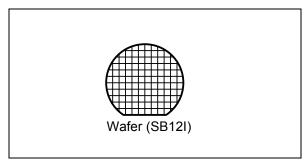




# NFC Forum Type 4 Tag IC with 2-Kbit EEPROM

Datasheet - preliminary data



# Features

#### **Contactless interface**

- NFC Forum Type 4 Tag
- ISO/IEC 14443 Type A
- 106 Kbps data rate
- Internal tuning capacitance: 50 pF

#### Memory

- 256-byte (2-kbit) EEPROM
- Support of NDEF data structure
- Data retention: 200 years
- Endurance: 1 million erase-write cycles
- Read up to 255 bytes in a single command
- Write up to 54 bytes in a single command
- Chaining capability
- 7 bytes unique identifier (UID)
- 128 bits passwords protection
- 20 bits event counter with anti-tearing

# **Description**

The ST25TA02K device is a NFC tag IC.

It embeds an EEPROM memory. It can be operated from a 13.56 MHz RFID reader or an NFC phone.

The ST25TA02K is an NFC Forum Type 4 Tag; it communicates using the ISO/IEC 14443 Type A protocol.

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# 1 Functional description

The ST25TA02K device is a NFC tag that can be accessed from the RF interface. The RF interface is based on the ISO/IEC 14443 Type A standard. The ST25TA02K is compatible with the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag specifications and supports all corresponding commands.

Figure 1 displays the block diagram of the ST25TA02K device.

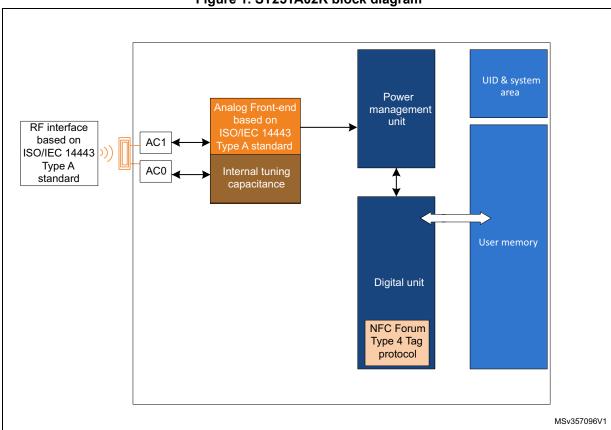


Figure 1. ST25TA02K block diagram

Table 1. Signal names

Signal name	Function	Direction
AC0, AC1	Antenna coils	-

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# 1.1 Functional mode

The ST25TA02K has just one functional mode available (see *Table 2*).

Table 2. Functional mode

Mode	Supply source	Comments
Tag mode	RF field only	The RF interface operate only when RF field level is sufficient.

## 1.1.1 Tag mode

The ST25TA02K is supplied by the RF field and can communicate with an RF host (RFID reader or an NFC phone). The User memory can be accessed by the RF commands.



Signal descriptions ST25TA02K

# 2 Signal descriptions

# 2.1 Antenna coil (AC0, AC1)

These inputs are used to connect the device to an external coil exclusively. It is advised not to connect any other DC or AC path to AC0 or AC1.

When correctly tuned, the coil is used to access the device using NFC Forum Type 4 commands.

# 3 ST25TA02K memory management

## 3.1 Memory structure

The ST25TA02K supports the NDEF Tag Application as defined in the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag. The ST25TA02K is composed of three files:

- One Capability Container file
- One NDEF file
- One System file: this file is an ST-proprietary file

The System file contains some information on the configuration of the ST25TA02K device. The CC file gives some information about the ST25TA02K itself and the NDEF file. The NDEF file contains the User data.

#### 3.1.1 File identifier

The file identifier is the value used in the Select command to select a file.

Table 3. File identifier

File identifier	Meaning
0xE101	System file
0xE103	CC file
0x0001	NDEF file

## 3.1.2 CC file layout

The CC file gives some information about the ST25TA02K and the NDEF file. This file is a read-only file for the RF host and cannot be modified by issuing a write command.

The T field, Read Access and Write Access fields can be changed by the RF host by issuing a specific process (refer to Section 7: Functional procedures).

Table 4. CC file layout for 1 NDEF file

File offset	Meaning	Value	Comments
0x0000	Length CC file	0x000F	15 bytes
0x0002	Mapping version <sup>(1)</sup>	0x20 or 0x10	V 2.0 or V 1.0
0x0003	Maximum number of bytes that can be read	0x00FF	255 bytes
0x0005	Maximum number of bytes that can be written	0x0036	54 bytes



File offset Meaning Value Comments 0x04 (2) 0x0007 T field 8000x0 0x06 L field 0x0009 0x0001 FileID NDEF file control TLV Maximum NDEF 0x000B 0x0100 file size in Byte 0x00 (2) 0x000D Read access 0x00 (2) 0x000E Write access

Table 4. CC file layout for 1 NDEF file (continued)

#### 3.1.3 NDEF file layout

The NDEF file contains the NDEF message which contains the User data. The RF host can read and write data inside the file. The first two bytes named NDEF Message Length define the size of the NDEF message. The NDEF Message Length shall be managed by the application and the ST25TA02K device does not check if its value is relevant vs the data written by the RF host. The ST25TA02K device uses the NDEF Message Length, e. g. the standard read can be processed only inside the NDEF message; otherwise, the ST25TA02K device returns an error code. For more details about the read command, refer to Section 5.6.7: ReadBinary command.

Table 5. NDEF file layout

File offset	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3
0x0000	NDEF mes	sage length	User data	User data
0x0004	User data	User data	User data	User data
	•••			
0x00FC				User data

According to the reader command format ST25TA02K will automatically align to the corresponding NFC Forum version.

