### 1.8 V/2.5 V/3.3 V Crystal Input to 1:6 LVTTL/LVCMOS Clock Fanout Buffer with OE

## NB3H83905C

## Description

The NB3H83905C is a $1.8 \mathrm{~V}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $3.3 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ core Crystal input to $1: 6$ LVTTL/LVCMOS fanout buffer with outputs powered by flexible $1.8 \mathrm{~V}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V}$, or 3.3 V supply $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}$ (with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \geq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}$ ). The device accepts a fundamental Parallel Resonant crystal from 3 MHz to 40 MHz or a single-ended LVCMOS Clock from up to 100 MHz .
Two synchronous LVTTL/LVCMOS Enable lines permit independent control over outputs BCLK[0:4] and output BCLK5; enabling or disabling only when the output is in LOW state eliminating potential output glitching or runt pulse generation. When unused, leave floating open, pins will default to HIGH state.

The 6 outputs drive $50 \Omega$ series or parallel terminated transmission lines. Parallel termination should be to $1 / 2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. Series terminated lines can drive 2 loads each, or 12 lines total.

Fit, Form, and Function compatible with ICS83905 and PI6C10806.

## Features

- Six Copies of LVTTL/LVCMOS Output Clock
- Supply Operation $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \geq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}$ :
- $1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ or $3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ Core $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$
- $1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$, or $3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ Output $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}$
- Crystal Oscillator Interface
- Crystal Input Frequency Range: 3 MHz to 40 MHz
- Clock Input Frequency Range: Up to 100 MHz
- LVCMOS compatible Enable Inputs
- 5 V Tolerant Enable Inputs
- Low Output to Output Skew: 80 ps Max
- Synchronous Output Enable
- Phase Noise Floor -160 dBc (1 MHz)
- Industrial Temperature Range
- These are $\mathrm{Pb}-$ Free Devices


Figure 1. Simplified Block Diagram

ON Semiconductor ${ }^{\circledR}$
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MARKING DIAGRAMS*


| A | $=$ Assembly Location |
| :--- | :--- |
| L | $=$ Wafer Lot |
| YY, Y | $=$ Year |
| WW, W | $=$ Work Week |
| Gor | $=$ Pb-Free Package |

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)
*For additional marking information, refer to Application Note AND8002/D.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Shipping ${ }^{\dagger}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| NB3H83905CDR2G | SOIC-16 <br> (Pb-Free) | $2500 /$ <br> Tape \& Reel |
| NB3H83905CDTG | TSSOP-16 <br> (Pb-Free) | 96 Units/ <br> Tube |
| NB3H83905CDTR2G | TSSOP-16 <br> (Pb-Free) | $2500 /$ <br> Tape \& Reel |
| NB3H83905CMNG | QFN-20 <br> (Pb-Free) | 92 Units/ <br> Tube |
| NB3H83905CMNTXG | QFN-20 <br> (Pb-Free) | $3000 /$ <br> Tape \& Reel |

$\dagger$ For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.


Figure 2. Pinout Configuration (Top View)

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SOIC-16 / } \\ & \text { TSSOP-16 } \end{aligned}$ | QFN-20 | Name | I/O | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 19 | XTAL_OUT | Crystal Interface | Oscillator Output to drive Crystal |
| 2 | 20 | ENABLE 2 | LVTTL / LVCMOS Input | Synchronous Enable Input for BCLK5 Output. Switches only when HIGH. Open default condition HIGH due to an internal pullup resistor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$. |
| 3, 7, 11 | $\begin{gathered} 1,2,6,7, \\ 11,12 \end{gathered}$ | GND | GND | GND Supply pins. All GND, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDO }}$ pins must be externally connected to power supply to guarantee proper operation. |
| $\begin{gathered} 4,6,8 \\ 10,12,14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,5,8, \\ 10,13,15 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { BCLKO, 1, } \\ 2,3,4,5 \end{gathered}$ | LVCMOS Outputs | Buffered Clock Outputs |
| 5,13 | 4, 14 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDO }}$ | POWER | Positive Supply voltage for outputs. All GND, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}$ pins must be externally connected to power supply to guarantee proper operation. Bypass with $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ cap to GND. |
| 9 | 9 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | POWER | Positive Supply voltage for core. All GND, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}$ pins must be externally connected to power supply to guarantee proper operation. Bypass with $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ cap to GND. |
| - | 16 | NC |  | No Connect |
| 15 | 17 | ENABLE 1 | LVTTL / LVCMOS Input | Synchronous Enable Input for BCLK0/1/2/3/4 Output block. Switches only when HIGH. Open default condition HIGH due to an internal pullup resistor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| 16 | 18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XTAL_IN/ } \\ & \text { CLTK } \end{aligned}$ | Crystal Interface | Oscillator Input from Crystal. Single ended Clock Input. |
| - | EP |  | - | The Exposed Pad (EP) on the QFN-20 package bottom is thermally connected to the die for improved heat transfer out of package. The exposed pad must be attached to a heat-sinking conduit. The pad is not electrically connected to the die, but is recommended to be electrically and thermally connected to GND on the PC board. |

