



### Application

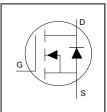
- Brushed Motor drive applications
- **BLDC** Motor drive applications
- Battery powered circuits
- Half-bridge and full-bridge topologies
- Synchronous rectifier applications
- Resonant mode power supplies
- OR-ing and redundant power switches
- DC/DC and AC/DC converters
- DC/AC Inverters

### **Benefits**

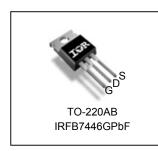
- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt Capability
- Lead-Free
- Halogen-Free



HEXFET® Power MOSFET



V <sub>DSS</sub>	40V	
R <sub>DS(on)</sub> typ.	2.6m $Ω$	
max	$3.3 \text{m}\Omega$	
I <sub>D (Silicon Limited)</sub>	123A①	
D (Package Limited)	120A	



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRFB7446GPbF	TO-220	Tube	50	IRFB7446GPbF

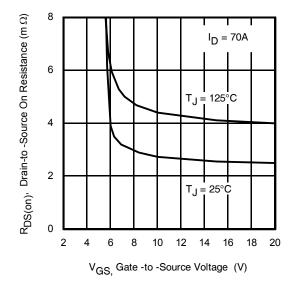


Fig 1. Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

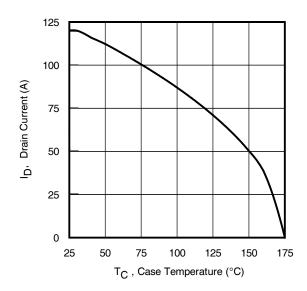


Fig 2. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



# Absolute Maximum Rating

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D$ @ $T_C$ = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, VGS @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	123①	
$I_D @ T_C = 100^{\circ}C$	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	87	^
$I_D$ @ $T_C$ = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V (Wire Bond Limited)	120	Α
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current ②	492	
P <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	99	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.66	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
T <sub>J</sub> T <sub>STG</sub>	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf·in (1.1 N·m)	

### **Avalanche Characteristics**

E <sub>AS</sub> (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	111	1
E <sub>AS (Thermally limited)</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ®	236	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current ②	Coo Fig 15 16 220 22b	Α
E <sub>AR</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ②	See Fig 15, 16, 23a, 23b	mJ

### **Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units
$R_{ hetaJC}$	Junction-to-Case ®		1.52	
$R_{ heta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface	0.50		°C/W
$R_{ hetaJA}$	Junction-to-Ambient		62	

Static @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40			V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{D} = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_{J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient		0.033		V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 5mA ②
D	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		2.6	3.3	m()	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 70A  $
R <sub>DS(on)</sub> Stat	static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		3.9		mΩ	$V_{GS} = 6.0V, I_D = 35A $ ⑤
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.2	3.0	3.9	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 100 \mu A$
1	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			1.0	۸	$V_{DS} = 40 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Dialii-to-Source Leakage Current			150	μA	$V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
1	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			-100	IIA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
$R_G$	Gate Resistance		1.6		Ω	

## Notes:

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 120A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400 \mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- © Coss eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as Coss while VDS is rising from 0 to 80% VDSS.
- © Coss eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as Coss while VDS is rising from 0 to 80% VDSS.
- ®  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately 90°C.
- $\odot$  Limited by T<sub>Jmax</sub>, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, L= 1mH, R<sub>G</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ , I<sub>AS</sub> = 22A, V<sub>GS</sub> =10V.



# Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25$ °C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
gfs	Forward Transconductance	269			S	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_{D} = 70A$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		62	93		I <sub>D</sub> = 70A
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge		16		nC	V <sub>DS</sub> = 20V
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain Charge		20			V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V⑤
Q <sub>sync</sub>	Total Gate Charge Sync. (Qg- Qgd)		42			
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time		11			V <sub>DD</sub> = 20V
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time		34			I <sub>D</sub> = 30A
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		33		ns	$R_G = 2.7\Omega$
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		23			V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V⑤
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		3183			V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		475			V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		331		pF	f = 1.0MHz, See Fig.5
Coss eff.(ER)	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)		596		ן 	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, VDS = 0V to 32V⑦
Coss eff.(TR)	Output Capacitance (Time Related)		688			$V_{GS}$ = 0V, VDS = 0V to 32V®