<sup>2.</sup> Delivery state.

none

none

none

none

0x02E2 xx xx

 $xx xx xx^{(3)}$ 

0x00FF

0xE2

#### 3.1.4 System file layout

The system file specifies the configuration of the ST25TA02K. Table 6 lists the different fields.

Number of File offset Field name Read access Write access **Delivery state** bytes 0x0012 0x0000 Length system file 2 yes 0x0002 ST reserved 1 0x80 none yes **Event Counter** yes<sup>(1)</sup> 0x0003 1 0x00 yes Config 20 bits counter (MS 0x0004 3 0x000000 none yes nibble 0x0)  $0x13^{(2)}$ 0x0007 Product version 1

yes

yes

yes

yes

Table 6. Field list

7

2

1

0b1: on Write

8000x0

0x000F

0x0011

Memory Size - 1

**Product Code** 

UID

File offset b7 b6-b2 b1 b0 0x0003 Counter config lock bit: 0b0: unlocked 0b1: locked 0b00000: ST reserved Counter enable: 0b0: disable 0b1: enable Counter increment: 0b0: on Read

Table 7. Details about the Counter config field

#### 3.2 Read and write access rights to the NDEF File

The NDEF file can be locked for read or write accesses. It is also protected by a 128-bit password that the host shall present before accessing the NDEF file. There are two 128-bit passwords, one for the read access and the other one for the write access.



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Configuration bytes can be locked by setting the Most significant bit to 1. Once locked, these bytes cannot be changed anymore.

<sup>2.</sup> ST reserved.

<sup>3.</sup> x values are defined by ST to ensure UID unicity.

An NDEF file can be permanently locked for read or write accesses. Thus, the host cannot access the NDEF file.

The read password shall be sent to the ST25TA02K device before reading a read-locked NDEF file.

The write password shall be present on the ST25TA02K device before writing a write-locked NDEF file. The write password shall be sent to change the read or write access. The read or write access right is defined for the NDEF file.

### 3.2.1 State of the Read and Write access rights

Two bytes in the CC file are used to define the Read and Write access rights to the NDEF file. For more details, refer to Section 3.1.2: CC file layout.

Table 8. Read access right

Value	Meaning
0x00	Read access without any security
0x80	Locked (1)
0xFE	Read not authorized

<sup>1.</sup> The read password shall be sent before reading in the NDEF file.

Table 9. Write access right

Value Meaning				
0x00	Write access without any security			
0x80	Locked (1)			
0xFF	Write not authorized			

<sup>1.</sup> The write password shall be sent before writing in the NDEF file.

The state 0xFF and 0xFE cannot be changed by using the Read or Write passwords.

### 3.2.2 Changing the read access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 2 shows how to change the access right to read an NDEF file.

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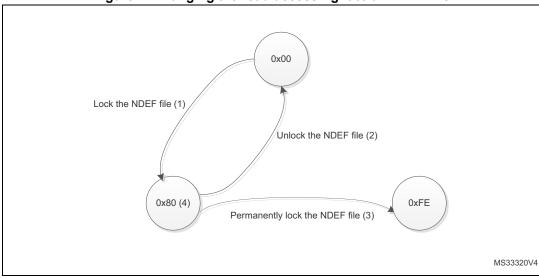


Figure 2. Changing the read access right to an NDEF file

- 1. See the procedure to lock the read access (Section 7.4: Locking an NDEF file).
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the read access (Section 7.5: Unlocking an NDEF file).
- 3. See the procedure to permanently lock the read access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file).
- 4. Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

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#### 3.2.3 Changing the write access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 3 shows how to change the write access right to an NDEF file.

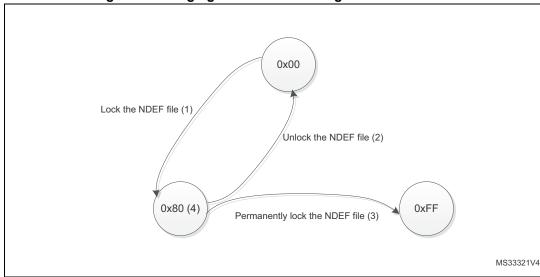


Figure 3. Changing the write access right to an NDEF file

- 1. See the procedure to lock the write access.
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the write access.
- See the procedure to permanently lock the write access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an
- 4. Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

#### 3.3 Access right life time

The access right life time is validated while the NDEF file is selected or until the end of the RF session. Once the read or write access right is granted, the host can send one or more ReadBinary or UpdateBinary commands.

At the end of a session or when the host selects another file, the read and write access rights are initialized.

#### 3.4 NDEF file passwords

The NDEF file passwords protect the read or write access from an RF interface from/to an NDEF file.

Two NDEF file passwords are available for each NDEF file:

- Read password
- Write password

The length of a password is 128 bits (16 bytes).

Note: 

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#### 3.5 Read/Write counter

A 20 bits counter can track the read or write events on the NDEF file.

It benefits from an anti-tearing mechanism, that ensures the consistency of the counter, even if there has been an electrical problem during its increment.

The value of the Read/Write counter can be checked by any application, by reading suitable bytes in System file (see *Section 3.1.4*).

If enabled, the Read/Write counter will be incremented on first event (exclusively Read or Write) which is performed on the NDEF File, inside an RF session (an RF session is entered when ST25TA02K receives a valid "Select Application" command).

The counter is reset when it is disabled.

Apart from these procedures, there is no way to act on the value of this counter.

The Read/Write counter can be configured through a specific byte in System file (see *Section 3.1.4*).