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Table 2. CLOCK ENABLE FUNCTION TABLE

| Control Inputs |  | Outputs |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENABLE1* | ENABLE2* $^{*}$ | BCLK0:BCLK4 | BCLK5 |
| 0 | 0 | LOW | LOW |
| 0 | 1 | LOW | Toggling |
| 1 | 0 | Toggling | LOW |
| 1 | 1 | Toggling | Toggling |

*Defaults HIGH when floating open.


Figure 3. ENABLEx Control Timing Diagram
The ENABLEx control inputs will synchronously enable or disable the selected output(s). This control detects the falling edge of the internal signal and asserts or de-asserts the output after 3 clock cycles. When ENABLEx is LOW, the outputs are disabled to a LOW state. When ENABLEx is HIGH, the outputs are enabled to toggle.

Table 3. RECOMMENDED CRYSTAL PARAMETERS

| Crystal | Fundamental AT-Cut |
| :--- | :---: |
| Frequency | 10 to 40 MHz |
| Load Capacitance* | $16-20 \mathrm{pF}$ |
| Shunt Capacitance, C0 | 7 pF Max |
| Equivalent Series Resistance | $50 \Omega \mathrm{Max}$ |
| Drive Level | 1 mW |

*See APPLICATION INFORMATION; Crystal Input Interface for CL loading

Table 4. ATTRIBUTES (Note 1)

| Characteristics | Value |
| :--- | :---: |
| ESD Protection <br> Human Body Model <br> Machine Model |  |
| Moisture Sensitivity, Indefinite Time Out of Drypack (Note 1) | $>2 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Flammability Rating <br> Oxygen Index | $>200 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Transistor Count | Level 1 |
| Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test | 28 code V-0 A 1/8" |
| 28 to 34 |  |

1. For additional information, see Application Note AND8003/D.

Table 5. MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition 1 | Condition 1 | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDx }}$ | Positive Power Supply | GND $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 4.6 | V |
| $V_{1}$ | Input Voltage |  |  | $-0.5 \leq \mathrm{V}_{1} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Temperature Range, Industrial |  |  | -40 to $\leq+85$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature Range |  |  | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\theta_{\text {JA }}$ | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient) | $\begin{gathered} 0 \mathrm{lfpm} \\ 500 \mathrm{lfpm} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SOIC-16 } \\ & \text { SOIC-16 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 55 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\theta_{\text {Jc }}$ | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case) | (Note 3) | SOIC-16 | 33-36 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient) | 0 lfpm 500 lfpm 500 lfpm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSSOP-16 } \\ & \text { TSSOP-16 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 138 \\ & 108 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{Jc}}$ | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case) | (Note 3) | TSSOP-16 | 33-36 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient) | 0 lfpm 500 lfpm 500 lfpm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { QFN-20 } \\ & \text { QFN-20 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{Jc}}$ | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case) | (Note 3) | QFN-20 | 18 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {sol }}$ | Wave Solder | 3 sec @ $248^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 265 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.
2. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and not valid simultaneously. If stress limits are exceeded device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.
3. JEDEC standard multilayer board - 2S2P (2 signal, 2 power).

