

IRFB812PbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

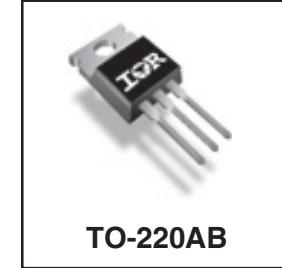
V_{DSS}	R_{DS(on)} typ.	T_{rr} typ.	I_D
500V	1.75Ω	75ns	3.6A

Applications

- Zero Voltage Switching SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- Motor Control applications

Features and Benefits

- Fast body diode eliminates the need for external diodes in ZVS applications.
- Lower Gate charge results in simpler drive requirements.
- Higher Gate voltage threshold offers improved noise immunity.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
I _D @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	3.6	A
I _D @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	2.3	
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	14.4	
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Power Dissipation	78	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.63	W/°C
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	32	V/ns
T _J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I _S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	3.6	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I _{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	14.4		
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.2	V	T _J = 25°C, I _S = 3.6A, V _{GS} = 0V ④
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	75	110	ns	T _J = 25°C, I _F = 3.6A
		—	94	140		T _J = 125°C, di/dt = 100A/μs ④
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	135	200	nC	T _J = 25°C, I _S = 3.6A, V _{GS} = 0V ④
		—	220	330		T _J = 125°C, di/dt = 100A/μs ④
I _{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	3.2	4.8	A	T _J = 25°C
t _{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

Notes ① through ④ are on page 2

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Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	500	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.37	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	1.75	2.2	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 2.2\text{A}$ ④
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 500V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	2.0	mA	$V_{DS} = 400V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
		—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$

Dynamic @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	7.6	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 2.2\text{A}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	20		$I_D = 3.6\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	7.3	nC	$V_{DS} = 400V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	7.1		$V_{GS} = 10V$, See Fig.14a &14b ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	14	—		$V_{DD} = 250V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	22	—	ns	$I_D = 3.6\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	24	—		$R_G = 17\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	17	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$, See Fig. 15a & 15b ④
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	810	—		$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	47	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	7.3	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig. 5
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	610	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	16	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 400V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	5.9	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to $400V$ ⑤
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	37	—		

Avalanche Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	150	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	—	1.8	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	—	7.8	mJ

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta\text{JC}}$	Junction-to-Case ⑥	—	1.6	
$R_{\theta\text{CS}}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.5	—	
$R_{\theta\text{JA}}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑥	—	62	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See Fig. 11)
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 93\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 1.8\text{A}$. (See Figure 13).
- ③ $I_{SD} = 3.6\text{A}$, $dI/dt \leq 520\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD}V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$.

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

⑤ $C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that stores the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⑥ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .

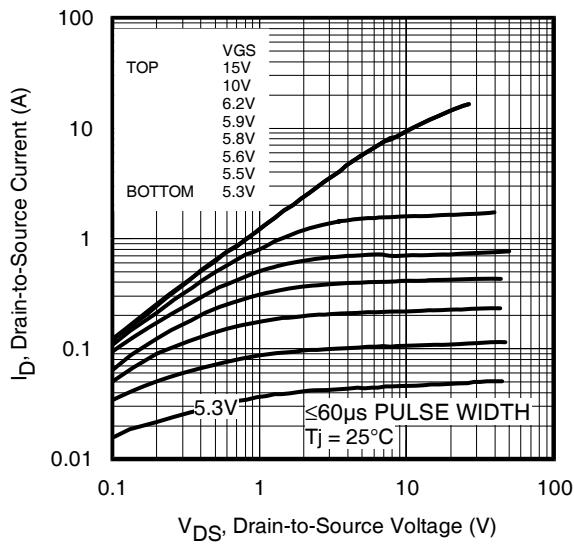


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

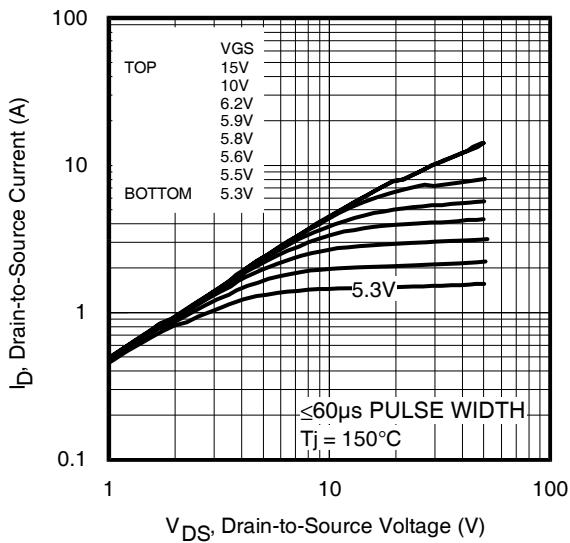


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

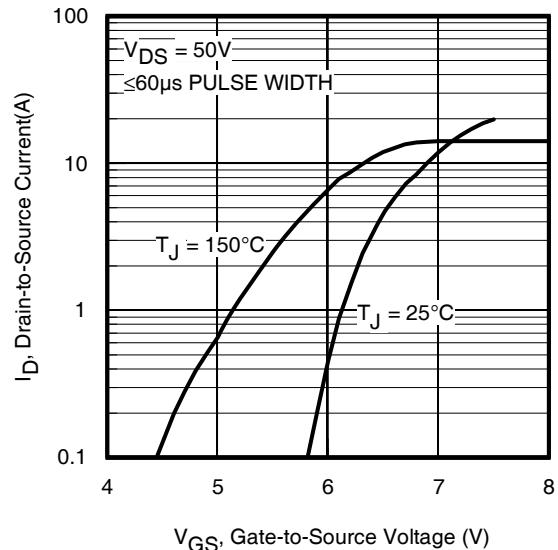


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

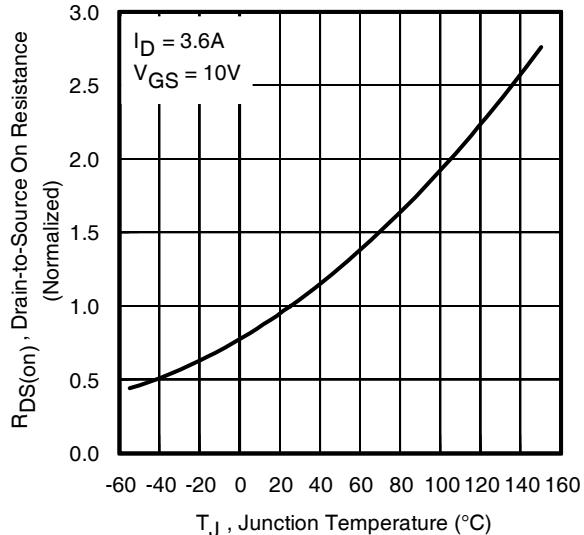


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance
Vs. Temperature

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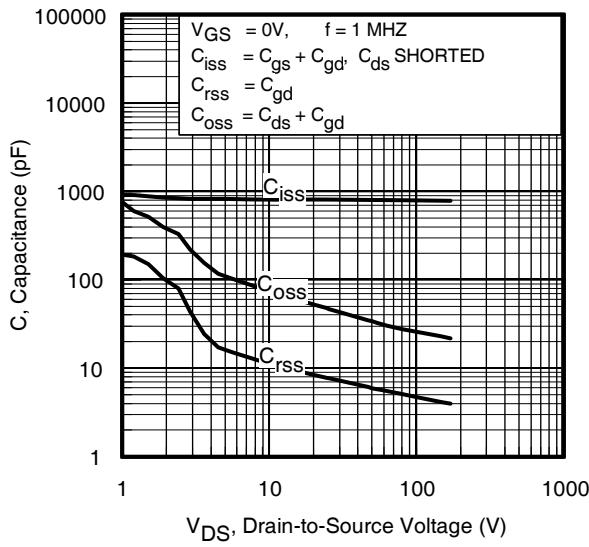


