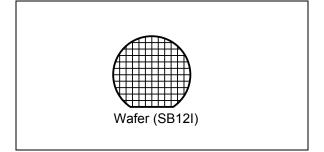


ST25TA512

NFC Forum Type 4 Tag IC with 512 bits EEPROM

Datasheet - production data



Features

Contactless interface

- NFC Forum Type 4 Tag
- ISO/IEC 14443 Type A
- 106 Kbps data rate
- Internal tuning capacitance: 50 pF

Memory

- 64-byte (512 bits) EEPROM
- Support of NDEF data structure
- Data retention: 200 years
- Endurance: 1 million erase-write cycles
- Read up to 64 bytes in a single command
- Write up to 54 bytes in a single command
- Chaining capability
- 7 bytes unique identifier (UID)
- 128 bits passwords protection
- 20 bits event counter with anti-tearing

Description

The ST25TA512 device is a NFC tag IC.

It embeds an EEPROM memory. It can be operated from a 13.56 MHz RFID reader or an NFC phone.

The ST25TA512 is an NFC Forum Type 4 Tag; it communicates using the ISO/IEC 14443 Type A protocol.

This is information on a product in full production.

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1 Functional description

The ST25TA512 device is a NFC tag that can be accessed from the RF interface. The RF interface is based on the ISO/IEC 14443 Type A standard. The ST25TA512 is compatible with the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag specifications and supports all corresponding commands.

Figure 1 displays the block diagram of the ST25TA512 device.

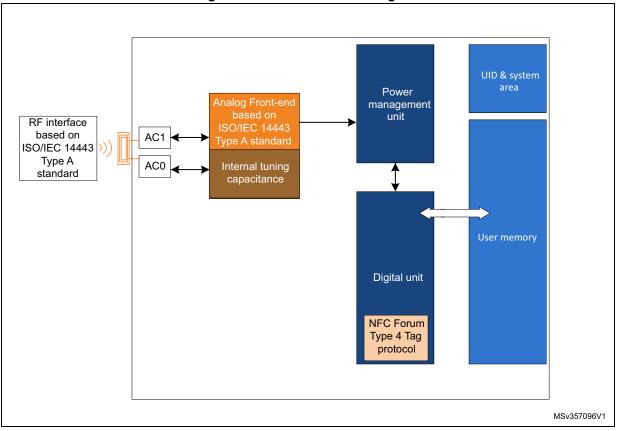


Figure 1. ST25TA512 block diagram

Table 1. Signal names

Signal name	Function	Direction	
AC0, AC1	Antenna coils	-	



1.1 Functional mode

The ST25TA512 has just one functional mode available (see Table 2).

Mode	Supply source	Comments		
Tag mode	RE TIEIO ONIV	The RF interface operate only when RF field level is sufficient.		

Table 2. Functional mode

1.1.1 Tag mode

The ST25TA512 is supplied by the RF field and can communicate with an RF host (RFID reader or an NFC phone). The User memory can be accessed by the RF commands.



2 Signal descriptions

2.1 Antenna coil (AC0, AC1)

These inputs are used to connect the device to an external coil exclusively. It is advised not to connect any other DC or AC path to AC0 or AC1.

When correctly tuned, the coil is used to access the device using NFC Forum Type 4 commands.

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3 ST25TA512 memory management

3.1 Memory structure

The ST25TA512 supports the NDEF Tag Application as defined in the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag. The ST25TA512 is composed of three files:

- One Capability Container file
- One NDEF file
- One System file: this file is an ST-proprietary file

The System file contains some information on the configuration of the ST25TA512 device. The CC file gives some information about the ST25TA512 itself and the NDEF file. The NDEF file contains the User data.

3.1.1 File identifier

The file identifier is the value used in the Select command to select a file.

File identifier	Meaning
0xE101	System file
0xE103	CC file
0x0001	NDEF file

Table 3. File identifier

3.1.2 CC file layout

The CC file gives some information about the ST25TA512 and the NDEF file. This file is a read-only file for the RF host and cannot be modified by issuing a write command.

The T field, Read Access and Write Access fields can be changed by the RF host by issuing a specific process (refer to *Section 7: Functional procedures*).

File offset	Meaning	Value	Comments
0x0000	Length CC file	0x000F	15 bytes
0x0002	Mapping version ⁽¹⁾	0x20 or 0x10	V 2.0 or V 1.0
0x0003	Maximum number of bytes that can be read	0x0040	64 bytes
0x0005	Maximum number of bytes that can be written	0x0036	54 bytes

Table 4. CC file layout for 1 NDEF file



File offset	Meaning	Value	Comments
0x0007		0x04 ⁽²⁾	T field
0x0008		0x06	L field
0x0009		0x0001	FileID
0x000B	NDEF file control TLV	0x0040	Maximum NDEF file size in Byte
0x000D		0x00 ⁽²⁾	Read access
0x000E		0x00 ⁽²⁾	Write access

Table 4. CC file layout for 1 NDEF file (continued)

 According to the reader command format ST25TA512 will automatically align to the corresponding NFC Forum version.

2. Delivery state.

3.1.3 NDEF file layout

The NDEF file contains the NDEF message which contains the User data. The RF host can read and write data inside the file. The first two bytes named NDEF Message Length define the size of the NDEF message. The NDEF Message Length shall be managed by the application and the ST25TA512 device does not check if its value is relevant vs the data written by the RF host. The ST25TA512 device uses the NDEF Message Length, e. g. the standard read can be processed only inside the NDEF message; otherwise, the ST25TA512 device returns an error code. For more details about the read command, refer to *Section 5.6.7: ReadBinary command*.

