

OPTIREG[™] Linear TLS835D2ELVSE

Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator



Features

- Wide input voltage range from 3.0 V to 40 V
- Selectable output voltage 5 V or 3.3 V
- Output voltage precision $\leq \pm 2\%$
- Output current capability up to 350 mA
- Ultra low current consumption, typical 20 µA
- Very low dropout voltage, typical 100 mV, at output currents below 100 mA
- Stable with ceramic output capacitor of 1 µF
- Enable
- Reset
- Adjustable reset threshold down to 2 V
- Overtemperature shutdown
- Output current limitation
- Wide temperature range
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)

Potential applications

- Automotive or other supply systems that are connected to the battery permanently
- Automotive supply systems that need to operate in cranking condition

Product validation

Qualified for automotive applications. Product validation according to AEC-Q100/101.

Description

The OPTIREG[™] Linear TLS835D2ELVSE is a linear voltage regulator with high performance, very low dropout linear voltage and very low quiescent current.

With an input voltage range of 3 V to 40 V and very low quiescent current of only 20 μ A, this regulator is perfectly suitable for automotive or other supply systems permanently connected to the battery.

The new loop concept combines fast regulation and very high stability while requiring only one small ceramic capacitor of 1 µF at the output. At output currents below 100 mA the device has a very low dropout voltage of only 100 mV (for an output voltage of 5 V) and 120 mV (for an output voltage of 3.3 V). The operating range starts at an input voltage of only 3 V (extended operating range). This makes the TLS835D2ELVSE suitable for automotive systems that need to operate during cranking condition.



Rev. 1.1





The device can be switched on and off by the enable feature.

The output voltage of the TLS835D2ELVSE can be selected between 5 V and 3.3 V by connecting the SEL pin to either V_Q or GND. When the SEL pin is connected to V_Q , the regulator's output is set to 5 V; when the SEL pin is connected to GND, the regulator's output is set to 3.3 V.

The output voltage is supervised by the reset feature, which includes an undervoltage reset, a delayed reset at power-on and an adjustable lower reset threshold.

Internal protection features such as output current limitation and overtemperature shutdown, protect the device from immediate damage caused by failures such as output shorted to GND, overcurrent or overtemperature conditions.

External components

An input capacitor C_1 is recommended to compensate for line influences. The output capacitor C_Q is necessary for the stability of the regulating circuit. The TLS835D2ELVSE is designed to be stable with low ESR ceramic capacitors.

Туре	Package	Marking
TLS835D2ELVSE	PG-SSOP-14	835D2VSE



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Block diagram

1 Block diagram

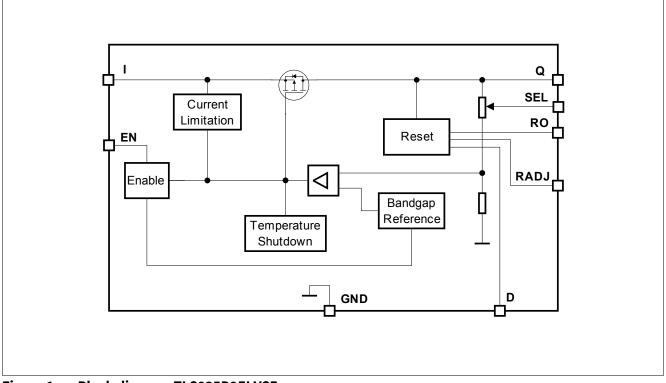


Figure 1 Block diagram TLS835D2ELVSE



Pin configuration

2 Pin configuration

2.1 Pin assignment TLS835D2ELVSE

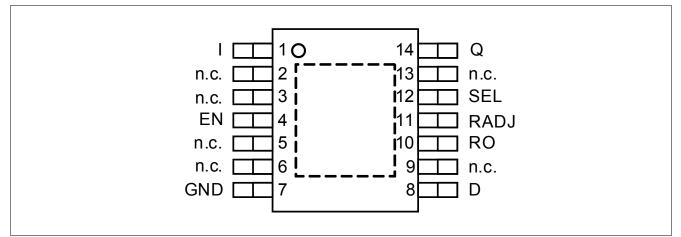


Figure 2 Pin configuration TLS835D2ELVSE

2.2 Pin definitions and functions TLS835D2ELVSE

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	I	Input It is recommended to place a small ceramic capacitor to GND, close to the pins, to compensate for line influences
2	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
3	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
4	EN	Enable (integrated pull-down resistor) Enable the IC with high level input signal Disable the IC with low level input signal
5	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
6	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
7	GND	Ground
8	D	Reset delay timing Connect a ceramic capacitor to GND for adjusting the reset delay time Leave open if the reset function is not needed
9	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
10	RO	Reset output (integrated pull-up resistor to Q) Open collector output Leave open if the reset function is not needed

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Pin configuration

Pin	Symbol	Function
11	RADJ	Reset threshold adjustment
		Connect to GND to use standard value
		Connect an external voltage divider to adjust reset threshold
12	SEL	Output voltage selection
		Connect to Q to select 5 V output voltage
		Connect to GND to select 3.3 V output voltage
13	n. c.	Not connected
		Leave open or connect to GND
14	Q	Output voltage
		Connect output capacitor C _o to GND close to the pin, respecting the values
		specified for its capacitance and ESR in "Functional range" on Page 8
Pad	-	Exposed pad
		Connect to heatsink area;
		Connect to GND



General product characteristics

3 General product characteristics

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 1Absolute maximum ratings1)