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

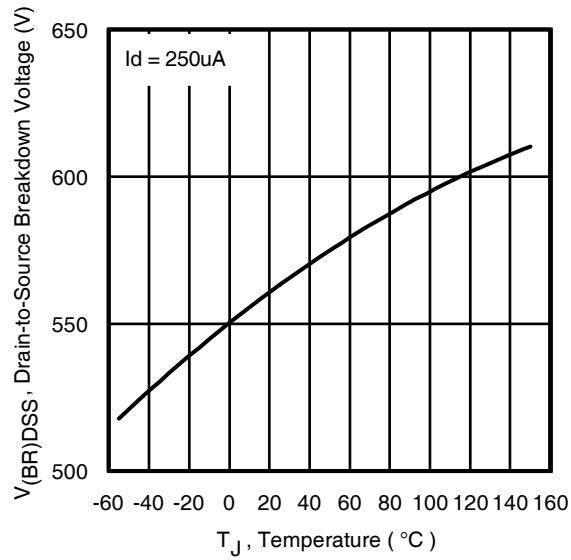
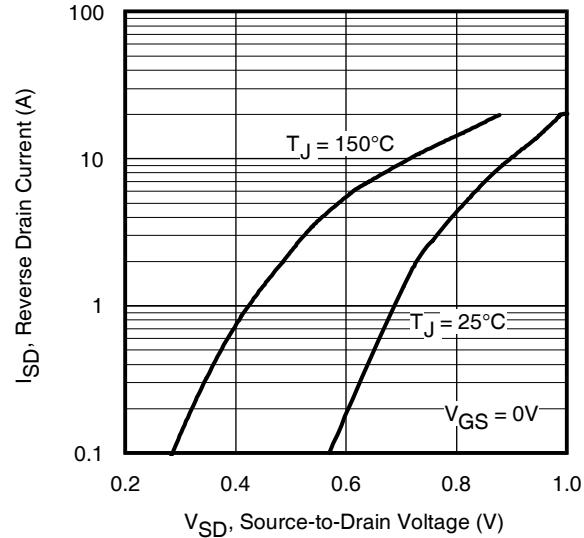
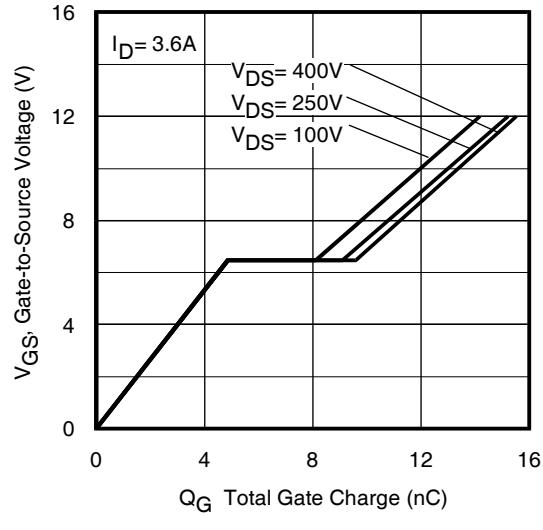


