 \ \text{mA}, \\ C_{\text{IN}} = 2 \ \mu\text{F}, \ C_{\text{OUT}} = 2.0 \ \mu\text{F}, \ V_{\text{SD}} = 1.5 \ \text{V} \end{array}$		Limits –40 to 85°C		C		
Parameter	Symbol			Temp <sup>a</sup>	Min <sup>b</sup>	Турс	Max <sup>b</sup>	Unit
							-	
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>			Full	2		6	V
			V > 10V	Room	-2.0	1	2.0	
		1	$V_{OUT} \ge 1.8 V$	Full	-3.0	1	3.0	%
Output Voltage Accuracy		$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300 \text{ mA}$	V 10V15V	Room	-2.5	1	2.5	%
			V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.2 V, 1.5 V	Full	-3.5	1	3.5	
Line Regulation (V <sub>OUT</sub> $\leq$ 3 V)				Full	-0.06		0.18	
Line Regulation (3.0 V < V <sub>OUT</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT} \times 100}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT(nom)}}$			Full	0		0.3	%/V
Line Regulation (5-V Version)		From V <sub>IN</sub> = 5	Full	0		0.4		
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 mA		Room		1		-
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50 mA		Room		45	80	
Dropout Voltage <sup>d, g</sup> (V <sub>OUT(nom)</sub> ≥ 2.6 V)				Full		50	90	
$(\bullet OUT(nom) = 2.0 \bullet)$		1 00	0 A	Room		300	350	1
	V <sub>IN</sub> – V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300 mA		Full			415	mV
	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50 mA		Room		65	100	
Dropout Voltage <sup>d, g</sup>				Full			120	
$(V_{OUT(nom)} < 2.6 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{IN} \ge 2 \text{ V})$		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300 mA		Room		400	520	
				Full			570	
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA		Room		100	150	-
Ground Pin Current <sup>e, g</sup>				Full			180	
$(V_{OUT(nom)} \le 3 V)$		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 30	00 m 4	Room		130	200	
	laun.	100T = 31		Full			330	
Ground Pin Current <sup>e, g</sup> (V <sub>OUT(nom)</sub> > 3 V)	IGND	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA		Room		110	170	- μΑ
				Full			200	
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300 mA		Room		150	225	
				Full			275	
Peak Output current	I <sub>O(peak)</sub>	$V_{OUT} \ge 0.95 \text{ x } V_{OUT(nom)}. t_{PW} = 2 \text{ ms}$		Full	400			mA
Output Noise Voltage	e <sub>N</sub>	$V_{OUT}$ = 2.6 V, BW = 10 Hz to 100 kHz, 0 mA $<$ $I_{OUT}$ $<$ 150 mA		Room		75		μV(rms)

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SPECIFICATIONS								
		Test Conditions Unless Specified   T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT(nom)</sub> + 1 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 mA,			<b>Limits</b> -40 to 85°		0	
Parameter	Symbol	$C_{IN} = 2 \mu F, C_{OUT} = 2$		Temp <sup>a</sup>	Min <sup>b</sup>	Тур <sup>с</sup>	Max <sup>b</sup>	Unit
							•	
			f = 1 kHz	Room		60		
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300 mA	f = 10 kHz	Room		40		dB
			f = 100 kHz	Room		30		
Dynamic Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(line)}$	$ \begin{array}{c} V_{IN}: V_{OUT(nom)} + 1 \ V \\ t_{r} / t_{f} = 2 \ \mu s, \ I_{OU} \end{array} $	to V <sub>OUT(nom)</sub> + 2 V <sub>JT</sub> = 300 mA	Room		20		mV
Dynamic Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(load)}$			Room		25		
Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature	T <sub>J(S/D)</sub>			Room		150		°C
Thermal Hysteresis	T <sub>HYST</sub>			Room		20		
Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = -	6.0 V	Room		1		μA
Short Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V		Room		700		mA
Shutdown								
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>CC(off)</sub>	$V_{SD} = 0 V$		Room		0.1	1	μA
SD Pin Input Voltage	v	High = Regulator ON (Rising)		Full	1.5		V <sub>IN</sub>	v
SD Pin input voitage	V <sub>SD</sub>	Low = Regulator OFF (Falling)		Full			0.4	v
Auto Discharge Resistance	R_DIS	Si91872 Only		Room		100		Ω
SD Pin Input Current <sup>f</sup>	I <sub>IN(SD)</sub>	V <sub>SD</sub> = 1.5 V,	V <sub>SD</sub> = 1.5 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 6 V			0.7		μA
SD Hysteresis	V <sub>HYST(SD)</sub>					150		mV
V <sub>OUT</sub> Turn-On Time	t <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>SD</sub> (See Figure 1),	, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 mA	Room		50		μs
ERROR Output								
ERROR High Leakage	IOFF	$\overline{\text{ERROR}} \leq V_{\text{IN}}. V_{\text{O}}$	OUT in Regulation	Full			1	μA
ERROR Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 0.5 mA		Full			0.4	V
ERROR Voltage Threshold	VERBOR	V <sub>OUT</sub> Below V <sub>OUT</sub> ( V <sub>OUT</sub> Falling, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 r	$_{nom)}^{g}$ , $V_{IN} \ge 2 V$ mA, $V_{OUT(nom)} \ge 2 V$	Full	-2	-4	-6	
-		V <sub>OUT(nom)</sub> g < 2	$2 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{IN}} > 2 \text{ V}$	Full		-4		%
ERROR Voltage Threshold Hysteresis	V <sub>HYST</sub> (ERROR)			Room		1.5		

