FM Series



Overview

FM Series Supercapacitors, also known as Electric Double-Layer Capacitors (EDLCs), are intended for high energy storage applications.

Applications

Supercapacitors have characteristics ranging from traditional capacitors and batteries. As a result, supercapacitors can be used like a secondary battery when applied in a DC circuit. These devices are best suited for use in low voltage DC hold-up applications such as embedded microprocessor systems with flash memory.

Benefits

- · Rectangular case
- Wide range of temperature from -25°C to +70°C (all types except FMR) and -40°C to +85°C (FMR type)
- · Maintenance free
- Maximum operating voltages of 3.5, 3.6, 5.5, and 6.5 VDC
- · Highly reliable against liquid leakage
- · Lead-free and RoHS compliant
- · Leads can be transverse mounted

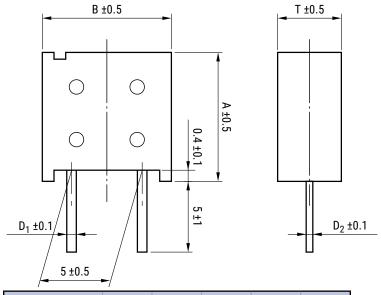


Part Number System

FM	ОН	223	Z	F	TP	16
Series	Maximum Operating Voltage	Capacitance Code	Capacitance Tolerance	Environmental	Таре Туре	Height (excluding lead)
FM FME FMR FMC	0V = 3.5 VDC 0H = 5.5 VDC 0J = 6.5 VDC	First two digits represent significant figures. Third digit specifies number of zeros to follow µF code.	Z = -20/+80%	F = Lead-free	TP = AMMO L1 = Transverse mounting Blank = Bulk	18 = 18 mm Blank = Bulk



Dimensions - Millimeters



Part Number	A	В	Т	D ₁	D ₂
FM0H103ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FM0H223ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FM0H473ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FM0H104ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FM0H224ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FM0V473ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FM0V104ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FM0V224ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FM0J473ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FME0H223ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FME0H473ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FMR0H473ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FMR0H104ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FMR0V104ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FMR0V334ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FMR0V474ZF	15.0	14.0	9.0	0.6	0.6
FMC0H473ZF	11.5	10.5	5.0	0.5	0.4
FMC0H104ZF	11.5	10.5	6.5	0.5	0.4
FMC0H334ZF	15.0	14.0	9.0	0.6	0.6

Lead Terminal Forming



Add "L1" to the end of bulk part number for transverse mounting option



Performance Characteristics

Supercapacitors should not be used for applications such as ripple absorption because of their high internal resistance (several hundred $m\Omega$ to a hundred Ω) compared to aluminum electrolytic capacitors. Thus, its main use would be similar to that of secondary battery such as power back-up in DC circuit. The following list shows the characteristics of supercapacitors as compared to aluminum electrolytic capacitors for power back-up and secondary batteries.

	Secondar	y Battery	Capacitor		
	NiCd	Lithium Ion	Aluminum Electrolytic	Supercapacitor	
Back-up ability	-	-	-	-	
Eco-hazard	Cd	-	-	-	
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +60°C	-20 to +50°C	-55 to +105°C	-40 to +85°C (FR, FT, FMR Type)	
Charge Time	Few hours	Few hours	Few seconds	Few seconds	
Charge/Discharge Life Time	Approximately 500 times	Approximately 500 to 1,000 times	Limitless (*1)	Limitless (*1)	
Restrictions on Charge/Discharge	Yes	Yes	None	None	
Flow Soldering	Not applicable	Not applicable	Applicable	Applicable	
Automatic Mounting	Not applicable	Not applicable	Applicable	Applicable (FM and FC series)	
Safety Risks	Leakage, explosion	Leakage, combustion, explosion, ignition	Heat-up, explosion	Gas emission (*2)	

^(*1) Aluminum electrolytic capacitors and supercapacitors have limited lifetime. However, when used under proper conditions, both can operate within a predetermined lifetime.

Typical Applications

Intended Use (Guideline)	Power Supply (Guideline)	Application	Examples of Equipment	Series
Long time back-up	500 μA and below	CMOS microcomputer, IC for clocks	CMOS microcomputer, static RAM/DTS (digital tuning system)	FM series

Environmental Compliance

All KEMET supercapacitors are RoHS compliant.