This configuration byte allows to:

- Enable or disable this counter
- Define if the counter must be incremented on a read or write sequence
- Definitively lock this configuration byte

Warning: Once this configuration byte is locked, it cannot be changed anymore: the counter will behave accordingly.

If enabled, the Read/Write counter will have an impact on the execution time of the event which is countered: the counter increment needs some write cycles of specific EEPROM cells automatically managed by ST25TA02K, which increase the total time before the response is sent to the reader.

As a consequence, an S(WTX) request can be issued on the command that will increment the counter (see Section 5.4: S-Block format).

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# 4 Communication mechanism

This section describes the principle of communication between an RF host and the ST25TA02K device.

# 4.1 Master and slave

The ST25TA02K acts as a slave device on the RF channel and therefore waits for a command from the RF host before sending its response.

The RF host shall generate the RF field and the RF commands.



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### 5 RF command sets

This section describes the ST25TA02K command sets that can be issued by the RF host.

There are three command families:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set

The NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set and the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set use the I-Block format. For more details about the I-Block format, refer to Section 5.2: I-Block format.

Two other command formats exist:

- · the commands using the R-Block format
- the commands using the S-Block format

For more details about these formats, refer to the corresponding sections: Section 5.3: R-Block format and Section 5.4: S-Block format.

This section gives a brief description of the RF host commands. The format of these command sets is the I-Block format.

Table 10 lists the RF command sets.

Table 10. RF command sets

Family command set	Command name	Class byte	Instruction code	Brief description
	NDEF Tag Application Select	0x00	0xA4	NDEF Tag Application Select
	CC select	0x00	0xA4	Select the CC file
NFC Forum	NDEF select	0x00	0xA4	Select the NDEF file
Type 4 Tag	System select	0x00	0xA4	Select the system file
	ReadBinary	0x00	0xB0	Read data from file
	UpdateBinary	0x00	0xD6	Write or erase data to a NDEF file
	Verify	0x00	0x20	Checks the right access of a NDEF file or sends a password
ISO/IEC 7816-4	ChangeReferenceData	0x00	0x24	Change a Read or write password
	EnableVerificationRequirement	0x00	0x28	Activate the password security
	DisableVerificationRequirement	0x00	0x26	Disable the password security
ST Proprietary	EnablePermanentState	0xA2	0x28	Enables the Read Only or Write Only security state
ST Proprietary	ExtendedReadBinary	0xA2	0xB0	Read data from file



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### 5.1 Structure of the command sets

The exchange of data between the RF host and the ST25TA02K uses three kinds of data formats, called blocks:

- I-Block (Information block): to exchange the command and the response
- R-Block (Receive ready block): to exchange positive or negative acknowledgement
- S-Block (Supervisory block): to use either the Deselect command or the Frame Waiting eXtension (WTX) command or response

This section describes the structure of I-Block, R-block and S-Block. This format is used for the application command set.

#### 5.2 I-Block format

The I-Block is used to exchange data between the RF host and the ST25TA02K. It is composed of three fields. *Table 11* details the I-Block format.

Table 11. I-Block format

Name	Se	oD	Payload	EoD	
Name	PCB DID		-	CRC	
Length 1 byte		1 byte	1 to 251 bytes	2 bytes	
PCB field					
DID field (optional)					
RF host to ST25TA02K: C-APDU ST25TA02K to RF host: R-APDU					
2 CRC bytes					

Table 12. PCB field of the I-Block format

	b7-b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	
	0b00	0	0	х	0	1	х	
I-Block								
RFU	RFU							
Must be set	to 0		•					
DID field is	DID field is present, if bit is set							
Must be set to 0								
Must be set to 1								
Block numb	Block number <sup>(1)</sup>							

<sup>1.</sup> Follow ISO 14443\_4 Block numbering rules (see note)

#### Note: Block numbering rules:

#### Reader rules:

Rule A: The Reader block number shall be initialized to 0.

Rule B: When an I-block or an R(ACK) block with a block number equal to the current block number is received, the Reader shall toggle the current block number before optionally sending a block to the ST25TA02K.

#### ST25TA02K rules:

Rule C. The ST25TA02K block number shall be initialized to 1 at activation.

Rule D. When an I-block is received, the ST25TA02K shall toggle its block number before sending a block.

Note: The ST25TA02K may check if the received block number is not in compliance with Reader rules to decide neither to toggle its internal block number nor to send a response block.

Rule E. When an R(ACK) block with a block number not equal to the current ST25TA02K block number is received, the ST25TA02K shall toggle its block number before sending a block.

Note: There is no block number toggling when an R(NAK) block is received.

When the RF host sends a command to the ST25TA02K the format of the payload is the C-APDU.

When the ST25TA02K sends a command to the RF host, the format of the payload is the R-APDU.



# 5.2.1 C-APDU: payload format of a command

The C-APDU format is used by the RF host to send a command to the ST25TA02K. *Table 13* describes its format.

Table 13. C-APDU format

Name	Payload field								
Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	L <sub>C</sub>	Data	Le		
Length	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	Lc byte	1 byte		
Class byte - 0x00: standard - 0xA2: ST com									
Instruction byte									
Param Byte 1			•						
Param Byte 2	Param Byte 2								
Number of bytes of the Data field									
Data bytes									
Number of bytes	s to be read	in the ST25	ΓΑ02K mem	ory					

<sup>1.</sup> See *Table 10* 

# 5.2.2 R-APDU: payload format of a response

the ST25TA02K uses the I-Block format to reply to a command which used the I-Block format. This format is described in *Table 14*.

Table 14. R-APDU format

Name	Payload field					
Name	Data (optional)	SW1	SW2			
Length	Le byte	1 byte	1 byte			
Data						
Status byte 1						
Status byte 2						

# 5.3 R-Block format

The R-Block is used to convey positive or negative acknowledgment between the RF host and the ST25TA02K.