Notes

a.

b.

c.

tes Room = 25°C, Full = -40 to 85°C. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential voltage at which the output voltage drops 2% below the output voltage measured with a 1-V differential, provided that V<sub>IN</sub> does not not drop below 2.0 V. Ground current is specified for normal operation as well as "drop-out" operation. The device's shutdown pin includes a typical 2-MΩ internal pull-down resistor connected to ground. V<sub>OUT(nom</sub>) is V<sub>OUT</sub> when measured with a 1-V differential to V<sub>IN</sub>. d.

e.

f

g.

#### **TIMING WAVEFORMS**

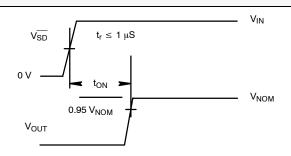
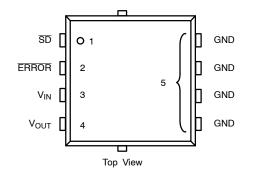


FIGURE 1. Timing Diagram for Power-Up

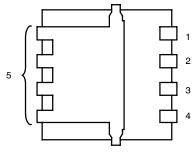
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### PIN CONFIGURATION: MLP33-5



#### MLP33-5 PowerPAK



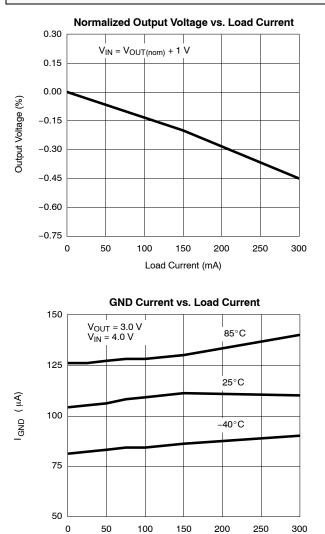
Bottom View

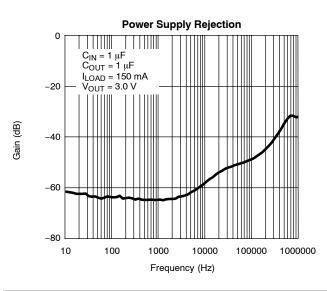
PIN DESCRIPTION					
Pin Number Name Function					
1	SD	By applying less than 0.4 V to this pin, the device will be turned off. Connect this pin to $V_{\text{IN}}$ if unused			
2	ERROR	The open drain output is an error flag output which goes low when V <sub>OUT</sub> drops 4% below its nominal voltage.			
3	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input supply pin. Bypass this pin with a 1- $\mu$ F ceramic or tantalum capacitor to ground			
4	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage. Connect C <sub>OUT</sub> between this pin and ground.			
5	GND	Ground pin. For better thermal capability, directly connected to large ground plane			

ORDERING INFORMATION							
Standard Part Number	Lead (Pb)-Free Part Number	Marking	Voltage	Temp. Range	Pkg.		
Si91872DMP-12-T1	Si91872DMP-12-E3	7212	1.2				
Si91872DMP-18-T1	Si91872DMP-18-E3	7218	1.8	- 40 to 85°C			
Si91872DMP-25-T1	Si91872DMP-25-E3	7225	2.5				
Si91872DMP-26-T1	Si91872DMP-26-E3	7226	2.6		40 to 05 °C	MI P33-5	
Si91872DMP-28-T1	Si91872DMP-28-E3	7228	2.8		MLP33-5		
Si91872DMP-30-T1	Si91872DMP-30-E3	7230	3.0				
Si91872DMP-33-T1	Si91872DMP-33-E3	7233	3.3				
Si91872DMP-50-T1	Si91872DMP-50-E3	7250	5.0	1			