^(*2) There is no harm as it is a mere leak of water vapor which transitioned from water contained in the electrolyte (diluted sulfuric acid). However, application of abnormal voltage surge exceeding maximum operating voltage may result in leakage and explosion.



Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference

Maximum Part Number Operating		Nominal Capacitance		Maximum ESR	Maximum Current at 30	Voltage Holding Characteristic	Weight (g)
r art Number	Voltage (VDC)	Charge System (F)	Discharge System (F)	at 1 kHz (Ω)	Minutes (mA)	Minimum (V)	Weight (g)
FM0V473ZF	3.5	0.047	0.06	200	0.042	-	1.3
FMR0V104ZF	3.5	0.10	-	50	0.090	-	1.6
FM0V104ZF	3.5	0.10	0.13	100	0.090	-	1.3
FM0V224ZF	3.5	0.22	0.30	100	0.20	-	1.6
FM0H103ZF	5.5	0.01	0.014	300	0.015	4.2	1.3
FME0H223ZF	5.5	0.022	0.028	40	0.033	-	1.3
FM0H223ZF	5.5	0.022	0.028	200	0.033	4.2	1.3
FME0H473ZF	5.5	0.047	0.06	20	0.071	-	1.3
FMC0H473ZF	5.5	0.047	0.06	100	0.071	4.2	1.3
FM0H473ZF	5.5	0.047	0.06	200	0.071	4.2	1.3
FMR0H473ZF	5.5	0.047	0.062	200	0.071	4.2	1.6
FMR0H104ZF	5.5	0.10	-	50	0.15	4.2	1.6
FMR0V334ZF	3.6	-	0.33	50	0.3	-	1.6
FMR0V474ZF	3.6	-	0.47	25	0.42	-	3.5
FMC0H104ZF	5.5	0.10	0.13	50	0.15	4.2	1.6
FM0H104ZF	5.5	0.10	0.13	100	0.15	4.2	1.6
FM0H224ZF	5.5	-	0.22	100	0.33	4.2	1.6
FMC0H334ZF	5.5	-	0.33	25	0.50	4.2	3.5
FM0J473ZF	6.5	0.047	0.062	200	0.071	-	1.6



Specifications – All Types Except FMR

Item		FM 5.5 V Type, 3.5 V Type, 6.5 V Type, FMC Type		FME Type		Test Conditions (conforming to JIS C 5160-1)	
Category Temperature Range		-25°C to) +70°C	-25°C t	o +70°C		
Maximum Operat	ting Voltage	5.5 VDC	, 3.5 VDC, 6.5 VDC	5.5 VDC)		
Capacitance		Refer to	Table 1	Refer to	Table 1	Refer to "Measurem	ent Conditions"
Capacitance Allo	wance	+80%, -	20%	+80%, -	20%	Refer to "Measurem	ent Conditions"
ESR		Refer to	Table 1	Refer to	Table 1	Measured at 1 kHz, "Measurement Cond	
Current (30 minu	tes value)	Refer to	Table 1	Refer to	Table 1	Refer to "Measurem	ent Conditions"
	Capacitance	> 90% o	f initial ratings	> 90% o	f initial ratings	Surge voltage: Charge: Discharge:	4.0 V (3.5 V type) 6.3 V (5.5 V type) 7.4 V (6.5 V type) 30 seconds 9 minutes 30 seconds
Surge Current (30 minutes value)		≤ 120% (≤ 120% of initial ratings		of initial ratings	Number of cycles: Series resistance:	1,000
		≤ 120% of initial ratings		≤ 120% of initial ratings			$\begin{array}{ccc} 0.10 \ F & & 150 \ \Omega \\ 0.22 \ F & & 56 \ \Omega \\ 0.33 \ F & & 51 \ \Omega \end{array}$
	Appearance	No obvi	ous abnormality	No obvious abnormality		Discharge resistance: Temperature:	
	Capacitance	5.	≥ 50% of	-	≥ 50% of	Conforms to 4.17	
	ESR	Phase 2	initial value ≤ 400% of initial value	Phase 2	initial value ≤ 300% or less than initial value	Phase 2:	+25±2°C -25±2°C
	Capacitance	Phase		Phase		Phase 4: Phase 5:	+70±2°C
	ESR	3		3		Phase 6:	+25±2°C
	Capacitance		≤ 200% of initial value		≤ 150% of initial value		
Characteristics in Different	ESR	Phase	Satisfy initial	Phase	Satisfy initial		
Temperature	Current (30 minutes value)	5	ratings ≤ 1.5 CV (mA)	5	ratings ≤ 1.5 CV (mA)		
	Capacitance		Within ±20% of		Within ±20%		
	•	Phase	initial value Satisfy initial	Phase	of initial value Satisfy initial		
	ESR	- 6	ratings	6	ratings		
	Current (30 minutes value)		Satisfy initial ratings		Satisfy initial ratings		
Capacitance						Conforms to 4.13 Frequency:	10 to 55 Hz
Vibration Resistance	Resistance Current (30		nitial ratings	Satisfy	initial ratings	Testing Time:	
minutes value)		No obvi	oue abnormality	No obvi	ous abnormality		
Appearance Solderability		Over 3/4	Over 3/4 of the terminal should be covered by the new solder		4 of the terminal should be I by the new solder	Conforms to 4.11 Solder temp: Dipping time: 1.6 mm from the bot	+245±5°C 5±0.5 seconds