 $T_i = -40^{\circ}$ C to 150°C; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or	Number	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition		
Input I, enable EN	I			-				
Voltage	V _I , V _{EN}	-0.3	-	45	V	-	P_4.1.1	
Output Q, reset output RO							•	
Voltage	$V_{\rm Q}, V_{\rm RO}$	-0.3	-	7	V	-	P_4.1.2	
Select SEL				- L				
voltage	V _{SEL}	-0.3	-	7	V	-	P_4.1.3	
Reset delay D, reset adjust RAD	J			- L				
Voltage	$V_{\rm D}, V_{\rm RADJ}$	-0.3	-	7	V	-	P_4.1.4	
Temperatures				- L				
Junction temperature	Tj	-40	-	150	°C	-	P_4.1.5	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55	-	150	°C	-	P_4.1.6	
ESD absorption				- L				
ESD susceptibility to GND	V _{ESD}	-2	-	2	kV	²⁾ HBM	P_4.1.7	
ESD susceptibility to GND	V _{ESD}	-750	-	750	V	³⁾ CDM at all pins	P_4.1.8	
1) Not subject to production test s	necified by design	1		1	1	1		

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

2) ESD susceptibility, HBM according to ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS001 (1.5 k Ω , 100 pF)

3) ESD susceptibility, Charged Device Model "CDM" according JEDEC JESD22-C101

Notes

- 1. Exceeding the absolute max ratings may cause permanent damage to the device and affects the device's reliability.
- 2. Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as operation outside the normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

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General product characteristics

3.2 Functional range

Table 2Functional range

 $T_i = -40^{\circ}$ C to 150°C; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Values		Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Input voltage range	VI	$V_{\rm Q,nom} + V_{\rm dr}$	-	40	V	1)_	P_4.2.1
Extended input voltage range	V _{I,ext}	3.0	-	40	V	2)_	P_4.2.2
Enable voltage range	V _{EN}	0	-	40	V	-	P_4.2.3
Capacitance of output capacitor for stability	C _Q	1	-	-	μF	3)4) _	P_4.2.4
Equivalent series resistance of output capacitor	ESR(C _Q)	-	-	50	Ω	3) _	P_4.2.5
Junction temperature	T _j	-40	-	150	°C	-	P_4.2.6

1) Output current is limited internally and depends on the input voltage, see electrical characteristics for more details.

2) If $V_{l,ext,min} \le V_l \le V_{Q,nom} + V_{dr}$, then $V_Q = V_l - V_{dr}$. If $V_l < V_{l,ext,min}$, then V_Q can drop to 0 V.

3) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

4) The minimum output capacitance requirement is applicable for a worst case capacitance tolerance of 30%

Note: Within the functional or operating range, the IC operates as described in the circuit description. The electrical characteristics are specified within the conditions given in the electrical characteristics table.

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General product characteristics

3.3 Thermal resistance

Note: This thermal data was generated in accordance with JEDEC JESD51 standards. For more information, go to **www.jedec.org**.

Table 3Thermal resistance of TLS835D2ELVSE in PG-SSOP-14 package

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Values				Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Junction to case	R _{thJC}	-	10	-	K/W	1) _	P_4.3.1
Junction to ambient	R _{thJA}	_	41	-	K/W	¹⁾²⁾ 2s2p board	P_4.3.2
Junction to ambient	R _{thJA}	-	125	-	K/W	¹⁾³⁾ 1s0p board, footprint only	P_4.3.3
Junction to ambient	R _{thJA}	-	59	-	K/W	¹⁾³⁾ 1s0p board, 300 mm ² heatsink area on PCB	P_4.3.4
Junction to ambient	R _{thJA}	-	51	-	K/W	¹⁾³⁾ 1s0p board, 600 mm ² heatsink area on PCB	P_4.3.5

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

 Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-2,-5,-7 at natural convection on FR4 2s2p board. The product (chip + package) was simulated on a 76.2 × 114.3 × 1.5 mm³ board with 2 inner copper layers (2 × 70 µm Cu, 2 × 35 µm Cu). Where applicable a thermal via array under the exposed pad contacted the first inner copper layer.

3) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to JEDEC JESD 51-3 at natural convection on FR4 1s0p board. The product (chip + package) was simulated on a 76.2 × 114.3 × 1.5 mm³ board with 1 copper layer (1 × 70 μ m Cu).

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Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator

Block description and electrical characteristics

4 Block description and electrical characteristics

4.1 Voltage regulation

The output voltage V_Q is divided by a resistor network. This fractional voltage is compared to an internal voltage reference and the pass transistor is driven accordingly.

The control loop stability depends on the following factors:

- output capacitor C_0
- load current
- chip temperature
- internal circuit design

Output capacitor

To ensure stable operation, the capacitance of the output capacitor and its equivalent series resistor (ESR) requirements as specified in **"Functional range" on Page 8** must be maintained. The output capacitor must be sized according to the requirements of the application to be able to buffer load steps.

Input capacitors, reverse polarity protection diode

An input capacitor C_1 is recommended to compensate for line influences.

In order to block influences such as pulses and high frequency distortion at the input, an additional reverse polarity protection diode and a combination of several capacitors for filtering should be used. Connect the capacitors close to the component's terminals.

Smooth ramp-up

In order to prevent overshoots during startup, a smooth ramp-up function is implemented. This ensures almost no output voltage overshoots during startup, mostly independent from load and output capacitance.

Output current limitation

If the load current exceeds the specified limit, due to a short-circuit for example, then the output current is limited and the output voltage decreases.

