

M27V160

16 Mbit (2Mb x8 or 1Mb x16) Low Voltage UV EPROM and OTP EPROM

Features

3V to 3.6V Low Voltage in Read Operation

Access Time: 100 ns

Byte-wide or Word-wide Configurable

16 Mbit Mask ROM Replacement

■ Low Power Consumption

Active Current: 30 mA at 8 MHz

Standby Current: 60 μA

■ Programming Voltage: 12.5V ± 0.25V

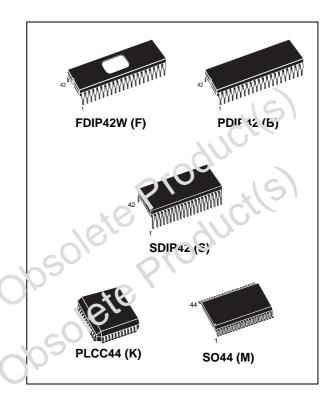
Programming Time: 50 µs/word

Electronic Signature

- Manufacturer Code: 20h

- Device Code: B1h

Obsolete Product(s).
Obsolete Product(s).



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1 Summary description

The M27V160 is a low voltage 16 Mbit EPROM offered in the two ranges UV (ultra violet erase) and OTP (one time programmable). It is ideally suited for microprocessor systems requiring large data or program storage. It is organised as either 2 Mbit words of 8 bit or 1 Mbit words of 16 bit. The pin-out is compatible with a 16 Mbit Mask ROM.

The M27V160 operates in the read mode with a supply voltage as low as 3V. The decrease in operating power allows either a reduction of the size of the battery or an increase in the time between battery recharges.

The FDIP42W (window ceramic frit-seal package) has a transparent lid which allows the user to expose the chip to ultraviolet light to erase the bit pattern. A new pattern can then be written rapidly to the device by following the programming procedure.

For applications where the content is programmed only one time and erasura is not required, the M27V160 is offered in PDIP42, SDIP42, PLCC44 and SO44 packages.

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers the M27V160 in ECOPACK® packages. ECOPACK packages are Lead-free. The category of second Level Interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering cor. This is are also marked on the inner box label.

ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK® specifications are available at: www.st.com.

See *Figure 1: Logic Diagram* and *Takie in Signal descriptions* for a brief overview of the signals connected to this device.

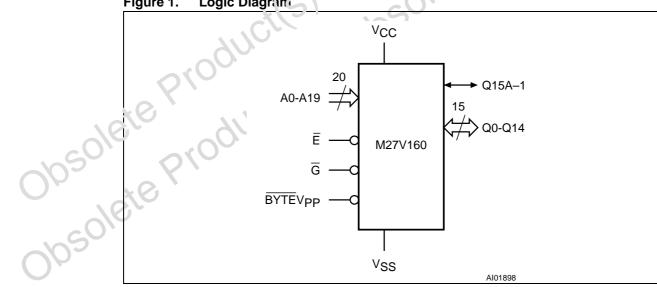


Figure 1. Logic Diagram

Table 1. Signal descriptions

Signal	Description
A0-A19	Address Inputs
Q0-Q7	Data Outputs
Q8-Q14	Data Outputs
Q15A-1	Data Output / Address Input
Ē	Chip Enable
G	Output Enable
BYTEV _{PP}	Byte Mode / Program Supply
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage
V _{SS}	Ground
NC	Not Connected Internally

