StrongIRFET™
IRFS7730-7PPbF

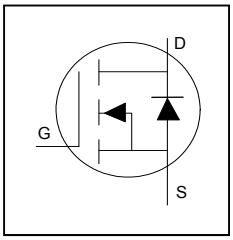
HEXFET® Power MOSFET

Application

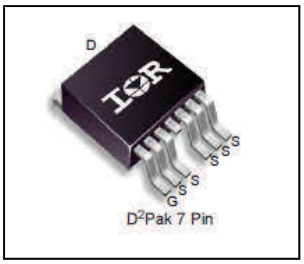
- Brushed motor drive applications
- BLDC motor drive applications
- Battery powered circuits
- Half-bridge and full-bridge topologies
- Synchronous rectifier applications
- Resonant mode power supplies
- OR-ing and redundant power switches
- DC/DC and AC/DC converters
- DC/AC inverters

Benefits

- Improved gate, avalanche and dynamic dV/dt ruggedness
- Fully characterized capacitance and avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt capability
- Lead-free, RoHS compliant



V_{DSS}	75V
$R_{DS(on)}$ typ.	1.70mΩ
max	2.00mΩ
$I_{D\ (Silicon\ Limited)}$	269A①
$I_{D\ (Package\ Limited)}$	240A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Complete Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRFS7730-7PPbF	D2Pak-7PIN	Tube	50	IRFS7730-7PPbF
		Tape and Reel Left	800	IRFS7730TRL7PP

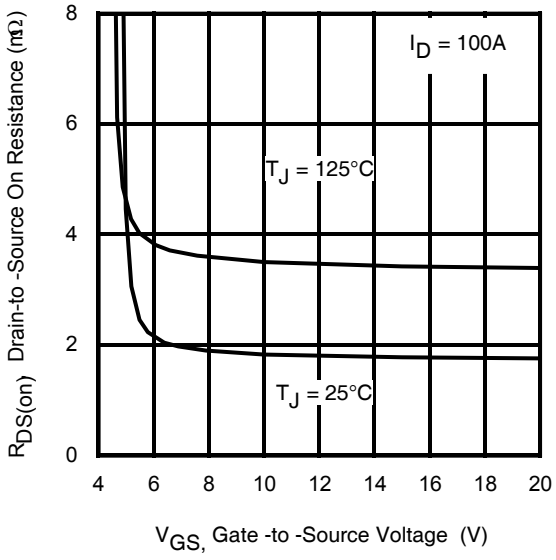


Fig 1. Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

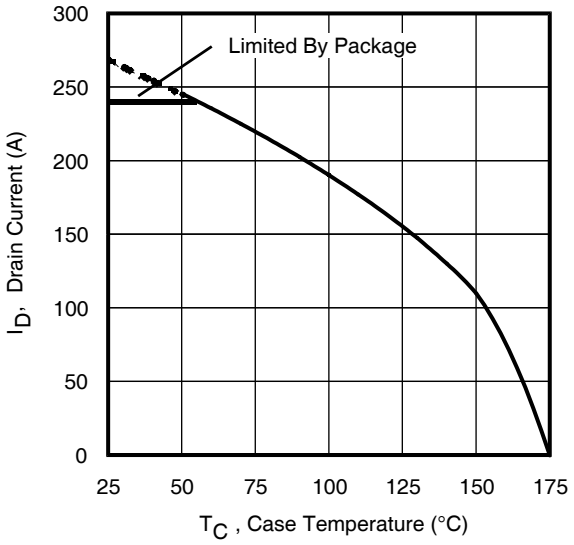


Fig 2. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

Absolute Maximum Rating

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	269①	A
I_D @ T_C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	190	
I_D @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Package Limited)	240	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ②	990	
P_D @T_C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	375	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.5	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	

Avalanche Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$E_{AS\ (Thermally\ limited)}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	464	mJ
$E_{AS\ (Thermally\ limited)}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ⑨	897	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ②	See Fig 15, 16, 23a, 23b	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ②		mJ

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑧	–––	0.40	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑩	–––	40	

Static @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	75	–––	–––	V	V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250µA
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	–––	40	–––	mV/°C	Reference to 25°C, I_D = 1mA
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	–––	1.70	2.00	mΩ	V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 100A
		–––	2.20	–––	mΩ	V_{GS} = 6.0V, I_D = 50A
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.1	–––	3.7	V	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250µA
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	–––	–––	1.0	µA	V_{DS} = 75 V, V_{GS} = 0V
		–––	–––	150		V_{DS} = 75V,V_{GS} = 0V,T_J =125°C
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	–––	–––	100	nA	V_{GS} = 20V
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	–––	–––	-100		V_{GS} = -20V
R_G	Gate Resistance	–––	1.9	–––	Ω	

Notes:

① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 240A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)

② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

③ Limited by T_{Jmax}, starting T_J = 25°C, L = 93µH, R_G = 50Ω, I_{AS} = 100A, V_{GS} =10V.

④ $I_{SD} \le 100A$, di/dt ≤ 1575A/µs, $V_{DD} \le V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \le 175°C$.

⑤ Pulse width ≤ 400µs; duty cycle ≤ 2%.

⑥ C_{oss} eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS}.

⑦ C_{oss} eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS}.

⑧ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C.