Fig 6. Typ. Breakdown Voltage
vs. Temperature



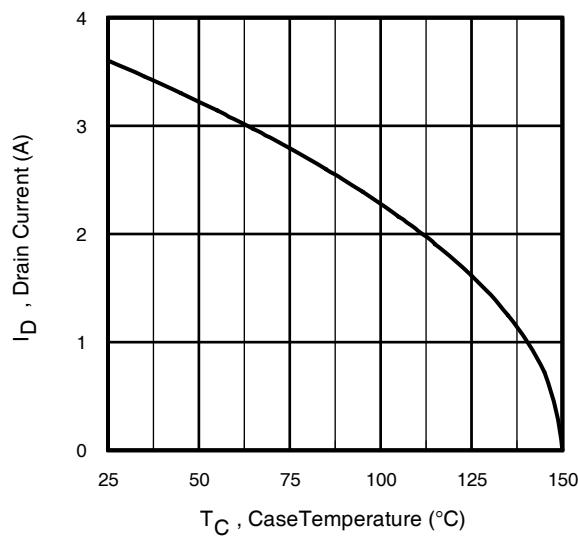


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs.
Case Temperature

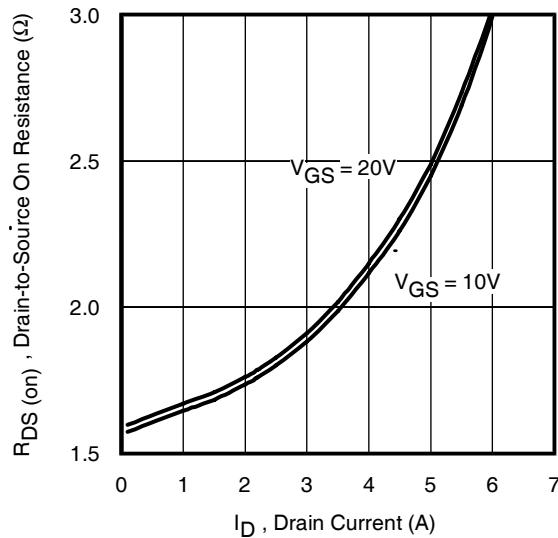


Fig 9. Typical $R_{DS(on)}$ Vs. Drain Current

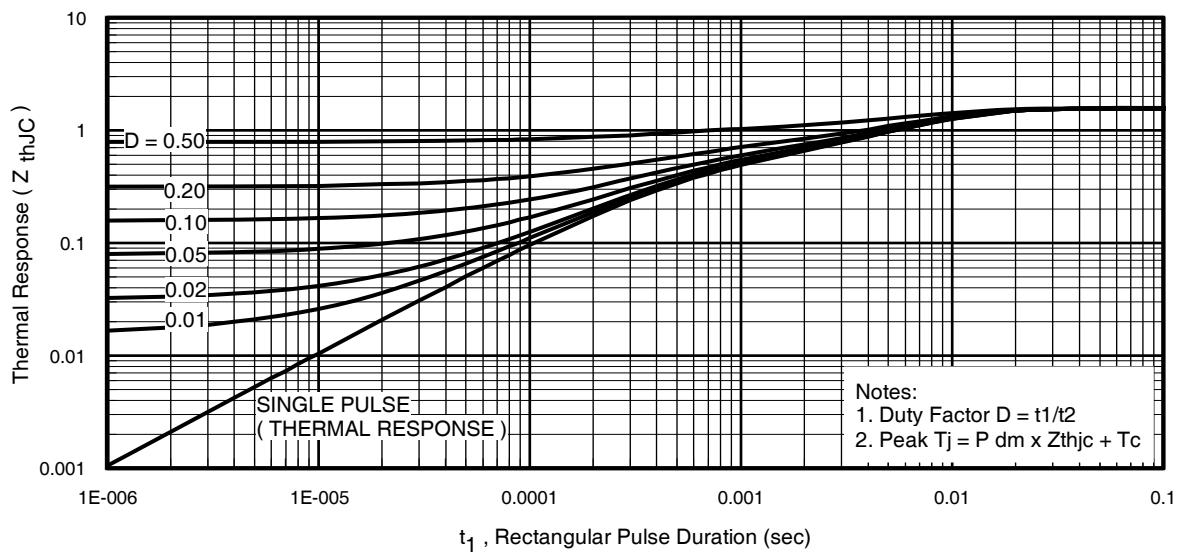


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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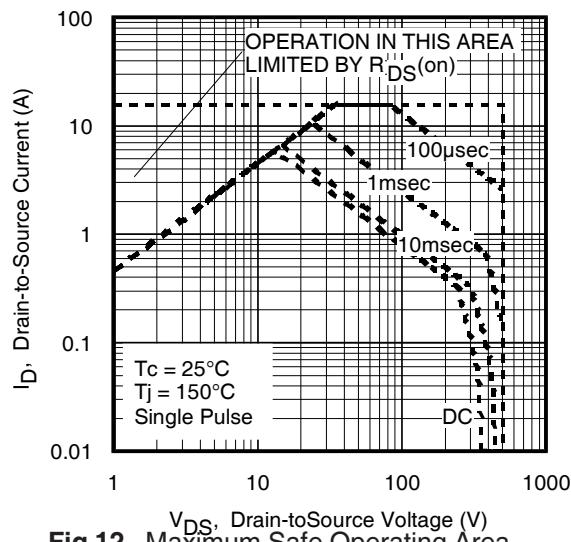