# **Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Is	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)			120①		MOSFET symbol showing the
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①			492		integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage		0.9	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_S = 70A, V_{GS} = 0V$ (§
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt③		7.6		V/ns	$T_J = 175^{\circ}C, I_S = 70A, V_{DS} = 40V$
+	Reverse Recovery Time		22		nc	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_{DD} = 34V$
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time		24		ns	$T_J = 125^{\circ}C$ $I_F = 70A$ ,
0	Dayoraa Dagayany Chargo		15		20	<u>T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C</u> di/dt = 100A/µs ⑤
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge 15		15	nC	<u>T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C</u>	
I <sub>RRM</sub>	Reverse Recovery Current		1.0		Α	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C



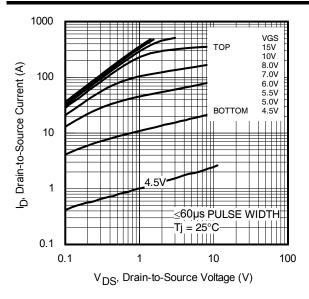


Fig 3. Typical Output Characteristics

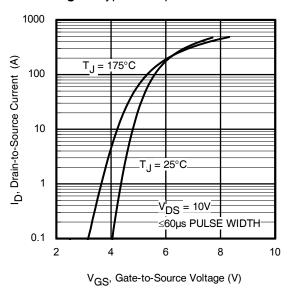


Fig 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics

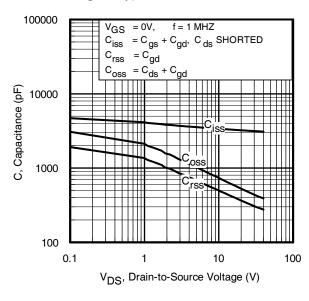


Fig 7. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

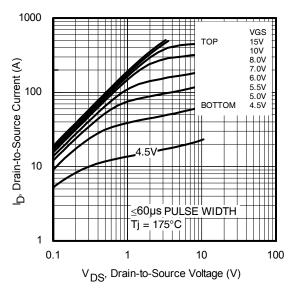


Fig 4. Typical Output Characteristics

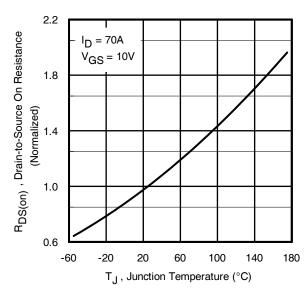
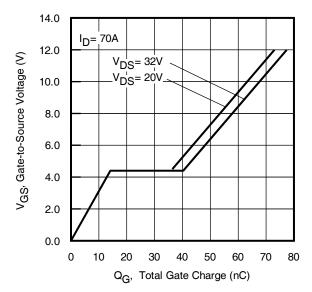