Overtemperature shutdown

The overtemperature shutdown circuit prevents the IC from immediate destruction in case of a fault condition (for example a permanent short-circuit at the output) by switching off the power stage. After the IC has cooled down, the regulator restarts. This leads to an oscillatory behavior of the output voltage until the fault is removed. However, any junction temperature above 150°C is outside the maximum ratings and therefore significantly reduces the lifetime of the IC.



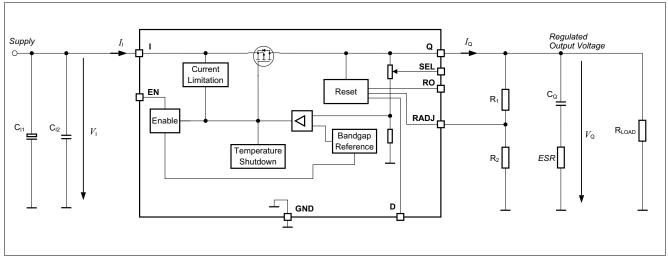


Figure 3 Voltage regulation

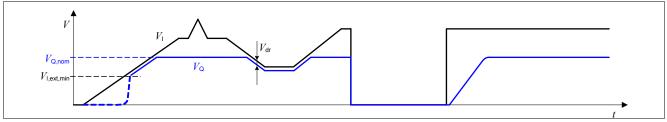


Figure 4 Output voltage vs. input voltage

OPTIREG[™] Linear TLS835D2ELVSE



Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator

Block description and electrical characteristics

Table 4 Electrical characteristics voltage regulator

 T_j = -40°C to 150°C, V_l = 13.5 V, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified) Typical values are given at T_j = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
5 V output voltage			-			•	
Output voltage accuracy	V _Q	4.9	5.0	5.1	V	0.05 mA $\leq I_Q \leq$ 350 mA 5.8 V $\leq V_1 \leq$ 28 V SEL connected to Q	P_5.1.1
Output voltage accuracy	V _Q	4.9	5.0	5.1	V	0.05 mA $\leq I_Q \leq 175$ mA 5.45 V $\leq V_1 \leq 40$ V SEL connected to Q	P_5.1.2
Dropout voltage V _{dr} = V ₁ - V _Q	V _{dr}	-	250	500	mV	¹⁾ / _Q = 250 mA, SEL connected to Q	P_5.1.7
Dropout voltage V _{dr} = V ₁ - V _Q	V _{dr}	-	100	200	mV	¹⁾ I _Q = 100 mA, SEL connected to Q	P_5.1.9
Power supply ripple rejection	PSRR	_	60	-	dB	²⁾ $f_{ripple} = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $V_{ripple} = 0.5 V_{pp}$ $I_Q = 10 \text{ mA}$ SEL connected to Q	P_5.1.10
3.3 V output voltage							
Output voltage accuracy	V _Q	3.23	3.3	3.37	V	0.05 mA ≤ <i>I</i> _Q ≤ 350 mA 4.21 V ≤ <i>V</i> ₁ ≤ 28 V SEL connected to GND	P_5.1.12
Output voltage accuracy	V _Q	3.23	3.3	3.37	V	0.05 mA ≤ <i>I</i> _Q ≤ 175 mA 3.79 V ≤ <i>V</i> ₁ ≤ 40 V SEL connected to GND	P_5.1.13
Dropout voltage V _{dr} = V _I - V _Q	V _{dr}	-	300	600	mV	¹⁾ $I_Q = 250 \text{ mA}$, SEL connected to GND	P_5.1.18
Dropout voltage V _{dr} = V ₁ - V _Q	V _{dr}	-	120	240	mV	¹⁾ <i>I</i> _Q = 100 mA, SEL connected to GND	P_5.1.20
Power supply ripple rejection	PSRR	_	63	-	dB	²⁾ $f_{ripple} = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $V_{ripple} = 0.5 V_{pp}$ $I_Q = 10 \text{ mA}$ SEL connected to GND	P_5.1.21
Other electrical characteristic	S						
Output current limitation	I _{Q,max}	351	500	780	mA	$0 V < V_Q < V_{Q,nom} - 0.1 V$	P_5.1.24
Load regulation steady-state	$\Delta V_{Q,load}$	-15	-5	-	mV	$I_{\rm Q} = 0.05 \text{ mA to } 350 \text{ mA}$ $V_{\rm I} = 6.5 \text{ V}$	P_5.1.29
Line regulation	$\Delta V_{\rm Q,line}$	-	1	10	mV	$V_1 = 8 V \text{ to } 32 V$	P_5.1.30

steady-state

*I*_Q = 5 mA



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Block description and electrical characteristics

Table 4Electrical characteristics voltage regulator (cont'd)

 T_j = -40°C to 150°C, V_l = 13.5 V, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified) Typical values are given at T_j = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	-		
Overtemperature shutdown threshold	T _{j,sd}	151	175	200	°C	²⁾ T_j increasing	P_5.1.31
Overtemperature shutdown threshold hysteresis	T _{j,sdh}	-	15	-	K	²⁾ <i>T</i> _j decreasing	P_5.1.32

1) Measured when the output voltage V_Q has dropped by 100 mV while input voltage was gradually decreased.