Fig 12. Maximum Safe Operating Area

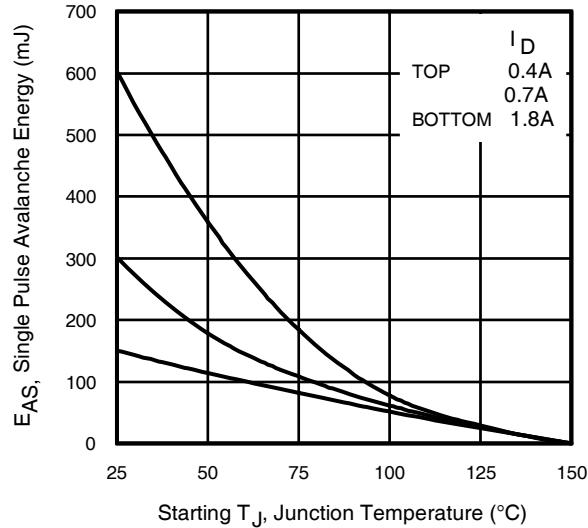


Fig 13. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

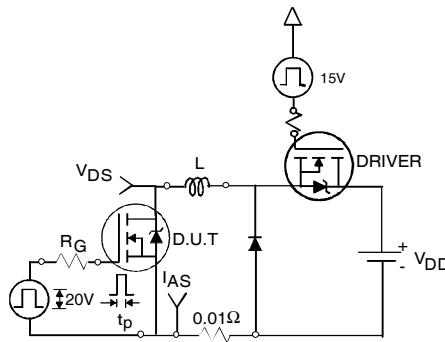


Fig 13a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

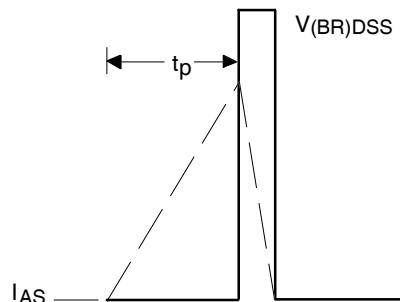


Fig 13b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

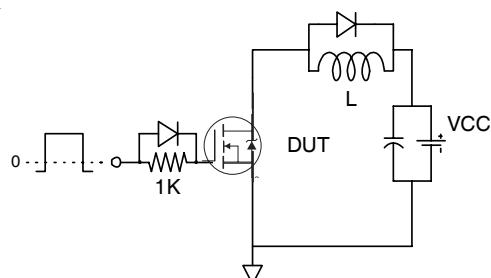


Fig 14a. Gate Charge Test Circuit
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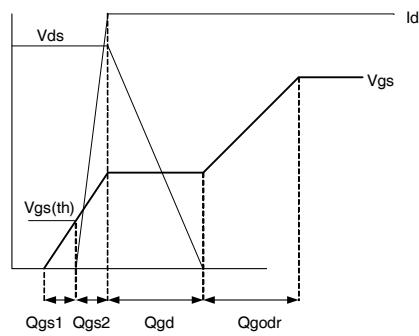


Fig 14b. Gate Charge Waveform
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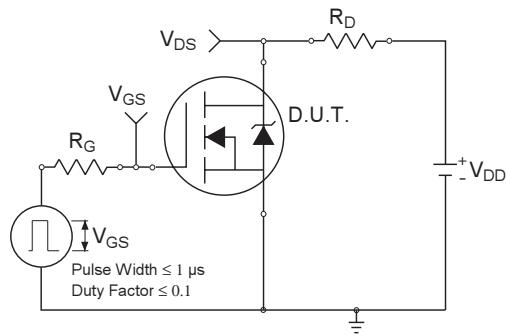