Specifications – All Types Except FMR cont.

Item		FM 5.5 V Type, 3.5 V Type, 6.5 V Type, FMC Type	FME Type	Test Conditions (conforming to JIS C 5160-1)	
	Capacitance ESR			Conforms to 4.10 Solder temp: +260±10°C	
Solder Heat Resistance	Current (30 minutes value)	Satisfy initial ratings	Satisfy initial ratings	Dipping time: 10±1 seconds	
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality	No obvious abnormality	1.6 mm from the bottom should be dipped.	
	Capacitance			Conforms to 4.12	
T	ESR	Satisfy initial ratings	Satisfy initial ratings	Temperature Condition: -25°C » Room	
Temperature Cycle	Current (30 minutes value)	Satisty mittarratings	Januar Talings	Condition: -25°C » Room temperature » +70°C » Room temperature	
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality	No obvious abnormality	Number of cycles: 5 cycles	
High	Capacitance	Within ±20% of initial value	Within ±20% of initial value	Conforms to 4.14	
Temperature	ESR	≤ 120% of initial ratings	≤ 120% of initial ratings	Temperature: +40±2°C Relative humidity: 90 to 95% RH	
and High Humidity	Current (30 minutes value)	≤ 120% of initial ratings	≤ 120% of initial ratings	Testing time: 240±8 hours	
Resistance	Appearance	No obvious abnormality	No obvious abnormality		
	Capacitance	Within ±30% of initial value	Within ±30% of initial value	Conforms to 4.15 Temperature: +70±2°C Voltage applied: Maximum operating	
High Temperature	ESR	< 200% of initial ratings	< 200% of initial ratings	voltage	
Load	Current (30 minutes value)	< 200% of initial ratings	< 200% of initial ratings	Series protection resistance: 0 Ω Testing time: 1,000 +48 (+48/-0)	
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality	No obvious abnormality	hours	
		5.5 V type: Voltage		Charging condition Voltage applied: 5.0 VDC (Terminal at the case side must be negative) Series resistance: 0 Ω	
Solf Discharge	Characteristics	between terminal		Charging time: 24 hours	
Self Discharge Characterist (Voltage Holding Character		leads > 4.2 V 3.5 V type: Not specified 6.5 V type: Not specified		Storage Let stand for 24 hours in condition described below with terminals opened.	
				Ambient temperature: < 25°C Relative humidity: < 70% RH	