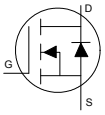
⑨ Limited by T_{Jmax}, starting T_J = 25°C, L = 1mH, R_G = 50Ω, I_{AS} = 42A, V_{GS} =10V.

⑩ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.please refer to application note to AN-994: http://www.irf.com/technical-info/appnotes/an-994.pdf

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
gfs	Forward Transconductance	223	—	—	S	V_{DS} = 10V, I_D =100A
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	285	428	nC	I_D = 100A
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	62	—		V_{DS} = 38V
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	86	—		V_{GS} = 10V
Q_{sync}	Total Gate Charge Sync. (Qg - Qgd)	—	199	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	20	—	ns	V_{DD} = 38V
t_r	Rise Time	—	90	—		I_D = 100A
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	182	—		R_G= 2.7Ω
t_f	Fall Time	—	91	—		V_{GS} = 10V ⑤
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	13970	—	pF	V_{GS} = 0V
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1135	—		V_{DS} = 25V
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	720	—		f = 1.0MHz
$C_{oss\ eff.(ER)}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	1048	—		V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V to 60V⑦
$C_{oss\ eff.(TR)}$	Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	1283	—		V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V to 60V⑥

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	269①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②	—	—	990		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.2	V	T_J = 25°C,I_S = 100A,V_{GS} = 0V ⑤
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt	—	11	—	V/ns	T_J = 175°C,I_S =100A,V_{DS} = 75V④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	42	—	ns	T_J = 25°C V_{DD} = 64V
		—	49	—		T_J = 125°C I_F = 100A,
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	63	—	nC	T_J = 25°C di/dt = 100A/µs ⑤
		—	88	—		T_J = 125°C
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	2.4	—	A	T_J = 25°C