File offset	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	
0x0000	NDEF mes	sage length	User data	User data	
0x0004	User data	User data	User data	User data	
0x003C				User data	

Table 5. NDEF file layout



3.1.4 System file layout

The system file specifies the configuration of the ST25TA512. *Table 6* lists the different fields.

File offset	Field name	Number of bytes	Read access	Write access	Delivery state		
0x0000	Length system file	2	yes	-	0x0012		
0x0002	ST reserved	1	yes	none	0x80		
0x0003	Event Counter Config	1	yes	yes ⁽¹⁾	0x00		
0x0004	20 bits counter (MS nibble 0x0)	3	yes	none	0x000000		
0x0007	Product version	1	yes	none	0x13 ⁽²⁾		
0x0008	UID	7	yes	none	0x02E5 xx xx xx xx xx ⁽³⁾		
0x000F	Memory Size - 1	2	yes	none	0x003F		
0x0011	Product Code	1	yes	none	0xE5		

Table 6. Field li

1. Configuration bytes can be locked by setting the Most significant bit to 1. Once locked, these bytes cannot be changed anymore.

2. ST reserved.

3. x values are defined by ST to ensure UID unicity.

File offset	b7	b6-b2	b1	b0
0x0003				
Counter config lock 0b0: unlocked 0b1: locked	bit:			
0b00000: ST reserv	ved	-		
Counter enable: 0b0: disable 0b1: enable			-	
Counter increment: 0b0: on Read 0b1: on Write				

Table 7. Details about the Counter config field

3.2 Read and write access rights to the NDEF File

The NDEF file can be locked for read or write accesses. It is also protected by a 128-bit password that the host shall present before accessing the NDEF file. There are two 128-bit passwords, one for the read access and the other one for the write access.



An NDEF file can be permanently locked for read or write accesses. Thus, the host cannot access the NDEF file.

The read password shall be sent to the ST25TA512 device before reading a read-locked NDEF file.

The write password shall be present on the ST25TA512 device before writing a write-locked NDEF file. The write password shall be sent to change the read or write access. The read or write access right is defined for the NDEF file.

3.2.1 State of the Read and Write access rights

Two bytes in the CC file are used to define the Read and Write access rights to the NDEF file. For more details, refer to *Section 3.1.2: CC file layout*.

Value	Meaning			
0x00	Read access without any security			
0x80	Locked ⁽¹⁾			
0xFE	Read not authorized			

Table 8. Re	ad access	right
-------------	-----------	-------

1. The read password shall be sent before reading in the NDEF file.

Table 9. Write access right

Value	Meaning
0x00	Write access without any security
0x80	Locked ⁽¹⁾
0xFF	Write not authorized

1. The write password shall be sent before writing in the NDEF file.

The state 0xFF and 0xFE cannot be changed by using the Read or Write passwords.

3.2.2 Changing the read access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 2 shows how to change the access right to read an NDEF file.



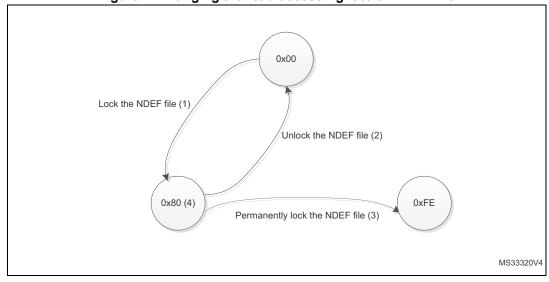


Figure 2. Changing the read access right to an NDEF file

- 1. See the procedure to lock the read access (Section 7.4: Locking an NDEF file).
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the read access (Section 7.5: Unlocking an NDEF file).
- See the procedure to permanently lock the read access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an 3. NDEF file).
- 4. Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

3.2.3 Changing the write access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 3 shows how to change the write access right to an NDEF file.

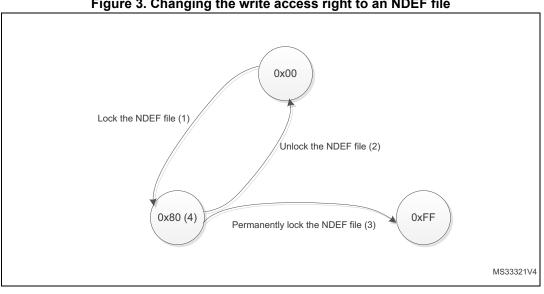


Figure 3. Changing the write access right to an NDEF file

- 1. See the procedure to lock the write access.
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the write access.
- 3. See the procedure to permanently lock the write access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file).
- Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag. 4.



3.3 Access right life time

The access right life time is validated while the NDEF file is selected or until the end of the RF session. Once the read or write access right is granted, the host can send one or more ReadBinary or UpdateBinary commands.

At the end of a session or when the host selects another file, the read and write access rights are initialized.

3.4 NDEF file passwords

The NDEF file passwords protect the read or write access from an RF interface from/to an NDEF file.

Two NDEF file passwords are available for each NDEF file:

- Read password
- Write password

The length of a password is 128 bits (16 bytes).

3.5 Read/Write counter

A 20 bits counter can track the read or write events on the NDEF file.

It benefits from an anti-tearing mechanism, that ensures the consistency of the counter, even if there has been an electrical problem during its increment.

The value of the Read/Write counter can be checked by any application, by reading suitable bytes in System file (see *Section 3.1.4*).

If enabled, the Read/Write counter will be incremented on first event (exclusively Read or Write) which is performed on the NDEF File, inside an RF session (an RF session is entered when ST25TA512 receives a valid "Select Application" command).

The counter is reset when it is disabled.