Specifications – FMR Type

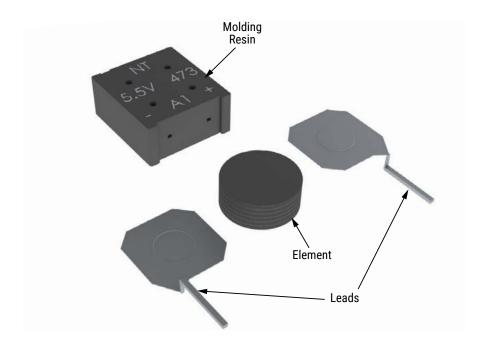
Item		FMR Type		Test Conditions (conforming to JIS C 5160-1)		
Category Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C			
Maximum Operating Voltag	-	5.5 VDC, 3.5 VDC,	3.6 VDC			
Capacitance		Refer to Table 1		Refer to "Measureme	ent Conditions"	
Capacitance Allowance		+80%, -20%		Refer to "Measureme	ent Conditions"	
ESR		Refer to Table 1		Measured at 1 kHz, 1 "Measurement Cond		
Current (30 minutes value)		Refer to Table 1		Refer to "Measureme	ent Conditions"	
	Capacitance	More than 90% of	initial ratings		4.0 V (3.5 & 3.6 V type) 6.3 V (5.5 V type) 30 seconds	
	ESR	Not to exceed 120	% of initial ratings	Discharge: Number of cycles:	9 minutes 30 seconds 1,000	
Surge	Current (30 minutes value)	Not to exceed 120	% of initial ratings	Series resistance:	0.10 F 150 Ω 0.33 F 56 Ω	
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality		Discharge resistance: Temperature:	0.47 F 30 Ω 0 Ω 85±2°C	
	Capacitance	Dhara 0	50% higher than initial value	Conforms to 4.17	+25±2°C -25 ±2°C -40 ±2°C	
	ESR	Phase 2	400% or less than initial value	Phase 2: Phase 3: Phase 4: Phase 5:		
	Capacitance	Phase 3	30% or higher than initial value			
	ESR		700% or less than initial value		+25 ±2°C	
Characteristics in	Capacitance	Phase 5	200% or less than initial value		+85 ±2°C +25 ±2°C	
Different Temperature	ESR		Satisfy initial ratings			
	Current (30 minutes value)		1.5 CV (mA) or below			
	Capacitance		Within ±20% of initial value			
	ESR	Phase 6	Satisfy initial ratings			
	Current (30 minutes value)		Satisfy initial ratings			
Lead Strength (tensile)	,	No terminal dama	ge	Conforms to 4.9		
	Capacitance			Conforms to 4.13		
Vibration Resistance	ESR	Satisfy initial ratin	igs	Frequency: Testing Time:		
	Current (30 minutes value)			.com.gc	0.1104.10	
	Appearance	No obvious abnor	mality			
Solderability		Over 3/4 of the terminal should be covered by the new solder		Conforms to 4.11 Solder temp: Dipping time:	+245 ±5°C 5±0.5 seconds	
				1.6 mm from the bott	om should be dipped.	
	Capacitance			Conforms to 4.10	1260 11000	
Solder Heat Resistance	ESR	Satisfy initial ratin	igs	Solder temp: Dipping time:	+260 ±10°C 10±1 seconds	
Current (30 minutes value)				_		
	Appearance	No obvious abnor	mality		om should be dipped.	
	Capacitance	_		Conforms to 4.12	40°C Do a	
Temperature Cycle	ESR	Satisfy initial ratin	igs	Temperature Condition:	-40°C » Room temperature » +85°C »	
, -,	Current (30 minutes value)				Room temperature	
	Appearance	No obvious abnor	mality	Number of cycles:	5 cycles	



Specifications – FMR Type cont.