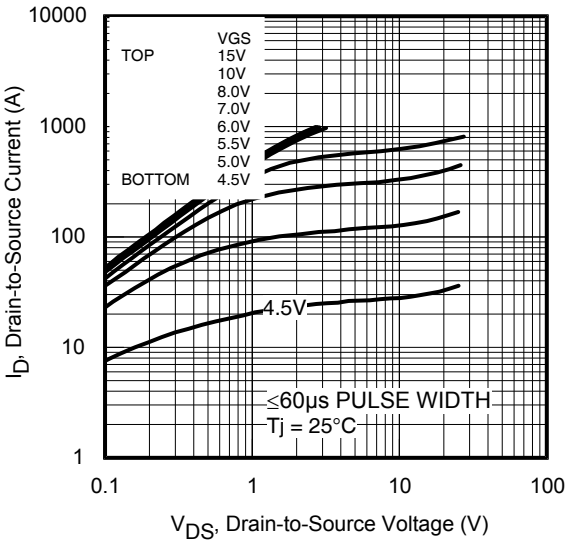


Fig 3. Typical Output Characteristics

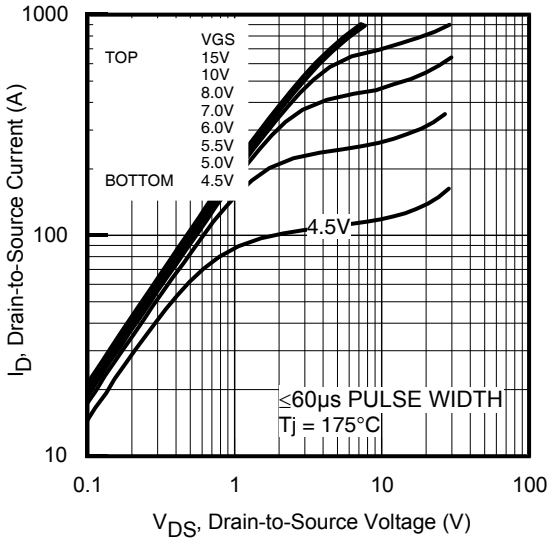


Fig 4. Typical Output Characteristics

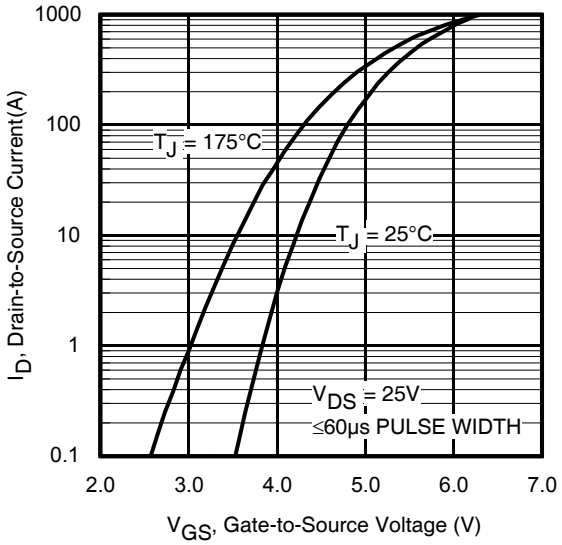


Fig 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics

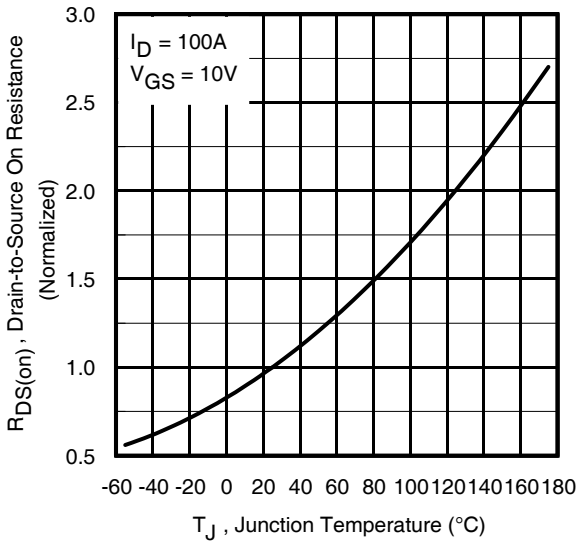


Fig 6. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

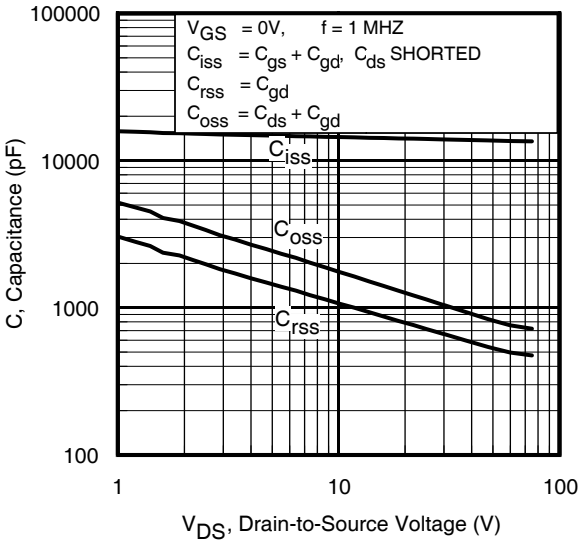


Fig 7. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

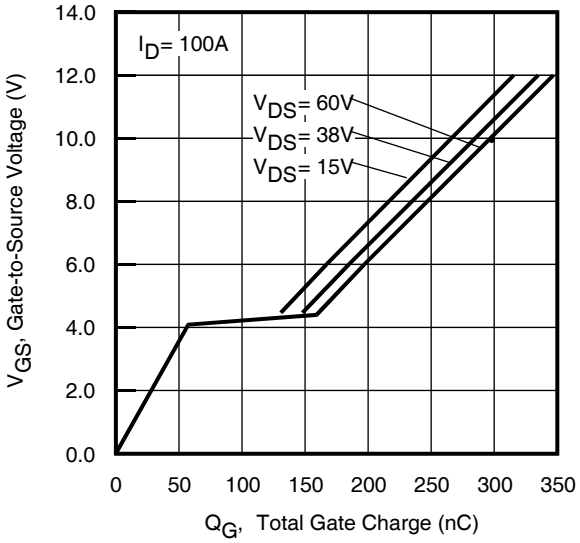


Fig 8. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

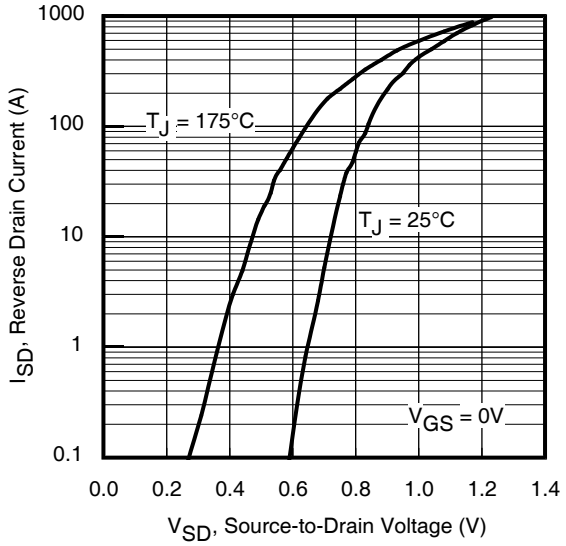


Fig 9. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