Table 15. R-Block format

NFC frame	SoD		-	EoD	
NFC traine	PCB DID		Payload	CRC	
Length	1 byte	1 byte	0 byte	2 bytes	
R(ACK) without the DID	field: 0xA2 or 0xA3				
R(ACK) with the DID fie	eld: 0xAA or 0xAB				
R(NAK) without the DID	) field: 0xB2 or 0xB3				
R(NAK) with the DID fie	eld: 0xBA or 0xBB				
DID field (optional)					
-					
2 CRC bytes					

There are two kinds of R-Blocks:

- R(ACK): the acknowledgment block sent by the RF host or by the ST25TA02K
- R(NAK): the non-acknowledgment block sent by the RF host

Table 16. R-Block detailed format

	b7-b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b10	1	х	х	0	0	Х
R-Block							
Must be set t	o 1.						
0: NAK 1: ACK							
0: DID field is 1: DID field is	•		•				
Must be set to 0							
Must be set t	o 0					•	
Block numbe	r						

### 5.4 S-Block format

The S-Block is used to exchange control information between a reader and a contactless tag.

Table 17. S-Block format

NFC frame	So	D	-	EoD		
NFC ITAILIE	РСВ	DID	Payload	CRC		
Length	1 byte 1 byte		1 byte	2 bytes		
0xC2: for S(DES) when the DID fiel 0xCA: for S(DES) when the DID fiel 0xF2: for S(WTX) when the DID fiel 0xFA: for S(WTX) when the DID fiel						
DID field (optional)						
WTX field (optional) <sup>(1)</sup>						
2 CRC bytes						

This field is present when b5-b4 bits are set to 0b11 (S-Block is a WTX). see Table 18: S-Block detailed format.

There are two requests using the S-Block format:

- S(DES): the deselect command
- S(WTX): the Waiting Frame eXtension command or response.

A Waiting Time eXtension request occurs in RF when the operating time needed by ST25TA02K is greater than 19.2 ms.

The WTX field indicates the increase time factor to be used in this command execution (FDTtemp = WTX \* 19.2 ms). WTX depends on FWI.

Table 18. S-Block detailed format

	b7-b6	b5-b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b11	х	х	0	1	0
S-Block						
0b00: Deselection 0b11: WTX	t					
0: DID field is 1: DID field is	=		•			
Must be set to 0						
Must be set to	1				•	
Must be set to	0					-

Note:

After receiving the deselect command, the session is released and ST25TA02K enters the Standby power mode.

In response to a RATS command, ST25TA02K returns FWI parameter (default frame waiting time used); when ST25TA02K needs more time for a command execution, it requests a frame waiting time extension by responding 0xF2 0xWTX (Request waiting time = FWI \* WTX). If the reader accepts ST25TA02K request, it acknowledges by sending the command 0xF2 0xWTX. The frame waiting time becomes FWI \* WTX for the current command only.

#### 5.5 CRC of the RF frame

The two CRC bytes check the data transmission between the RF host and the ST25TA02K. For the RF frame, the CRC is computed on all the data bits in the frame, excluding parity bits, SOF and EOF, and the CRC itself.

The CRC is as defined in ISO/IEC 13239. The initial register content shall be 0x6363 and the register content shall not be inverted after calculation.

## 5.6 NFC Forum Type 4 Tag protocol

#### 5.6.1 Commands set

ST25TA02K command set is built to easily support the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag protocol.

Command nameBrief descriptionNDEF Tag Application SelectSelect the NDEF Tag ApplicationCapability Container SelectSelect the capability container (CC) file using the Select commandNDEF SelectSelect the NDEF file using the Select command.System File SelectSelect the system file using the Select command.ReadBinaryRead data from a fileUpdateBinaryWrite new data to a file

Table 19. Command set overview

#### 5.6.2 Status and error codes

This section lists the status and the error code of the ST25TA02K.

Table 20. Status code of the ST25TA02K

	SW1	SW2	Comment
Value	0x90	0x00	Command completed successfully

Table 21. Error code of the ST25TA02K

	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	1 byte	1 byte	Comment
Value	0x62	0x82	End of file or record reached before reading Le bytes
Value	0x63	0x00	Password is required
Value	0x63	0xCX	Password is incorrect, X further retries allowed (X can take value 0,1, 2)
Value	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating
Value	0x67	0x00	Wrong frame length
Value	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	0x69	0x84	Reference data not usable
Value	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect parameters Le or Lc
Value	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	0x6A	0x84	File overflow (Lc error)
Value	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values
Value	0x6D	0x00	INS field not supported
Value	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported



#### 5.6.3 NDEF Tag Application Select command

the RF host shall send this command to activate the NDEF Tag Application.

To activate the NDEF Tag Application, the RF host sends the Select command (see *Table 22*) in addition to the sequence defined in the NFC Forum digital protocol.

*Table 22* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF Tag Application (called NDEF Tag Application Select).

Table 22. C-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x04	0x00	0x07	0xD27600 00850101	0x00
Class byte							
Select instru	iction code						
P1 field							
P2 field				•			
Number of b	ytes of data			•			
Application I	ID						
Le field							

Table 23 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command.

Table 23. R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	NDEF Tag Application not found
Value	-	0x6D	0x00	Class not supported

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

#### 5.6.4 Capability Container Select command

The RF host uses the Capability Container Select procedure to select the capability container (CC) file.

The CC file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 24* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the CC file (called Capability Container Select).