Figure 2. DIP Connections

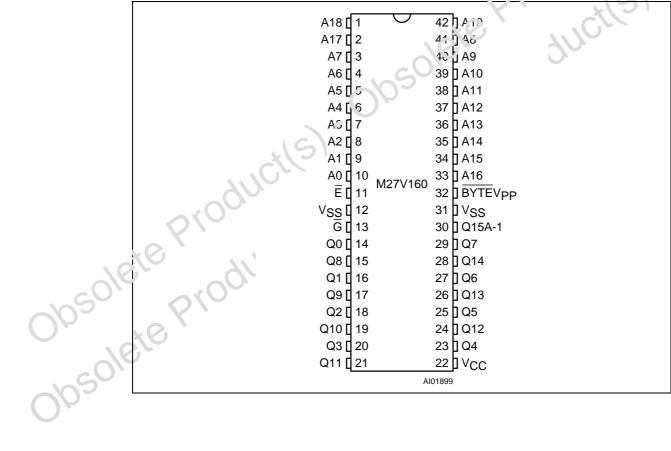


Figure 3. SO Connections

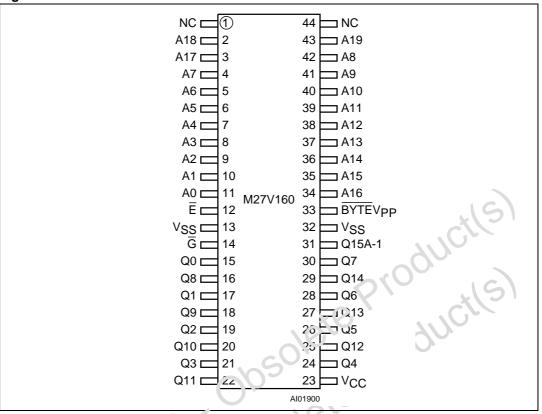
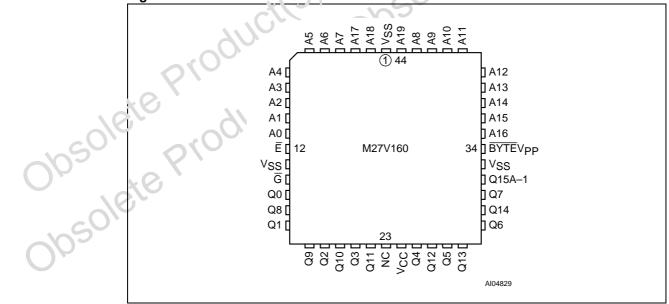


Figure 4. PLCC Connections



Device description M27V160

2 Device description

Table 2 lists the operating modes of the M27V160. A single power supply is required in the read mode. All inputs are TTL compatible except for V_{PP} and 12V on A9 for the Electronic Signature.

Table 2. Operating Modes ⁽¹⁾

Mode	E	G	BYTEV _{PP}	A9	Q15A-1	Q14-Q8	Q7-Q0
Read Word-wide	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V _{IH}	Χ	Data Out	Data Out	Data Out
Read Byte-wide Upper	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V _{IL}	Х	V _{IH}	Hi-Z	Data Out
Read Byte-wide Lower	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V _{IL}	Х	V_{IL}	Hi-Z	Data Out
Output Disable	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	Х	Х	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Program	V _{IL} Pulse	V _{IH}	V _{PP}	Х	Data In	L'atu In	Data In
Verify	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	V _{PP}	Х	Data Out	Data Out	Data Out
Program Inhibit	V _{IH}	V _{IH}	V _{PP}	Х	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Standby	V _{IH}	Х	Х	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Electronic Signature	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{ID}	Code	Codes	Codes

^{1.} $X = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} , $V_{ID} = 12V \pm 0.5V$.

2.1 Read mode

The M27V160 has two organisations, Word-wide and Byte-wide. The organisation is selected by the signal level on the BYTEVPP pin. When BYTEVPP is at V_{IH} the Word-wide organisation is selected and the Q15A–1 pin is used for Q15 Data Output. When the BYTEVPP pin is at V_{IL} the Byte-wide organisation is selected and the Q15A–1 pin is used for the Address input A–1. When the memory is logically regarded as 16 bit wide, but read in the Byte-wide organisation, then with A–1 at V_{IL} the lower 8 bits of the 16 bit data are selected and with A–1 at V_{IH} the upper 8 bits of the 16 bit data are selected.

The M27V160 has two control functions, both of which must be logically active in order to obtain data at the outputs. In addition the Word-wide or Byte- wide organisation must be selected.

Chip Enable (\overline{E}) is the power control and should be used for device selection. Output Enable (\overline{G}) is the output control and should be used to gate data to the output pins independent of device selection. Assuming that the addresses are stable, the address access time (t_{AVQV}) is equal to the delay from \overline{E} to output (t_{ELQV}) . Data is available at the output after a delay of t_{GLQV} from the falling edge of \overline{G} , assuming that \overline{E} has been low and the addresses have been stable for at least t_{AVQV} t_{GLQV} .

2.2 Standby mode

The M27V160 has a standby mode which reduces the active current from 20mA to 20 μ A with low voltage operation V_{CC} \leq 3.6V, see Read Mode DC Characteristics table for details. The M27V160 is placed in the standby mode by applying a CMOS high signal to the

M27V160 Device description

 \overline{E} input. When in the standby mode, the outputs are in a high impedance state, independent of the \overline{G} input.