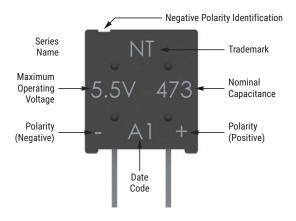
Item		FMR Type		Test Conditions (conforming to JIS C 5160-1)	
	Capacitance	Within ±20% of ini	Within ±20% of initial value		
High Temperature and	ESR	Not to exceed 120	% of initial ratings	Temperature: Relative humidity:	+40 ±2°C 90 to 95% RH
High Humidity Resistance	Current (30 minutes value)	Not to exceed 120	% of initial ratings	Testing time:	240 ±8 hours
	Appearance	No obvious abnor	mality		
Capacitance		Within ±30% of ini	tial value	Conforms to 4.15 Temperature: Voltage applied:	+85 ±2°C Maximum operating
High Temperature Load	ESR	Below 200% of initial ratings			voltage 0 Ω 1,000 +48 (+48/-0) hours
	Current (30 minutes value)	Below 200% of initial ratings		Series protection resistance:	
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality		Testing time:	
Self Discharge Characteristics (Voltage Holding Characteristics)		5.5 V type:	Voltage between terminal leads higher than 4.2 V	Charging condition Voltage applied: Series resistance: Charging time:	5.0 VDC (Terminal at the case side must be negative) 0 Ω 24 hours
		3.5 V type: 3.6 V type: Not specified		Storage Let stand for 24 hour below with terminals Ambient temperature: Relative humidity:	rs in condition described opened. Lower than 25°C Lower than 70% RH

Construction





Marking

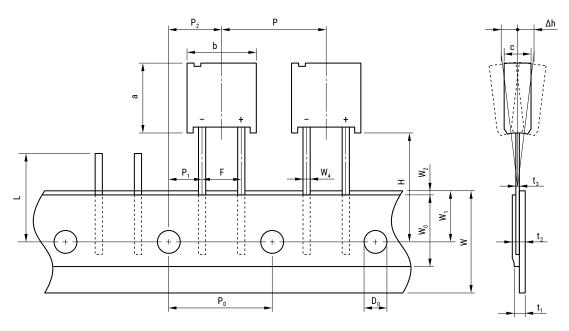


Packaging Quantities

Part Number	Bulk Quantity per Box Straight Lead	Bulk Quantity per Box L1 Lead Option	Ammo Pack Quantity
FM0H103ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0H223ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0H473ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0H104ZF	1,000 pieces	800 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0H224ZF	1,000 pieces	800 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0V473ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0V104ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0V224ZF	1,000 pieces	800 pieces	1,000 pieces
FM0J473ZF	1,000 pieces	800 pieces	1,000 pieces
FME0H223ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FME0H473ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FMR0H473ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FMR0H104ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FMR0V104ZF	1,000 pieces	800 pieces	1,000 pieces
FMR0V334ZF	1,000 pieces	800 pieces	1,000 pieces
FMR0V474ZF	400 pieces	300 pieces	400 pieces
FMC0H473ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FMC0H104ZF	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces	1,000 pieces
FMC0H334ZF	400 pieces	300 pieces	400 pieces



Ammo Pack Taping Format (Except FMC0H334ZFTP, FMR0V474ZFTP)

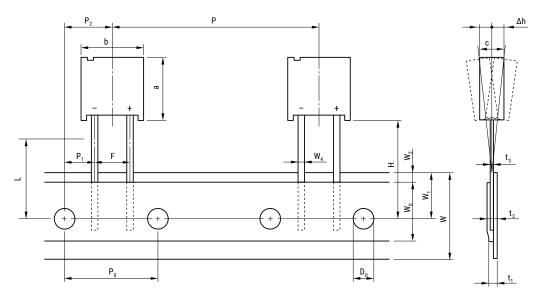


Ammo Pack Taping Specifications (Except FMC0H334ZFTP, FMR0V474ZFTP)

Item	Symbol	Dimensions (mm)
Component Height	a	11.5±0.5
Component Width	b	10.5±0.5
Component Thickness	С	Refer to "Dimensions" table
Lead-Wire Width	W ₄	0.5±0.1
Lead-Wire Thickness	t ₃	0.4±0.1
Component Pitch	Р	12.7±1.0
Sprocket Hole Pitch	P ₀	12.7±0.3
Sprocket Hole Center to Lead Center	P ₁	3.85±0.7
Sprocket Hole Center to Component Center	P ₂	6.35±0.7
Lead Spacing	F	5.0±0.5
Component Alignment (side/side)	Δh	2.0 Maximum
Carrier Tape Width	W	18.0+1.0/-0.5
Hold-Down Tape Width	W _o	12.5 Minimum
Sprocket Hole Position	W ₁	9.0±0.5
Hold-Down Tape Position	W ₂	3.0 Maximum
Height to Seating Plane (lead length)	Н	16.0±0.5/18.0±0.5
Sprocket Hole Diameter	D ₀	ø 4.0±0.2
Carrier Tape Thickness	t ₁	0.7±0.2
Total Thickness (Carrier Tape, Hold-Down Tape and Lead)	t ₂	1.5 Maximum
Cut Out Length	L	11.0 Maximum