2) Not subject to production test, specified by design

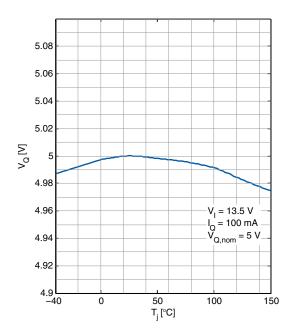


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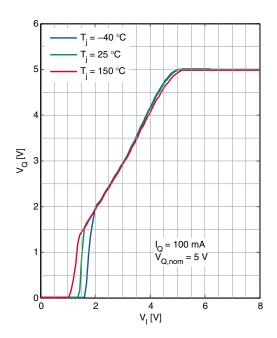
Block description and electrical characteristics

4.2 Typical performance characteristics voltage regulator

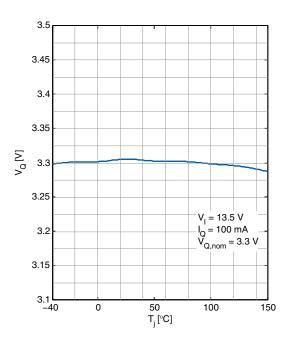
Output voltage V_Q versus junction temperature T_j



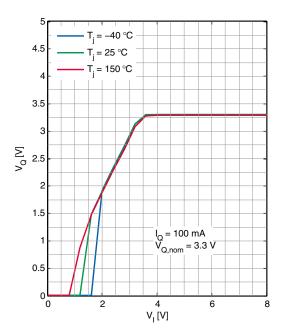
Output voltage V_Q versus input voltage V₁



Output voltage V_Q versus junction temperature T_i

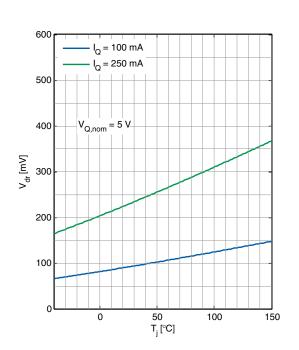


Output voltage V_{Q} versus input voltage V_{I}



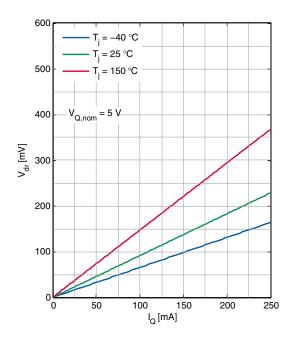
Data Sheet



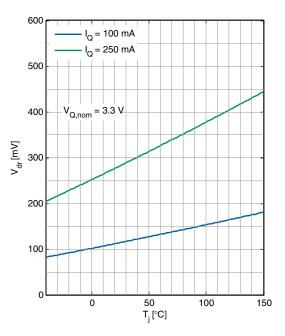


Dropout voltage V_{dr} versus junction temperature T_j

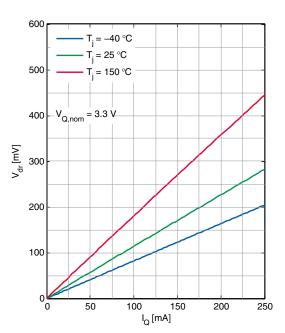
Dropout voltage V_{dr} versus output current I_o



Dropout voltage *V*_{dr} versus junction temperature *T*_i

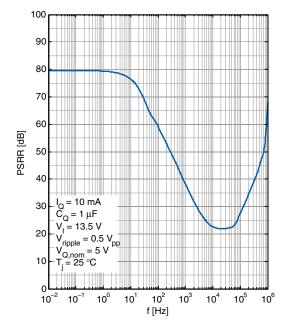


Dropout voltage V_{dr} versus output current I_o

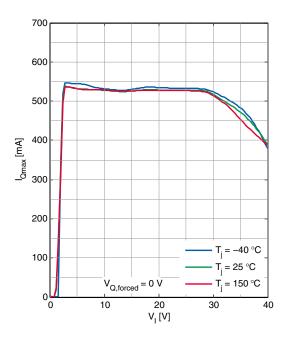




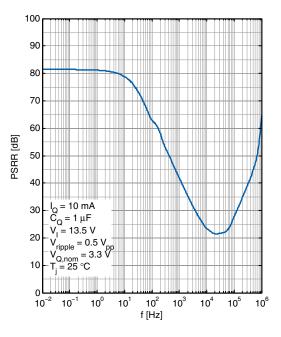
Power supply ripple rejection *PSRR* versus ripple frequency *f*



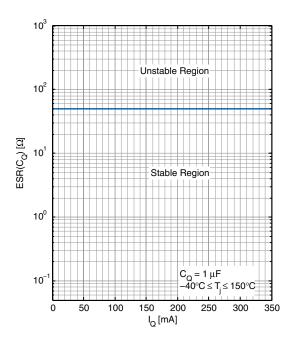
Maximum output current *I*_Q versus input voltage *V*_I



Power supply ripple rejection *PSRR* versus ripple frequency *f*

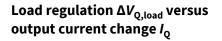


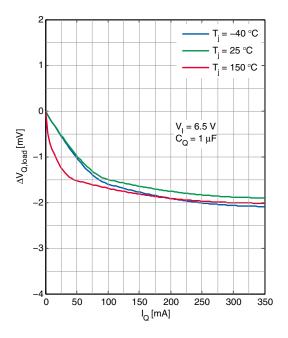
Equivalent series resistance of output capacitor $ESR(C_Q)$ versus output current I_Q



