### INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines

# 74HC/HCT4353 Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC06

December 1990

Philips Semiconductors





### 74HC/HCT4353

#### **FEATURES**

- Wide analog input voltage range: ± 5 V
- Low "ON" resistance:

80  $\Omega$  (typ.) at  $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ 

70  $\Omega$  (typ.) at  $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ 

60  $\Omega$  (typ.) at  $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 9.0 \text{ V}$ 

• Logic level translation: to enable 5 V logic to communicate with  $\pm$  5 V analog signals

- Typical "break before make" built in
- · Address latches provided
- · Output capability: non-standard
- I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The 74HC/HCT4353 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices. They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT4353 are triple 2-channel analog multiplexers/demultiplexers with two common enable inputs ( $\overline{E}_1$  and  $E_2$ ) and a latch enable input ( $\overline{LE}$ ). Each

multiplexer has two independent inputs/outputs ( $nY_0$  and  $nY_1$ ), a common input/output (nZ) and select inputs ( $S_1$  to  $S_3$ ).

Each multiplexer/demultiplexer contains two bidirectional analog switches, each with one side connected to an independent input/output ( $nY_0$  and  $nY_1$ ) and the other side connected to a common input/output (nZ).

With  $\overline{E}_1$  LOW and  $E_2$  HIGH, one of the two switches is selected (low impedance ON-state) by  $S_1$  to  $S_3$ . The data at the select inputs may be latched by using the active LOW latch enable input ( $\overline{LE}$ ). When  $\overline{LE}$  is HIGH, the latch is transparent. When either of the two enable inputs,  $\overline{E}_1$  (active LOW) and  $E_2$  (active HIGH), is inactive, all analog switches are turned off.

 $V_{CC}$  and GND are the supply voltage pins for the digital control inputs (S $_1$  to S $_3$ ,  $\overline{LE}$ ,  $\overline{E}_1$  and E $_2$ ). The  $V_{CC}$  to GND ranges are 2.0 to 10.0 V for HC and 4.5 to 5.5 V for HCT. The analog inputs/outputs (nY $_0$  and nY $_1$ , and nZ) can swing between  $V_{CC}$  as a positive limit and  $V_{EE}$  as a negative limit.  $V_{CC}-V_{EE}$  may not exceed 10.0 V.

For operation as a digital multiplexer/demultiplexer, V<sub>EE</sub> is connected to GND (typically ground).

#### **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

 $V_{EE} = GND = 0 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}; t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$ 

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT		
STIVIBUL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	НС	нст	Olviii	
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time $\overline{E}_1$ , $E_2$ or $S_n$ to $V_{os}$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}; R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$	29	21	ns	
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn "OFF" time $\overline{E}_1$ , $E_2$ or $S_n$ to $V_{os}$	$V_{CC} = 5 V$	20	22	ns	
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance		3.5	3.5	pF	
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance per switch	notes 1 and 2	23	23	pF	
Cs	max. switch capacitance					
	independent (Y)		5	5	pF	
	common (Z)		8	8	pF	

#### **Notes**

1.  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu$ W):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum \{(C_L + C_S) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$$
 where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz

C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF

f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz

C<sub>S</sub> = max. switch capacitance in pF

$$\sum \{(C_L \times C_S) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0\} = \text{sum of outputs}$$

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V

2. For HC the condition is  $V_I = GND$  to  $V_{CC}$ For HCT the condition is  $V_I = GND$  to  $V_{CC} - 1.5$  V

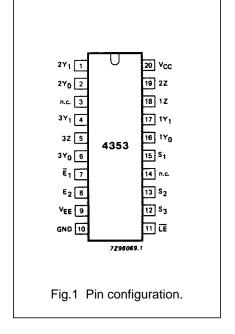
#### ORDERING INFORMATION

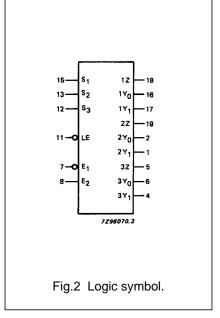
See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information".