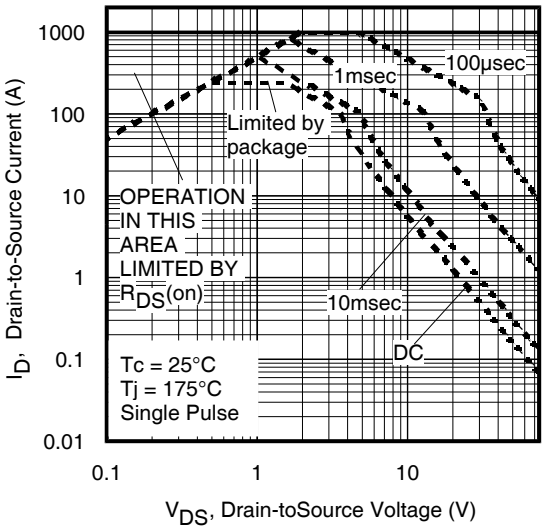


Fig 10. Maximum Safe Operating Area

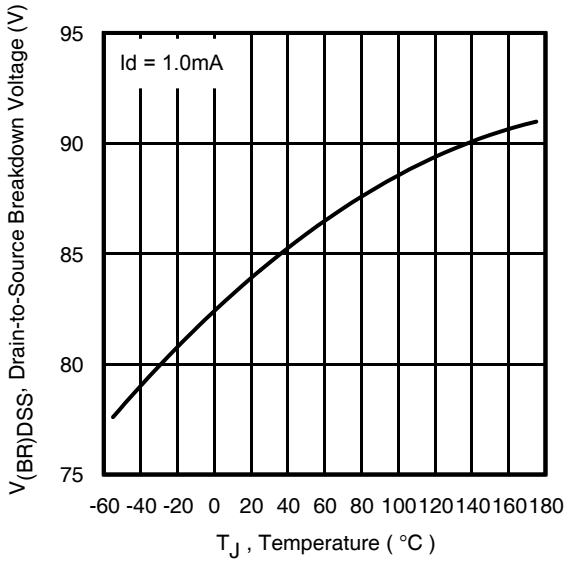


Fig 11. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

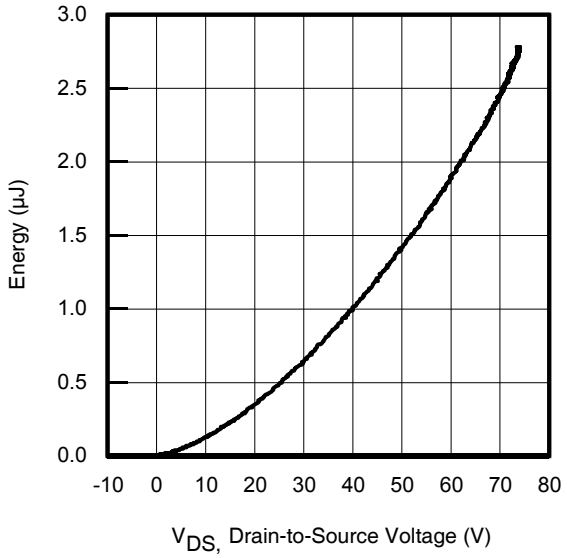


Fig 12. Typical C_{oss} Stored Energy

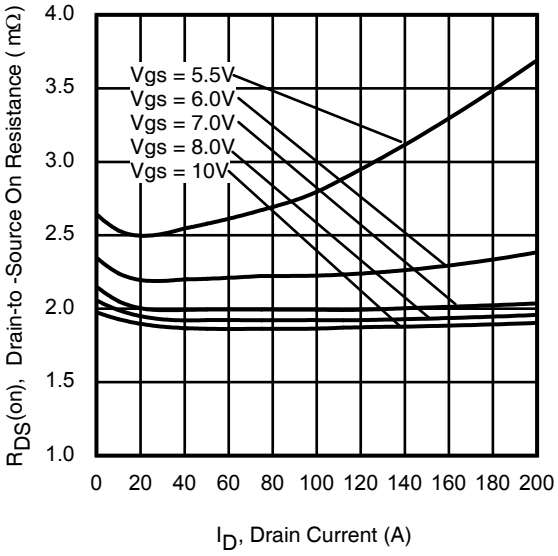


Fig 13. Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

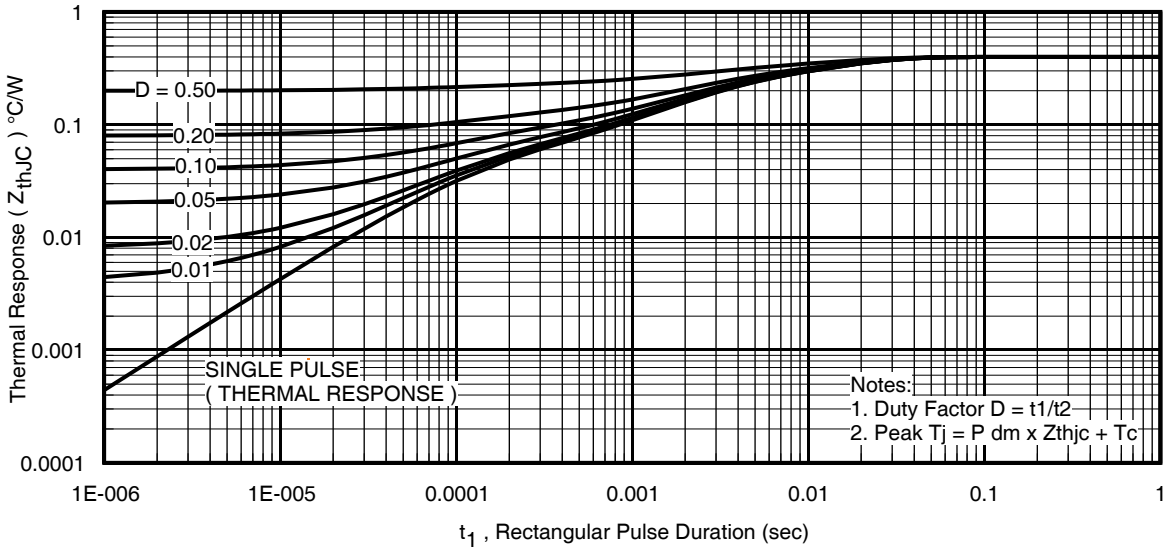


Fig 14. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

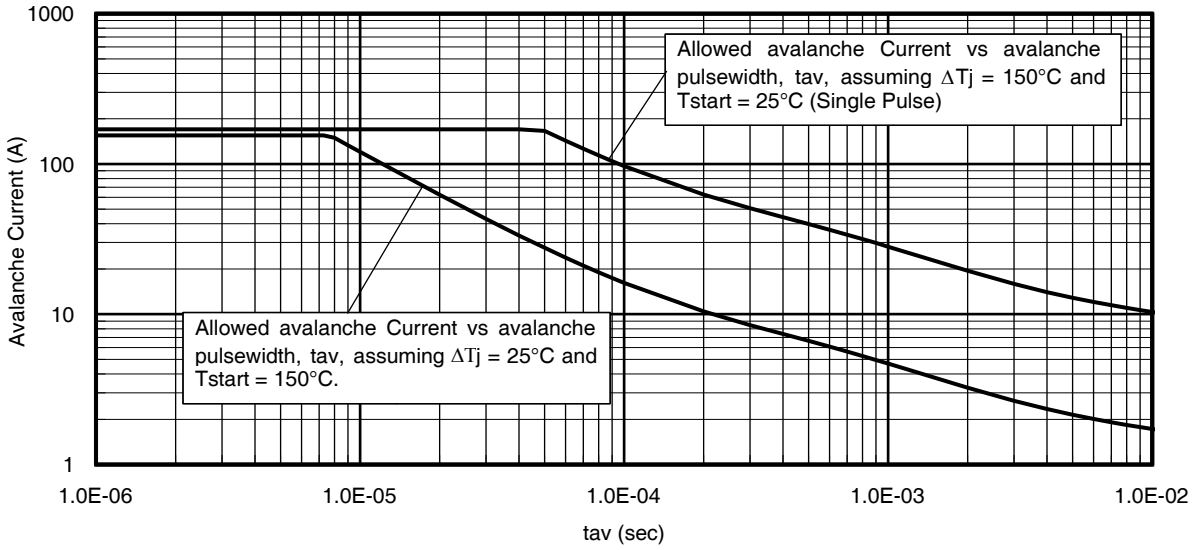


Fig 15. Avalanche Current vs. Pulse Width

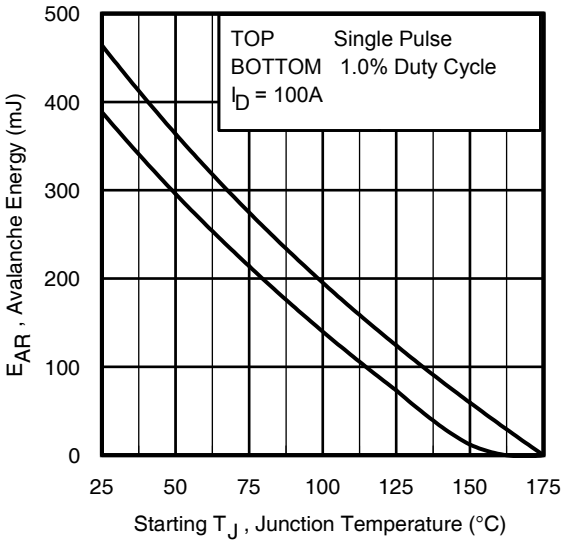


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1.Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax}. This is validated for every part type.

2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long asT_{jmax} is not exceeded.

3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 23a, 23b.

4. $P_{D\ (ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.

5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).

6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.

7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).

t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.

D = Duty cycle in avalanche = tav ·f

$Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$PD\ (ave) = 1/2\ (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$