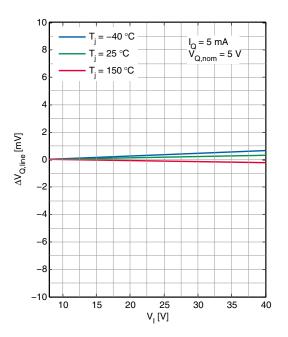
Data Sheet







Line regulation $\Delta V_{Q,line}$ versus input voltage V_{I}



Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator



Block description and electrical characteristics

4.3 Current consumption

Table 5 Electrical characteristics current consumption

 T_j = -40°C to 150°C, V_l = 13.5 V (unless otherwise specified) Typical values are given at T_j = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Values		Values		Values		Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.							
Current consumption $I_q = I_1$	I _{q,off}	-	-	1	μA	<i>V</i> _{EN} = 0 V; <i>T</i> _j < 105°C	P_5.3.8				
$\overline{\text{Current consumption}} \\ I_q = I_1$	I _{q,off}	-	-	2	μA	V _{EN} = 0.4 V; T _j < 125°C	P_5.3.10				
$\overline{\text{Current consumption}}$ $I_{q} = I_{1} - I_{Q}$	/ _q	-	20	30	μA	I _Q = 0.05 mA T _j = 25°C	P_5.3.11				
$\overline{\text{Current consumption}}$ $I_{q} = I_{1} - I_{Q}$	/ _q	-	23	36	μA	<i>I</i> _Q = 0.05 mA <i>T</i> _j < 125°C	P_5.3.12				
Current consumption $I_q = I_1 - I_Q$	/ _q	-	25	42	μA	¹⁾ $I_{\rm Q} = 350 \text{ mA}$ $T_{\rm j} < 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_5.3.13				

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

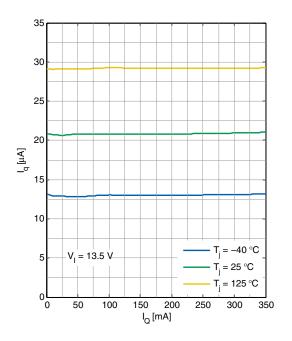


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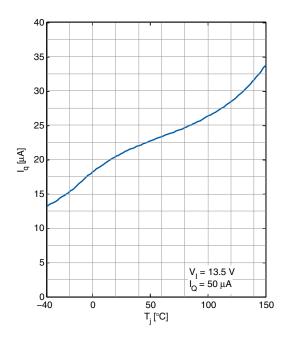
Block description and electrical characteristics

4.4 Typical performance characteristics current consumption

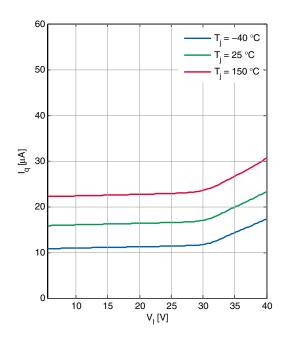
Current consumption *I*_q versus output current *I*_Q



Current consumption I_q versus junction temperature T_i



Current consumption I_q versus input voltage V_l





4.5 Enable

The TLS835D2ELVSE can be switched on and off by the enable feature. Applying a "high" level as specified below with $V_{\text{EN}} \ge 2$ V to the EN pin enables the device. Applying a "low" level as specified below with $V_{\text{EN}} \le 0.8$ V shuts down the device. The enable feature has a built-in hysteresis to avoid toggling between the ON/OFF state, when a signal with slow slope is applied to the EN pin.

Table 6 Electrical characteristics enable

 T_j = -40°C to 150°C, V_l = 13.5 V, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified) Typical values are given at T_j = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Enable "high" input voltage	V _{EN,H}	2	-	-	V	-	P_5.5.1
Enable "low" input voltage	V _{EN,L}	_	-	0.8	V	-	P_5.5.2
Enable threshold hysteresis	V _{EN,Hy}	90	-	-	mV	-	P_5.5.3
Enable "high" input current	I _{EN,H}	-	-	1	μΑ	<i>V</i> _{EN} = 5 V	P_5.5.4
Enable "high" input current	I _{EN,H}	_	-	6	μΑ	$V_{\rm EN} \le 18 {\rm V}$	P_5.5.5
Enable internal pull-down resistor	R _{EN}	2.8	10	20	MΩ	-	P_5.5.6

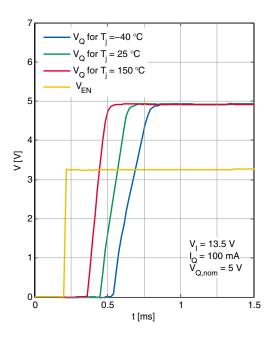


Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator

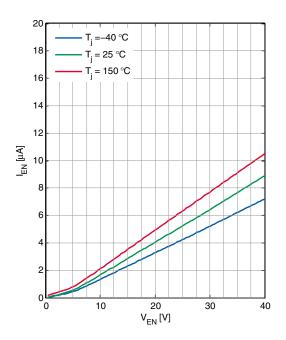
Block description and electrical characteristics

4.6 Typical performance characteristics enable

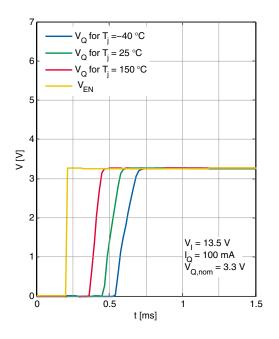
Output voltage V_Q versus time *t* (EN switched on)



Enable input current $I_{\rm EN}$ versus enable input voltage $V_{\rm EN}$



Output voltage V_Q versus time *t* (EN switched on)



OPTIREG[™] Linear TLS835D2ELVSE

Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator



Block description and electrical characteristics

4.7 Output voltage selection

The output voltage V_Q of TLS835D2ELVSE can be selected by the SEL pin as follows: SEL pin connected to Q: $V_Q = 5$ V; SEL pin connected to GND: $V_0 = 3.3$ V.