Fig 6. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



**Fig 8.** Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



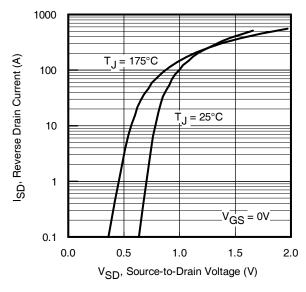


Fig 9. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

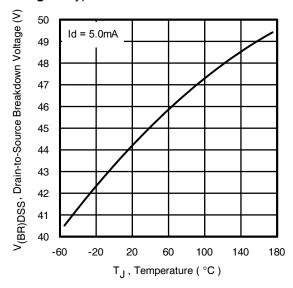


Fig 11. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

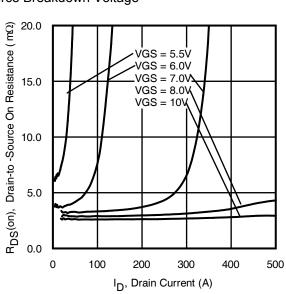


Fig 13. Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

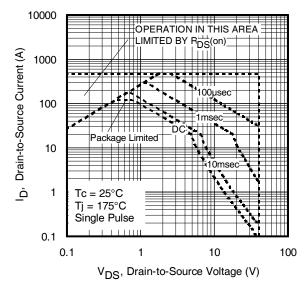


Fig 10. Maximum Safe Operating Area

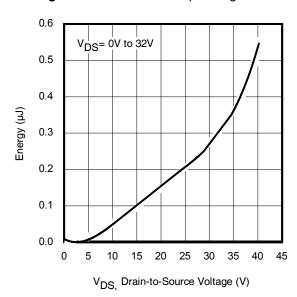


Fig 12. Typical Coss Stored Energy



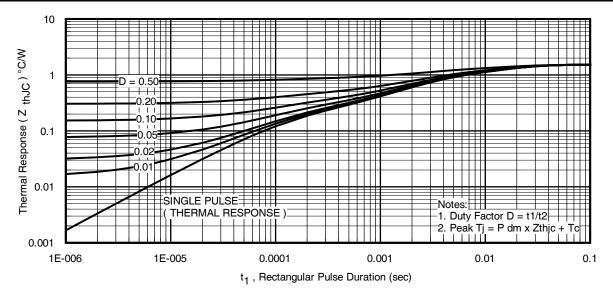


Fig 14. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

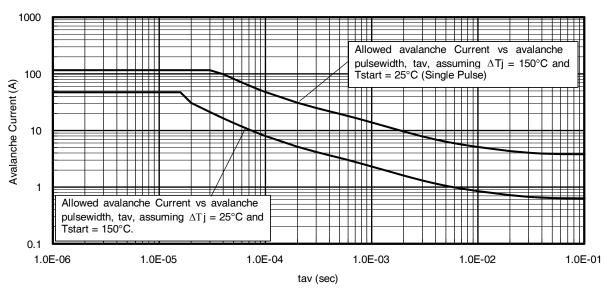


Fig 15. Avalanche Current vs. Pulse Width

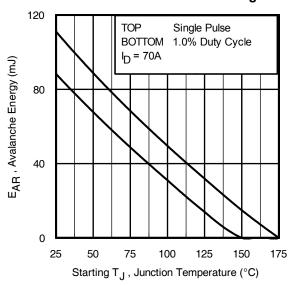


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

### Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves, Figures 15, 16: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:

Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{\text{jmax}}$ . This is validated for every

- 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T<sub>imax</sub> is not exceeded.
- 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 23a, 23b.
- 4. P<sub>D (ave)</sub> = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
- 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
- 6. I<sub>av</sub> = Allowable avalanche current.

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7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{imax}$ (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).

t<sub>av</sub> = Average time in avalanche.

D = Duty cycle in avalanche = tav ·f

 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 14)

PD (ave) = 1/2 (  $1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}$ ) =  $\Delta T / Z_{thJC}$ 