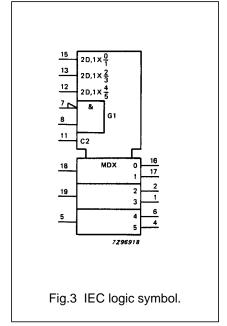
### 74HC/HCT4353

#### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
2, 1	2Y <sub>0</sub> , 2Y <sub>1</sub>	independent inputs/outputs
5	3Z	common input/output
6, 4	3Y <sub>0</sub> , 3Y <sub>1</sub>	independent inputs/outputs
3, 14	n.c.	not connected
7	Ē₁	enable input (active LOW)
8	E <sub>2</sub>	enable input (active HIGH)
9	V <sub>EE</sub>	negative supply voltage
10	GND	ground (0 V)
11	ĪĒ	latch enable input (active LOW)
15, 13, 12	S <sub>1</sub> to S <sub>3</sub>	select inputs
16, 17	1Y <sub>0</sub> , 1Y <sub>1</sub>	independent inputs/outputs
18	1Z	common input/output
19	2Z	common input/output
20	V <sub>CC</sub>	positive supply voltage







### 74HC/HCT4353

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

	INPL	CHANNEL		
E <sub>1</sub>	E <sub>2</sub>	LE	Sn	ON
Н	Н	Х	Х	none
X	L	X	X	none
L	Н	Н	L	nY0 – nZ
L	Н	Н	Н	nY <sub>1</sub> – nZ
L	Н	L	Х	(1)
X	X	↓ ↓	Х	(2)

#### **Notes**

- 1. Last selected channel "ON".
- 2. Selected channels latched.

H = HIGH voltage level

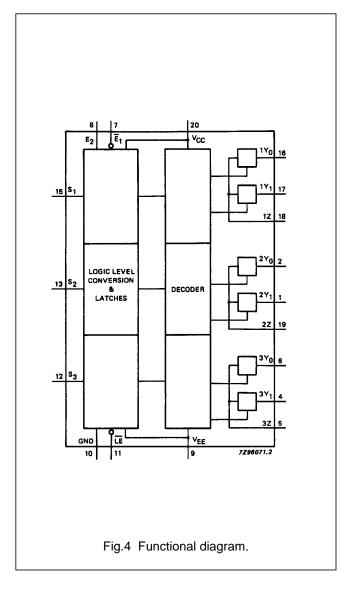
L = LOW voltage level

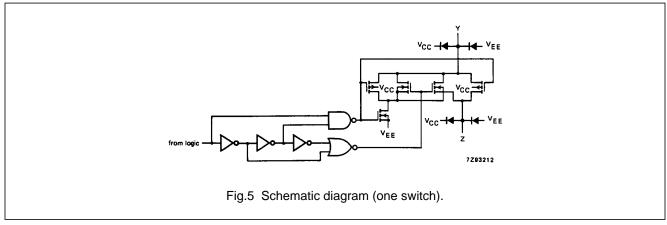
X = don't care

 $\downarrow$  = HIGH-to-LOW  $\overline{\text{LE}}$  transition

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating





# Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

### 74HC/HCT4353

#### **RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134) Voltages are referenced to  $V_{\text{EE}}$  = GND (ground = 0 V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage	-0.5	+11.0	V	
±I <sub>IK</sub>	DC digital input diode current		20	mA	for $V_I < -0.5 \text{ V}$ or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
±I <sub>SK</sub>	DC switch diode current		20	mA	for $V_S < -0.5 \text{ V}$ or $V_S > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
±I <sub>S</sub>	DC switch current		25	mA	for $-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{S}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
±I <sub>EE</sub>	DC V <sub>EE</sub> current		20	mA	
±I <sub>CC</sub> ;	DC V <sub>CC</sub> or GND current		50	mA	
±I <sub>GND</sub>					
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature range	-65	+150	°C	
P <sub>tot</sub>	power dissipation per package				for temperature range: -40 to +125 °C
					74HC/HCT
	plastic DIL		750	mW	above +70 °C: derate linearly with 12 mW/K
	plastic mini-pack (SO)		500	mW	above +70 °C: derate linearly with 8 mW/K
Ps	power dissipation per switch		100	mW	

#### Note to ratings

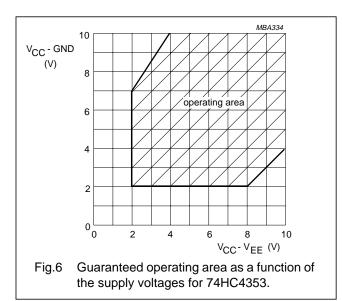
1. To avoid drawing  $V_{CC}$  current out of terminals nZ, when switch current flows in terminals nY<sub>n</sub>, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminals nZ, no  $V_{CC}$  current will flow out of terminals nY<sub>n</sub>. In this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at nY<sub>n</sub> and nZ may not exceed  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{EE}$ .