4.8 Reset function

The reset function monitors the output voltage V_Q and indicates a potential imminent loss of power. This then allows enough time for the system to shut down or do the transition into a safe state. To meet the requirements of the application, some reset parameters can be adjusted by measures described in the following subsections.

Output undervoltage reset

The reset output RO is an open collector stage. It is internally pulled up to V_Q via a resistor **Reset output** internal pull-up resistor (Table 7). In the case of an undervoltage event at V_Q , RO is pulled to "low". This signal can then be used to reset a microcontroller during low supply voltage.

Optional output undervoltage reset pull-up resistor R_{RO,ext}

Although the reset output RO is an open collector output with an integrated pull-up resistor, an additional, external pull-up resistor can be added to the output Q, if needed. A minimum value for the external resistor $R_{\text{RO,ext}}$ is specified in **Table 7** in case this option is used.

Power-on reset delay time

The power-on reset delay time t_{rd} allows a microcontroller and oscillator to start up. This delay time is the time interval from exceeding the reset switching threshold $V_{RT,high}$ until the reset is released by switching the reset output RO from "low" to "high". The power-on reset delay time t_{rd} is defined by an external delay capacitor C_D connected to pin D. C_D is charged by the delay capacitor charge current $I_{D,ch}$ starting from $V_D = 0$ V.

If the application requires a power-on reset delay time t_{rd} that differs from the default value specified in **Table 7**, the required value of the delay capacitor can be derived from the specified value and the desired power-on delay time as follows:

$$C_D = \frac{t_{rd}}{t_{rd,100\,nF}} \cdot C_{D,100\,nF}$$

where

- C_D: required capacitance of the delay capacitor
- *t*_{rd}: desired power-on reset delay time
- $t_{rd,100 nF}$: **Power-on reset delay time** (**Table 7**) for C_{D} = 100 nF as specified in this data sheet

For a precise calculation, the tolerance of the delay capacitor also has to be taken into consideration.

Reset reaction time

The reset reaction time ensures that short undervoltage spikes do not trigger an unwanted reset "low" signal. The reset reaction time $t_{\rm rr,total}$ comprises of the internal reaction time $t_{\rm rr,int}$ and the discharge time $t_{\rm rr,d}$ defined by the external delay capacitor $C_{\rm D}$. Therefore, the total reset reaction time becomes:

$t_{rr,total} = t_{rr,int} + t_{rr,d}$	(4.2)
whore	

where

• *t*_{rr,total}: **Reset reaction time**

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(4.1)



- t_{rr.int}: Internal reset reaction time
- t_{rr.d}: Delay capacitor discharge time

Reset adjust function

For selecting the default switching threshold as specified in **Table 7** under $V_{\text{RT,low}}$, connect the RADJ pin to GND.

To adjust the undervoltage reset lower switching threshold according to the requirements of the application, an external voltage divider (R_{ADJ1} , R_{ADJ2}) is required at pin RADJ. In this case, it should be noted that an additional current is dissipated by the resistors of the voltage divider.

With a voltage divider connected, the adjusted undervoltage reset lower switching threshold $V_{\text{RT,low,new}}$ is calculated according to the following equation:

$$V_{RT,low,new} = V_{RADJ,th} \left(\frac{R_{ADJ1}}{R_{ADJ2}} + 1 \right)$$
(4.3)

where

- V_{RT,low,new}: the desired new undervoltage reset switching lower threshold
- R_{ADJ1}, R_{ADJ2}: resistors of the external voltage divider
- V_{RAD,1 th}: reset adjustment switching threshold given in **Table 7**

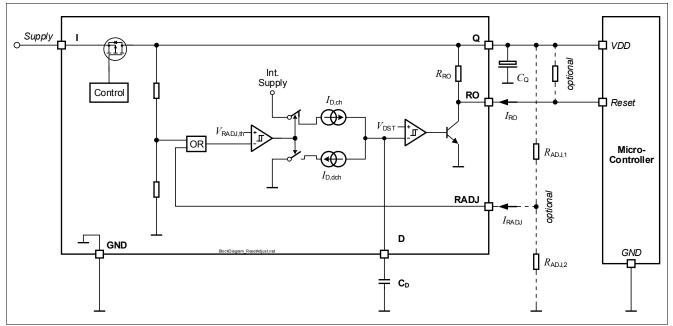


Figure 5 Block diagram reset function

OPTIREG[™] Linear TLS835D2ELVSE Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator



Block description and electrical characteristics

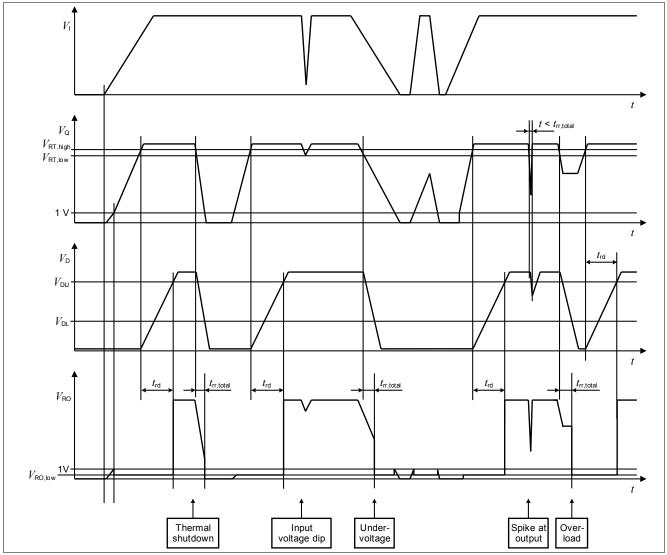


Figure 6 Timing diagram reset

Table 7Electrical characteristics reset

 $T_{\rm j}$ = -40°C to 150°C, $V_{\rm l}$ = 13.5 V, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified).

