**ON Semiconductor** 

Is Now

# Onsemí

To learn more about onsemi<sup>™</sup>, please visit our website at <u>www.onsemi.com</u>

onsemi and ONSEMI: and other names, marks, and brands are registered and/or common law trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba "onsemi" or its affiliates and/or subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. onsemi owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of onsemi product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. onsemi reserves the right to make changes at any time to any products or information herein, without notice. The information herein is provided "as-is" and onsemi makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the accuracy of the information, product factures, availability, functionality, or suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does onsemi assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using onsemi products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by onsemi. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in onsemi data sheets and/or or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application is the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use onsemi products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold onsemi and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold ons



Is Now Part of



## **ON Semiconductor**®

# To learn more about ON Semiconductor, please visit our website at <u>www.onsemi.com</u>

Please note: As part of the Fairchild Semiconductor integration, some of the Fairchild orderable part numbers will need to change in order to meet ON Semiconductor's system requirements. Since the ON Semiconductor product management systems do not have the ability to manage part nomenclature that utilizes an underscore (\_), the underscore (\_) in the Fairchild part numbers will be changed to a dash (-). This document may contain device numbers with an underscore (\_). Please check the ON Semiconductor website to verify the updated device numbers. The most current and up-to-date ordering information can be found at <a href="mailto:www.onsemi.com">www.onsemi.com</a>. Please email any questions regarding the system integration to <a href="mailto:Fairchild\_questions@onsemi.com">Fairchild\_questions@onsemi.com</a>.

ON Semiconductor and the ON Semiconductor logo are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or unavteries, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that ON Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. ON Semiconductor is and its officers, employees, even if such claim any manner.



### FAN6862 Highly Integrated Green-Mode PWM Controller

#### Features

- Low Startup Current: 8µA
- Low Operating Current in Green Mode: 3mA
- Peak-Current Mode Operation with Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- PWM Frequency Continuously Decreasing with Burst Mode at Light Loads
- V<sub>DD</sub> Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)
- Constant Output Power Limit (Full AC Input Range)
- Internal Latch Circuit for OVP, OTP
- Fixed PWM Frequency (65KHz) with Frequency Hopping
- Feedback Open-Loop Protection with 56ms Delay
- Soft Start Time: 4ms
- 400mA Driving Capability

#### Applications

General-purpose switch-mode power supplies and flyback power converters, including:

- Power Adapters
- Open-Frame SMPS
- SMPS with Surge-Current Output, such as for Printers, Scanners, and Motor Drivers

#### Description

A highly integrated PWM controller, FAN6862 provides several features to enhance the performance of flyback converters. To minimize standby power consumption, a proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to continuously decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions. Under zero-load conditions, the power supply enters burst-mode, which completely shuts off PWM output. Output restarts just before the supply voltage drops below the UVLO lower limit. This green-mode function enables power supplies to meet international power conservation requirements.

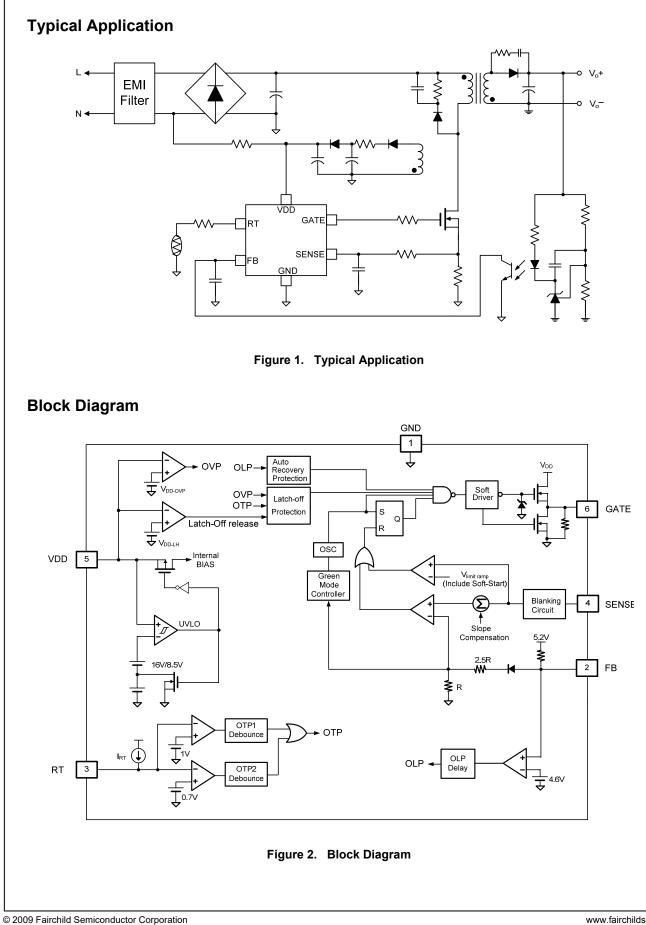
The FAN6862 is designed for SMPS and integrates a frequency-hopping function that helps reduce EMI emission of a power supply with minimum line filters. The built-in synchronized slope compensation is proprietary sawtooth compensation for constant output power limit over universal AC input range. The gate output is clamped at 18V to protect the external MOSFET from over-voltage damage.

Other protection functions include  $V_{\text{DD}}$  over-voltage protection and over-temperature protection. For over-temperature protection, an external NTC thermistor can be applied to sense the ambient temperature. When  $V_{\text{DD}}$  OVP or OTP is activated, an internal latch circuit latches off the controller.

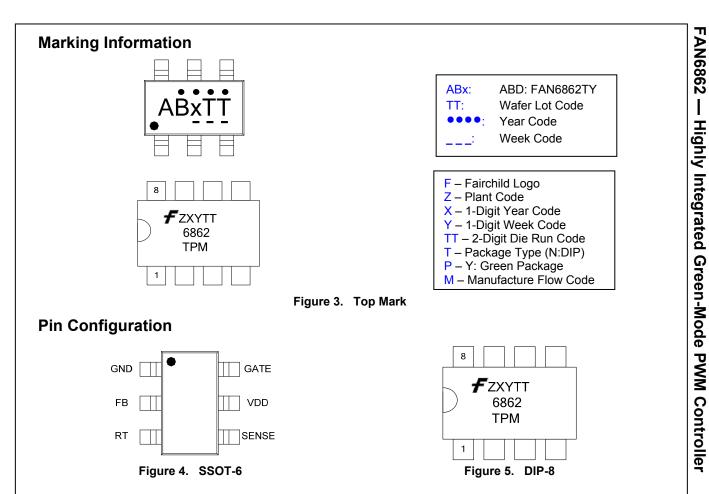
| Part Number | OVP   | ΟΤΡ   | OLP          |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------------|
| FAN6862TY   | Latch | Latch | Auto Restart |
| FAN6862NY   | Latch | Latch | Auto Restart |

#### **Ordering Information**

| Part Number | Operating Temperature<br>Range | Package                          | Packing Method |
|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| FAN6862TY   | -40 to +105°C                  | 6-Pin SSOT-6                     | Tape & Reel    |
| FAN6862NY   | -40 to +105°C                  | 8-Pin Dual In-Line Package (DIP) | Tube           |



FAN6862 • Rev. 2, Feb-2020



#### **Pin Definitions**

| Pin # DIP8 | Pin #<br>SSOT-6 | Name  | Description  |
|------------|-----------------|-------|--|
| 8          | 1               | GND   | Ground.  |
| 7          | 2               | FB    | <b>Feedback</b> . The FB pin provides the output voltage regulation signal. It provides feedback to the internal PWM comparator, so that the PWM comparator can control the duty cycle. This pin also provide for OLP: if $V_{FB}$ is larger than the trigger level and delays for a long time, the controller stops and restarts. |
| 6          |                 | NC    | No Connect Pin   |
| 5          | 3               | RT    | <b>Temperature Detection</b> . An external NTC thermistor is connected from this pin to GND for over-temperature protection. The impedance of the NTC decreases at high temperatures. Once the voltage of the RT pin drops below a threshold, PWM output is disabled.  |
| 4          | 4               | SENSE | <b>Current Sense</b> . This pin senses the voltage across a resistor. When the voltage reaches the internal threshold, PWM output is disabled. This activates over-current protection. This pin also provides current amplitude information for current-mode control.  |
| 3          |                 | NC    | No Connect Pin   |
| 2          | 5               | VDD   | Power Supply.  |
| 1          | 6               | GATE  | <b>Driver Output</b> . The totem-pole output driver for driving the power MOSFET.  |

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to GND pin.

| Symbol            | Parameter   |        | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------|---|--------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>   | Supply Voltage  |        |      | 30   | V    |
| VL                | Input Voltage to FB, SENSE, RT Pin                    |        | -0.3 | 7.0  | V    |
| Б                 |   |        |      | 300  | m\// |
| P <sub>D</sub> Po | Power Dissipation at $T_A < 50^{\circ}C$              | DIP-8  |      | 800  | mW   |
| 0                 | Θ <sub>JC</sub> Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case) | SSOT-6 |      | 115  | °C/W |
| Olc               |   | DIP-8  |      | 67   | C/VV |
| TJ                | Operating Junction Temperature                        |        | -40  | +150 | °C   |
| T <sub>STG</sub>  | Storage Temperature Range                             |        | -55  | +150 | °C   |
| TL                | Lead Temperature, Wave Soldering, 10 Seconds          |        |      | +260 | °C   |
| ESD               | Human Body Model, JESD22-A114                         |        |      | 3.00 | kV   |
| ESD               | Charge Device Model, JESD22-C101                      |        | 1.25 | κV   |      |

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

| Symbol         | Parameter                     | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| T <sub>A</sub> | Operating Ambient Temperature | -40  | +105 | °C   |

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{DD}$  = 15V and  $T_A$  = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

| Symbol                  | Parameter  |                             | Test Condition                                | Min.  | Тур.  | Max.  | Unit |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub> Section | 1  |                             | 1 1   |       | u     |       |      |
| V <sub>DD-OP</sub>      | Continuously Operating \                         | /oltage                     |   |       |       | 24    | V    |
| V <sub>DD-ON</sub>      | Turn-on Threshold Voltag                         | je                          |   | 15    | 16    | 17    | V    |
| V <sub>DD-OFF</sub>     | Turn-off Voltage                                 |                             |   | 7.5   | 8.5   | 9.5   | V    |
| $V_{\text{DD-LH}}$      | Threshold voltage for Lat                        | ch-Off release              |   | 3     | 4     | 5     | V    |
| I <sub>DD-ST</sub>      | Startup Current                                  |                             | V <sub>DD-ON</sub> -0.16V                     |       | 8     | 30    | μA   |
| I <sub>DD-OP</sub>      | Normal Operating Supply                          | Current                     | C <sub>L</sub> =1nF                           |       | 3     | 4     | mA   |
| I <sub>DD-BM</sub>      | Green-Mode Operating S                           | upply Current               | GATE open, V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>FB-G</sub> |       |       | 2.5   | mA   |
| V <sub>DD-OVP</sub>     | V <sub>DD</sub> Over-Voltage Protect             | ion                         |   | 24    | 25    | 26    | V    |
| t <sub>D-VDDOVP</sub>   | V <sub>DD</sub> OVP Debounce Time                | 9                           |   |       | 30    | 50    | μs   |
| I <sub>DD-LH</sub>      | Latch-Off Holding Curren                         | t                           | V <sub>DD</sub> =5V                           |       | 40    | 65    | μA   |
| Feedback In             | put Section                                      |                             |   |       |       | •     |      |
| Av                      | Input-Voltage to Current-S                       | Sense Attenuation           |   | 1/4.0 | 1/3.5 | 1/3.0 | V/V  |
| Z <sub>FB</sub>         | Input Impedance                                  |                             |   |       | 5.5   |       | kΩ   |
| V <sub>FB-OPEN</sub>    | FB Pin Open Voltage                              |                             |   | 5.0   | 5.2   | 5.4   | V    |
| $V_{FB-OLP}$            | Threshold Voltage for Op<br>Protection           | en-Loop                     |   | 4.3   | 4.6   | 4.9   | V    |
| t <sub>D-OLP</sub>      | Open-Loop Protection De                          | lay Time                    |   | 53    | 56    | 60    | ms   |
| Current Sen             | se Section                                       |                             | <u> </u>                                      |       |       |       |      |
| t <sub>PD</sub>         | Delay to Output                                  |                             |   |       | 100   | 250   | ns   |
| t <sub>LEB</sub>        | Leading-Edge Blanking Ti                         | me                          |   | 270   | 360   |       | ns   |
| V <sub>STHFL</sub>      | Flat Threshold Voltage for                       | Current Limit               | Duty>51%                                      | 0.47  | 0.50  | 0.53  | V    |
| V <sub>STHVA</sub>      | Valley Threshold Voltage                         | for Current Limit           | Duty=0%                                       | 0.41  | 0.44  | 0.47  | V    |
| V <sub>SLOPE</sub>      | Slope Compensation                               |                             | Duty=DCY <sub>MAX</sub>                       |       | 0.273 |       | V    |
| t <sub>SOFT-START</sub> | Period During Startup time                       | 9                           |   | 2.50  | 4.00  | 5.25  | ms   |
| Oscillator Se           | ection   |                             |   |       |       | 1     |      |
|                         |  | Center<br>Frequency         | V <sub>FB</sub> >V <sub>FB-N</sub>            | 62    | 65    | 68    |      |
| fosc                    | Normal PWM Frequency                             | Hopping Range               | V <sub>FB</sub> ≥V <sub>FB-N</sub>            | ±3.7  | ±4.2  | ±4.7  | kHz  |
|                         |  | Hopping Range <sup>*1</sup> | V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>FB-G</sub>            |       | ±2.9  |       |      |
| t <sub>hop-1</sub>      | Hopping Period 1 <sup>*1</sup>                   |                             | V <sub>FB</sub> ≥V <sub>FB-N</sub>            |       | 4.4   |       | ms   |
| t <sub>hop-3</sub>      | Hopping Period 3 <sup>*1</sup>                   |                             | V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>FB-G</sub>            |       | 11.5  |       | ms   |
| f <sub>osc-g</sub>      | Green Mode Minimum Fre                           | equency                     |   | 18.0  | 22.5  | 25.0  | kHz  |
| V <sub>FB-N</sub>       | FB Threshold Voltage For<br>Reduction            |                             |   | 2.0   | 2.2   | 2.4   | V    |
| $V_{\text{FB-G}}$       | FB Voltage at f <sub>OSC-G</sub>                 |                             |   | 1.9   | 2.1   | 2.3   | V    |
| V <sub>FB-ZDC</sub>     | FB Threshold Voltage for                         | Zero Duty                   |   |       | 1.7   |       | V    |
| f <sub>DV</sub>         | Frequency Variation vs. V                        | DD Deviation                | V <sub>DD</sub> =11.5V to 20V                 | 0     | 0.02  | 2.00  | %    |
| f <sub>DT</sub>         | Frequency Variation vs. Temperature<br>Deviation |                             | T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +105°C                |       |       | 2     | %    |

Continued on the following page...

#### Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

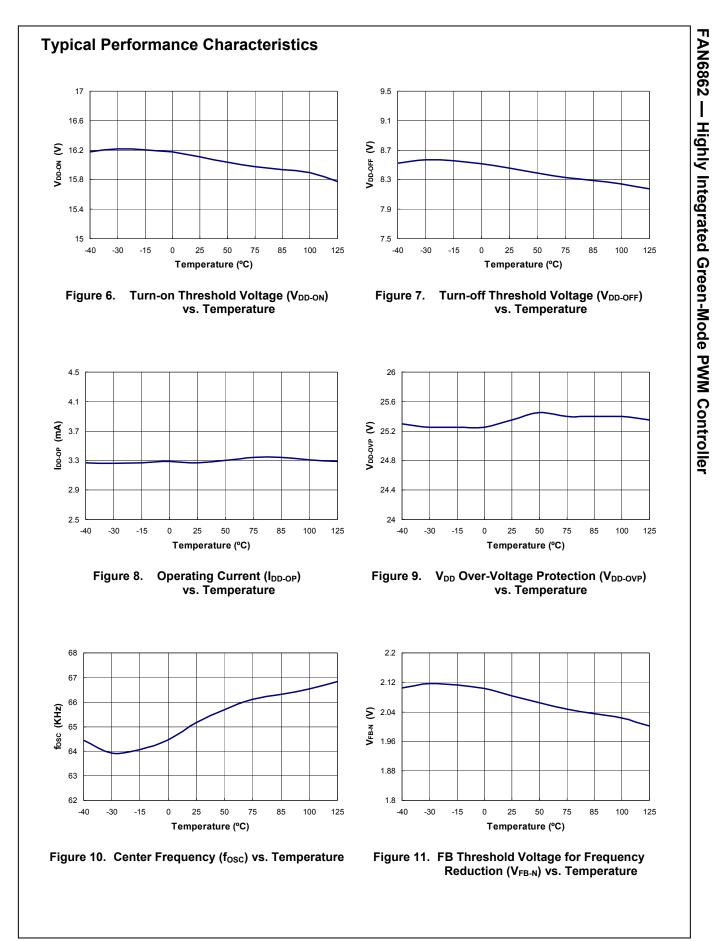
 $V_{\text{DD}}$  = 15V and  $T_{\text{A}}$  = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

| Symbol             | Parameter   | Test Condition                                    | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |  |
|--------------------|---|---|------|------|------|------|--|
| PWM Outpu          | t Section   |   |      |      |      |      |  |
| DCY <sub>MAX</sub> | Maximum Duty Cycle  |   | 65   | 70   | 75   | %    |  |
| V <sub>OL</sub>    | Output Voltage Low  | V <sub>DD</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =50mA        |      |      | 1.5  | V    |  |
| V <sub>OH</sub>    | Output Voltage High   | $V_{DD}$ =8V, $I_0$ =50mA                         | 6    |      |      | V    |  |
| t <sub>R</sub>     | Rising Time   | C <sub>L</sub> =1nF                               |      | 150  | 200  | ns   |  |
| t <sub>F</sub>     | Falling Time  | C <sub>L</sub> =1nF                               |      | 35   | 80   | ns   |  |
| V <sub>CLAMP</sub> | Gate Output Clamping Voltage                                      | V <sub>DD</sub> =20V                              | 15.0 | 16.5 | 18.0 | V    |  |
| Over-Tempe         | rature Protection (OTP) Section                                   |   |      |      |      |      |  |
| I <sub>RT</sub>    | Output Current of RT Pin  |   | 92   | 100  | 108  | μA   |  |
| V <sub>OTP</sub>   | Threshold Voltage for Over-Temperature<br>Protection              | T <sub>A</sub> =25°C                              | 0.95 | 1.00 | 1.05 | V    |  |
|                    | Over Temperature Debeurges Time                                   | V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>FB-N</sub>                | 15   | 17   | 19   |      |  |
| <b>t</b> DOTP      | Over-Temperature Debounce Time                                    | V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>FB-G</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> |      | 51   |      | ms   |  |
| V <sub>OTP2</sub>  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> Threshold Voltage for Over-Temperature Protection | T <sub>A</sub> =25°C                              | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.75 | V    |  |
| t <sub>DOTP2</sub> | 2 <sup>nd</sup> Over-Temperature Debounce Time                    |   | 80   | 100  | 190  | μs   |  |

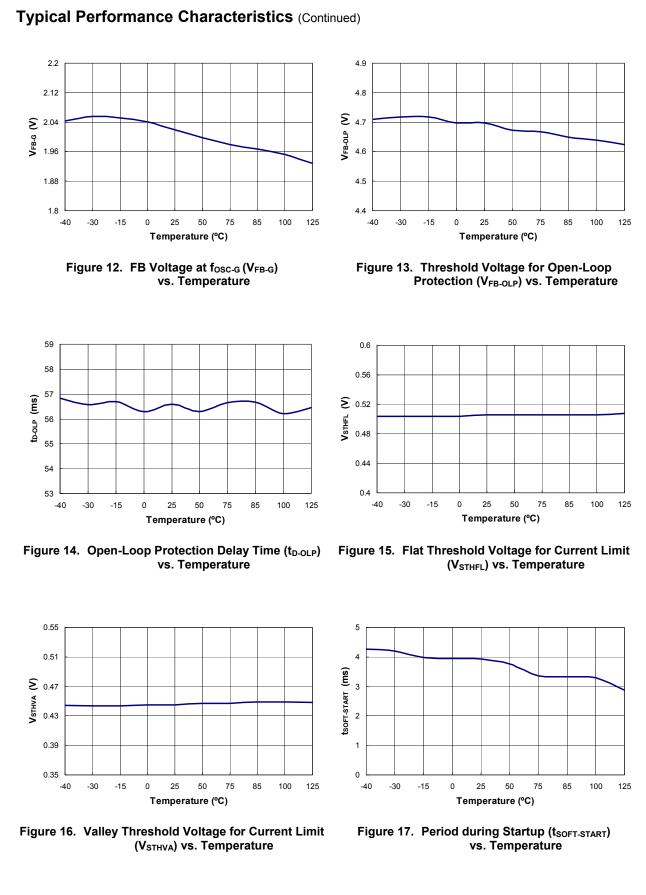
Note:

1. Guarantee by Design.

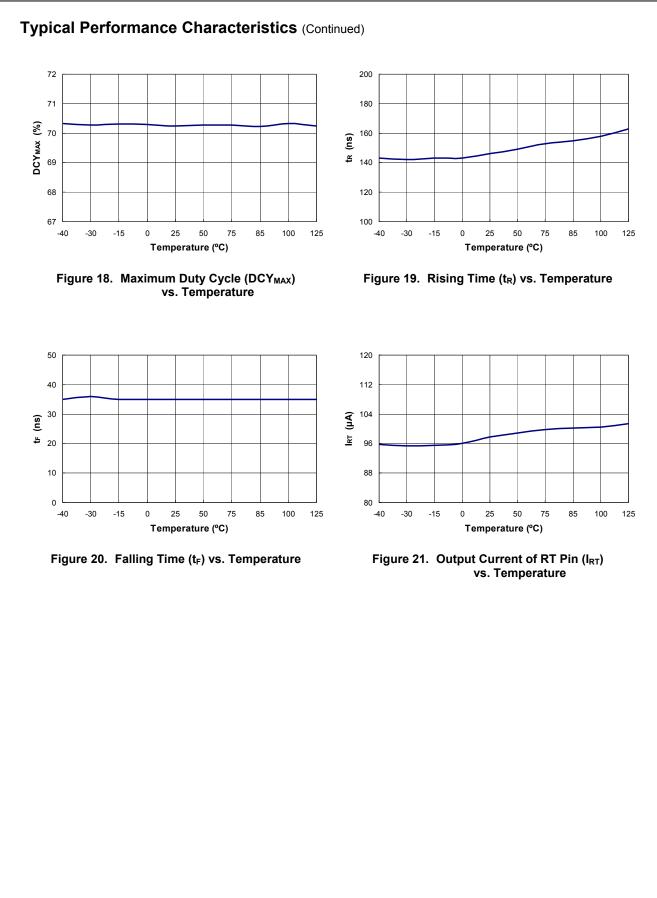
Downloaded from Arrow.com.



© 2009 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation FAN6862 • Rev. 2, Feb-2020



© 2009 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation FAN6862 • Rev. 2, Feb-2020

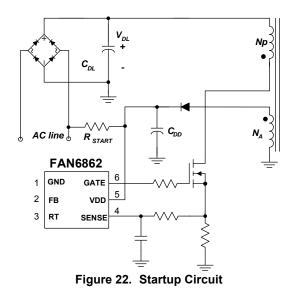


Downloaded from Arrow.com.

#### **Operation Description**

#### **Startup Operation**

Figure 22 shows a typical startup circuit and transformer auxiliary winding for a FAN6862 application. Before FAN6862 begins switching operation, it consumes only startup current (typically 8µA) and the current supplied through the startup resistor charges the V<sub>DD</sub> capacitor (C<sub>DD</sub>). When V<sub>DD</sub> reaches turn-on voltage of 16V (V<sub>DD-ON</sub>), FAN6862 begins switching and the current consumed increases to 3mA. Then, the power required is supplied from the transformer auxiliary winding. The large hysteresis of V<sub>DD</sub> (8.5V) provides more holdup time, which allows using a small capacitor for V<sub>DD</sub>. The startup resistor is typically connected to AC line for a fast reset of latch protection.



#### **Green-Mode Operation**

The FAN6862 uses feedback voltage ( $V_{FB}$ ) as an indicator of the output load and modulates the PWM frequency, as shown in Figure 23, such that the switching frequency decreases as load decreases. In heavy load conditions, the switching frequency is 65KHz. Once V<sub>FB</sub> decreases below V<sub>FB-N</sub> (2.2V), the PWM frequency starts to linearly decrease from 65KHz to 22.5kHz to reduce the switching losses. As  $V_{FB}$ decreases below  $V_{FB-G}$  (2.1V), the switching frequency is fixed at 22.5kHz and FAN6862 enters "deep" green mode, where the operating current decreases to 2.5mA (maximum), further reducing the standby power consumption. As V<sub>FB</sub> decreases below V<sub>FB-ZDC</sub> (1.7V), FAN6862 enters burst-mode operation. When  $V_{FB}$  drops below V<sub>FB-ZDC</sub>, FAN6862 stops switching and the output voltage starts to drop, which causes the feedback voltage to rise. Once VFB rises above VFB-ZDC, switching resumes. Burst mode alternately enables and disables switching, thereby reducing switching loss in standby mode, as shown in Figure 24.

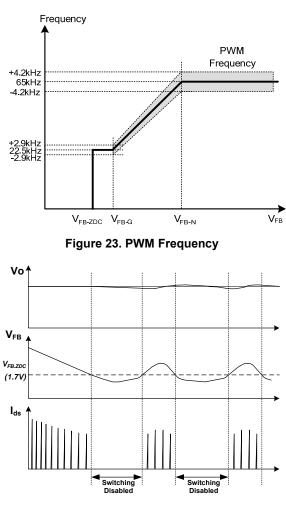
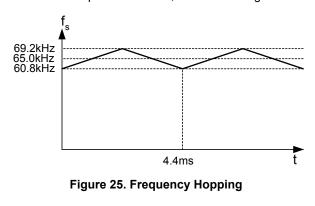


Figure 24. Burst Mode Operation

#### **Frequency Hopping**

EMI reduction is accomplished by frequency hopping, which spreads the energy over a wider frequency range than the bandwidth measured by the EMI test equipment. An internal frequency hopping circuit changes the switching frequency between 60.8kHz and 69.2kHz with a period of 4.4ms, as shown in Figure 25.

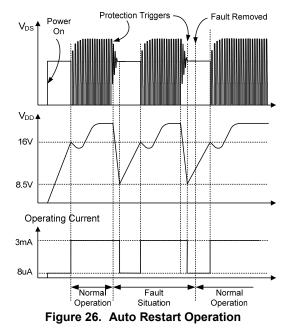


#### **Protections**

Self-protective functions include  $V_{DD}$  Over-Voltage Protection (OVP), Open-Loop / Overload Protection (OLP), Over-Current Protection (OCP), Short-Circuit Protection, and Over-Temperature Protection (OTP). OLP, OCP, and SCP are auto-restart mode protections; while OVP and OTP are latch-mode protections.

Auto-Restart Mode Protection: Once a fault condition is detected, switching is terminated and the MOSFET remains off. This causes  $V_{DD}$  to fall because no more power is delivered from auxiliary winding. When  $V_{DD}$  falls to  $V_{DD-OFF}$  (8.5V), the protection is reset and the operating current reduces to startup current, which causes  $V_{DD}$  to rise. FAN6862 resumes normal operation when  $V_{DD}$  reaches  $V_{DD-ON}$  (16V). In this manner, the auto-restart can alternately enable and disable the switching of the MOSFET until the fault condition is eliminated (see Figure 26).

**Latch-Mode Protection:** Once this protection is triggered, switching is terminated and the MOSFET remains off. The latch is reset only when  $V_{DD}$  is discharged below 4V by unplugging AC power line.



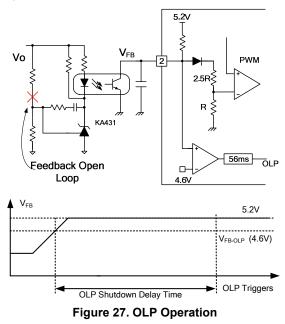
#### **Over-Current Protection (OCP)**

FAN6862 has over-current protection thresholds. It is for pulse-by-pulse current limit, which turns off MOSFET for the remainder of the switching cycle when the sensing voltage of MOSFET drain current reaches the threshold. The other threshold is for the over-current protection, which shuts down the MOSFET gate when the sensing voltage of MOSFET drain current is above the threshold longer than the shutdown delay (56ms).

#### Open-Loop / Over-Load Protection (OLP)

When the upper branch of the voltage divider for the shunt regulator (KA431 shown) is broken, as shown in Figure 27, no current flows through the opto-coupler transistor, which pulls up the feedback voltage to 5.2V.

When the feedback voltage is above 4.6V longer than 56ms, OLP is triggered. This protection is also triggered when the SMPS output drops below the nominal value longer than 56ms due to the overload condition.



#### V<sub>DD</sub> Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

 $V_{DD}$  over-voltage protection prevents IC damage caused by over voltage on the  $V_{DD}$  pin. The OVP is triggered when  $V_{DD}$  reaches 25V. A debounce time (typically 30µs) prevents false triggering by switching noise.

#### **Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)**

The OTP circuit is composed of current source and voltage comparators. Typically, an NTC thermistor is connected between the RT and GND pins. Once the voltage of this pin drops below a threshold of 1.0V, PWM output is disabled after  $t_{DOTP}$  debounce time. If this pin drops below 0.7V, it triggers the latch-off protection immediately after  $t_{DOTP2}$  debounce time.

#### **Constant Output Power Limit**

FAN6862 has saw-limiter for pulse-by-pulse current limit, which guarantees almost constant power limit over different line voltages of universal input range.

The conventional pulse-by-pulse current limiting scheme has a constant threshold for current limit comparator, which results in a higher power limit for high line voltage. FAN6862 has a sawtooth current limit threshold that increases progressively within a switching cycle, which provides lower current limit for high line and makes the actual power limit level almost constant over different line voltages of universal input range, as shown in Figure 28.

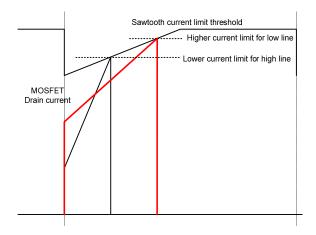


Figure 28. Sawtooth Current Limiter

#### Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB)

Each time the power MOSFET is switched on, a turn-on spike occurs across the sense-resistor caused by primary-side capacitance and secondary-side rectifier reverse recovery. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, a leading-edge blanking time is built in. During this blanking period (360ns), the PWM comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the gate driver. Thus, RC filter with a small RC time constant is enough for current sensing.

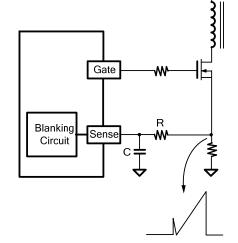


Figure 29. Current Sense R-C Filter

#### Soft-Start

The FAN6862 has an internal soft-start circuit that increases pulse-by-pulse current-limit comparator inverting input voltage slowly after it starts. The typical soft-start time is 4ms. The pulsewidth to the power MOSFET is progressively increased to establish the correct working conditions for transformers, rectifier diodes, and capacitors. The voltage on the output capacitors is progressively increased with the intention of smoothly establishing the required output voltage. It also helps prevent transformer saturation and reduces the stress on the secondary diode during startup.

© 2009 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation FAN6862 • Rev. 2, Feb-2020

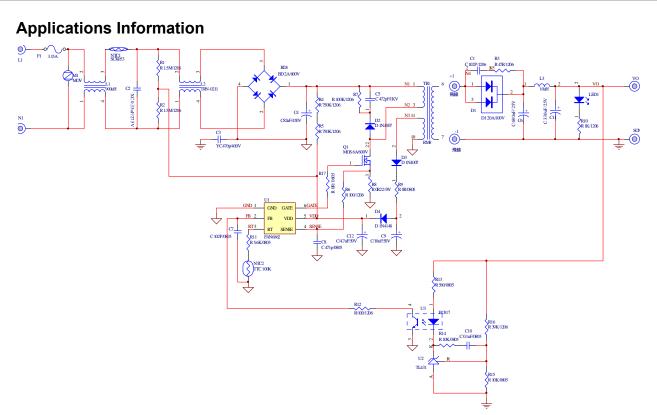
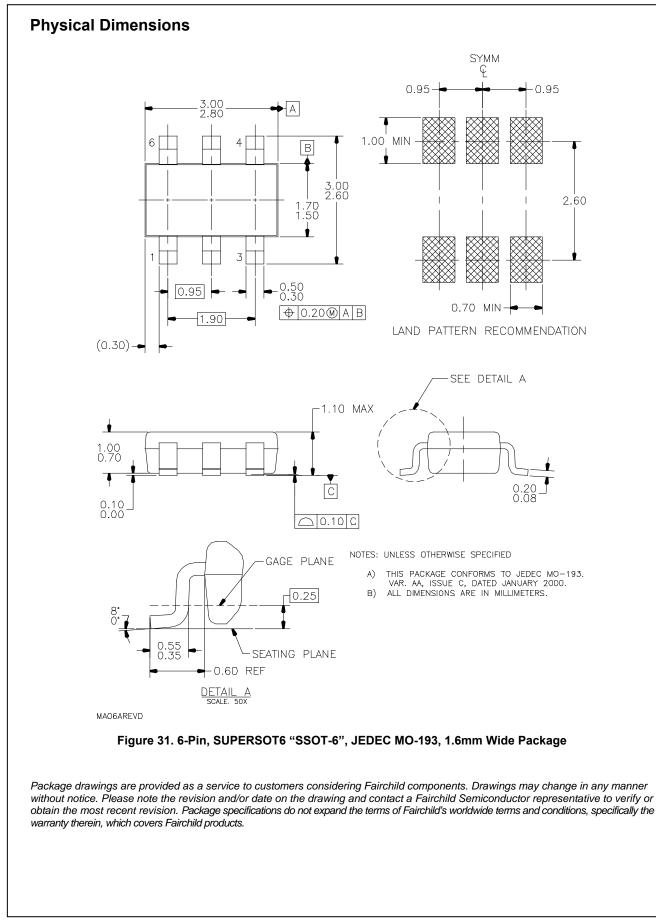


Figure 30. 36W (12V/3A) Application Circuit

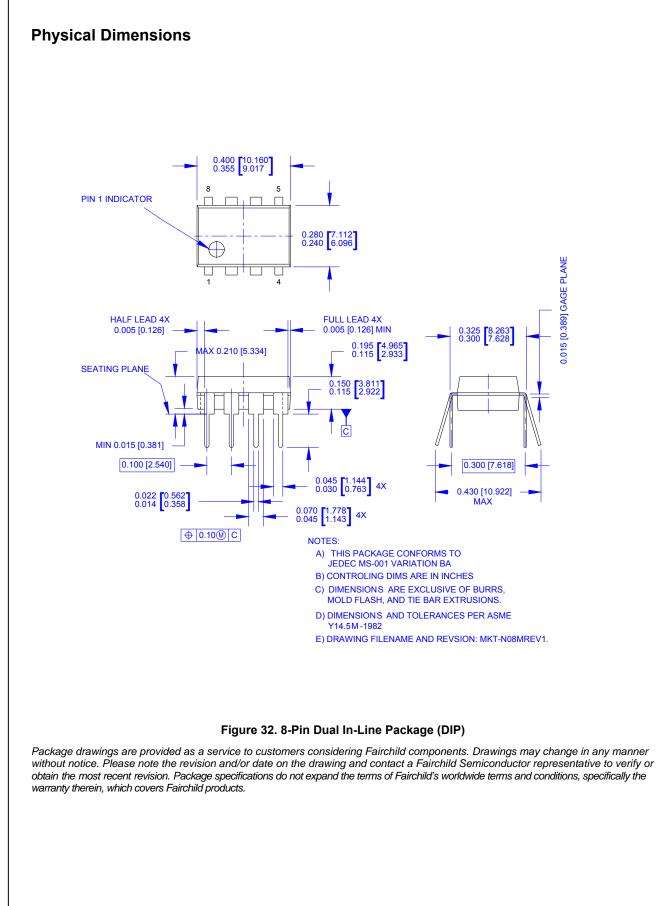
#### BOM

| Designator | Part Type                | Designator | Part Type        |
|------------|--------------------------|------------|------------------|
| BD1        | 2KBP06M 2A/600V          | C8         | CC 470pF/50V     |
| D1         | Y2010DN 20A/100V         | C9         | EC 10µF/50V      |
| D2, D3     | 1N4007                   | C10        | CC 0.1µF/50V     |
| D4         | 1N4148                   | C12        | EC 4.7µF/50V     |
| F1         | Fuse 3.15A/250V          | R1, R2     | R 1.5MΩ (option) |
| NTC1       | NTC Thermistor SCK053    | R3         | R 47Ω            |
| NTC2       | NTC Thermistor TTC 100KΩ | R4, R5     | R 750KΩ (option) |
| L1         | 900µH                    | R6, R12    | R 100Ω           |
| L2         | 10mH                     | R7         | R 100KΩ          |
| L3         | 10µH                     | R8         | R 0.22Ω / 1W     |
| TR1        | RM-8 400µH               | R9         | R 0Ω             |
| M1         | VZ 9G                    | R10        | R 1KΩ            |
| LED1       | LED                      | R11        | R 5.6KΩ          |
| C1         | CC 1nF                   | R13        | R 560Ω           |
| C2         | XC 0.33µF/275V           | R14, R15   | R 10KΩ           |
| C3         | YC 470pF/400V            | R16        | R 39KΩ           |
| C4         | EC 82µF/400V             | U1         | IC FAN6862       |
| C5         | CC 4.7nF/1KV             | U2         | TL431            |
| C6, C11    | EC 680µF/25V             | U3         | PC-817           |
| C7         | CC 1nF                   | Q1         | MOSFET 6A/600V   |

FAN6862 — Highly Integrated Green-Mode PWM Controller



FAN6862 — Highly Integrated Green-Mode PWM Controller



FAN6862 — Highly Integrated Green-Mode PWM Controller

ON Semiconductor and are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at <u>www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf</u>. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. ON Semiconductor and the support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconducts harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized claim alleges that

#### PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

#### LITERATURE FULFILLMENT: Email Requests to: orderlit@onsemi.com

#### TECHNICAL SUPPORT

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

#### North American Technical Support: Voice Mail: 1 800–282–9855 Toll Free USA/Canada Phone: 011 421 33 790 2910

Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support: Phone: 00421 33 790 2910 For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative

٥