2.3 Two-line output control

Because EPROMs are usually used in larger memory arrays, this product features a 2 line control function which accommodates the use of multiple memory connection. The two line control function allows:

- the lowest possible memory power dissipation,
- complete assurance that output bus contention will not occur.

For the most efficient use of these two control lines, \overline{E} should be decoded and used as the primary device selecting function, while \overline{G} should be made a common connection to all devices in the array and connected to the \overline{READ} line from the system control by a lines ensures that all deselected memory devices are in their low power standby rindo and that the output pins are only active when data is required from a particular nemory device.

2.4 System considerations

The power switching characteristics of Advanced CMOS EPROMs require careful decoupling of the supplies to the devices. The supply current I_{CC} has three segments of importance to the system designer: the standby current, the active current and the transient peaks that are produced by the falling and rising edges of \overline{E} . The magnitude of the transient current peaks is dependent on the capacitive and inductive loading of the device outputs. The associated transient voltage peaks can be suppressed by complying with the two line output control and by properly selected decoupling capacitors. It is recommended that a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor is used an every device between V_{CC} and V_{SS} . This should be a high frequency type of row inherent inductance and should be placed as close as possible to the device. In addition, a 4.7 μ F electrolytic capacitor should be used between V_{CC} and V_{SS} for every eight cavities. This capacitor should be mounted near the power supply connection point. The purpose of this capacitor is to overcome the voltage drop caused by the inductive effects of PCB traces.

2.5 Programming

The M27V160 has been designed to be fully compatible with the M27C160. As a result the M27V160 can be programmed as the M27C160 on the same programming equipments applying 12.75V on V_{PP} and 6.25V on V_{CC} by the use of the same PRESTO III algorithm. When delivered (and after each erasure for UV EPROM), all bits of the M27V160 are in the '1' state. Data is introduced by selectively programming '0's to the desired bit locations. Although only '0's will be programmed, both '1's and '0's can be present in the data word. The only way to change a '0' to a '1' is by die exposure to ultraviolet light (UV EPROM). The M27V160 is in the programming mode when V_{pp} input is at 12.5V, \overline{G} is at V_{IH} and \overline{E} is pulsed to V_{IL}. The data to be programmed is applied to 16 bits in parallel to the data output pins. The levels required for the address and data inputs are TTL. V_{CC} is specified to be 6.25V \pm 0.25V.

Device description M27V160

2.6 Presto III programming algorithm

The Presto III Programming Algorithm allows the whole array to be programed with a guaranteed margin in a typical time of 52.5 seconds. Programming with Presto III consists of applying a sequence of 50µs program pulses to each word until a correct Verify occurs (see Figure 5.).

During programing and verify operation a Margin Mode circuit is automatically activated to quarantee that each cell is programed with enough margin. No overprogram pulse is applied since the Verify in Margin Mode at V_{CC} much higher than 3.6V provides the necessary margin to each programmed cell.

 $V_{CC} = 6.25V, V_{PP} = 12.5V$ ioducile) $\overline{E} = 50 \mu s \text{ Pulse}$ NO NO VERIF YLS ast YES CHECK ALL WORDS $\overline{\text{BYTE}}V_{PP} = V_{IH}$ 1st: V_{CC} = 5V 2nd: V_{CC} = 3V AI00901B

Figure 5. **Programming Flowchart**

Program Inhibit

Programming of multiple M27V160s in parallel with different data is also easily accomplished. Except for \overline{E} , all like inputs including \overline{G} of the parallel M27V160 may be common. A TTL low level pulse applied to a M27V160's \overline{E} input and V_{PP} at 12.5V, will program that M27V160. A high level E input inhibits the other M27V160s from being programmed.

2.8 **Program Verify**

A verify (read) should be performed on the programmed bits to determine that they were correctly programmed. The verify is accomplished with \overline{E} at V_{IH} and \overline{G} at V_{IL} , V_{PP} at 12.5V and V_{CC} at 6.25V.

M27V160 Device description

2.9 Electronic Signature

The Electronic Signature (ES) mode allows the reading out of a binary code from an EPROM that will identify its manufacturer and type. This mode is intended for use by programming equipment to automatically match the device to be programmed with its corresponding programming algorithm. The ES mode is functional in the 25°C \pm 5°C ambient temperature range that is required when programming the M27V160. To activate the ES mode, the programming equipment must force 11.5V to 12.5V on address line A9 of the M27V160, with $V_{PP} = V_{CC} = 5V$.