 $I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$ 

 $E_{AS (AR)} = P_{D (ave)} \cdot t_{av}$ 



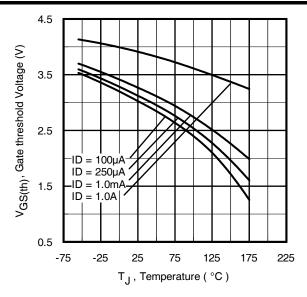


Fig 17. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

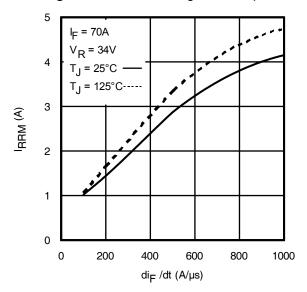


Fig 19. Typical Recovery Current vs. dif/dt

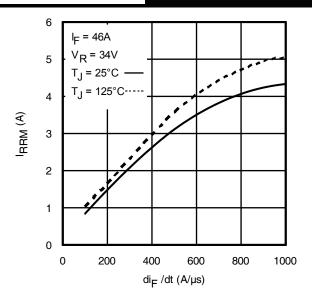


Fig 18. Typical Recovery Current vs. dif/dt

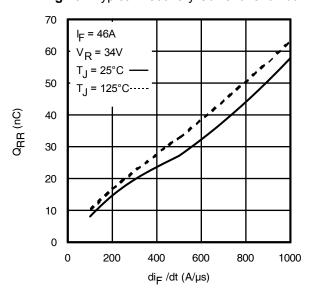


Fig 20. Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt

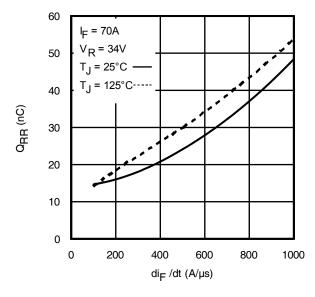


Fig 21. Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt



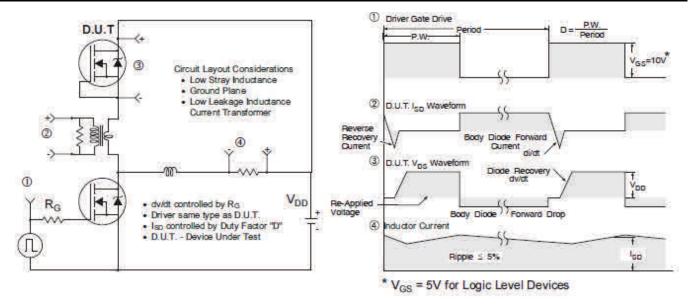


Fig 22. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

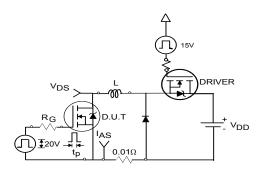


Fig 23a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

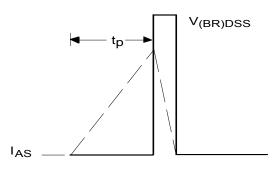


Fig 23b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

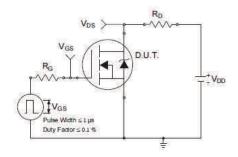


Fig 24a. Switching Time Test Circuit

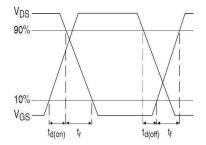


Fig 24b. Switching Time Waveforms

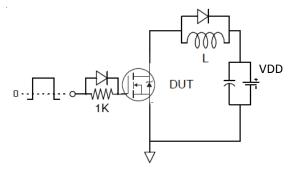


Fig 25a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

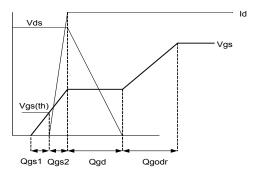
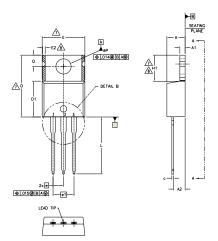
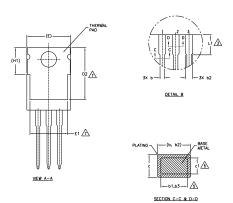


Fig 25b. Gate Charge Waveform



# TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))





#### NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
  - DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- .- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH
   SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE
   MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5. DIMENSION 61, 63 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
  - .- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
- 8. DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

	DIMENSIONS				
SYMBOL	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	NOTES
Α	3.56	4.83	.140	.190	
A1	1,14	1.40	.045	.055	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	5
b2	1,14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1,14	1.73	.045	.068	5
С	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	
D2	11.68	12.88	.460	.507	7
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	4,7
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	7
E2	-	0.76	-	.030	8
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC	
e1	5.08	BSC	.200	BSC	
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	3
ØΡ	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

#### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

## <u>HEXFET</u>

1.- GATE 2.- DRAIN 3.- SOURCE

#### IGBTs, CoPA

1.- GATE 2.- COLLECTOR 3.- EMITTER

## DIODES

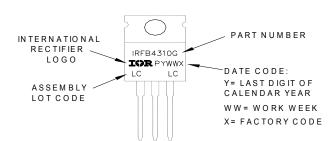
1.- ANODE 2.- CATHODE 3.- ANODE

# **TO-220AB Part Marking Information**

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFB4310GPBF

Note: "G" suffix in part number indicates "Halogen - Free"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <a href="http://www.irf.com/package/">http://www.irf.com/package/</a>



# Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>

Qualification Level	Industrial (per JEDEC JESD47F) ††			
Moisture Sensitivity Level	TO-220 N/A			
RoHS Compliant	Yes			

- † Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/
- †† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

# **Revision History**

I ICVISION II	istory
Date	Comment
11/19/2014	<ul> <li>Updated data sheet with IR corporate template.</li> <li>Updated E<sub>AS (L=1mH)</sub> = 236mJ on page 2</li> <li>Updated note 9 "Limited by T<sub>Jmax</sub>, starting T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, L = 1mH, R<sub>G</sub> = 50Ω, I<sub>AS</sub> = 22A, V<sub>GS</sub> =10V". on page 2</li> <li>Updated package outline on page 9</li> </ul>



**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 101 N. Sepulveda Blvd., El Segundo, California 90245, USA To contact International Rectifier, please visit <a href="http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/">http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/</a>

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