Apart from these procedures, there is no way to act on the value of this counter.

The Read/Write counter can be configured through a specific byte in System file (see *Section 3.1.4*).

This configuration byte allows to:

- Enable or disable this counter
- Define if the counter must be incremented on a read or write sequence
- Definitively lock this configuration byte

Warning: Once this configuration byte is locked, it cannot be changed anymore: the counter will behave accordingly.



If enabled, the Read/Write counter will have an impact on the execution time of the event which is countered: the counter increment needs some write cycles of specific EEPROM cells automatically managed by ST25TA512, which increase the total time before the response is sent to the reader.

As a consequence, an S(WTX) request can be issued on the command that will increment the counter (see Section 5.4: S-Block format).



4 Communication mechanism

This chapter describes the principle of communication between an RF host and the ST25TA512 device.

4.1 Master and slave

The ST25TA512 acts as a slave device on the RF channel and therefore waits for a command from the RF host before sending its response.

The RF host shall generate the RF field and the RF commands.



5 RF command sets

This section describes the ST25TA512 command sets that can be issued by the RF host.

There are three command families:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set

The NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set and the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set use the I-Block format. For more details about the I-Block format, refer to Section 5.2: I-Block format.

Two other command formats exist:

- the commands using the R-Block format
- the commands using the S-Block format

For more details about these formats, refer to the corresponding sections: Section 5.3: R-Block format and Section 5.4: S-Block format.

This section gives a brief description of the RF host commands. The format of these command sets is the I-Block format.

Table 10 lists the RF command sets.

Family command set	Command name	Class byte	Instruction code	Brief description
	NDEF Tag Application Select	0x00	0xA4	NDEF Tag Application Select
	CC select	0x00	0xA4	Select the CC file
NFC Forum	NDEF select	0x00	0xA4	Select the NDEF file
Type 4 Tag	System select	0x00	0xA4	Select the system file
	ReadBinary	0x00	0xB0	Read data from file
	UpdateBinary	0x00	0xD6	Write or erase data to a NDEF file
	Verify	0x00	0x20	Checks the right access of a NDEF file or sends a password
ISO/IEC 7816-4	ChangeReferenceData	0x00	0x24	Change a Read or write password
	EnableVerificationRequirement	0x00	0x28	Activate the password security
	DisableVerificationRequirement	0x00	0x26	Disable the password security
ST Proprietary	EnablePermanentState	0xA2	0x28	Enables the Read Only or Write Only security state
ST Proprietary	ExtendedReadBinary	0xA2	0xB0	Read data from file

Table 10. RF command sets



5.1 Structure of the command sets

The exchange of data between the RF host and the ST25TA512 uses three kinds of data formats, called blocks:

- I-Block (Information block): to exchange the command and the response
- R-Block (Receive ready block): to exchange positive or negative acknowledgement
- S-Block (Supervisory block): to use either the Deselect command or the Frame Waiting eXtension (WTX) command or response

This section describes the structure of I-Block, R-block and S-Block. This format is used for the application command set.

5.2 I-Block format

The I-Block is used to exchange data between the RF host and the ST25TA512. It is composed of three fields. *Table 11* details the I-Block format.

Name	S	oD	Payload	EoD	
Name	РСВ	DID	-	CRC	
Length 1 byte		1 byte 1 to 251 bytes		2 bytes	
PCB field					
DID field (optional)		-			
RF host to ST25TA5 ST25TA512 to RF h			-		
2 CRC bytes					

Table 11. I-Block format



					ok format		
	b7-b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b00	0	0	x	0	1	x
I-Block							
RFU							
Must be set	to 0						
DID field is	present, if bit	is set		-			
Must be set	to 0						
Must be set	to 1						
Block numb	er ⁽¹⁾						

Table 12. PCB field of the I-Block format

1. Follow ISO 14443_4 Block numbering rules (see note)

Note: Block numbering rules:

Reader rules:

- Rule A: The Reader block number shall be initialized to 0.
- Rule B: When an I-block or an R(ACK) block with a block number equal to the current block number is received, the Reader shall toggle the current block number before optionally sending a block to the ST25TA512.

ST25TA512 rules:

- Rule C. The ST25TA512 block number shall be initialized to 1 at activation.
- Rule D. When an I-block is received, the ST25TA512 shall toggle its block number before sending a block.
- Note: The ST25TA512 may check if the received block number is not in compliance with Reader rules to decide neither to toggle its internal block number nor to send a response block.
 - When an R(ACK) block with a block number not equal to the current Rule E. ST25TA512 block number is received, the ST25TA512 shall toggle
 - its block number before sending a block.
- Note: There is no block number toggling when an R(NAK) block is received.

When the RF host sends a command to the ST25TA512 the format of the payload is the C-APDU.

When the ST25TA512 sends a command to the RF host, the format of the payload is the R-APDU.



5.2.1 C-APDU: payload format of a command

The C-APDU format is used by the RF host to send a command to the ST25TA512. *Table 13* describes its format.

					-				
Nome	Payload field								
Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	L _C	Data	Le		
Length	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	Lc byte	1 byte		
Class byte - 0x00: standaro - 0xA2: ST com									
Instruction byte		1							
Param Byte 1			-						
Param Byte 2				-					
Number of byte	s of the Data	field							
Data bytes						-			
Number of byte	s to be read	in the ST25	TA512 mem	ory			1		
1 See Table 10									

Table	13	C-APDU	format
Iabic	10.		ionnat

1. See Table 10

5.2.2 R-APDU: payload format of a response

the ST25TA512 uses the I-Block format to reply to a command which used the I-Block format. This format is described in *Table 14*.