$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$

$E_{AS\ (AR)} = P_{D\ (ave)} \cdot t_{av}$

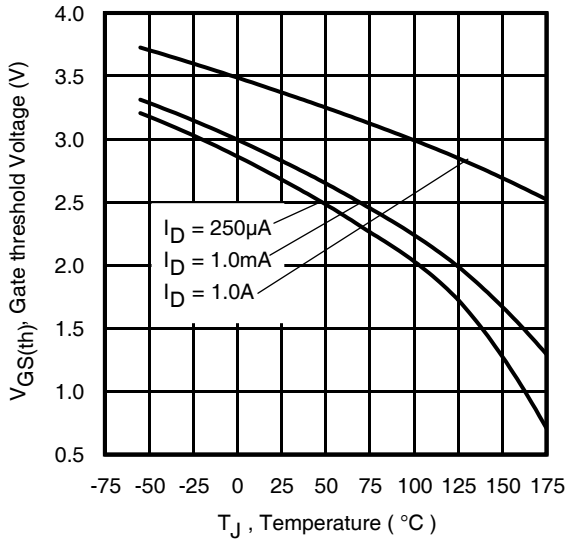


Fig 17. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

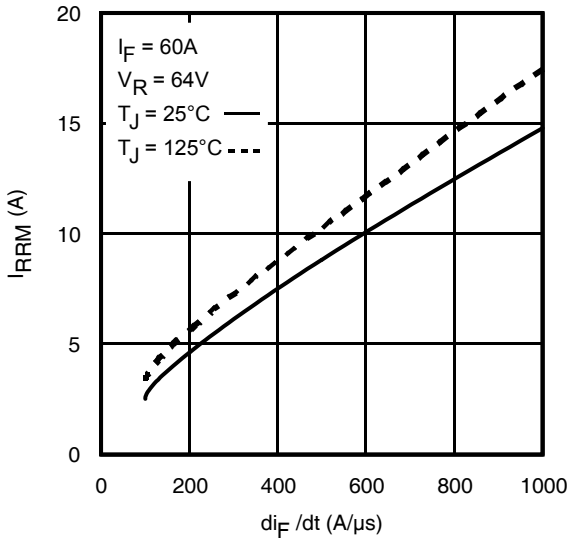


Fig 18. Typical Recovery Current vs. dif/dt

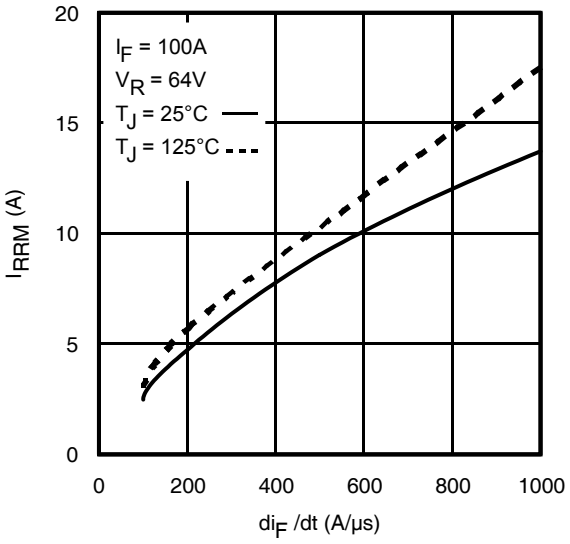


Fig 19. Typical Recovery Current vs. dif/dt

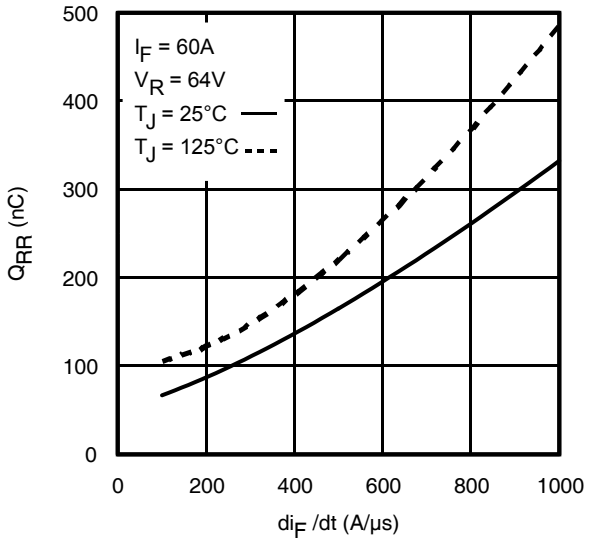


Fig 20. Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt

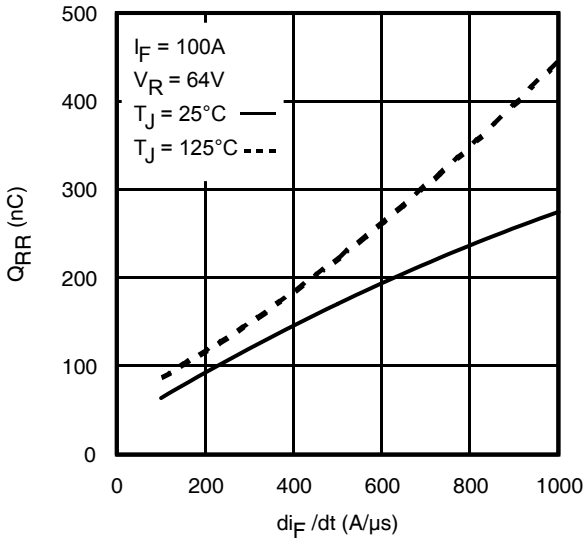


Fig 21. Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt

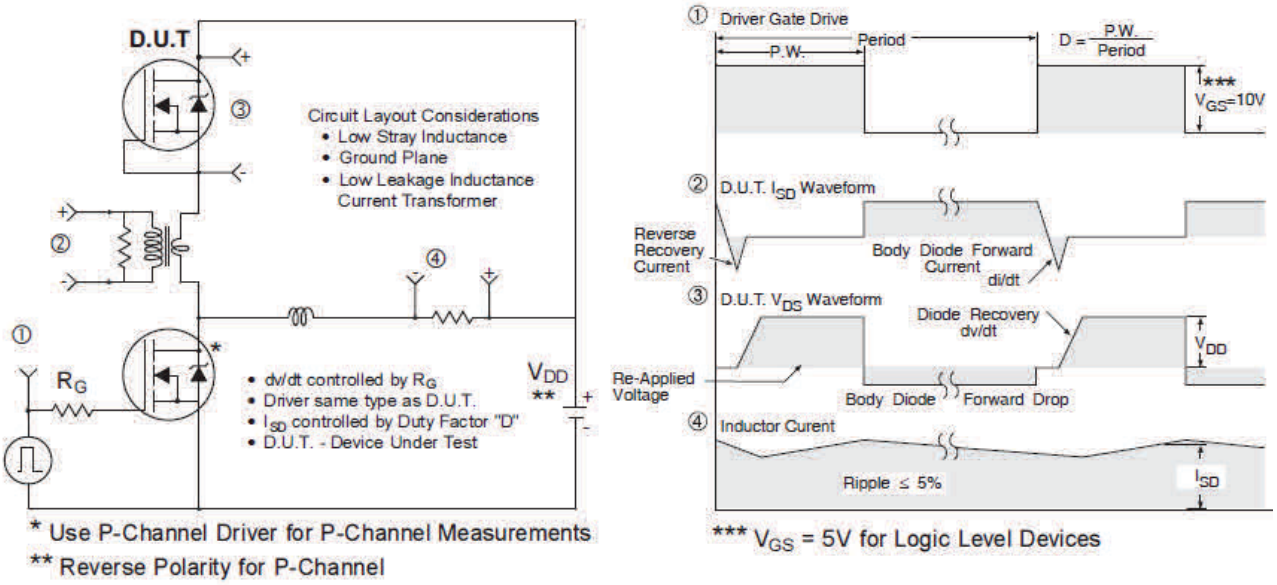