Table 24. C-APDU of the Capability Container Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0xE103	-
Class byte	,						
Select instru	ction code						
P1 field							
P2 field				•			
Number of b	ytes of data				•		
CC file ID						•	
(empty field)	)						'

Table 25 defines the R-APDU of the CC Select command.

Table 25. R-APDU of the Capability Container Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6D	0x00	Class not supported

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

#### 5.6.5 NDEF Select command

The RF host uses the NDEF Select command to select the NDEF file.

The NDEF file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 26* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF file (called NDEF Select).

Table 26. C-APDU of the NDEF Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0x0001	-
Class byte							
Select instru	uction code						
P1 field			•				
P2 field				•			
Number of b	ytes of data				•		
0x0001: ND	EF file					•	
(empty field	)						•

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Table 27 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Select command.

Table 27. R-APDU of the NDEF Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

## 5.6.6 System File Select command

The RF host uses this command to select the system file.

The System file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU.

*Table 28* defines the C-APDU of the command to select the System file (called System Select).

Table 28. C-APDU of the System File Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0xE101	-
Class byte							
Select instru	iction code						
P1 field							
P2 field				•			
Number of b	ytes of data				•		
System file ID							
(empty field)	)						•

*Table 29* defines the R-APDU of the System File Select command.

Table 29. R-APDU of the System File Select command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	System file not found, no data is returned

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.



#### 5.6.7 ReadBinary command

On receiving the ReadBinary command, the ST25TA02K reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending a ReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by using a Select command.

The Response of the ReadBinary command is successful when the data to be read is within the selected file <sup>(a)</sup>; in other words, when the sum of P1-P2 and Le fields is equal to or lower than the selected file length.

Table 30 defines the ReadBinary command.

Table 30. C-APDU of the ReadBinary command

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le	
-	0x00	0xB0	2 bytes	-	-	1 byte	
Class byte							
Read instructi	on code	•					
Offset in the fi	le selected		•				
(empty field)							
(empty field)							
Number of bytes to read between 0x01 ≤Le ≤max(Selected File length, 0xFFh)							

Table 31 defines the R-APDU of the ReadBinary command.

Table 31. R-APDU of the ReadBinary command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	Content read	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	-

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

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a. For more details about CC file, refer to Section 3.1.2: CC file layout. For more details about NDEF file, refer to Section 3.1.3: NDEF file layout. For more details about System file, refer to Section 3.1.4: System file layout.

### 5.6.8 UpdateBinary command

On receiving the UpdateBinary command, the ST25TA02K writes the data field into the selected file and sends back a status in the R-APDU response. If needed, ST25TA02K will request a timing extension (see *Section 5.4*).

Before sending an UpdateBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing a Select command.

*Table 32* defines the UpdateBinary command.

Table 32. C-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le	
-	0x00	0xD6	2 bytes	1 byte	Lc bytes	-	
Class byte	•						
Write instruction	on code	-					
Offset in the fi	le selected		•				
Number of by	tes of data (0x	01 ≤Lc ≤0xF6)	ı	•			
Data to write in the ST25TA02K memory							
(empty field)							

Note: Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

Table 33 defines the R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command.

Table 33. R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating
Value	-	0x67	0x00	-
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	-

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Status and error codes.

#### **5.7** ISO/IEC 7816-4 commands

The ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set offers some extended features such as the protection of the NDEF file. This command set is used to manage the right access of the NDEF file.

#### 5.7.1 Verify command

The Verify command has two functions:

- 1. Check if a password is required to access to the NDEF file (the LC field = 0x00).
- 2. Check that the password embedded in the Verify command allows the access to the memory (the Lc field = 0x10 and the password is present).

When the Lc field if equal to 0x00, the verify command returns a success code (0x90 00) provided that the access to the NDEF file does not require a password. When the access to the NDEF file is protected, the response to the Verify command returns an error code (0x63 00).

When the Lc field equals 0x10, on receiving the Verify command, the ST25TA02K compares the requested password with the data contained in the request and reports whether the operation has been successful in the response.

Before sending this command, an NDEF file shall be selected by issuing the NDEF Select command. Thus, this command checks the right access condition of the last NDEF file selected.

After a successful command, an access is granted for the whole NDEF file.

Table 34 defines the Verify command.

Name CLA INS P1 & P2 Lc Data Le 0x20 0x00 2 bytes 1 byte Lc bytes Class byte Instruction code Password identification 0x0001: Read NDEF password transmit 0x0002: Write NDEF password transmit Other: RFU<sup>(1)</sup> 0x00: the password is not present 0x10: the password is present in the data field Password (empty field)

Table 34. Verify command format

<sup>1.</sup> Return ERROR code when used.

Table 35 defines the R-APDU of the Verify command.

Table 35. R-APDU of the Verify command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct
Value	-	0x69	0x84	The conditions of use are not satisfied (e.g. no NDEF file was selected or Write access equal to FFh (write lock) or read access equal to FEh (read lock)
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd incompatible with file structure
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect parameter in cmd data field
Value	-	0x63	0x00	A password is required
Value	-	0x63	0xCX <sup>(1)</sup>	The password transmitted is incorrect and X encodes the number of further allowed retries.

<sup>1.</sup> At each session, the RF host can check a password 3 times.

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

## 5.7.2 Change Reference Data command

The Change Reference Data command replaces the read or write password related to the NDEF files previously selected. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the reference data of the NDEF file.

Table 36 defines the Change Reference Data command.

Table 36. Change reference data command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le				
-	0x00	0x24	2 bytes	0x10	Lc bytes	-				
Class byte	•									
Instruction code										
Password identification 0x0001: Read password transmit 0x0002: Write password transmit Other: RFU <sup>(1)</sup>										
0x10: the password is present in the data field										
NDEF new file Password										
(empty field)	(empty field)									

<sup>1.</sup> Return ERROR code when used.