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		74HC	;		74HC	Γ	UNIT	CONDITIONS
STWIBOL	PARAIVIETER	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	UNII	CONDITIONS
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage V <sub>CC</sub> -GND	2.0	5.0	10.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	٧	see Figs 6 and 7
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage V <sub>CC</sub> -V <sub>EE</sub>	2.0	5.0	10.0	2.0	5.0	10.0	٧	see Figs 6 and 7
VI	DC input voltage range	GND		V <sub>CC</sub>	GND		V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Vs	DC switch voltage range	V <sub>EE</sub>		$V_{CC}$	V <sub>EE</sub>		$V_{CC}$	٧	
T <sub>amb</sub>	operating ambient temperature range	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C	see DC and AC
T <sub>amb</sub>	operating ambient temperature range	-40		+125	-40		+125	°C	CHARACTER- ISTICS
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	input rise and fall times		6.0	1000 500 400 250		6.0	500	ns	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}$

# Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

### 74HC/HCT4353



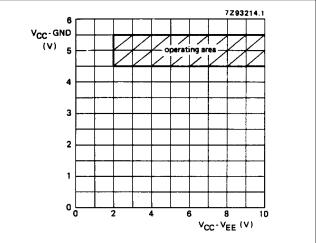


Fig.7 Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HCT4353.

#### DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC/HCT

For 74HC:  $V_{CC}$  – GND or  $V_{CC}$  –  $V_{EE}$  = 2.0, 4.5, 6.0 and 9.0 V

For 74HCT:  $V_{CC}$  – GND = 4.5 and 5.5 V;  $V_{CC}$  –  $V_{EE}$  = 2.0, 4.5, 6.0 and 9.0 V

				7	Γ <sub>amb</sub> (°	C)			TEST CONDITIONS					
CVMDOL	PARAMETER		74HC/HCT											
SYMBOL		+25		−40 t	-40 to +85 -40			UNIT	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub> (V)	<b>I</b> <sub>S</sub> (μ <b>A</b> )	Vis	Vı	
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.		(',	(',	(per ty		
R <sub>ON</sub>	ON resistance		_	_		_		_	Ω	2.0	0	100	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>
	(peak)		100	180		225		270	Ω	4.5	0	1000	to	or
			90	160		200		240	Ω	6.0	0	1000	VEE	$V_{IL}$
			70	130		165		195	Ω	4.5	-4.5	1000		
R <sub>ON</sub>	ON resistance		150	_		_		_	Ω	2.0	0	100	V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>
	(rail)		80	140		175		210	Ω	4.5	0	1000		or
			70	120		150		180	Ω	6.0	0	1000		$V_{IL}$
			60	105		130		160	Ω	4.5	-4.5	1000		
R <sub>ON</sub>	ON resistance		150	_		_		_	Ω	2.0	0	100	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>
			90	160		200		240	Ω	4.5	0	1000		or
			80	140		175		210	Ω	6.0	0	1000		$V_{IL}$
			65	120		150		180	Ω	4.5	-4.5	1000		
$\Delta R_{ON}$	maximum		_						Ω	2.0	0		Vcc	V <sub>IH</sub>
	ΔON resistance		9						Ω	4.5	0		to	or
	between any two		8						Ω	6.0	0		VEE	$V_{IL}$
	channels		6						Ω	4.5	-4.5			

#### Notes to DC characteristics

- At supply voltages (V<sub>CC</sub> V<sub>EE</sub>) approaching 2.0 V the analog switch ON-resistance becomes extremely non-linear.
   There it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital signals only, when using these supply voltages.
- 2. For test circuit measuring  $R_{\text{ON}}$  see Fig.8.

# Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

### 74HC/HCT4353

#### DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V)

					T <sub>amb</sub> (	(°C)				TEST CONDITIONS				
OVMDOL	DADAMETED				74H	С								
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	+25		−40 to +85		-40 to +125		UNIT	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub> (V)	Vı	OTHER		
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.		(*)	(*)			
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH level input voltage	1.5 3.15 4.2 6.3	1.2 2.4 3.2 4.7		1.5 3.15 4.2 6.3		1.5 3.15 4.2 6.3		V	2.0 4.5 6.0 9.0				
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW level input voltage		0.8 2.1 2.8 4.3	0.5 1.35 1.8 2.7		0.5 1.35 1.8 2.7		0.5 1.35 1.8 2.7	V	2.0 4.5 6.0 9.0				
±I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current			0.1 0.2		1.0 2.0		1.0 2.0	μΑ	6.0 10.0	0	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		
±I <sub>S</sub>	analog switch OFF-state current per channel			0.1		1.0		1.0	μΑ	10.0	0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$ V_S  = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ (see Fig.10)	
±Ι <sub>S</sub>	analog switch OFF-state current all channels			0.1		1.0		1.0	μΑ	10.0	0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$ V_S  = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ (see Fig.10)	
±I <sub>S</sub>	analog switch ON-state current			0.1		1.0		1.0	μА	10.0	0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$ V_S  = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ (see Fig.11)	
Icc	quiescent supply current			8.0 16.0		80.0 160.0		160.0 320.0	μА	6.0 10.0	0	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$	

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### 74HC/HCT4353

#### **AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC**

 $GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF$ 

		T <sub>amb</sub> (°C)								TE	ST CO	NDITIONS
CVMDOL	DADAMETED				74HC	;						
SYMBOL	PARAMETER		+25		−40 t	o +85	-40 to	+125	UNIT	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	V <sub>EE</sub>	OTHER
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.		(	(-,	
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay V <sub>is</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		14 5 4 4	60 12 10 8		75 15 13 10		90 18 15 12	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = \infty$ ; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.18)
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time $\overline{E}_1$ ; $E_2$ to $V_{os}$		61 22 18 18	250 50 43 40		315 63 54 50		375 75 64 60	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time LE to V <sub>os</sub>		55 20 16 17	200 40 34 40		250 50 43 50		300 60 51 60	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time S <sub>n</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		61 22 18 17	225 45 38 40		280 56 48 50		340 68 58 60	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn "OFF" time $\overline{E}_1$ ; $E_2$ to $V_{os}$		66 24 19 19	250 50 43 40		315 63 54 50		375 75 64 60	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn "OFF" time $S_n$ to $V_{os}$ ; $\overline{LE}$ to $V_{os}$		55 20 16 19	200 40 34 40		250 50 43 50		300 60 51 60	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time S <sub>n</sub> to $\overline{\text{LE}}$	60 12 10 18	17 6 5 8		75 15 13 23		90 18 15 27		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.20)
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time S <sub>n</sub> to $\overline{\text{LE}}$	5 5 5 5	-6 -2 -2 -3		5 5 5 5		5 5 5 5		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.20)
t <sub>W</sub>	LE minimum pulse width HIGH	80 16 14 16	11 4 3 6		100 20 17 20		120 24 20 24		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	0 0 0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.20)

### 74HC/HCT4353

#### DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V)

					T <sub>amb</sub> (	°C)				•	TEST	COND	ITIONS
SYMBOL	PARAMETER				74HC	т			UNIT				
STWIBUL	PARAMETER		+25		-40 to +85		-40 to +125		UNII	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	Vı	OTHER
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.		( ,	( ' /		
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH level input voltage	2.0	1.6		2.0		2.0		V	4.5 to 5.5			
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW level input voltage		1.2	0.8		0.8		0.8	V	4.5 to 5.5			
±I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current			0.1		1.0		1.0	μΑ	5.5	0	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	
±I <sub>S</sub>	analog switch OFF-state current per channel			0.1		1.0		1.0	μА	10.0	0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$ V_S  = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ Fig.10
±I <sub>S</sub>	analog switch OFF-state current all channels			0.1		1.0		1.0	μΑ	10.0	0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$ V_S  = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ Fig.10
±I <sub>S</sub>	analog switch ON-state current			0.1		1.0		1.0	μΑ	10.0	0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$ V_S  = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ Fig.11
Icc	quiescent supply current			8.0 16.0		80.0 160.0		160.0 320.0	μА	5.5 5.0	0 -5.0	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os} =$ $V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{EE}$
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	additional quiescent supply current per input pin for unit load coefficient is 1 (note 1)		100	360		450		490	μА	4.5 to 5.5	0	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.1 V	other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND

#### Note to HCT types

1. The value of additional quiescent supply current ( $\Delta I_{CC}$ ) for a unit load of 1 is given here. To determine  $\Delta I_{CC}$  per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

	UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT
$\overline{E}_1,E_2$	0.50
S <sub>n</sub> LE	0.50
Œ	1.5

### 74HC/HCT4353

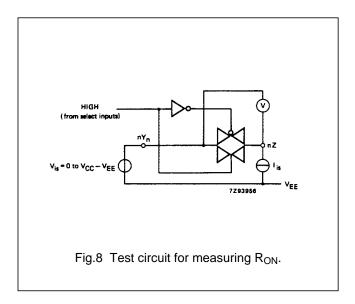
#### **AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT**

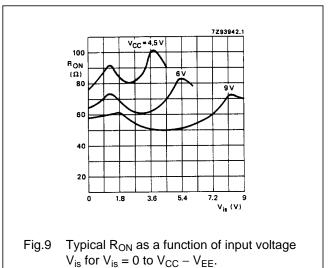
 $GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF$ 

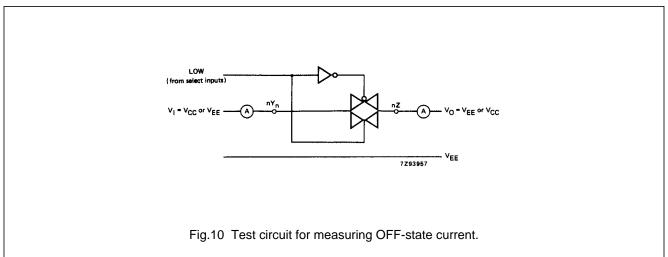
		T <sub>amb</sub> (°C)							Т	EST C	ONDITIONS	
0)/440.01	DADAMETED				74HC	T			] <u>-</u>			
SYMBOL	PARAMETER		+25		-40 t	o +85	-40 to	D +125		V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	OTHER
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.		(•)	(•)	
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay V <sub>is</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		5 4	12 8		15 10		18 12	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = \infty$ ; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.18)
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time E <sub>1</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		26 22	55 45		69 56		83 68	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time E <sub>2</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		22 18	50 40		63 50		75 60	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time LE to V <sub>os</sub>		21 17	45 40		56 50		68 60	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	turn "ON" time S <sub>n</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		25 19	50 45		63 56		75 68	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn "OFF" time $\overline{E}_1$ to $V_{os}$		23 19	50 40		63 50		75 60	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn "OFF" time E <sub>2</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		27 23	50 40		63 50		75 60	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn "OFF" time LE to V <sub>os</sub>		19 19	40 40		50 50		60 60	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	turn "OFF" time S <sub>n</sub> to V <sub>os</sub>		22 22	45 45		56 56		68 68	ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.19)
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time S <sub>n</sub> to LE	12 15	7 9		15 19		18 22		ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.20)
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time S <sub>n</sub> to LE	5 5	0 -2		5 5		5 5		ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.20)
t <sub>W</sub>	LE minimum pulse width HIGH	16 16	3 5		20 20		24 24		ns	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.20)

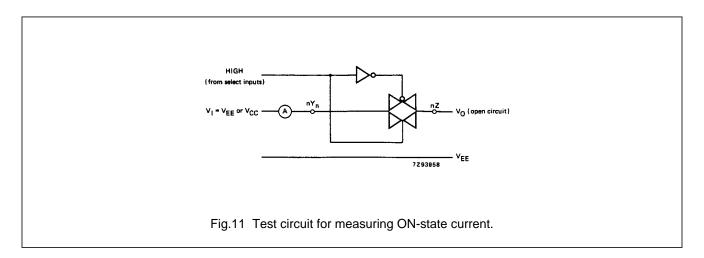
# Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