Two identifier bytes may then be sequenced from the device outputs by toggling address line A0 from V_{IL} to V_{IH} . All other address lines must be held at V_{IL} during Electronic Signature mode.

Byte 0 (A0 = V_{IL}) represents the manufacturer code and byte 1 (A0 = V_{IH}) the device identifier code. For the STMicroelectronics M27V160, these two identifier bytes are given in *Table 3* and can be read-out on outputs Q7 to Q0. Note that the M27V160 and M27C160 have the same identifier bytes.

Table 5. Licetion	iic Oigi	iatuic								
Identifier	Α0	Q15 and Q7	Q14 and Q6	Q13 and Q5	Q12 and Q4	011 (n) Q3	Q10 and Q2	Q9 and Q1	Q8 and Q0	Hex Data
Manufacturer's Code	V_{IL}	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	20h
Device Code	V_{IH}	1	0	Oi	1	0	0	0	1	B1h

Table 3. Electronic Signature

2.10 Erasure operation (applies to UV EPROM)

The erasure charactaristics of the M27V160 is such that erasure begins when the cells are exposed to light with wavelengths shorter than approximately 4000 Å. It should be noted that sunlight and some type of fluorescent lamps have wavelengths in the 3000-4000 Å range. Research shows that constant exposure to room level fluorescent lighting could erase a typical M27V160 in about 3 years, while it would take approximately 1 week to take erasure when exposed to direct sunlight. If the M27V160 is to be exposed to these types of lighting conditions for extended periods of time, it is suggested that opaque labels be put over the M27V160 window to prevent unintentional erasure. The recommended erasure procedure for M27V160 is exposure to short wave ultraviolet light which has a wavelength of 2537 Å. The integrated dose (i.e. UV intensity x exposure time) for erasure should be a minimum of 30 W-sec/cm². The erasure time with this dosage is approximately 30 to 40 minutes using an ultraviolet lamp with 12000 µW/cm² power rating. The M27V160 should be placed within 2.5 cm (1 inch) of the lamp tubes during the erasure. Some lamps have a filter on their tubes which should be removed before erasure.

M27V160 Maximum ratings

3 **Maximum ratings**

Absolute Maximum Ratings (1) Table 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T _A	Ambient Operating Temperature (2)	-40 to 125	°C
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-50 to 125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
V _{IO} (3)	Input or Output Voltage (except A9)	–2 to 7	V
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	–2 to 7	V
V _{A9} (3)	A9 Voltage	–2 to 13.5	51
V _{PP}	Program Supply Voltage	-2 to 14	V

Except for the rating "Operating Temperature Range", stresses above those listed in the Table "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress refings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality

^{..}cs SU.

..cs S Minimum DC voltage on Input or Output is -0.5V with pressible undershoot to -2.0V for a period less than 20ns. Maximum DC voltage on Output is V_{CC} +0.5V with pressible overshoot to V_{CC} +2V for a period less than 20ns.

4 DC and AC parameters

 $T_A = 0$ to 70°C or -40 to 85°C; $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$; $V_{PP} = V_{CC}$

Table 5. Read Mode DC Characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Test Condition			Unit
I _{LI}	Input Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$		±1	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$		±10	μΑ
1	Supply Current	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}, I_{OUT} = 0 \text{mA},$ $f = 8 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} \le 3.6 \text{V}$		30	mA
Icc	Supply Current	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}, I_{OUT} = 0 \text{mA},$ $f = 5 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} \le 3.6 \text{V}$		20	rnΑ
I _{CC1}	Supply Current (Standby) TTL	E = V _{IH}	AL	1	mA
I _{CC2}	Supply Current (Standby) CMOS	$\overline{E} > V_{CC} - 0.2V, V_{CC} \le 3.6V$	100	60	μΑ
I _{PP}	Program Current	$V_{PP} = V_{CC}$		10	μA
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	18/10	-0.3	0.2V _{CC}	V
V _{IH} ⁽²⁾	Input High Voltage	60/	0.7V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 1	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	i _{OL} = 2.1mA		0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage TTL	I _{OH} = -400μA	2.4		V

^{1.} V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously or after V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP} .