Table 37 defines the R-APDU of the Change Reference Data command.

Table 37. R-APDU of the Change Reference Data command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the access right has been changed
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect param. in file structure
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

### 5.7.3 Enable Verification Requirement command

The Enable Verification Requirement command activates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is protected by a 128-bit password. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 5 ms.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

Table 38 defines the Enable Verification requirement command.

Table 38. Enable Verification Requirement command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le			
-	0x00	0x28	2 bytes	-	-	-			
Class byte	•								
Instruction cod	de								
	attributes le the read pro le the write pro								
(empty field)	(empty field)								
(empty field)	(empty field)								
(empty field)									

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The last five bits identify the password sent in the Verify command.

Table 39 defines the R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command.

Table 39. R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect param. in cmd data field
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

#### 5.7.4 Disable Verification Requirement command

The Disable Requirement command deactivates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is granted without security requirements. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 40 defines the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Table 40. Disable Verification Requirement command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	L
-	0x00	0x26	2 bytes	-	-	-
Class byte						
Instruction cod	de	•				
New security a 0x0001: Disab 0x0002: Disab Other: RFU	le the read pro					
(empty filed)						
(empty filed)					•	
(empty filed)						•



Table 41 defines the R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Table 41. R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	CC file or System file selected
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Update failed

Note: Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

#### 5.8 ST Proprietary command set

The RF host can be issued with the command set described in this chapter.

#### 5.8.1 ExtendedReadBinary command

On receiving the ExtendedReadBinary command, the ST25TA02K reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending an ExtendedReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing an NDEF select command.

The response of the ExtendedReadBinary command will be successful even if the data to be read is beyond the NDEF message. The command returns an error code if the data to be read goes beyond the end of the file.

Table 42. C-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le			
-	0xA2	0xB0	2 bytes	-	-	1 byte			
ST Class byte									
Read instructi	on code	•							
Offset in the fi	le selected								
(empty field)	(empty field)								
(empty field)									
Number of byt	Number of bytes to read between 0x01 ≤ Le ≤ 0xFF								

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Table 43 defines the R-APDU of the read binary command.

Table 43. R-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command

	Data	SW1	SW2	comment
Length	Le bytes	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	Content read	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

#### 5.8.2 EnablePermanentState command

The command configures the NDEF file to the ReadOnly or to the WriteOnly State.

This command can update the right access to the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 44 defines the EnablePermanentState requirement command.

Table 44. EnablePermanentState command format

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0xA2	0x28	2 bytes	-	-	-
Class byte	•					
Instruction co	de					
	attributes the NDEF file i the NDEF file i					
(empty field)				•		
(empty field)					•	
(empty field)						-

*Table 45* defines the R-APDU of the EnablePermanentState command.

Table 45. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Update failed
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied



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Table 45. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command (continued)

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86 Incorrect P1 or P2 values	

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

### 5.9 Specific RF command set

This section describes the command set that can be issued only by the RF host.

#### 5.9.1 Anticollision command set

*Table 46* lists the commands that can be issued only by the RF host. The format of these commands is described in the NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification.

Table 46. Commands issues by the RF host

Family command set	Command name	Instruction code
	ALL_REQ	0x52 <sup>(1)</sup>
	SENS_REQ	0x26 <sup>(1)</sup>
NFC-A technology	SDD_REQ	0x93 or 0x95
	SEL_REQ	0x93 or 0x95
	SLP_REQ	0x50

<sup>1.</sup> Code on 7 bits.

Note:

In response to a SDD\_REQ Command with a SEL\_PAR value equal to 20h, ST25TA02K in the Operating Field transmit the requested cascade level of their NFCID1 (NFCID1 CLn, with n=1 or 2). The NFCID1 of ST25TA02K consists of 7 bytes. The length of the Response containing a complete NFCID1 cascade level (i.e., NFCID1 CL1, or NFCID1 CL2) is always 5 bytes. The coding of the Response depends on the value of the SEL\_CMD byte and the size of the NFCID1.

Refer to example below for more details .

Table 47. Example of anticollision sequence

Command	Code	Comment	Response	Code	Comment
SENS_REQ	26		4704	40.00	UID double size bit
or ALL-REQ	52	-	ATQA	42 00	frame anticollision
SDD_REQ 1	93 20	NVB 20 Number Valid bit (2 bytes Code & NVB)	-	CT uid1 uid2 uid3 BCC	CT Cascade Tag "0x88" (UID 7bytes) BCC Block Check Character (XOR previous Bytes)

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Table 47. Example of anticollision sequence (continued)

Command	Code	Comment	Response	Code	Comment
SEL_REQ 1	93 70 CT uid1 uid2 uid3 BBC	NVB 70 (cmd NVB Uid lower bytes) CT Cascade Tag "0x88"	SAK & CRC	04 DAD7	UID Not complete
SDD_REQ 2	95 20	NVB 20 Number Valid bit (2 bytes Code & NVB)	-	uid4 uid5 uid6 uid7 BCC	(UID 7bytes) BCC Block Check Character (XOR previous Bytes)
SEL_REQ 1	95 70 uid4 uid5 uid6 uid7 BBC	NVB 70 (cmd NVB Uid Upper bytes)	SAK & CRC	20 FC70	UID complete

#### 5.9.2 RATS command and ATS response

RATS command and ATS response are used for NFC Forum Type 4A Tag Platform Device Activation (as defined in NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification).

*Table 48* details the RATS command. This command shall be sent after the anticollision process.

Table 48. RATS command

Name	INS	Par	CRC	
Byte field	0xE0	1 b	2 bytes	
Bit field	-	b7-b4	-	
Instruction code				
FSDI		•		
DID (0 ≤ DID ≤ 14)			•	
2 CRC bytes				•

The FSDI field codes the FSD that defines the maximum size that an RF host is able to receive. *Table 49* gives the conversion from FDSI to FSD.

Table 49. Conversion from FDSI to FSD

FSDI	0x0	0x1	0x2	0x3	0x4	0x5	0x6	0x7	0x8	0x9h- 0xE	0xF
FSD	16	24	32	40	48	64	96	128	256	RFU	256

The DID field defines the value of the addressed ST25TA02K.



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Table 50. ATS response

Name	TL	ТО	TA(1)	TB(1)		TC(1)	CRC
Byte field	0x05	0x75	0x80	0x60		0x02	2 bytes
Bit field	-	1	-	b8-b5	b4-b1	ı	-
Length of the response	e ATS						
FSCI = 5 =>	FSC = 64 by	rtes					
	ım ascending ım descendin		•				
FWI field (FWI = 6 => FWT = 19.2 ms)							
SFGI field (SFGI = 0 => SFGT =302 µs)							
The DID is s	supported					•	
2 CRC bytes	3						

The FSCI codes the FSC which stands for the maximum frame size that the ST25TA02K is able to receive. The ST25TA02K is able to receive up to 64 bytes of command. If the RF host sends a command with more than 64 bytes, the ST25TA02K will not be able to treat the command and will not reply.

The FWI which stands for the Frame Waiting time Integer codes the FWT. This time corresponds to the maximum duration while an RF host shall send before sending the next command.

The SFGI which stands for the Start-up Frame Guard Time is the minimum time that the reader shall wait after receiving the response of the ST25TA02K.

#### PPS command & response<sup>(b)</sup> 5.9.3

PPS (Protocol and Parameter Selection) command and response are defined in ISO/IEC 14443-4, in the Protocol Activation of PICC Type A.

The PPS command allows to change the data rates of the ascending (RF host to ST25TA02K) and descending (ST25TA02K to RF host) data rates. Usage of this command is optional, ST25TA02K only supports 106 Kb/s in both direction.

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b. Not useful in case of ST25TA02K which only support a Data Rate of 106 Kb/s in both direction.

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Table 51. PPS command

	Name	INS (F	PSS)	PPS0		PPS1		CRC
	Byte field	0xl	DΧ	0x11		1 byte		2 bytes
	Bit field	b7-b4	b3-b0	-	0b0000	b3-b2	b1-b0	-
INS	Instruction of	code						
IINO	DID	DID						
-	PPS1 is pre	esent		•				
	RFU				'			
PPS1	Descending data rate (106 kb/s) = 0b00							
	Ascending data rate (106 kb/s) = 0b00							
-	2 CRC byte	S						'

The ascending and descending data rates shall be coded as described in *Table 52*.

Table 52. Ascending and descending data rate coding

Value	0b00	0b01	0b10	0b11
Data rate	106 kbps	RFU	RFU	RFU

When the ST25TA02K is able to change both data rates, it returns the following response. The data rate of this response is 106 kbps; then, the ST25TA02K changes the ascending and descending data rates.

Table 53 gives the details of the PPS response.

Table 53. PPS response

Name	RESPONSE (PPSS)		CRC
Byte field	0xDX		2 bytes
Bit field	b8-b5	b4-b1	-
Response code			
DID field		•	
2 CRC bytes			-

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### 6 RF device operation

# 6.1 Anticollision and Device Activation command set for the RF interface

The ST25TA02K device supports the command set defined in the NFC-A Technology and the Type 4A Tag Platform chapters of the NFC Digital Protocol V1.0 specification.

#### 6.2 Open an RF session

Once the RF host has terminated the anticollision procedure and retrieve the ATS response, it shall send the SelectApplication command. The ST25TA02K will open an RF session. At this point, the RF host can send the applicative command set.

#### 6.3 Close an RF session

The RF host can close the RF session by issuing one of these methods:

- send an S(DES) command
- turn off the RF field

#### 6.4 Applicative command set

The applicative command set is composed of the following command sets:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set



### 7 Functional procedures

This section describes some procedure to access the memory or manage its protection.

#### 7.1 Selection of an NDEF message

The RF host shall use this procedure to detect the NDEF message inside an ST25TA02K.

The NDEF detection procedure is as follows:

- 1. Open an RF session
- 2. Send the SelectNDEFTagApplication command
- 3. Select the CC file
- 4. Read the CC file
- 5. Select the NDEF file.

#### 7.2 Reading of an NDEF message

The RF host executes the NDEF read procedure to read the NDEF file.

- 1. Detect successfully the NDEF file using the NDEF detection procedure
- 2. Check that the read access without any security is granted for the NDEF file from the information provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Read the NDEF file.

### 7.3 Reading a locked NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Present the Read password by using the Verify command
- 4. Read the data in the NDEF file.

### 7.4 Locking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to protect an NDEF file.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Check the right access provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Present the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 5. Lock the NDEF file by sending the Enable verification command.

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#### 7.5 Unlocking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- Present the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 4. Unlock the NDEF file by sending the Disable verification command.

#### 7.6 Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Transmit the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 4. Send an EnablePermanentState command.

### 7.7 Changing a File type Procedure

The RF host executes this procedure to change the File Type of a file for which all access rights were previously granted.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the File to be modified
- 3. Set the File Length to 0x00 using the UpdateBinary command
- 4. Send an UpdateFileType command with the New file Type as data.

ST25TA02K UID: Unique identifier

# 8 UID: Unique identifier

The ST25TA02K is uniquely identified by a 7 bytes unique identifier (UID). The UID is a read-only code and comprises:

- The IC manufacturer code on 1 byte (0x02 for STMicroelectronics).
- The Product code on 1 byte.
- A device number on 5 bytes.

Table 54 describes the UID format.

Table 54. UID format

-	0x02	0xE2	5 bytes
IC manufacturer code			
ST25TA02K product code	:		
Device number			•



Maximum rating ST25TA02K

## 9 Maximum rating

Stressing the device above the rating listed in *Table 55* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability.

Table 55. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient operating temperature		-40	85	°C
T <sub>STG</sub> ,	Storage conditions	Sawn wafer on UV tape	15	25	°C
h <sub>STG</sub> ,			-	6 <sup>(1)</sup>	months
t <sub>STG</sub>		,	Kept in it	Kept in its original packing form	
	Storage temperature	Sawn bumped	15	25	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage time	Wafer (kept in its antistatic bag)	-	6	months
I <sub>CC</sub> (2)	RF supply current AC0 - AC1		-	100	mA
V <sub>MAX_1</sub> (2)	RF input voltage amplitude between AC0 and AC1, V <sub>SS</sub> pad left floating	VAC0-VAC1 (Peak to Peak)	-	10	٧
V <sub>ESD</sub>	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model) (3)	AC0-AC1	-	1000	V

<sup>1.</sup> Counted from ST shipment date.

<sup>2.</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production. Maximum absorbed power = 100 mW @ 7.5 A/m

<sup>3.</sup> AEC-Q100-002 (compliant with JEDEC Std JESD22-A114A, C1 = 100 pF, R1 = 1500  $\Omega$ , R2 = 500  $\Omega$ )

#### RF electrical parameters 10

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, and the DC and AC characteristics of the device in RF mode.

The parameters in the DC and AC characteristics tables that follow are derived from tests performed under the Measurement Conditions summarized in the relevant tables. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the measurement conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

Table 56. Default operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient operating temperature	<del>-4</del> 0	85	°C

Table 57. RF characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>C</sub>	External RF signal frequency	-	13.553	13.56	13.567	MHz
H_ISO	Operating field according to ISO	$T_A = 0$ °C to 50°C	1500	-	7500	mA/m
H_Extended	Operating field in extended temperature range	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C	100	-	7500	mA/m
H <sub>min</sub>	Field detect, Set-up field <sup>(1)</sup>	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	-	50	-	mA/m
MI <sub>CARRIER</sub>	100% carrier modulation index	MI=(A-B)/(A+B)	90	-	100	%
t <sub>1</sub>	Pause A length	-	28 / f <sub>C</sub>	-	40.5 / f <sub>C</sub>	μs
t <sub>2</sub>	Pause A low time	-	7 / f <sub>C</sub>	-	t <sub>1</sub>	μs
t <sub>3</sub>	Pause A rise time	-	1.5xt4	-	16 / f <sub>C</sub>	μs
t <sub>4</sub>	Pause A rise time section	-	0	-	6 / f <sub>C</sub>	μs
t <sub>MIN CD</sub>	Minimum time from carrier generation to first data	From H-field min	-	-	5	ms
W <sub>t</sub>	RF write time (including internal Verify) for one page	-	-	4.468 <sup>(2)</sup>	-	ms
C <sub>TUN</sub> / 5 <sup>(3)</sup>	Internal tuning capacitor <sup>(4)</sup>	f <sub>C</sub> = 13.56 MHz	45	50	55	pF
t <sub>RF_OFF</sub>	RF OFF time	Chip reset	-	-	0.1	ms

All timing characterizations were performed on a reference antenna with the following characteristics: External size: 75 mm x 48 mm Number of turns: 4

Width of conductor: 0.5 mm

Space between two conductors: 0.5 mm

Value of the tuning capacitor: 50 pF (ST25TA02K) Value of the coil: 2.5 µH Tuning frequency: 14.2 MHz.

- 2. Time between command EOF and Response SOF when Updating NDEF message Length
- See Capacitor value
- 4. Characterized only, at room temperature only, measured at VAC0-VAC1 = 2 V peak to peak at 13.56 MHz.



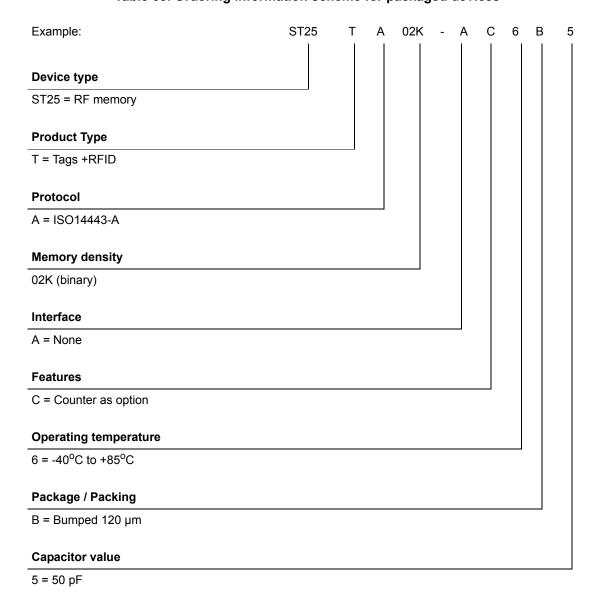
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Part numbering ST25TA02K

### 11 Part numbering

Table 58. Ordering information scheme for packaged devices



Note:

Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

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ST25TA02K Revision history

# 12 Revision history

Table 59. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
05-May-2015	1	Initial release.

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