Fig 15a. Switching Time Test Circuit

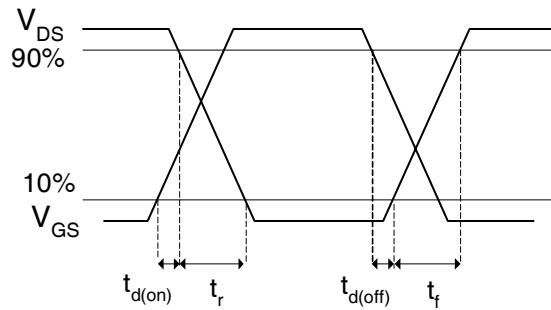


Fig 15b. Switching Time Waveforms

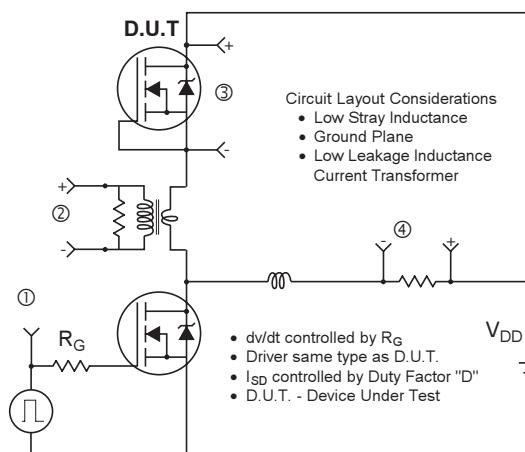
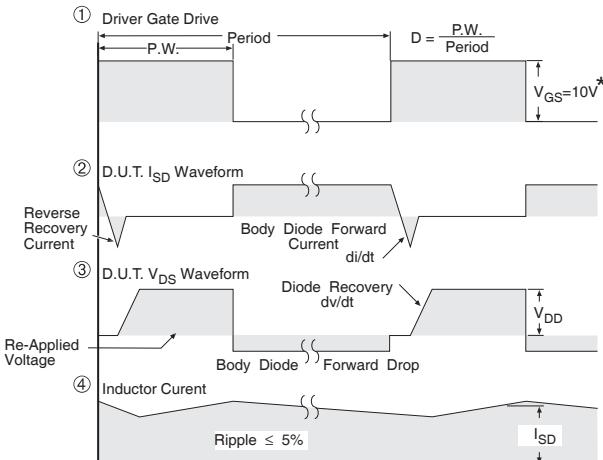


Fig 16. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

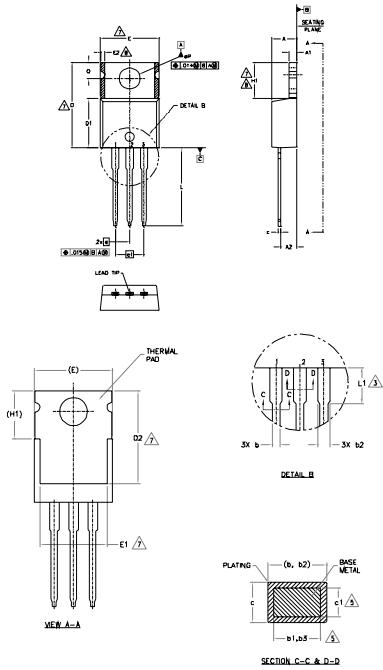


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TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

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NOTES:

- 1- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M - 1994.
- 2- DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 3- DIMENSION D1 IS NOT TO BE CONTROLED AT L1.
- 4- DIMENSION D1, D4 & E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 (.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5- DIMENSION B1, S1 & C1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6- CONTROLLED DIMENSIONS.
- 7- THIS DRAWING IS A DESIGN OPTION. WHEN DIMENSIONS E10/E2 & E14/E15 ARE USED, THE ZONE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 8- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDC-10-2230, EXCEPT (A) (max) & D2 (min) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

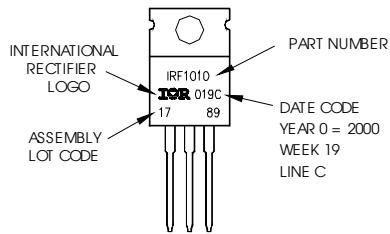
SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.55	4.85	.140	.190	
A1	.01	1.40	.020	.096	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	.38	0.97	.015	.038	5
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5
c	.36	.46	.014	.018	
c1	.36	.66	.014	.026	5
D	14.22	16.51	.902	.650	4
D1	8.38	9.20	.330	.366	
D2	11.68	12.60	.450	.497	4,7
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	4,7
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	7
E2	—	7.6	—	.050	8
F	$\frac{1}{4} \times 50$ mm		100 mm		
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	
RP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

<u>LEAD ASSOCIATIONS</u>
<u>HEMET</u>
1.- GATE
2.- DRAIN
3.- SOURCE
<u>KRIS-C-PACK</u>
1.- GATE
2.- COLLECTOR
3.- Emitter
<u>DODGES</u>
1.- ANODE
2.- CATHODE
3.- ANODE

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note:For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

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