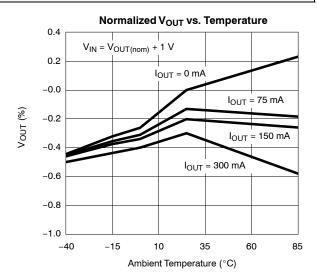


#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (INTERNALLY REGULATED, 25°C UNLESS NOTED)

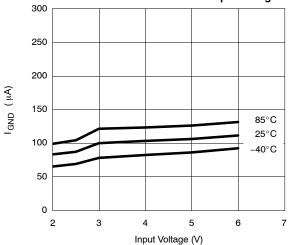


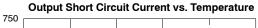


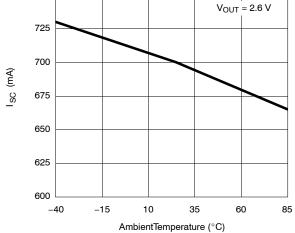
Load Current (mA)



No Load GND Pin Current vs. Input Voltage







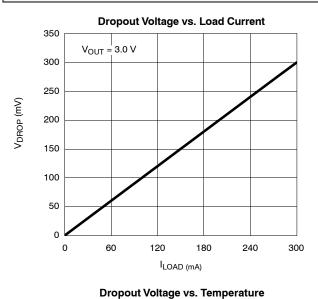
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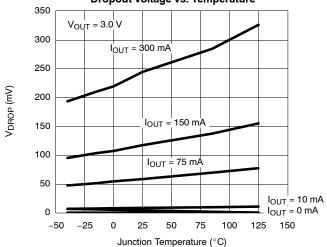
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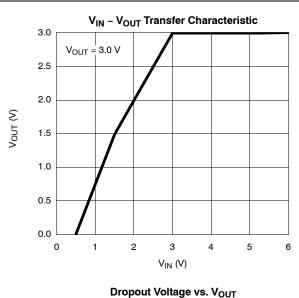
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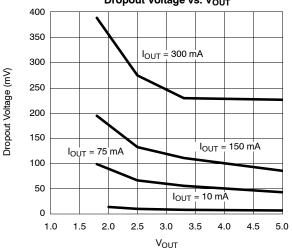


#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (INTERNALLY REGULATED, 25°C UNLESS NOTED)





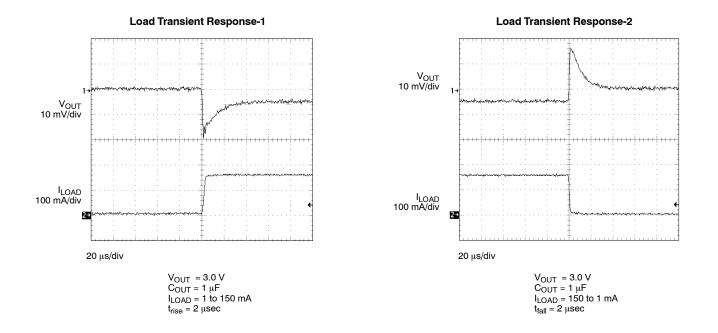




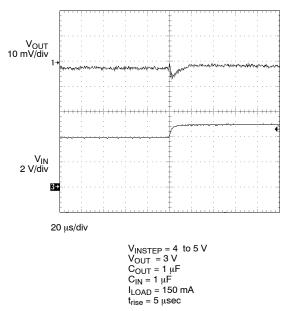
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#### **TYPICAL WAVEFORMS**



LineTransient Response-1



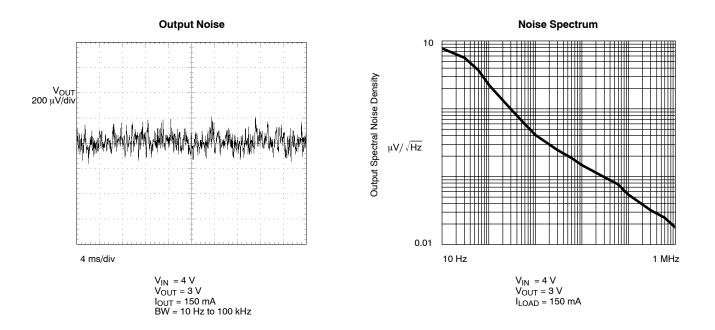
 $V_{OUT}$   $V_{IN}$   $V_{IN}$   $V_{IN}$   $V_{IN}$   $V_{IN}$   $20 \ \mu \text{s/div}$   $V_{INSTEP} = 5 \ \text{to} \ 4 \ \text{V}$   $V_{OUT} = 3 \ \text{V}$   $C_{OUT} = 1 \ \mu \text{F}$   $C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu \text{F}$   $I_{LOAD} = 150 \ \text{mA}$   $t_{fail} = 5 \ \mu \text{sec}$ 