Fig 22. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

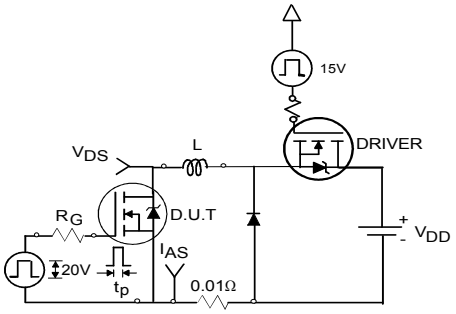


Fig 23a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

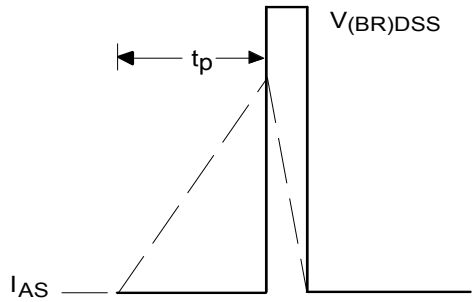


Fig 23b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

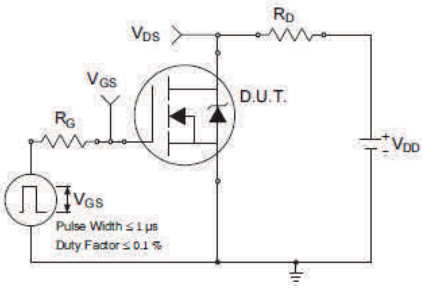


Fig 24a. Switching Time Test Circuit

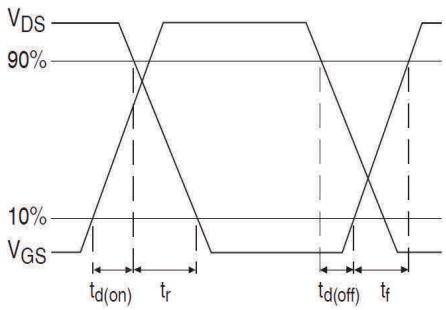


Fig 24b. Switching Time Waveforms

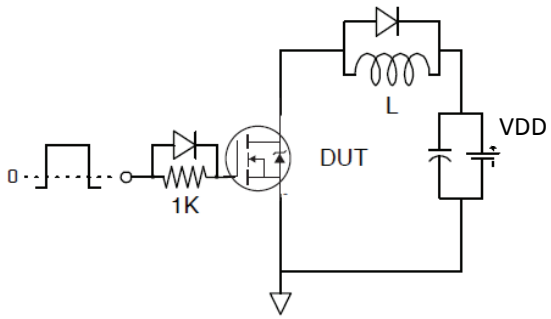


Fig 25a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

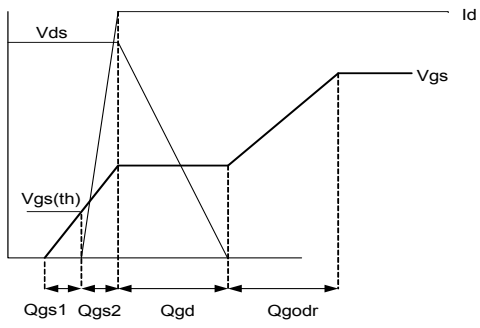
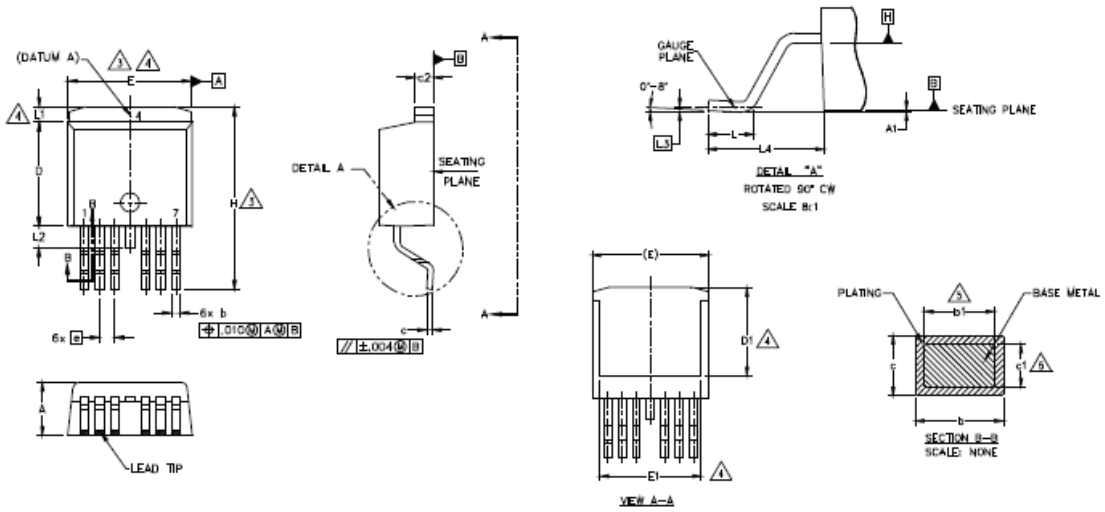