### 74HC/HCT4353









# Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

### 74HC/HCT4353

#### ADDITIONAL AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC/HCT

#### Recommended conditions and typical values

GND = 0 V;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C

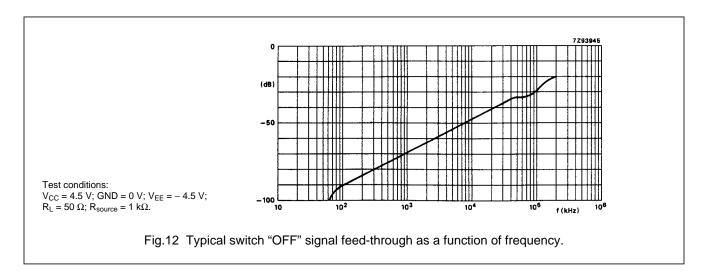
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	typ.	UNIT	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	V <sub>EE</sub> (V)	V <sub>is(p-p)</sub> (V)	CONDITIONS
	sine-wave distortion f = 1 kHz	0.04 0.02	% %	2.25 4.5	-2.25 -4.5	4.0 8.0	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega; C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.14)
	sine-wave distortion f = 10 kHz	0.12 0.06	% %	2.25 4.5	-2.25 -4.5	4.0 8.0	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega; C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (see Fig.14)
	switch "OFF" signal feed-through	-50 -50	dB dB	2.25 4.5	-2.25 -4.5	note 1	$R_L = 600 \Omega$ ; $C_L = 50 pF$ f = 1 MHz (see Figs 12 and 15)
	crosstalk between any two switches/ multiplexers	-60 -60	dB dB	2.25 4.5	-2.25 -4.5	note 1	$R_L = 600 \Omega$ ; $C_L = 50 pF$ ; f = 1 MHz (see Fig.16)
V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	crosstalk voltage between control and any switch (peak-to-peak value)	110 220	mV mV	4.5 4.5	0 -4.5		$\begin{aligned} R_L &= 600 \ \Omega; \ C_L = 50 \ \text{pF}; \\ f &= 1 \ \text{MHz} \ (\overline{E}_1, \ E_2 \ \text{or} \ S_n, \\ \text{square-wave between} \\ V_{CC} \ \text{and} \ \text{GND}, \ t_r = t_f = 6 \ \text{ns}) \\ \text{(see Fig.17)} \end{aligned}$
f <sub>max</sub>	minimum frequency response (–3dB)	160 170	MHz MHz	2.25 4.5	-2.25 -4.5	note 2	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ; $C_L = 10 pF$ (see Figs 13 and 14)
Cs	maximum switch capacitance independent (Y) common (Z)	5 12	pF pF				

#### Notes to the AC characteristics

- 1. Adjust input voltage  $V_{is}$  to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600  $\Omega$ ).
- 2. Adjust input voltage  $V_{is}$  to 0 dBm level at  $V_{os}$  for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50  $\Omega$ ).

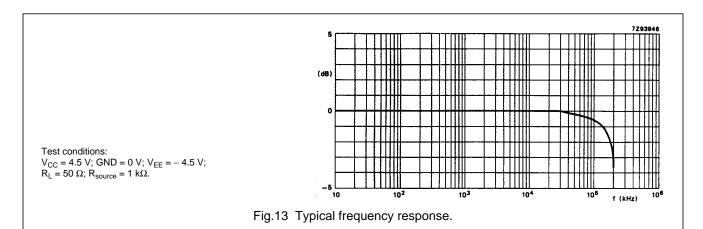
#### General note

 $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at an  $nY_n$  or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.  $V_{os}$  is the output voltage at an  $nY_n$  or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.



# Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

### 74HC/HCT4353



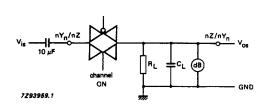


Fig.14 Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion and minimum frequency response.

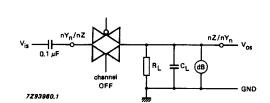


Fig.15 Test circuit for measuring switch "OFF" signal feed-through.