Ammo Pack Taping Format (FMC0H334ZFTP, FMR0V474ZFTP)



Ammo Pack Taping Specifications (FMC0H334ZFTP, FMR0V474ZFTP)

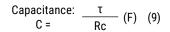
Item	Symbol	Dimensions (mm)
Component Height	a	15.0±0.5
Component Width	b	14.0±0.5
Component Thickness	С	9.0±0.5
Lead-Wire Width	W ₄	0.6±0.1
Lead-Wire Thickness	t ₃	0.6±0.1
Component Pitch	Р	25.4±1.0
Sprocket Hole Pitch	P ₀	12.7±0.3
Sprocket Hole Center to Lead Center	P ₁	3.85±0.7
Sprocket Hole Center to Component Center	P ₂	6.35±0.7
Lead Spacing	F	5.0±0.5
Component Alignment (side/side)	Δh	2.0 Maximum
Carrier Tape Width	W	18.0+1.0/-0.5
Hold-Down Tape Width	W _o	12.5 Minimum
Sprocket Hole Position	W ₁	9.0±0.5
Hold-Down Tape Position	W ₂	3.0 Maximum
Height to Seating Plane (lead length)	Н	16.0±0.5/18.0±0.5
Sprocket Hole Diameter	D ₀	ø 4.0±0.2
Carrier Tape Thickness	t ₁	0.67±0.2
Total Thickness (Carrier Tape, Hold-Down Tape and Lead)	t ₂	1.7 Maximum
Cut Out Length	L	11.0 Maximum

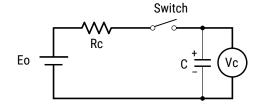


Measurement Conditions

Capacitance (Charge System)

Capacitance is calculated from expression (9) by measuring the charge time constant (τ) of the capacitor (C). Prior to measurement, the capacitor is discharged by shorting both pins of the device for at least 30 minutes. In addition, use the polarity indicator on the device to determine correct orientation of capacitor for charging.





Eo: 3.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 3.5 V

5.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 5.5 V

 $6.0 \; (V) \;$ Product with maximum operating voltage of $6.5 \; V$

10.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 11 V

12.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 12 V

τ: Time from start of charging until Vc becomes 0.632 Eo (V)

(seconds)

Rc: See table below (Ω) .

Charge Resistor Selection Guide

Charge Resistor Selection Guide													
Сар	FA	FE	FS	FYD	Y FYH	FR	FM, FME FMR	FMC	FG, FGR	FGH	FT	FC, FCS	HV
0.010 F	_	_	_	_	-	_	5,000 Ω	_	5,000 Ω	-	-	_	-
0.022 F	1,000 Ω	_	1,000 Ω	2,000 Ω	2,000 Ω	2,000 Ω	2,000 Ω	-	2,000 Ω	-	_	Discharge	-
0.033 F	-	-	-	-	_	_	Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.047 F	1,000 Ω	1,000 Ω	1,000 Ω	2,000 Ω	1,000 Ω	1,000 Ω	2000 Ω	1,000 Ω	2,000 Ω	-	-	-	-
0.10 F	510 Ω	510 Ω	510 Ω	1,000 Ω	510 Ω	1,000 Ω	1000 Ω	1,000 Ω	1,000 Ω	Discharge	510 Ω	Discharge	-
0.22 F	200 Ω	200 Ω	200 Ω	510 Ω	510 Ω	510 Ω	0H: Discharge 0V: 1000 Ω	_	1,000 Ω	Discharge	200 Ω	Discharge	-
0.33 F	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	Discharge	-	-	_	-	-
0.47 F	100 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	200 Ω	200 Ω	200 Ω	_	-	1,000 Ω	Discharge	100 Ω	Discharge	-
1.0 F	51 Ω	51 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	_	-	510 Ω	Discharge	100 Ω	Discharge	Discharge
1.4 F	_	_	_	200 Ω	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
1.5 F	_	51 Ω	_	_	_	_	_	_	510 Ω	-	_	-	-
2.2 F	_	_	_	100 Ω	_	_	_	_	200 Ω	-	51 Ω	-	-
2.7 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	Discharge
3.3 F	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	51 Ω	-	-
4.7 F	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	100 Ω	-	-	-	Discharge
5.0 F	-	-	100 Ω	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.6 F	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	20 Ω	-	-
10.0 F	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	Discharge
22.0 F	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	Discharge
50.0 F	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	Discharge
100.0 F	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	Discharge
200.0 F	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	Discharge

^{*}Capacitance values according to the constant current discharge method.