Fig 25b. Gate Charge Waveform

D²Pak-7Pin Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



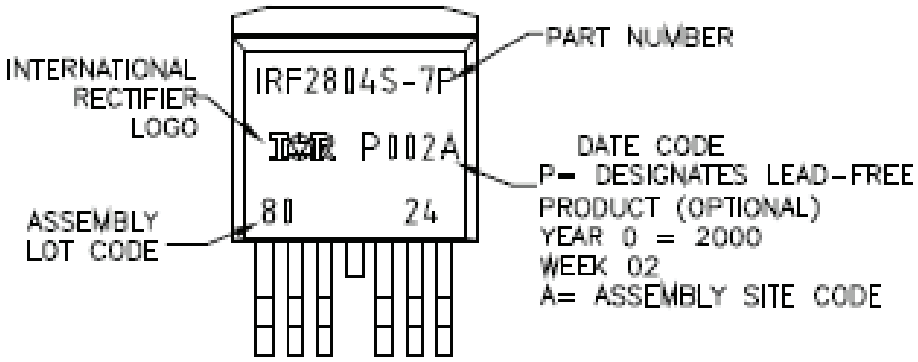
SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	
A1	–	0.254	–	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.036	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.032	5
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	5
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065	
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3
D1	6.86	–	.270		4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6.22	–	.245		4
e	1.27 BSC		.050 BSC		
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1	–	1.68	–	.066	4
L2	–	1.78	–	.070	
L3	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	

NOTES:

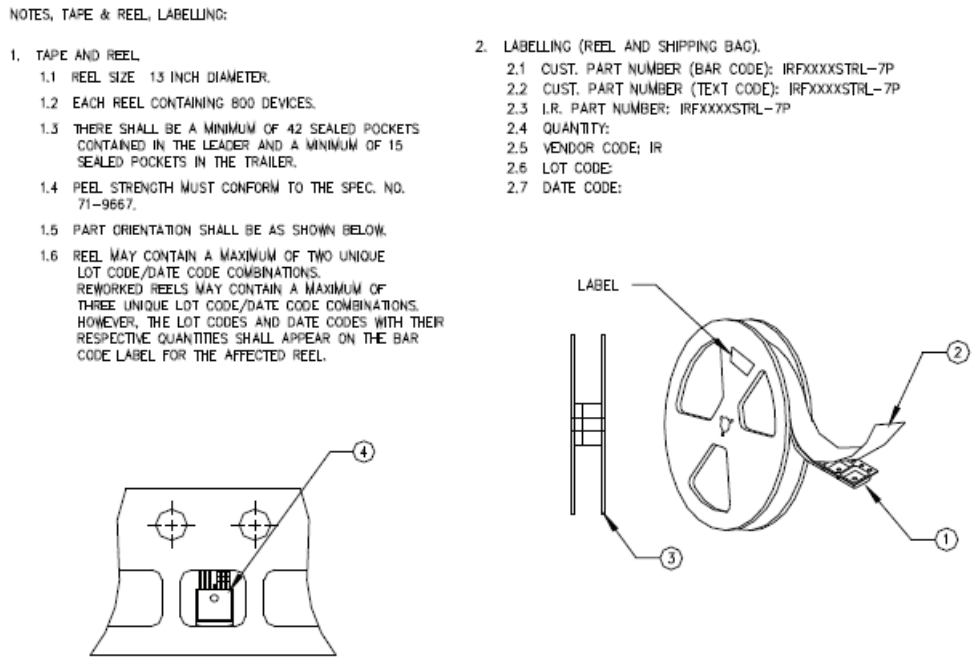
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M–1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
5. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
6. DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
7. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263CB.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

D^{2}Pak-7Pin Part Marking Information



D2Pak-7Pin Tape and Reel



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

Qualification Information†

Qualification Level	Industrial (per JEDEC JESD47F) ††	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	D^2Pak-7Pin	MSL1
RoHS Compliant	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/

†† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

Revision History

Date	Comments
11/7/2014	• Updated $E_{AS\ (L\ =1mH)}$ = 897mJ on page 2 • Updated note 9 "Limited by T_{Jmax}, starting T_J = 25°C, L = 1mH, R_G = 50Ω, I_{AS} = 42A, V_{GS} =10V" on page 2

International
IOR Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 101 N. Sepulveda Blvd., El Segundo, California 90245, USA
To contact International Rectifier, please visit http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/

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