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Table 6. DC CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.465 \mathrm{~V}(3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%)$; $\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| IDD | Core Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 10 | mA |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IDDO | Output Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 5 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {IH }}$ | Input HIGH Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | 2 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+$ <br> 0.3 V | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Input LOW Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | -0.3 |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4) | 2.6 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Output LOW Voltage (Note 4) |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Input Capacitance |  | 4 | pF |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (per Output) (Note 4) |  | 19 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Impedance (Note 4) |  | 7 |  | $\Omega$ |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.625 \mathrm{~V}(2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%) ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| IDD | Core Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 8 | mA |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IDDO | Output Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 4 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input HIGH Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | 1.7 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+$ <br> 0.3 V | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Input LOW Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | -0.3 |  | 0.7 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output HIGH Voltage (IOH = -1 mA) <br> Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4) | 2.0 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Output LOW Voltage (IOL $=1 \mathrm{~mA})$ <br> Output LOW Voltage (Note 4) |  |  | V |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance |  |  | 0.4 | V |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (per Output) (Note 4) |  | 4 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Impedance (Note 4) |  | 18 |  | pF |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}) ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| IDD | Core Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 5 | mA |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IDDO | Output Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 3 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input HIGH Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | $0.65 * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+$ <br> 0.3 V | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Input LOW Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | -0.3 |  | $0.35 * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}-$ <br> 0.3 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Output LOW Voltage (Note 4) |  |  | 0.35 | V |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance |  | 4 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (per Output) (Note 4) |  | 16 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Impedance (Note 4) |  | 10 |  | $\Omega$ |

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 Ifpm.
4. Parallel terminated $50 \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}} / 2$ (see Figure 5).

Table 6. DC CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.465 V (3.3 V $\pm 5 \%$ ); $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.625 \mathrm{~V}(2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%)$; $\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| IDD | Core Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 10 | mA |
| IDDO | Output Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 4 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input HIGH Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | 2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+ \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Input LOW Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | -0.3 |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output HIGH Voltage ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-1 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 1.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output LOW Voltage ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) Output LOW Voltage (Note 4) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.4 \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance |  | 4 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (per Output) (Note 4) |  | 18 |  | pF |
| Rout | Output Impedance (Note 4) |  | 7 |  | $\Omega$ |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.465 \mathrm{~V}(3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%) ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}\left(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}\right.$.); $\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| IDD | Core Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 10 | mA |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IDDO | Output Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 3 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input HIGH Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | 2 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+$ <br> 0.3 V | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Input LOW Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | -0.3 |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}-$ <br> 0.3 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output LOW Voltage (Note 4) |  |  | 0.35 | V |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance |  | 4 | pF |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (per Output) (Note 4) |  | 16 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Impedance (Note 4) |  | 10 |  | $\Omega$ |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.625 \mathrm{~V}(\mathbf{2 . 5} \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%)$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V})$; $\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| IDD | Core Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 8 | mA |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IDDO | Output Quiescent Power Supply Current (ENABLEx = LOW) |  |  | 3 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input HIGH Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | 1.7 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+$ <br> 0.3 V | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Input LOW Voltage ENABLEx, XTAL_IN/CLK | -0.3 |  | 0.7 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}-$ <br> 0.3 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output LOW Voltage (Note 4) |  |  | 0.35 | V |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance |  | 4 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (per Output) (Note 4) |  | 16 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Impedance (Note 4) |  | 10 |  | $\Omega$ |

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 Ifpm.
4. Parallel terminated $50 \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}} / 2$ (see Figure 5).

Table 7. AC CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.465 V ( $3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ ); $\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note 5 )

| $F_{\text {max }}$ | Input Frequency Crystal | 3 |  | 40 | MHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input Frequency Clock (XTAL_IN/CLK) | DC |  | 100 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EN }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {DIS }}$ | Delay for Output Enable / Disable Time ENABLEx to BCLKn |  |  | 4 | Cycles |
| $\mathrm{tSKEW}_{\text {DC }}$ | Duty Cycle Skew (See Figure 4) | 48 |  | 52 | \% |
| tSKEW $_{\text {O-O }}$ | Output to Output Skew Within A Device (same conditions) | 0 | 50 | 80 | ps |
| ФNOISE | Phase-Noise Performance $\mathrm{f}_{\text {out }}=25 \mathrm{MHz}$ <br> 100 Hz off Carrier <br> 1 kHz off Carrier 10 kHz off Carrier 100 kHz off Carrier |  | $\begin{aligned} & -123 \\ & -142 \\ & -153 \\ & -164 \end{aligned}$ |  | dBc/Hz |
| tJIT( $\Phi$ ) | RMS Phase Jitter <br> 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 12 kHz to 20 MHz 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 100 Hz to 1 MHz |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.08 \\ & 0.08 \end{aligned}$ |  | ps |
| tr/tf | Output rise and fall times (20\%; 80\%) | 200 |  | 800 | ps |



| $F_{\text {max }}$ | Input Frequency Crystal | 3 |  | 40 | MHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input Frequency Clock (XTAL1) | DC |  | 100 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EN }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {DIS }}$ | Delay for Output Enable / Disable Time ENABLEx to BCLKn |  |  | 4 | Cycles |
| tSKEW ${ }_{\text {DC }}$ | Duty Cycle Skew (See Figure 4) | 47 |  | 53 | \% |
| tSKEW $_{\text {O-O }}$ | Output to Output Skew Within A Device (same conditions) | 0 | 50 | 80 | ps |
| ФNOISE | $\begin{array}{lr} \hline \text { Phase-Noise Performance } \mathrm{f}_{\text {out }}=25 \mathrm{MHz} & \\ & 100 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { off Carrier } \\ 1 \mathrm{kHz} \text { off Carrier } \\ 10 \mathrm{kHz} \text { off Carrier } \\ 100 \mathrm{kHz} \text { off Carrier } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -118 \\ & -137 \\ & -151 \\ & -165 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{dBc} / \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| tJIT( $\Phi$ ) | RMS Phase Jitter <br> 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 12 kHz to 20 MHz 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 100 Hz to 1 MHz |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.13 \\ & 0.13 \end{aligned}$ |  | ps |
| tr/tf | Output rise and fall times (20\%; 80\%) | 200 |  | 800 | ps |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}) ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note 5)

| $F_{\text {max }}$ | Input Frequency Crystal | 3 |  | 40 | MHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input Frequency Clock (XTAL1) | DC |  | 100 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EN }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {DIS }}$ | Delay for Output Enable / Disable Time ENABLEx to BCLKn |  |  | 4 | Cycles |
| $\mathrm{tSKEW}_{\text {DC }}$ | Duty Cycle Skew (See Figure 4) | 47 |  | 53 | \% |
| $\mathrm{tSKEW}_{\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}}$ | Output to Output Skew Within A Device (same conditions) | 0 | 50 | 80 | ps |
| ФNOISE | $\text { Phase-Noise Performance } \mathrm{f}_{\text {out }}=25 \mathrm{MHz}$ <br> 100 Hz off Carrier <br> 1 kHz off Carrier 10 kHz off Carrier 100 kHz off Carrier |  | $\begin{aligned} & -129 \\ & -145 \\ & -147 \\ & -157 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{dBc} / \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| tJIT( $\Phi$ ) | RMS Phase Jitter <br> 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 12 kHz to 20 MHz 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 100 Hz to 1 MHz |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.27 \\ & 0.27 \end{aligned}$ |  | ps |
| tr/tf | Output rise and fall times (20\%; 80\%) | 200 |  | 900 | ps |

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm.
5. Crystal inputs $\leq F_{\text {max }}$. Outputs loaded with $50 \Omega$ to $V_{\text {DDO/ }}$. CLOCK (LVCMOS levels at XTAL1 input) $50 \%$ duty cycle.

See Figures 4 and 7. See APPLICATION INFORMATION; Crystal Input Interface for CL loading.