LineTransient Respons-2

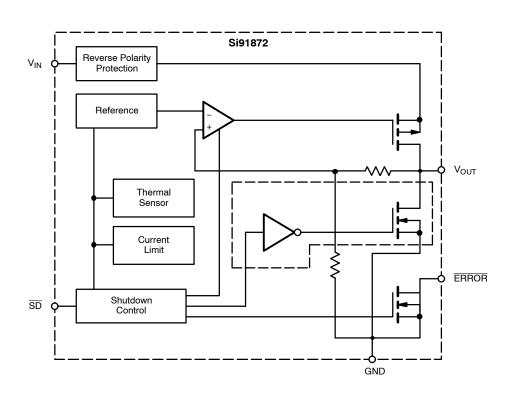
### Si91872

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#### **TYPICAL WAVEFORMS**



#### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

The Si91872 is a low-noise, low drop-out and low quiescent current linear voltage regulator, packaged in a small footprint MLP33-5 package. The Si91872 can supply loads up to 300 mA. As shown in the block diagram, the circuit consists of a bandgap reference, error amplifier, p-channel pass transistor and feedback resistor string. Additional blocks, not shown in the block diagram, include a precise current limiter, reverse battery and current protection, and thermal sensor.

#### **Thermal Overload Protection**

The thermal overload protection limits the total power dissipation and protects the device from being damaged. When the junction temperature exceeds  $150^{\circ}$ C, the device turns the p-channel pass transistor off.

#### **Reverse Battery Protection**

The Si91872 has a battery reverse protection circuitry that disconnects the internal circuitry when V<sub>IN</sub> drops below the GND voltage. There is no current drawn in such an event. When the SD pin is hardwired to V<sub>IN</sub>, the user must connect the SD pin to V<sub>IN</sub> via a 100-k $\Omega$  resistor if reverse battery protection is desired. Hardwiring the SD pin directly to the V<sub>IN</sub> pin is allowed when reverse battery protection is not desired.

#### ERROR

ERROR is an open drain output that goes low when V<sub>OUT</sub> is less than 4% of its normal value. To obtain a logic level output, connect a pull-up resister from ERROR to V<sub>OUT</sub> or any other voltage equal to or less than V<sub>IN</sub>. ERROR pin is high impedance (off) when SD pin is low.

#### Auto-Discharge

 $V_{OUT}$  has an internal 100- $\Omega$  (typ.) discharge path to ground when  $\overline{SD}$  pin is low for the Si91872.

#### Stability

The circuit is stable with only a small output capacitor equal to 6 nF/mA (= 2  $\mu$ F @ 300 mA). Since the bandwidth of the error amplifier is around 1–3 MHz and the dominant pole is at the output node, the capacitor should be capacitive in this range, i.e., for 150-mA load current, an ESR <0.2  $\Omega$  is necessary. Parasitic inductance of about 10 nH can be tolerated.

#### Safe Operating Area

The ability of the Si91872 to supply current is ultimately dependent on the junction temperature of the pass device. Junction temperature is in turn dependent on power dissipation in the pass device, the thermal resistance of the

package and the circuit board, and the ambient temperature. The power dissipation is defined as

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}} = (\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IN}} - \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}}) * \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}}.$$

Junction temperature is defined as

$$T_{J} = T_{A} + ((P_{D} * (R\theta_{JC} + R\theta_{CA})).$$

To calculate the limits of performance, these equations must be rewritten.

Allowable power dissipation is calculated using the equation

$$P_{D} = (T_{J} - T_{A}) / (R\theta_{JC} + R\theta_{CA})$$

While allowable output current is calculated using the equation

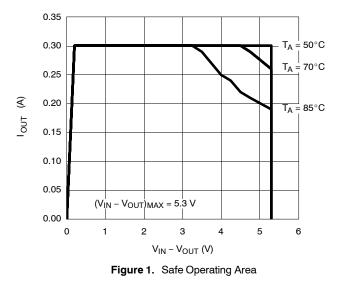
$$I_{OUT} = (T_J - T_A) / (R\theta_{JC} + R\theta_{CA}) * (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}).$$

Ratings of the Si91872 that must be observed are

$$T_{Jmax} = 125 \text{ °C}, T_{Amax} = 85 \text{ °C}, (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})_{max} = 5.3 \text{ V}, R\theta_{JC} = 8 \text{ °C/W}.$$

The value of  $R\theta_{CA}$  is dependent on the PC board used. The value of  $R\theta_{CA}$  for the board used in device characterization is approximately 46 °C/W.

Figure 1 shows the performance limits graphically for the Si91872 mounted on the circuit board used for thermal characterization.



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