 $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$; $V_{CC} = 3.25 \text{V} \pm 0.25 \text{V}$; $V_{PP} = 12.5 \text{V} \pm 0.25 \text{V}$

Table 3. Programming Mode DC Characteristics (1)

	101010 1	r regramming meas 20					
	Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit	
	ILI	Input Leakage Current	$0 \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$		±1	μΑ	
	I _{CC}	Supply Current			50	mA	
	l _{PP}	Program Current	$\overline{E} = V_IL$		50	mA	
16	V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V	
30/	V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.4	V _{CC} + 0.5	V	
,	V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA		0.4	V	
	V _{OH}	Output High Voltage TTL	$I_{OH} = -2.5$ mA	3.6		V	
	V _{ID}	A9 Voltage		11.5	12.5	V	

^{1.} V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP} .

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^{2.} Maximum DC voltage on Ou our is $V_{\rm CC}$ +0.5V.

Table 7. **AC Measurement Conditions**

Parameter	High Speed	Standard
Input Rise and Fall Times	≤ 10ns	≤ 20ns
Input Pulse Voltages	0 to 3V	0.4V to 2.4V
Input and Output Timing Ref. Voltages	1.5V	0.8V and 2V

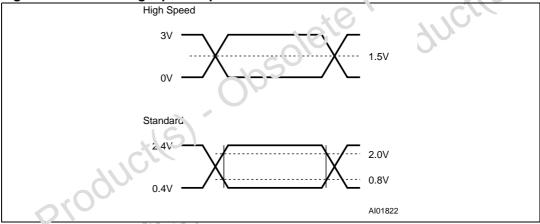
 $T_A = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$, $f = 1 \, MHz$

Capacitance (1) Table 8.

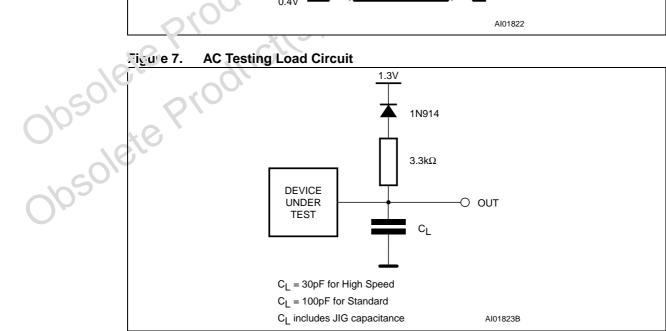
Symbol	Parameter Test Condition		Min.	Max.	Unit
C	Input Capacitance (except BYTEV _{PP})	$V_{IN} = 0V$		10	ρF
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance (BYTEV _{PP})	$V_{IN} = 0V$		120	рF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V	21	12	pF

^{1.} Sampled only, not 100% tested.

Figure 6. **AC Testing Input Output Waveform**



AC Testing Load Circuit



 T_A = 0 to 70°C or -40 to 85°C; V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 10%; V_{PP} = V_{CC}

Table 9. Read Mode AC Characteristics (1)

						M27	V160			
Symbol	Alt	Parameter	Test Condition	-10	0 ⁽²⁾	-1	20	-1	50	Unit
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{AVQV}	t _{ACC}	Address Valid to Output Valid	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}$		100		120		150	ns
t _{BHQV}	t _{ST}	BYTE High to Output Valid	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}$		100		120		150	ns
t _{ELQV}	t _{CE}	Chip Enable Low to Output Valid	G = V _{IL}		100		120		150	ns
t _{GLQV}	t _{OE}	Output Enable Low to Output Valid	E = V _{IL}		50		60	. C	60	ns
t _{BLQZ} (3)	t _{STD}	BYTE Low to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}$		45		50	2	50	ns
t _{EHQZ} (3)	t _{DF}	Chip Enable High to Output Hi-Z	G = V _{IL}	0	45	C		0	50	ns
t _{GHQZ} (3)	t _{DF}	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}$	0	45	0	50	0	50	ns
t _{AXQX}	t _{OH}	Address Transition to Output Transition	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}$	5		5	20	5		ns
t _{BLQX}	t _{OH}	BYTE Low to Output Transition	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{C} = V_{IL}$	5	0.	5		5		ns

- 1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP} .
- 2. Speed obtained with High Speed measurement conditions.
- 3. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

Table 10. Programming Mode AC Characteristics (1)