Table 7. AC CHARACTERISTICS
(continued)

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.465 V (3.3 V $\pm 5 \%$ ); $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDO }}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.625 V (2.5 $\mathrm{V} \pm 5 \%$ ); GND $=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note 5) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\text {max }}$ | Input Frequency Crystal | 3 |  | 40 | MHz |
|  | Input Frequency Clock (XTAL_IN/CLK) | DC |  | 100 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EN }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {DIS }}$ | Delay for Output Enable / Disable Time ENABLEx to BCLKn |  |  | 4 | Cycles |
| tSKEW ${ }_{\text {DC }}$ | Duty Cycle Skew (See Figure 4) | 48 |  | 52 | \% |
| tSKEW $_{\text {O-O }}$ | Output to Output Skew Within A Device (same conditions) | 0 | 50 | 80 | ps |
| ФNOISE | Phase-Noise Performance $\mathrm{f}_{\text {out }}=25 \mathrm{MHz}$ <br> 100 Hz off Carrier <br> 1 kHz off Carrier 10 kHz off Carrier 100 kHz off Carrier |  | $\begin{aligned} & -129 \\ & -145 \\ & -147 \\ & -157 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{dBc} / \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| tJIT( $\Phi$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RMS Phase Jitter } \\ & \qquad \begin{array}{l} 25 \mathrm{MHz} \text { carrier, Integration Range } 12 \mathrm{kHz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{MHz} \\ 25 \mathrm{MHz} \text { carrier, Integration Range } 100 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 1 \mathrm{MHz} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.14 \\ & 0.14 \end{aligned}$ |  | ps |
| tr/tf | Output rise and fall times (20\%; 80\%) | 200 |  | 800 | ps |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.465 \mathrm{~V}(3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%) ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}) ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note 5)

| $F_{\text {max }}$ | Input Frequency Crystal | 3 |  | 40 | MHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input Frequency Clock (XTAL1) | DC |  | 100 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EN }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {DIS }}$ | Delay for Output Enable / Disable Time ENABLEx to BCLKn |  |  | 4 | Cycles |
| tSKEW ${ }_{\text {DC }}$ | Duty Cycle Skew (See Figure 4) | 48 |  | 52 | \% |
| tSKEW $_{\text {O-O }}$ | Output to Output Skew Within A Device (same conditions) | 0 | 50 | 80 | ps |
| ФNOISE | $\begin{array}{lr} \hline \text { Phase-Noise Performance } \mathrm{f}_{\text {out }}=25 \mathrm{MHz} & 100 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { off Carrier } \\ 1 \mathrm{kHz} \text { off Carrier } \\ 10 \mathrm{kHz} \text { off Carrier } \\ 100 \mathrm{kHz} \text { off Carrier } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -129 \\ & -145 \\ & -147 \\ & -157 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{dBc} / \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| tJIT( $\Phi$ ) | RMS Phase Jitter <br> 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 12 kHz to 20 MHz 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 100 Hz to 1 MHz |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.18 \\ & 0.18 \end{aligned}$ |  | ps |
| tr/tf | Output rise and fall times (20\%; 80\%) | 200 |  | 900 | ps |

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.625 \mathrm{~V}(2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%) ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}) ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note 5)

| $F_{\text {max }}$ | Input Frequency Crystal | 3 |  | 40 | MHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input Frequency Clock (XTAL1) | DC |  | 100 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EN }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {DIS }}$ | Delay for Output Enable / Disable Time ENABLEx to BCLKn |  |  | 4 | Cycles |
| tSKEW ${ }_{\text {DC }}$ | Duty Cycle Skew (See Figure 4) | 47 |  | 53 | \% |
| tSKEW $_{\text {O-O }}$ | Output to Output Skew Within A Device (same conditions) | 0 | 50 | 80 | ps |
| ФNOISE | $\text { Phase-Noise Performance } \mathrm{f}_{\text {out }}=25 \mathrm{MHz}$ <br> 100 Hz off Carrier 1 kHz off Carrier 10 kHz off Carrier 100 kHz off Carrier |  | $\begin{aligned} & -129 \\ & -145 \\ & -147 \\ & -157 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{dBc} / \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| tJIT( $\Phi$ ) | RMS Phase Jitter <br> 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 12 kHz to 20 MHz 25 MHz carrier, Integration Range 100 Hz to 1 MHz |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.19 \\ & 0.19 \end{aligned}$ |  | ps |
| tr/tf | Output rise and fall times (20\%; 80\%) | 200 |  | 900 | ps |

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm.
5. Crystal inputs $\leq F_{\max }$. Outputs loaded with $50 \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}} / 2$. CLOCK (LVCMOS levels at XTAL1 input) $50 \%$ duty cycle.

See Figures 4 and 7. See APPLICATION INFORMATION; Crystal Input Interface for CL loading.


Figure 4. AC Reference Measurement


Figure 5. Typical Phase Noise Plot of the NB3H83905C Operating at $25 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$

## NB3H83905C



Figure 6. Typical Phase Noise Plot of the NB3H83905C Operating at $25 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure 7. Typical Device Evaluation and Termination Setup - See Table 8

Table 8. TEST SUPPLY SETUP. VDDO SUPPLY MAY BE CENTERED ON 0.0 V (SCOPE GND) TO PERMIT DIRECT CONNECTION INTO "50 $\Omega$ TO GND" SCOPE MODULE. VDD

| Spec Condition: | Test Setup $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}:$ | Test Setup $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDo: }}$ | Test Setup DUT GND: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.465 \mathrm{~V}(3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%)$ | 1.56 to 1.73 V | 1.56 to 1.73 V | -1.56 to -1.73 V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.625 \mathrm{~V}(2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%)$ | 1.1875 to 1.3125 V | 1.1875 to 1.3125 V | -1.1875 to -1.3125 V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V})$ | 0.8 to 1.0 V | 0.8 to 1.0 V | -0.8 to -1.0 V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.465 \mathrm{~V}(3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%) ;$ | 1.955 to 2.1525 V | 1.1875 to 1.3125 V | -1.1875 to -1.3125 V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.625 \mathrm{~V}(2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%)$ |  | 0.8 to 1.0 V | -0.8 to -1.0 V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.135 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.465 \mathrm{~V}(3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%) ;$ | 2.335 to 2.465 V |  |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V})$ | 0.8 to 1.0 V | -0.8 to -1.0 V |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=2.375 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.625 \mathrm{~V}(2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%) ;$ | 1.575 to 1.625 V |  |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DDO}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}(1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V})$ |  |  |  |

## NB3H83905C

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

## Crystal Input Interface

Figure 8 shows the NB3H83905C device crystal oscillator interface using a typical parallel resonant crystal. A parallel crystal with loading capacitance $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=18 \mathrm{pF}$ would use $\mathrm{C} 1=32 \mathrm{pF}$ and $\mathrm{C} 2=32 \mathrm{pF}$ as nominal values, assuming 4 pF of stray cap per line. The frequency accuracy and duty cycle skew can be fine tuned by adjusting the C1 and C 2 values. For example, increasing the C 1 and C 2 values will reduce the operational frequency. Note R1 is optional and may be $0 \Omega$.


Figure 8. NB3H83905C Crystal Oscillator Interface * R1 is optional

## Termination

NB3H83905C device output series termination may be used by locating a $28 \Omega$ series resistor at the driver pin as shown in Figure 9. Alternatively, a Thevenin Parallel termination may be used by locating a $100 \Omega$ pullup resistor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and a $100 \Omega$ pullup resistor to GND at the receiver pin, instead of an Rs source termination resistor, Figure 10.

## Unused Input and Output Pins

All LVCMOS control pins have internal pull-ups or pull-downs; additional external resistors are not required (optionally $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistors may be used). All unused LVCMOS outputs can be left floating with no trace attached.

## Bypass

The $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDO }}$ supply pins should be bypassed with both a $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ cap from supply pins to GND.


Figure 9. Series Termination


Figure 10. Optional Thevenin Termination


QFN20 4x4, 0.5P
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NOTES:
. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
3. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30 Mm ANOM MERMINALTIP.
4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | MAX |
| A | 0.80 | 1.00 |
| A1 | --- | 0.05 |
| A3 | 0.20 REF |  |
| b | $0.20 \mid 0.30$4.00 BSC |  |
| D |  |  |
| D2 | 2.60 | 2.80 |
| E | 4.00 BSC |  |
| E2 | 0.50 BSC |  |
| e |  |  |
| K | 0.20 |  |
| L | 0.35 | 0.45 |
| L1 | 0.00 | 0.15 |

## GENERIC <br> MARKING DIAGRAM*

| ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{XXXXX}$ |
| :---: |
| XXXXX |
| ALYW. |

XXXXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location
L = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
W = Work Week

- = Pb-Free Package
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)
*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G", may or not be present.

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