Name	Payload field					
Name	Data (optional)	SW1	SW2			
Length Le byte		1 byte	1 byte			
Data						
Status byte 1		_				
Status byte 2						

5.3 R-Block format

The R-Block is used to convey positive or negative acknowledgment between the RF host and the ST25TA512.

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Table 15. R-Block format

NFC frame	SoD		-	EoD		
NFC frame	РСВ	DID	Payload	CRC		
Length	1 byte	1 byte	0 byte	2 bytes		
R(ACK) without the DID	field: 0xA2 or 0xA3					
R(ACK) with the DID fie	ld: 0xAA or 0xAB					
R(NAK) without the DID	field: 0xB2 or 0xB3					
R(NAK) with the DID fie	ld: 0xBA or 0xBB					
DID field (optional)						
-						
2 CRC bytes						

There are two kinds of R-Blocks:

- R(ACK): the acknowledgment block sent by the RF host or by the ST25TA512
- R(NAK): the non-acknowledgment block sent by the RF host



	b7-b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b10	1	x	х	0	0	X
R-Block							
Must be set t	o 1.						
0: NAK							
1: ACK							
0: DID field is	-						
1: DID field is	present						
Must be set t	o 0						
Must be set t	o 0					-	
Block numbe	r						

Table 16. R-Block detailed format

5.4 S-Block format

The S-Block is used to exchange control information between a reader and a contactless tag.

NFC frame	So	D	-	EoD		
NFC Irailie	PCB	DID	Payload	CRC		
Length	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes		
0xC2: for S(DES) when the DID fiel 0xCA: for S(DES) when the DID fiel 0xF2: for S(WTX) when the DID fiel 0xFA: for S(WTX) when the DID fiel						
DID field (optional)						
WTX field (optional) ⁽¹⁾						
2 CRC bytes				-		

Table 17. S-Block format

1. This field is present when b5-b4 bits are set to 0b11 (S-Block is a WTX). see *Table 18: S-Block detailed format.*

There are two requests using the S-Block format:

- S(DES): the deselect command
- S(WTX): the Waiting Frame eXtension command or response.

A Waiting Time eXtension request occurs in RF when the operating time needed by ST25TA512 is greater than 19.2 ms.

The WTX field indicates the increase time factor to be used in this command execution (FDTtemp = WTX * 19.2 ms). WTX depends on FWI.



			BIOCK UELAIIE	eu Tormat		
	b7-b6	b5-b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0b11	x	x	0	1	0
S-Block						
0b00: Deseled 0b11: WTX	ct					
0: DID field is 1: DID field is	-					
Must be set to	0			<u>,</u>		
Must be set to	o 1					
Must be set to	0					-

Table 18. S-Block detailed format

Note: After receiving the deselect command, the session is released and ST25TA512 enters the Standby power mode.

In response to a RATS command, ST25TA512 returns FWI parameter (default frame waiting time used); when ST25TA512 needs more time for a command execution, it requests a frame waiting time extension by responding 0xF2 0xWTX (Request waiting time = FWI * WTX). If the reader accepts ST25TA512 request, it acknowledges by sending the command 0xF2 0xWTX. The frame waiting time becomes FWI * WTX for the current command only.

5.5 CRC of the RF frame

The two CRC bytes check the data transmission between the RF host and the ST25TA512. For the RF frame, the CRC is computed on all the data bits in the frame, excluding parity bits, SOF and EOF, and the CRC itself.

The CRC is as defined in ISO/IEC 13239. The initial register content shall be 0x6363 and the register content shall not be inverted after calculation.

5.6 NFC Forum Type 4 Tag protocol

5.6.1 Commands set

ST25TA512 command set is built to easily support the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag protocol.

Command name	Brief description
NDEF Tag Application Select	Select the NDEF Tag Application
Capability Container Select	Select the capability container (CC) file using the Select command
NDEF Select	Select the NDEF file using the Select command.
System File Select	Select the system file using the Select command.

Table 19. Command set overview



Command name	Brief description
ReadBinary	Read data from a file
UpdateBinary	Write new data to a file

Table 19. Command set overview (continued)

5.6.2 Status and error codes

This section lists the status and the error code of the ST25TA512.

Table 20. Status code of the ST25TA512
--

	SW1	SW2	Comment
Value	0x90	0x00	Command completed successfully

	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	1 byte	1 byte	Comment
Value	0x62	0x82	End of file or record reached before reading Le bytes
Value	0x63	0x00	Password is required
Value	0x63	0xCX	Password is incorrect, X further retries allowed (X can take value 0,1, 2)
Value	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating
Value	0x67	0x00	Wrong frame length
Value	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	0x69	0x84	Reference data not usable
Value	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect parameters Le or Lc
Value	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	0x6A	0x84	File overflow (Lc error)
Value	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values
Value	0x6D	0x00	INS field not supported
Value	0x6E	0x00	Class not supported

Table 21. Error code of the ST25TA512



5.6.3 NDEF Tag Application Select command

the RF host shall send this command to activate the NDEF Tag Application.

To activate the NDEF Tag Application, the RF host sends the Select command (see *Table 22*) in addition to the sequence defined in the NFC Forum digital protocol.

Table 22 defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF Tag Application (called NDEF Tag Application Select).

			-	-g , ipplieu			
Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x04	0x00	0x07	0xD27600 00850101	0x00
Class byte	<u>,</u>						
Select instru	iction code						
P1 field							
P2 field							
Number of bytes of data							
Application ID							
Le field							

Table 22. C-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

Table 23 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command.

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	NDEF Tag Application not found
Value	-	0x6D	0x00	Class not supported

Table 23. R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.6.4 Capability Container Select command

The RF host uses the Capability Container Select procedure to select the capability container (CC) file.

The CC file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 24* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the CC file (called Capability Container Select).



Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0xE103	-
Class byte							
Select instru	iction code						
P1 field		,					
P2 field							
Number of b	ytes of data						
CC file ID							
(empty field)							

Table 24. C-APDU of the Capability Container Select command

Table 25 defines the R-APDU of the CC Select command.

Та	able 25. R-APD	OU of the Capa	ability Contain	er Select command
	Data	S/M/4	SW2	Commont

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6D	0x00	Class not supported

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.6.5 NDEF Select command

The RF host uses the NDEF Select command to select the NDEF file.

The NDEF file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 26* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF file (called NDEF Select).

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0x0001	-
Class byte							
Select instru	iction code						
P1 field							
P2 field							
Number of b	ytes of data						
0x0001: ND	EF file						
(empty field))						

Table 26. C-APDU of the NDEF Select command



Table 27 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Select command.

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found

Table 27. R-APDU of the NDEF Select command

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.6.6 System File Select command

The RF host uses this command to select the system file.

The System file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU.

Table 28 defines the C-APDU of the command to select the System file (called System Select).

Table 28. C-APDU of the System File Select command

Name	CLA	INS	P1	P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0xA4	0x00	0x0C	0x02	0xE101	-
Class byte							
Select instru	uction code						
P1 field							
P2 field							
Number of b	oytes of data						
System file	ID						
(empty field))						

Table 29 defines the R-APDU of the System File Select command.

Table 29. R-APDU of the System File Select command

	Data	SW1 SW2 Comment			
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-	
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed	
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	System file not found, no data is returned	

Note:

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.



5.6.7 ReadBinary command

On receiving the ReadBinary command, the ST25TA512 reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending a ReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by using a Select command.

The Response of the ReadBinary command is successful when the data to be read is within the selected file ^(a); in other words, when the sum of P1-P2 and Le fields is equal to or lower than the selected file length.

Table 30 defines the ReadBinary command.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le		
-	0x00	0xB0	2 bytes	-	-	1 byte		
Class byte	-							
Read instructi	ion code	-						
Offset in the fi	ile selected		•					
(empty field)								
(empty field)								
	Number of bytes to read between 0x01 ≤Le ≤max(Selected File length, 0xFFh)							

 Table 30. C-APDU of the ReadBinary command

Table 31 defines the R-APDU of the ReadBinary command.

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	Content read	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	-

Table 31. R-APDU of the ReadBinary command

Note:

For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.



a. For more details about CC file, refer to Section 3.1.2: CC file layout. For more details about NDEF file, refer to Section 3.1.3: NDEF file layout. For more details about System file, refer to Section 3.1.4: System file layout.

5.6.8 UpdateBinary command

On receiving the UpdateBinary command, the ST25TA512 writes the data field into the selected file and sends back a status in the R-APDU response. If needed, ST25TA512 will request a timing extension (see *Section 5.4*).

Before sending an UpdateBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing a Select command.

Table 32 defines the UpdateBinary command.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le	
-	0x00	0xD6	2 bytes	1 byte	Lc bytes	-	
Class byte							
Write instruction	on code						
Offset in the fi	le selected		•				
Number of by	tes of data (0x0	01 ≤Lc ≤0xF6)					
Data to write in the ST25TA512 memory							
(empty field)	(empty field)						

Table 32. C-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

Note:Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.Table 33 defines the R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command.

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment			
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-			
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed			
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating			
Value	-	0x67	0x00	-			
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied			
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found			
Value	-	0x6E	0x00	-			

Table 33. R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Status and error codes.



5.7 ISO/IEC 7816-4 commands

The ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set offers some extended features such as the protection of the NDEF file. This command set is used to manage the right access of the NDEF file.

5.7.1 Verify command

The Verify command has two functions:

- 1. Check if a password is required to access to the NDEF file (the LC field = 0x00).
- 2. Check that the password embedded in the Verify command allows the access to the memory (the Lc field = 0x10 and the password is present).

When the Lc field if equal to 0x00, the verify command returns a success code (0x90 00) provided that the access to the NDEF file does not require a password. When the access to the NDEF file is protected, the response to the Verify command returns an error code (0x63 00).

When the Lc field equals 0x10, on receiving the Verify command, the ST25TA512 compares the requested password with the data contained in the request and reports whether the operation has been successful in the response.

Before sending this command, an NDEF file shall be selected by issuing the NDEF Select command. Thus, this command checks the right access condition of the last NDEF file selected.

After a successful command, an access is granted for the whole NDEF file.

Table 34 defines the Verify command.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le
-	0x00	0x20	1 byte	Lc bytes	-	
Class byte						
Instruction co	de					
	NDEF passwo NDEF passwo					
	sword is not pro sword is prese		eld			
Password				<u>.</u>		
(empty field)						

Table 34. Verify command format

1. Return ERROR code when used.



	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment					
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-					
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct					
Value	-	0x69	0x84	The conditions of use are not satisfied (e.g. no NDEF file was selected or Write access equal to FFh (write lock) or read access equal to FEh (read lock)					
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd incompatible with file structure					
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied					
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect parameter in cmd data field					
Value	-	0x63	0x00	A password is required					
Value	-	0x63	0xCX ⁽¹⁾	The password transmitted is incorrect and X encodes the number of further allowed retries.					

Table 35 defines the R-APDU of the Verify command.

Table 35. R-APDU of the Verify command

1. At each session, the RF host can check a password 3 times.

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.7.2 Change Reference Data command

The Change Reference Data command replaces the read or write password related to the NDEF files previously selected. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the reference data of the NDEF file.

Table 36 defines the Change Reference Data command.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le			
-	0x00	0x24	2 bytes	0x10	Lc bytes	-			
Class byte									
Instruction co	de								
Password identification 0x0001: Read password transmit 0x0002: Write password transmit Other: RFU ⁽¹⁾									
0x10: the password is present in the data field									
NDEF new file Password									
(empty field)									

Table 36. Change reference data command format

1. Return ERROR code when used.



				3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment		
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-		
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the access right has been changed		
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure		
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Unsuccessful updating		
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied		
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect param. in file structure		
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found		
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values		

 Table 37. R-APDU of the Change Reference Data command

Note: Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.7.3 Enable Verification Requirement command

The Enable Verification Requirement command activates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is protected by a 128-bit password. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 5 ms.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

Table 38 defines the Enable Verification requirement command.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le			
-	0x00	0x28	2 bytes	-	-	-			
Class byte	-								
Instruction co	de								
	attributes ole the read pro ole the write pro								
(empty field)									
(empty field)									
(empty field)						-			

Table 38. Enable Verification Requirement command format



The last five bits identify the password sent in the Verify command.

Table 39 defines the R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command.

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	Incorrect param. in cmd data field
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values

 Table 39. R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command

Note: Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.7.4 Disable Verification Requirement command

The Disable Requirement command deactivates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is granted without security requirements. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 40 defines the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le			
-	0x00	0x26	2 bytes	-	-	-			
Class byte									
Instruction co	de								
	attributes ble the read pro ble the write pro								
(empty filed)	(empty filed)								
(empty filed)									
(empty filed)						-			

Table 40. Disable Verification Requirement command format



	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment				
Length	0	1 byte	1 byte	-				
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed, the password is correct				
Value	-	0x69	0x81	Cmd is incompatible with the file structure				
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied				
Value	-	0x6A	0x80	CC file or System file selected				
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found				
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values				
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Update failed				

Table 41, R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command

Table 41 defines the R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Note:	Note: For further return codes and definitions	, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.8 ST Proprietary command set

The RF host can be issued with the command set described in this chapter.

5.8.1 ExtendedReadBinary command

On receiving the ExtendedReadBinary command, the ST25TA512 reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending an ExtendedReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing an NDEF select command.

The response of the ExtendedReadBinary command will be successful even if the data to be read is beyond the NDEF message. The command returns an error code if the data to be read goes beyond the end of the file.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le		
-	0xA2	0xB0	2 bytes	-	-	1 byte		
ST Class byte								
Read instructi	on code							
Offset in the fi	le selected							
(empty field)								
(empty field)								
Number of by	tes to read bet	ween 0x01 ≤ Le	e≤0xFF					

Table 42. C-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command



Table 43 defines the R-APDU of the read binary command.

 Table 43. R-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command

	Data	SW1	SW2	comment
Length	Le bytes	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	Content read	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x67	0x00	Wrong length
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values

Note: Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.8.2 EnablePermanentState command

The command configures the NDEF file to the ReadOnly or to the WriteOnly State.

This command can update the right access to the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 44 defines the EnablePermanentState requirement command.

Name	CLA	INS	P1 & P2	Lc	Data	Le			
-	0xA2	0x28	2 bytes	-	-	-			
Class byte									
Instruction co	de								
	attributes the NDEF file i the NDEF file i								
(empty field)									
(empty field)	(empty field)								
(empty field)						-			

Table 44. EnablePermanentState command format

Table 45 defines the R-APDU of the EnablePermanentState command.

Table 45. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command

	Data	SW1	SW2	Comment
Length	-	1 byte	1 byte	-
Value	-	0x90	0x00	Command completed
Value	-	0x65	0x81	Update failed
Value	-	0x69	0x82	Security status not satisfied



	Data SW1 SW2		Comment	
Value	-	0x6A	0x82	File or application not found
Value	-	0x6A	0x86	Incorrect P1 or P2 values

Table 45. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command (continued)

Note:

For further return codes and definitions, refer to Section 5.6.2: Status and error codes.

5.9 Specific RF command set

This section describes the command set that can be issued only by the RF host.

5.9.1 Anticollision command set

Table 46 lists the commands that can be issued only by the RF host. The format of these commands is described in the NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification.

Family command set	Command name	Instruction code
	ALL_REQ	0x52 ⁽¹⁾
	SENS_REQ	0x26 ⁽¹⁾
NFC-A technology	SDD_REQ	0x93 or 0x95
	SEL_REQ	0x93 or 0x95
	SLP_REQ	0x50

Table 46. Commands issues by the RF host

1. Code on 7 bits.

Note: In response to a SDD_REQ Command with a SEL_PAR value equal to 20h, ST25TA512 in the Operating Field transmit the requested cascade level of their NFCID1 (NFCID1 CLn, with n=1 or 2). The NFCID1 of ST25TA512 consists of 7 bytes. The length of the Response containing a complete NFCID1 cascade level (i.e., NFCID1 CL1, or NFCID1 CL2) is always 5 bytes. The coding of the Response depends on the value of the SEL_CMD byte and the size of the NFCID1.

Refer to example below for more details .

Table 47.	Example of	of anticollision	sequence
-----------	------------	------------------	----------

Command	Code	Comment	Response	Code	Comment
SENS_REQ	26			10.00	UID double size bit
or ALL-REQ	52	-	ATQA	42 00	frame anticollision
SDD_REQ 1	93 20	NVB 20 Number Valid bit (2 bytes Code & NVB)	-	CT uid1 uid2 uid3 BCC	CT Cascade Tag "0x88" (UID 7bytes) BCC Block Check Character (XOR previous Bytes)

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Command	mand Code Comment		Response	Code	Comment			
SEL_REQ 1	93 70 CT uid1 uid2 uid3 BBC	NVB 70 (cmd NVB Uid lower bytes) CT Cascade Tag "0x88"	SAK & CRC	04 DAD7	UID Not complete			
SDD_REQ 2	95 20	NVB 20 Number Valid bit (2 bytes Code & NVB)	_	uid4 uid5 uid6 uid7 BCC	(UID 7bytes) BCC Block Check Character (XOR previous Bytes)			
SEL_REQ 1	95 70 uid4 uid5 uid6 uid7 BBC	NVB 70 (cmd NVB Uid Upper bytes)	SAK & CRC	20 FC70	UID complete			

 Table 47. Example of anticollision sequence (continued)

5.9.2 RATS command and ATS response

RATS command and ATS response are used for NFC Forum Type 4A Tag Platform Device Activation (as defined in NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification).

Table 48 details the RATS command. This command shall be sent after the anticollision process.

Name	INS	Par	CRC								
Byte field	0xE0	1 b	2 bytes								
Bit field		b7-b4	b3-b0								
Instruction code											
FSDI		_									
$DID \; (0 \le DID \le 14)$			•								
2 CRC bytes											

Table 48. RATS command

The FSDI field codes the FSD that defines the maximum size that an RF host is able to receive. *Table 49* gives the conversion from FDSI to FSD.

	Table 49.	Conversion	from	FDSI	to FSD
--	-----------	------------	------	------	--------

FSDI	0x0	0x1	0x2	0x3	0x4	0x5	0x6	0x7	0x8	0x9h- 0xE	0xF
FSD	16	24	32	40	48	64	96	128	256	RFU	256

The DID field defines the value of the addressed ST25TA512.



Name	TL	T0	TA(1)	TB(1)		TC(1)	CRC			
Byte field	0x05	0x75	0x80	0x60		0x02	2 bytes			
Bit field	-	-	-	b8-b5 b4-b1		-	-			
Length of the response	e ATS									
FSCI = 5 =>	FSC = 64 by	/tes								
	ım ascending ım descendin		-							
FWI field (F	WI = 6 => FW	/T = 19.2 ms)							
SFGI field (SFGI = 0 => SFGT =302 µs)										
The DID is s	The DID is supported									
2 CRC bytes	S						-			

Table 50. ATS response

The FSCI codes the FSC which stands for the maximum frame size that the ST25TA512 is able to receive. The ST25TA512 is able to receive up to 64 bytes of command. If the RF host sends a command with more than 64 bytes, the ST25TA512 will not be able to treat the command and will not reply.

The FWI which stands for the Frame Waiting time Integer codes the FWT. This time corresponds to the maximum duration while an RF host shall send before sending the next command.

The SFGI which stands for the Start-up Frame Guard Time is the minimum time that the reader shall wait after receiving the response of the ST25TA512.

5.9.3 PPS command & response^(b)

PPS (Protocol and Parameter Selection) command and response are defined in ISO/IEC 14443-4, in the Protocol Activation of PICC Type A.

The PPS command allows to change the data rates of the ascending (RF host to ST25TA512) and descending (ST25TA512 to RF host) data rates. Usage of this command is optional, ST25TA512 only supports 106 Kb/s in both direction.



b. Not useful in case of ST25TA512 which only support a Data Rate of 106 Kb/s in both direction.

	Name	INS (I	PPSS)	PPS0	PPS0 PPS1				
	Byte field	0x	DX	0x11	1 byte			2 bytes	
	Bit field	b7-b4	b3-b0	-	0b0000	b3-b2	b1-b0	-	
INS	Instruction of	code							
1113	DID	DID							
-	PPS1 is pre	esent		-					
	RFU				-				
PPS1	Descending data rate (106 kb/s) = 0b00								
	Ascending data rate (106 kb/s) = 0b00								
-	2 CRC byte	S						-	

Table 51. PPS command

The ascending and descending data rates shall be coded as described in *Table 52*.

Value	0b00	0b01	0b10	0b11
Data rate	106 kbps	RFU	RFU	RFU

When the ST25TA512 is able to change both data rates, it returns the following response. The data rate of this response is 106 kbps; then, the ST25TA512 changes the ascending and descending data rates.

Table 53 gives the details of the PPS response.

Table	53.	PPS	res	ponse
-------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Name	RESPONS	CRC	
Byte field	0xDX		2 bytes
Bit field	b8-b5	b4-b1	-
Response code			
DID field			
2 CRC bytes			-



6 **RF** device operation

6.1 Anticollision and Device Activation command set for the RF interface

The ST25TA512 device supports the command set defined in the NFC-A Technology and the Type 4A Tag Platform chapters of the NFC Digital Protocol V1.0 specification.

6.2 Open an RF session

Once the RF host has terminated the anticollision procedure and retrieve the ATS response, it shall send the SelectApplication command. The ST25TA512 will open an RF session. At this point, the RF host can send the applicative command set.

6.3 Close an RF session

The RF host can close the RF session by issuing one of these methods:

- send an S(DES) command
- turn off the RF field

6.4 Applicative command set

The applicative command set is composed of the following command sets:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set



7 Functional procedures

This section describes some procedure to access the memory or manage its protection.

7.1 Selection of an NDEF message

The RF host shall use this procedure to detect the NDEF message inside an ST25TA512.

The NDEF detection procedure is as follows:

- 1. Open an RF session
- 2. Send the SelectNDEFTagApplication command
- 3. Select the CC file
- 4. Read the CC file
- 5. Select the NDEF file.

7.2 Reading of an NDEF message

The RF host executes the NDEF read procedure to read the NDEF file.

- 1. Detect successfully the NDEF file using the NDEF detection procedure
- 2. Check that the read access without any security is granted for the NDEF file from the information provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Read the NDEF file.

7.3 Reading a locked NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Present the Read password by using the Verify command
- 4. Read the data in the NDEF file.

7.4 Locking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to protect an NDEF file.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Check the right access provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Present the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 5. Lock the NDEF file by sending the Enable verification command.



7.5 Unlocking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Present the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 4. Unlock the NDEF file by sending the Disable verification command.

7.6 Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file which has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Transmit the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 4. Send an EnablePermanentState command.

7.7 Changing a File type Procedure

The RF host executes this procedure to change the File Type of a file for which all access rights were previously granted.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the File to be modified
- 3. Set the File Length to 0x00 using the UpdateBinary command
- 4. Send an UpdateFileType command with the New file Type as data.



8 UID: Unique identifier

The ST25TA512 is uniquely identified by a 7 bytes unique identifier (UID). The UID is a read-only code and comprises:

- The IC manufacturer code on 1 byte (0x02 for STMicroelectronics).
- The Product code on 1 byte.
- A device number on 5 bytes.

Table 54 describes the UID format.

Table 54. UID format

-	0x02	0xE5	5 bytes
IC manufacturer code			
ST25TA512 product code	!		
Device number			



9 Maximum rating

Stressing the device above the rating listed in *Table 55* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit	
T _A	Ambient operating temperature		-40	85	°C	
T _{STG} ,			15	25	°C	
h _{STG} ,	Storage conditions	Sawn wafer on UV tape	-	6 ⁽¹⁾	months	
t _{STG}			Kept in its original packing form			
	Storage temperature	Sawn bumped	15	25	°C	
T _{STG}	Storage time	Wafer (kept in its antistatic bag)		6	months	
I _{CC} ⁽²⁾	RF supply current AC0 - AC1		-	100	mA	
V _{MAX_1} ⁽²⁾	RF input voltage amplitude between AC0 and AC1, V _{SS} pad left floating	VAC0-VAC1 (Peak to Peak)	-	10	V	
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model) ⁽³⁾	AC0-AC1	-	1000	V	

1. Counted from ST shipment date.

2. Based on characterization, not tested in production. Maximum absorbed power = 100 mW @ 7.5 A/m

3. AEC-Q100-002 (compliant with JEDEC Std JESD22-A114A, C1 = 100 pF, R1 = 1500 Ω , R2 = 500 Ω)

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RF electrical parameters 10

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, and the DC and AC characteristics of the device in RF mode.

The parameters in the DC and AC characteristics tables that follow are derived from tests performed under the Measurement Conditions summarized in the relevant tables. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the measurement conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
T _A	Ambient operating temperature	-40	85	°C

Table 56. Default operating	g conditions	
Paramotor	Min	Max

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
f _C	External RF signal frequency	-	13.553	13.56	13.567	MHz			
H_ISO	Operating field according to ISO	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $50^{\circ}C$	1500	-	7500	mA/m			
H_Extended	Operating field in extended temperature range	T _A = -40°C to 85°C	100	-	7500	mA/m			
H _{min}	Field detect, Set-up field ⁽¹⁾	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-	50	-	mA/m			
MICARRIER	100% carrier modulation index	MI=(A-B)/(A+B)	90	-	100	%			
t ₁	Pause A length	-	28 / f _C	-	40.5 / f _C	μs			
t ₂	Pause A low time	-	7 / f _C	-	t ₁	μs			
t ₃	Pause A rise time	-	1.5xt4	-	16 / f _C	μs			
t ₄	Pause A rise time section	-	0	-	6 / f _C	μs			
t _{MIN CD}	Minimum time from carrier generation to first data	From H-field min	-	-	5	ms			
W _t	RF write time (including internal Verify) for one page	-	-	4.468 ⁽²⁾	-	ms			
C _{TUN} / 5 ⁽³⁾	Internal tuning capacitor ⁽⁴⁾	f _C = 13.56 MHz	45	50	55	pF			
t _{RF_OFF}	RF OFF time	Chip reset	-	-	0.1	ms			

Table 57. RF characteristics⁽¹⁾

 All timing characterizations were performed on a reference antenna with the following characteristics: External size: 75 mm x 48 mm Number of turns: 4 Width of conductor: 0.5 mm Space between two conductors: 0.5 mm Value of the tuning capacitor: 50 pF (ST25TA512) Value of the coil: 2.5 μ H Tuning frequency: 14.2 MHz.

2. Time between command EOF and Response SOF when Updating NDEF message Length

3. See 5 = 50 pF

4. Characterized only, at room temperature only, measured at VAC0-VAC1 = 2 V peak to peak at 13.56 MHz.



11 Part numbering

Example:	ST2	25 T	A	512	-	A	С	6	в	5
Device type										
ST25 = RF memory										
Product Type										
T = Tags +RFID										
Protocol										
A = ISO14443-A										
Memory density										
512 (binary)										
Interface										
A = None						1				
Features										
C = Counter as option										
Operating temperature										
$6 = -40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C										
Package / Packing										
B = Bumped 120 µm										
Capacitor value										
5 = 50 pF										

Table 58. Ordering information scheme for packaged devices

Note: Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.



12 Revision history

Table 59	. Document revision history
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Date	Revision	Changes
22-Apr-2015	1	Initial release.



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