Typical values are given at $T_1 = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_1 = 13.5$ V.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Output undervoltage reset (5 V	output ve	oltage)		I	- 4		1
Output undervoltage reset upper switching threshold	$V_{\rm RT,high}$	4.6	4.7	4.8	V	$V_{\rm Q}$ increasing, $V_{\rm EN} \ge 2.0$ V, RADJ connected to GND, SEL connected to Q	P_5.8.1
Output undervoltage reset lower switching threshold	V _{RT,low}	4.5	4.6	4.7	V	$V_{\rm Q}$ decreasing, $V_{\rm EN} \ge 2.0$ V, RADJ connected to GND, SEL connected to Q	P_5.8.2

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Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator

Block description and electrical characteristics

Table 7Electrical characteristics reset (cont'd)

 T_j = -40°C to 150°C, V_l = 13.5 V, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified). Typical values are given at T_i = 25°C, V_l = 13.5 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Reset adjustment switching threshold	V _{RADJ,th}	0.86	0.9	0.94	V	SEL connected to Q	P_5.8.4
Reset threshold adjustment range	V _{RT,range}	2	-	4.2	V	SEL connected to Q	P_5.8.5
Output undervoltage reset (3.3	V output	voltage	e)				
Output undervoltage reset upper switching threshold	$V_{RT,high}$	3.03	3.10	3.17	V	V _Q increasing, V _{EN} ≥ 2.0 V, RADJ connected to GND, SEL connected to GND	P_5.8.6
Output undervoltage reset lower switching threshold	V _{RT,low}	2.97	3.03	3.10	V	V _Q decreasing, V _{EN} ≥ 2.0 V, RADJ connected to GND, SEL connected to GND	P_5.8.7
Reset adjustment switching threshold	V _{RADJ,th}	0.86	0.9	0.94	V	SEL connected to GND	P_5.8.9
Reset threshold adjustment range	V _{RT,range}	2	-	2.75	V	SEL connected to GND	P_5.8.10
Reset output RO							
Reset output "low" voltage	V _{RO,low}	-	0.2	0.4	V	$1 V \le V_Q \le V_{RT};$ $R_{RO} > 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	P_5.8.11
Reset output internal pull-up resistor	R _{RO,int}	13	20	36	kΩ	internally connected to Q	P_5.8.12
Reset output external pull-up resistor to V _Q	R _{RO,ext}	4.7	-	-	kΩ	$1 V \le V_Q \le V_{RT};$ $V_{RO} \le 0.4 V$	P_5.8.13
Reset delay timing							
Power-on reset delay time	t _{rd}	17	25	37	ms	C _D = 100 nF Calculated value	P_5.8.15
Upper delay switching threshold	V _{DU}	_	0.9	_	V	-	P_5.8.16
Lower delay switching threshold	V _{DL}	_	0.6	_	V	-	P_5.8.17
Delay capacitor charge current	I _{D,ch}	_	3.6	_	μA	$V_{\rm D} = 1 \rm V$	– P_5.8.18
Delay capacitor discharge current	I _{D,dch}	-	210	-	mA	$V_{\rm D} = 1 \rm V$	P_5.8.19
Delay capacitor discharge time	t _{rr,d}	-	2	4	μs	C _D = 100 nF Calculated value	P_5.8.20

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Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator

Block description and electrical characteristics

Table 7Electrical characteristics reset (cont'd)

 T_j = -40°C to 150°C, V_l = 13.5 V, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified). Typical values are given at T_i = 25°C, V_l = 13.5 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Internal reset reaction time ¹⁾	t _{rr,int}	_	8	14	μs	$C_{\rm D} = 0 \rm nF$	P_5.8.21
Reset reaction time	t _{rr,total}	-	10	18	μs	C _D = 100 nF Calculated value	P_5.8.22

1) Parameter not subject to production test; specified by design.

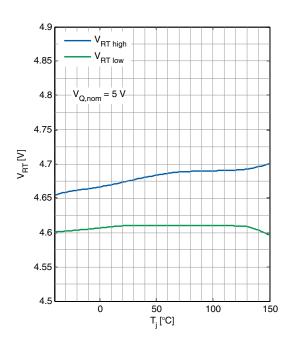


Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator

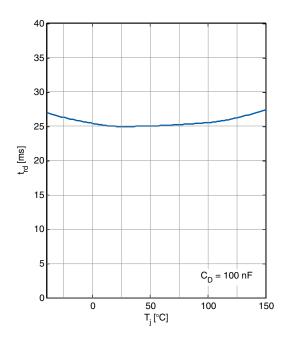
Block description and electrical characteristics

4.9 Typical performance characteristics Reset

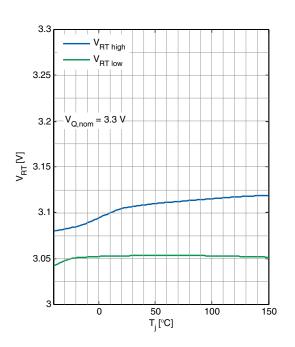
Undervoltage reset threshold $V_{\rm RT}$ versus junction temperature $T_{\rm j}$



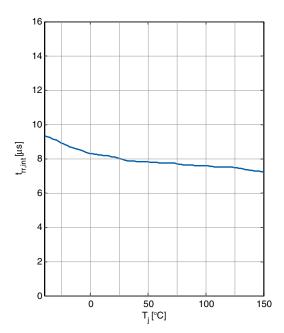
Power-on reset delay time *t*_{rd} versus junction temperature *T*_i



Undervoltage reset threshold $V_{\rm RT}$ versus junction temperature $T_{\rm j}$



Reset reaction timet_{rr} versus junction temperature *T*_i





Application information

5 Application information

5.1 Application diagram

Note: The following information is given as a hint for the implementation of the device only and shall not be regarded as a description or warranty of a certain functionality, condition or quality of the device.