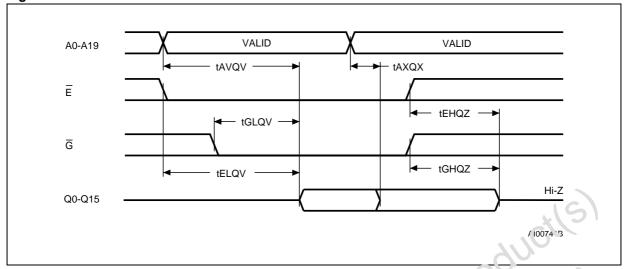
Symbol	A.K	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
t _{AV} EL	t _{AS}	Address Valid to Chip Enable Low		2		μs
twel	t _{DS}	Input Valid to Chip Enable Low		2		μs
t _{VPHAV}	t _{VPS}	V _{PP} High to Address Valid		2		μs
t _{VCHAV}	t _{VCS}	V _{CC} High to Address Valid		2		μs
t _{ELEH}	t _{PW}	Chip Enable Program Pulse Width		45	55	μs
t _{EHQX}	t _{DH}	Chip Enable High to Input Transition		2		μs
t _{QXGL}	t _{OES}	Input Transition to Output Enable Low		2		μs
t _{GLQV}	t _{OE}	Output Enable Low to Output Valid			120	ns
t _{GHQZ} (2)	t _{DFP}	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z		0	130	ns
t _{GHAX}	t _{AH}	Output Enable High to Address Transition		0		ns

^{1.} V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP} .

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^{2.} Sampled only, not 100% tested.

Word-Wide Read Mode AC Waveforms Figure 8.



 $\overline{BYTE}V_{PP} = V_{IH}.$ Note:

Figure 9. **Byte-Wide Read Mode AC Waveforms**

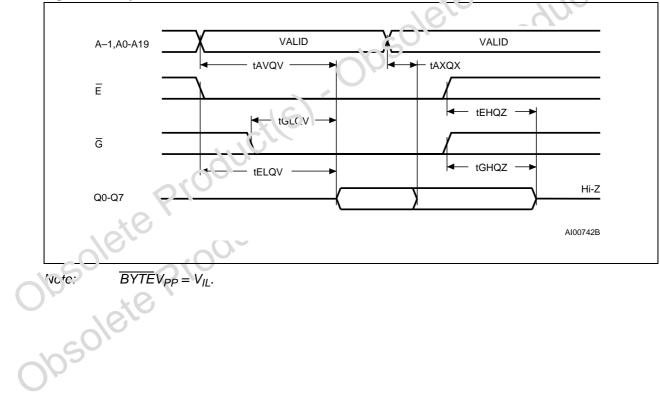
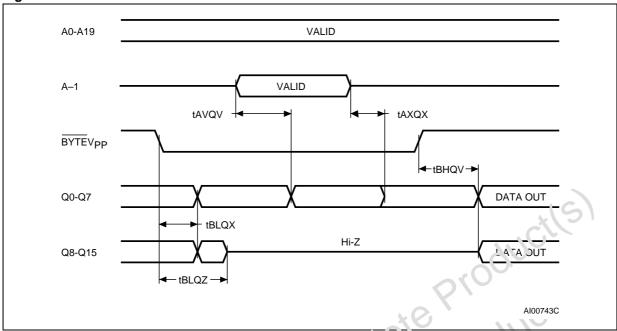
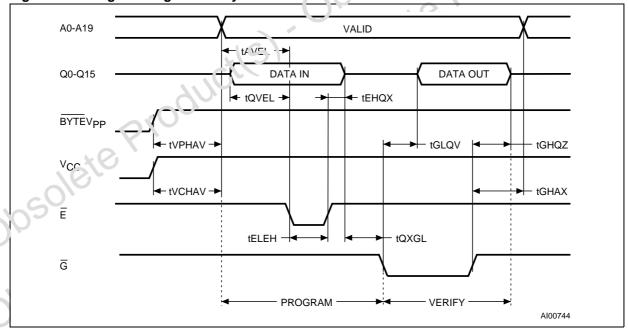


Figure 10. BYTE Transition AC Waveforms



Note: Chip Enable (\overline{E}) and Output Enable $(\overline{G}) = V_{IL}$.

Figure 11. Programming and Verify Modes AC 11/19 religions



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5 Package mechanical data

5.1 42-pin Ceramic Frit-seal DIP with window (FDIP42WB)