^{*}HV Series capacitance is measured by discharge system.

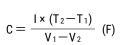


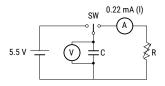
Measurement Conditions cont.

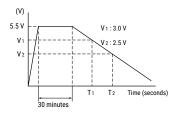
Capacitance (Discharge System)

As shown in the diagram below, charging is performed for a duration of 30 minutes once the voltage of the capacitor terminal reaches 5.5 V. Then, use a constant current load device and measure the time for the terminal voltage to drop from 3.0 to 2.5 V upon discharge at 0.22 mA per 0.22 F, for example, and calculate the static capacitance according to the equation shown below.

Note: The current value is 1 mA discharged per 1 F.



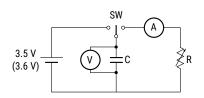


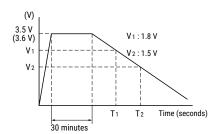


Capacitance (Discharge System - 3.5 V, 3.6 V)

As shown in the diagram below, charging is performed for a duration of 30 minutes once the voltage of the capacitor terminal reaches 3.5 V (3.6 V). Then, use a constant current load device and measure the time for the terminal voltage to drop from 1.8 to 1.5 V upon discharge at 1.0 mA per 1.0 F, for example, and calculate the static capacitance according to the equation shown below.

$$C = \frac{I \times (T_2 - T_1)}{V_1 - V_2} \ (F)$$

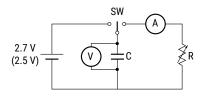


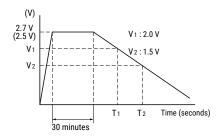


Capacitance (Discharge System - HV Series)

As shown in the diagram below, charging is performed for a duration of 30 minutes once the voltage of the capacitor terminal reaches maximum operating voltage. Then, use a constant current load device and measure the time for the terminal voltage to drop from 2.0 to 1.5 V upon discharge at 1.0 mA per 1.0 F, and calculate the static capacitance according to the equation shown below.

$$C = \frac{I \times (T_2 - T_1)}{V_1 - V_2} \quad (F)$$







Measurement Conditions cont.

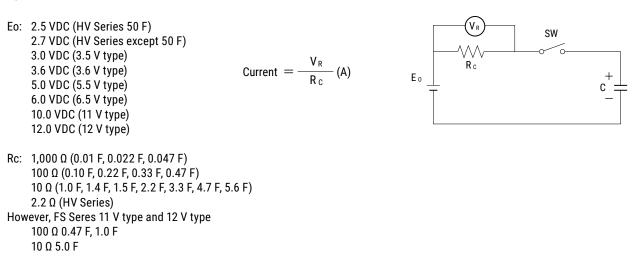
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)

ESR shall be calculated from the equation below.

$$ESR = \frac{V_{c}}{0.01}(\Omega)$$
 f:1kHz c = V_{c}

Current (at 30 minutes after charging)

Current shall be calculated from the equation below. Prior to measurement, both lead terminals must be short-circuited for a minimum of 30 minutes. The lead terminal connected to the metal can case is connected to the negative side of the power supply.



Self-Discharge Characteristic (0H – 5.5 V Products)

The self-discharge characteristic is measured by charging a voltage of 5.0 VDC (charge protection resistance: 0 Ω) according to the capacitor polarity for 24 hours, then releasing between the pins for 24 hours and measuring the pin-to-pin voltage. The test should be carried out in an environment with an ambient temperature of 25° C or below and relative humidity of 70% RH or below. The soldering is checked.

4. Dismantling

There is a small amount of electrolyte stored within the capacitor. Do not attempt to dismantle as direct skin contact with the electrolyte will cause burning. This product should be treated as industrial waste and not is not to be disposed of by fire.



Notes on Using Supercapacitors or Electric Double-Layer Capacitors (EDLCs)

1. Circuitry Design

1.1 Useful life

The FC Series Supercapacitor (EDLC) uses an electrolyte in a sealed container. Water in the electrolyte can evaporate while in use over long periods of time at high temperatures, thus reducing electrostatic capacity which in turn will create greater internal resistance. The characteristics of the supercapacitor can vary greatly depending on the environment in which it is used. Basic breakdown mode is an open mode due to increased internal resistance.

1.2 Fail rate in the field

Based on field data, the fail rate is calculated at approximately 0.006 Fit. We estimate that unreported failures are ten times this amount. Therefore, we assume that the fail rate is below 0.06 Fit.

1.3 Exceeding maximum usable voltage

Performance may be compromised and in some cases leakage or damage may occur if applied voltage exceeds maximum working voltage.

1.4 Use of capacitor as a smoothing capacitor (ripple absorption)

As supercapacitors contain a high level of internal resistance, they are not recommended for use as smoothing capacitors in electrical circuits. Performance may be compromised and, in some cases, leakage or damage may occur if a supercapacitor is used in ripple absorption.

1.5 Series connections

As applied voltage balance to each supercapacitor is lost when used in series connection, excess voltage may be applied to some supercapacitors, which will not only negatively affect its performance but may also cause leakage and/or damage. Allow ample margin for maximum voltage or attach a circuit for applying equal voltage to each supercapacitor (partial pressure resistor/voltage divider) when using supercapacitors in series connection. Also, arrange supercapacitors so that the temperature between each capacitor will not vary.

1.6 Case Polarity

The supercapacitor is manufactured so that the terminal on the outer case is negative (-). Align the (-) symbol during use. Even though discharging has been carried out prior to shipping, any residual electrical charge may negatively affect other parts.

1.7 Use next to heat emitters

Useful life of the supercapacitor will be significantly affected if used near heat emitting items (coils, power transistors and posistors, etc.) where the supercapacitor itself may become heated.

1.8 Usage environment

This device cannot be used in any acidic, alkaline or similar type of environment.



Notes on Using Supercapacitors or Electric Double-Layer Capacitors (EDLCs) cont.

2. Mounting

2.1 Mounting onto a reflow furnace

Except for the FC series, it is not possible to mount this capacitor onto an IR / VPS reflow furnace. Do not immerse the capacitor into a soldering dip tank.

2.2 Flow soldering conditions

Keep solder under 260°C and soldering time to within 10 seconds when using the flow automatic soldering method. (Except for the FC and HV series)

2.3 Installation using a soldering iron

Care must be taken to prevent the soldering iron from touching other parts when soldering. Keep the tip of the soldering iron under 400°C and soldering time to within 3 seconds. Always make sure that the temperature of the tip is controlled. Internal capacitor resistance is likely to increase if the terminals are overheated.

2.4 Lead terminal processing

Do not attempt to bend or polish the capacitor terminals with sand paper, etc. Soldering may not be possible if the metallic plating is removed from the top of the terminals.

2.5 Cleaning, Coating, and Potting

Except for the FM series, cleaning, coating and potting must not be carried out. Consult KEMET if this type of procedure is necessary. Terminals should be dried at less than the maximum operating temperature after cleaning.

3. Storage

3.1 Temperature and humidity

Make sure that the supercapacitor is stored according to the following conditions: Temperature: $5 - 35^{\circ}$ C (Standard 25°C), Humidity: 20 - 70% (Standard: 50%). Do not allow the build up of condensation through sudden temperature change.

3.2 Environment conditions

Make sure there are no corrosive gasses such as sulfur dioxide, as penetration of the lead terminals is possible. Always store this item in an area with low dust and dirt levels. Make sure that the packaging will not be deformed through heavy loading, movement and/or knocks. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from radiation, static electricity and magnetic fields.

3.3 Maximum storage period

This item may be stored up to one year from the date of delivery if stored at the conditions stated above.



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