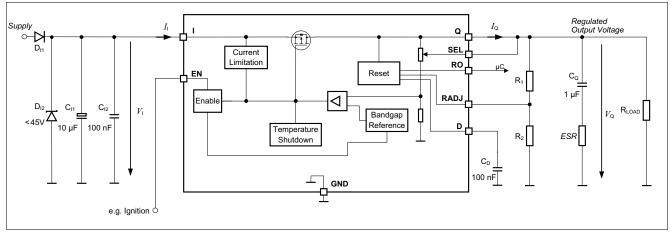


Figure 7 Application diagram

Note: This is a very simplified example of an application circuit. The function must be verified in the real application.

5.2 Selection of external components

5.2.1 Input pin

Figure 7 shows an example of the input circuitry for a linear voltage regulator. A ceramic capacitor at the input, in the range of 100 nF to 470 nF, is recommended to filter out the high frequency disturbances imposed by the line, for example ISO pulses 3a/b. This capacitor must be placed very close to the input pin of the linear voltage regulator on the PCB.

An aluminum electrolytic capacitor in the range of $10 \,\mu\text{F}$ to $470 \,\mu\text{F}$ is recommended as an input buffer to smooth out high energy pulses, such as ISO pulses 2a. This capacitor must be placed close to the input pin of the linear voltage regulator.

An overvoltage suppressor diode can be used to further suppress any high voltage beyond the maximum rating of the linear voltage regulator and to protect the device from damage due to overvoltage.

The external components at the input pin are optional, but they are recommended to deal with possible external disturbances.

5.2.2 Output pin

An output capacitor is mandatory for the stability of linear voltage regulators. Furthermore it serves as an energy buffer during load jumps, to compensate and maintain a constant output voltage potential. It must be dimensioned according to the specific requirements of the application. The requirements for the output capacitor are given in **"Functional range" on Page 8**.

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Application information

TLS835D2ELVSE is designed to also be stable with low ESR capacitors. According to the automotive requirements, ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended.

The output capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the voltage regulator's output pin and GND pin and on the same side of the PCB as the regulator itself.

In case of input voltage or load current transients, the capacitance should be dimensioned accordingly. The configuration has to be verified in the real application to ensure that the output stability requirements are fulfilled.

5.3 **Thermal considerations**

From the known input voltage, the output voltage and the load profile of the application, the total power dissipation can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = (V_I - V_Q)I_Q + V_I I_q$$

with

- P_D: continuous power dissipation
- V_i: input voltage
- V_o: output voltage
- I_o: output current
- I_a: quiescent current

The maximum acceptable thermal resistance R_{thJA} is given by:

$$R_{thJA} = \frac{T_{j,max} - T_a}{P_D} \tag{5.2}$$

with

- $T_{i,max}$: maximum allowed junction temperature
- T_a: ambient temperature

Based on the above calculation the proper PCB type and the necessary heat sink area can be determined by referencing the specification for "Thermal resistance" on Page 9.

5.4 **Reverse polarity protection**

TLS835D2ELVSE is not protected against reverse polarity faults and must be protected by external components against negative supply voltage. An external reverse polarity diode is necessary. The absolute maximum ratings of the device as specified in "Absolute maximum ratings" on Page 7 must be maintained.

5.5 **Further application information**

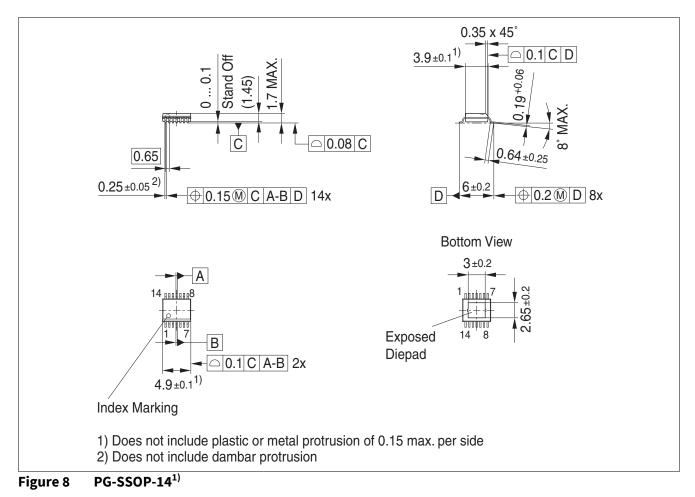
For further information you may contact https://www.infineon.com/

(5.1)



Package information





Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e. Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

Further information on packages

https://www.infineon.com/packages

¹⁾ Dimensions in mm



Revision history

7 Revision history

Revision	Date	Changes
1.1	2018-09-17	Editorial changes Updated <i>T</i> to <i>T_j</i> in graph of "Equivalent series resistance of output capacitor <i>ESR</i> (<i>C_Q</i>) versus output current <i>I_Q</i> " Reworked reset description, updated timing diagram reset
1.01	2018-03-12	Editorial Changes
1.0	2018-02-19	Initial Version

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