Figure 12. FDIP42WB package outline

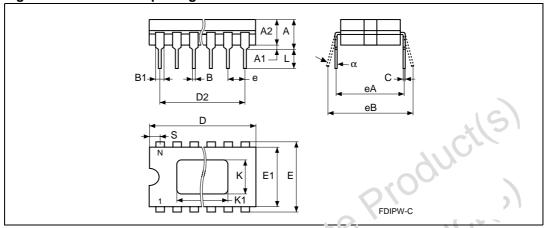


Table 11. FDIP42WB package mechanical dava

	Comple ed		millimeters	1000	0	inches	
	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
	А			5.71			0.225
	A1	0.50	G	1.78	0.020		0.070
	A2	3.90		5.08	0.154		0.200
	В	0.40		0.55	0.016		0.022
	B1	1.27		1.52	0.050		0.060
	6	0.22	6)	0.31	0.009		0.012
	D			54.81			2.158
	D2	1-10	50.80	_	_	2.000	-
	E	70,7	15.24			0.600	
1250.	E1	14.50		14.90	0.571		0.587
Uh,	е	2.29		2.79	0.090		0.110
	eА	15.40		15.80	0.606		0.622
	eB	16.17		18.32	0.637		0.721
120	K	9.32		9.47	0.367		0.373
00,	K1	11.30		11.55	0.445		0.455
	L	3.18		4.10	0.125		0.161
	S	1.52		2.49	0.060		0.098
	α	4°		15°	4°		15°
	N		42			42	

5.2 42-pin Plastic DIP, 600 mils width (PDIP42)

Figure 13. PDIP42 package outline

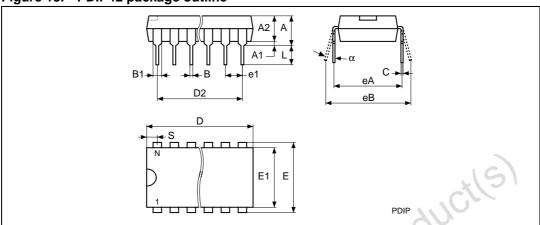


Table 12. PDIP42 package mechanical data

S	a had	millimeters			inches		
Буп	nbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Мах.
A	4	-		5.08	- 01	100	0.200
A	.1	0.25		10-3	0.010		_
A	2	3.56		4.06	0.140		0.160
E	3	0.38		0.53	0.015		0.021
В	1	1.27	(5)	1.65	0.050		0.065
(0.20		0.36	0.008		0.014
)	521.21.		52.71	2.055		2.075
D	2	<u> </u>	50.80	-	-	2.000	_
		-	15.24	-	-	0.600	_
OE	1	13.59		13.84	0.535		0.545
e	1	YFI	2.54	1	-	0.100	_
e	A	<u>) O-</u>	14.99	-	-	0.590	_
е	В	15.24		17.78	0.600		0.700
, O.	-	3.18		3.43	0.125		0.135
5	3	0.86		1.37	0.034		0.054
	χ	0°		10°	0°		10°
)	1		42			42	

5.3 42-lead Shrink Plastic DIP, 600 mils width (SDIP42)

Figure 14. SDIP42 package outline

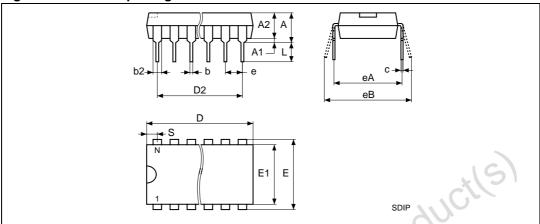


Table 13. SDIP42 package mechanical data

Symbol		millimeters		inches		
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
A			5.08		(0)	0.200
A1	0.51		703	0.020		
A2	3.05	3.81	4.57	0.120	0.150	0.180
b	0.38	0.46	0.56	0.015	0.018	0.022
b2	0.89	1.72	1,14	0.035	0.040	0.045
С	0.23	0.25	0.38	0.009	0.010	0.015
D	36.2	36.83	37.08	1.440	1.450	1.460
е	<u> </u>	1.78	_	-	0.070	_
(3)	15.24	(5)	16.00	0.600		0.630
E1	12.70	13.72	14.48	0.500	0.540	0.570
eA	YU	15.24			0.600	
eB	00		18.54			0.730
5	2.54	3.30	3.56	0.100	0.130	0.140
S		0.64			0.025	
SOLETIN		42			42	

5.4 44-lead Square Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC44)

Figure 15. PLCC44 package outline

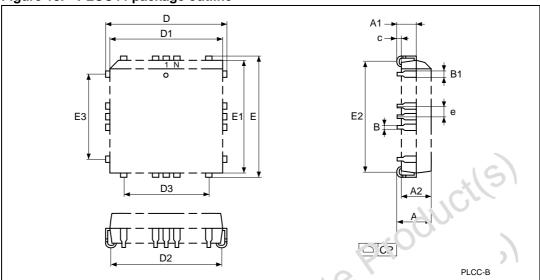


Table 14. PLCC44 package mechanical data

	Symbol		millimeters	1050	0	inches	
	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
	А	4.200		4.570	0.1654		0.1799
	A1	2.290	5	3.040	0.0902		0.1197
	A2	3.650		3.700	0.1437		0.1457
	В	0.331		0.533	0.0130		0.0210
	B1	0.361		0.812	0.0260		0.0320
	Ch		(5)	0.101			0.0040
	С		0.510			0.0201	
\ 0	D	17.400		17.650	0.6850		0.6949
	D1	16.510		16.662	0.6500		0.6560
- 1050	D2	14.990		16.000	0.5902		0.6299
Ob.	D3	_	12.700	_	_	0.5000	_
\(\)	E	17.400		17.650	0.6850		0.6949
	E1	16.510		16.660	0.6500		0.6559
1050	E2	14.990		16.000	0.5902		0.6299
Uh.	E3	_	12.700	_	_	0.5000	_
	е	_	1.270	_	_	0.0500	_
	N		44			44	

5.5 44-lead Plastic Small Outline, 525 mils body width (SO44)

Figure 16. SO44 package outline

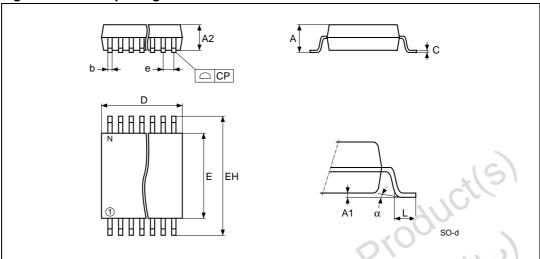


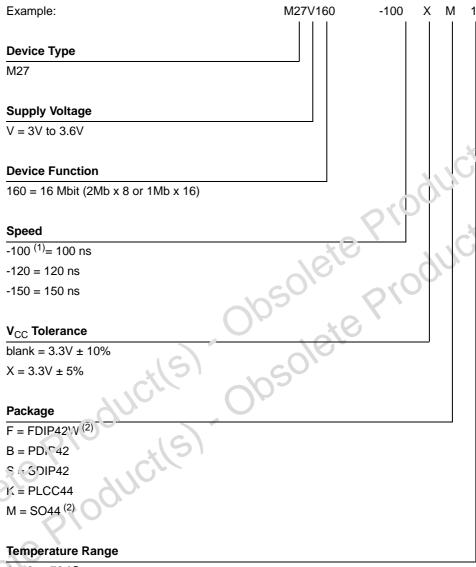
Table 15. SO44 package mechanical data

	Symbol	millimeters			inches		
	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	.Max	Min.	Тур.	Max.
	Α			2.80	40,		0.1102
	A1	0.10			0.0039		
	A2	2.20	2.30	2.40	0.0866	0.0906	0.0945
	b	0.35	0.40	0.50	0.0138	0.0157	0.0197
	С	C 10	0.15	0.20	0.0039	0.0059	0.0079
	СР	70,		0.08			0.0030
	50	28.00	28.20	28.40	1.1024	1.1102	1.1181
	C.E	13.20	13.30	13.50	0.5197	0.5236	0.5315
	EH	15.75	16.00	16.25	0.6201	0.6299	0.6398
	е	UO-	1.27	_	_	0.0500	_
5	10)	0.80			0.0315	
V	α			8°			8°
	N		44			44	

M27V160 Part Numbering

6 Part Numbering

Table 16. Ordering Information Scheme



1 = 0 to 70 °C

 $6 = -40 \text{ to } 85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

- 1. High Speed, see AC Characteristics section for further information.
- 2. Packages option available on request. Please contact STMicroelectronics local Sales Office.

For a list of available options (Speed, Package, etc...) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact the STMicroelectronics Sales Office nearest to you.

Revision history M27V160

7 Revision history

Table 17. Document revision history

	Date	Revision	Changes
	10-Mar-2000	1	First Issue
	23-Apr-2001	2	PLCC44 package added
	19-Jul-2001	3	SDIP42 package added
	21-Mar-2002	4	SO44 package mechanical and data clarified
	12-Apr-2006	5	Converted to new template. Added ECOPACK® information. Removed "On-board Programming" section. Removed Tape & ƙael Packing option.
Obsole Obsole	te Pro	ducil	S) Obsolete Product(S) (S) Obsolete Product(S)

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