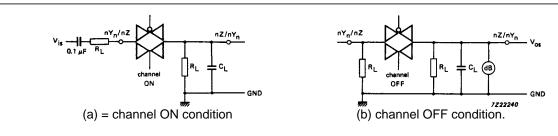
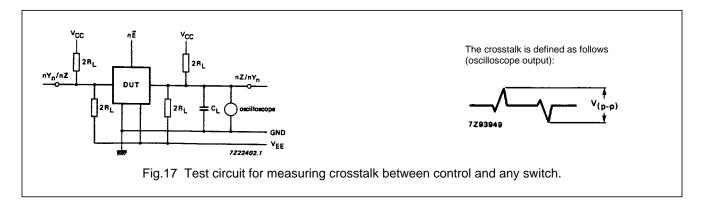
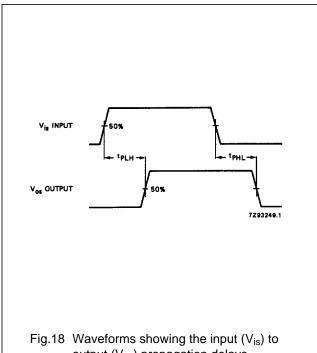


Fig.16 Test circuits for measuring crosstalk between any two switches/multiplexers.



### 74HC/HCT4353

#### **AC WAVEFORMS**



output (Vos) propagation delays.

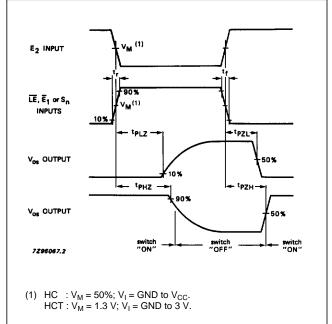
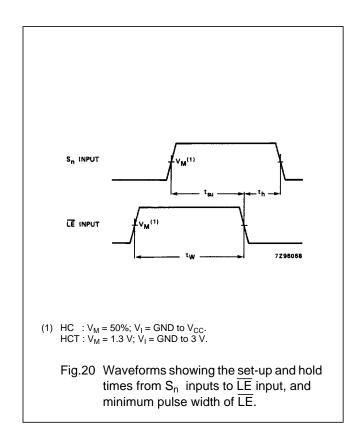
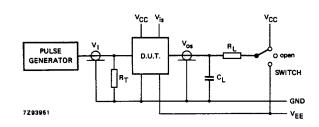


Fig.19 Waveforms showing the turn-ON and turn-OFF times.



74HC/HCT4353

#### **TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS**



#### **Conditions**

TEST	SWITCH	V <sub>is</sub>
t <sub>PZH</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>
t <sub>PZL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{EE}$
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	$V_{CC}$
$t_{PLZ}$	V <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{EE}$
others	open	pulse

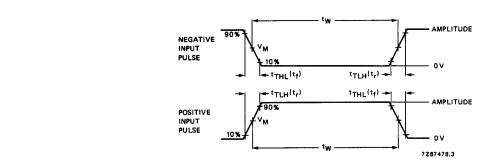
	AMPLITUDE	V <sub>M</sub>	t <sub>r</sub> ; t <sub>f</sub>	
FAMILY			f <sub>max</sub> ; PULSE WIDTH	OTHER
74HC	V <sub>CC</sub>	50%	< 2 ns	6 ns
74HCT	3.0 V	1.3 V	< 2 ns	6 ns

C<sub>L</sub> = load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see AC CHARACTERISTICS for values).

 $R_T$  = termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_0$  of the pulse generator.

 $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns; when measuring  $f_{max}$ , there is no constraint on  $t_r$ ,  $t_f$  with 50% duty factor.

Fig.21 Test circuit for measuring AC performance.



#### **Conditions**

TEST	SWITCH	V <sub>is</sub>
t <sub>PZH</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	$V_{CC}$
t <sub>PZL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	$V_{CC}$
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{EE}$
others	open	pulse

	AMPLITUDE	V <sub>M</sub>	t <sub>r</sub> ; t <sub>f</sub>	
FAMILY			f <sub>max</sub> ; PULSE WIDTH	OTHER
74HC	V <sub>CC</sub>	50%	< 2 ns	6 ns
74HCT	3.0 V	1.3 V	< 2 ns	6 ns

C<sub>L</sub> = load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see AC CHARACTERISTICS for values).

 $R_T$  = termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_O$  of the pulse generator.

 $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns; when measuring  $f_{max}$ , there is no constraint on  $t_r$ ,  $t_f$  with 50% duty factor.

Fig.22 Input pulse definitions.

# Triple 2-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

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#### **PACKAGE OUTLINES**

See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines".