

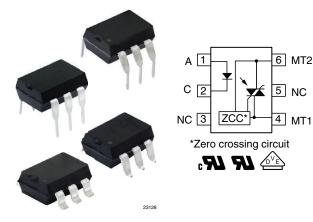
MT1

Vishay Semiconductors

RoHS

COMPLIANT

Optocoupler, Phototriac Output, Zero Crossing



www.vishay.com

LINKS TO ADDITIONAL RESOURCES



DESCRIPTION

The BRT21, BRT22, BRT23 product family consists of an optically coupled GaAs IRLED to a photosensitive thyristor system with integrated noise suppression and zero crossing circuit.

The thyristor system enables low trigger currents of 1.2 mA and features a dV/dt ratio of greater than 10 kV/µs and load voltages up to 800 V.

The BRT21, BRT22, BRT23 product family is a perfect microcontroller friendly solution to isolate low voltage logic from high voltage 120 $V_{AC},$ 240 $V_{AC},$ and 380 V_{AC} lines and to control resistive, inductive, or capacitive AC loads like motors, solenoids, high power thyristors, or TRIACs and solid-state relays.

FEATURES

- Low trigger current I_{FT} = 1.2 mA
- I_{TRMS} = 300 mA
- High static dV/dt 10 000 V/µs
- Load voltage = 800 V
- Zero voltage crossing detector
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

APPLICATIONS

- Industrial controls
- Office equipment
- Consumer appliances

AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL 1577
- cUL 1577
- DIN EN 60747-5-5 (VDE 0884-5) available with option 1

PART NUMBER PACKAGE OPTION TAPE AND Cotton 8 Option 9 REEL								
AGENCY CERTIFIED / PACKAGE	V _{DRM} (V)							
	≤ 400	\leq	500	≤ 800				
UL	I _{FT} = 2 mA	I _{FT} = 1.2 mA	I _{FT} = 2 mA	I _{FT} = 1.2 mA	I _{FT} = 2 mA			
DIP-6	BRT21H	BRT22F	BRT22H	BRT23F	BRT23H			
DIP-6, 400 mil, option 6	-	-	-	BRT23F-X006	-			
SMD-6, option 7	-	BRT22F-X007T	BRT22H-X007T (1)	BRT23F-X007T	BRT23H-X007T (1			
SMD-6, option 9	-	BRT22F-X009T	-	BRT23F-X009T	-			
UL, VDE	I _{FT} = 2 mA	I _{FT} = 1.2 mA	I _{FT} = 2 mA	I _{FT} = 1.2 mA	I _{FT} = 2 mA			
DIP-6	-	BRT22F-X001	-	-	BRT23H-X001			
DIP-6, option 6	-	-	BRT22H-X016	-	BRT22H-X016			
SMD-6, option 7	-	-	BRT22H-X017T	-	-			
					BRT23H-X018T			

⁽¹⁾ Also available in tube, do not put T on the end

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T _{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	
INPUT		•				
Reverse voltage	I _R = 10 μA		V _R	6	V	
Forward current			l _F	60	mA	
Surge current			I _{FSM}	2.5	А	
Power dissipation			P _{diss}	100	mW	
Derate from 25 °C				1.33	mW/°C	
OUTPUT		·				
		BRT21	V _{DRM}	400	V	
Peak off-state voltage		BRT22	V _{DRM}	600	V	
		BRT23	V _{DRM}	800	V	
On state RMS current			I _{TRM}	300	mA	
Single cycle surge current				3	А	
Power dissipation			P _{diss}	600	mW	
Derate from 25 °C				6.6	mW/°C	
COUPLER		·				
Storage temperature range			T _{stg}	-40 to +150	°C	
Ambient temperature range			T _{amb}	-40 to +100	°C	
Soldering temperature	Max. \leq 10 s dip soldering \geq 0.5 mm from case bottom		T _{sld}	260	°C	

Note

• Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERIS	TICS (T _{amb} = 25 °C, unless ot	herwise	specified)				
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
INPUT	•	I	1	<u> </u>	I		<u> </u>
Forward voltage	I _F = 10 mA		V _F	-	1.16	1.35	V
Reverse current	V _R = 6 V		I _R	-	0.1	10	μA
Capacitance	f = 1 MHz, V _F = 0 V		Co	-	25	-	pF
Thermal resistance, junction to ambient			R _{thJA}	-	750	-	K/W
OUTPUT	•		•				
		BRT21		-	400	-	v
Peak off-state voltage	$I_{D(RMS)} = 100 \ \mu A$	BRT22	V _{DM} -	-	600	-	
2		BRT23		-	800	-	
Off-state current	$V_D = V_{DRM}$, $T_{amb} = 100 \text{ °C}$, $I_F = 0 \text{ mA}$		I _{D(RMS)}	-	10	100	μA
On-state voltage	I _T = 300 mA		V _{TM}	-	1.7	3	V
On-state current	$PF = 1, V_{T(RMS)} = 1.7 V$		I _{TM}	-	-	300	mA
Surge (non-repetitive), on-state current	f = 50 Hz		I _{TSM}	-	-	3	Α
Trianar aurort tamp gradient			$\Delta I_{FT1}/\Delta T_{j}$	-	7	14	μA/K
Trigger current temp. gradient			$\Delta I_{FT2}/\Delta T_{j}$	-	7	14	μΑ/K
Inhibit voltage temp. gradient			$\Delta V_{DINH} / \Delta T_j$	-	-20	-	mV/K
Off-state current in inhibit state	$I_F = I_{FT1}, V_{DRM}$		I _{DINH}	-	50	200	μA
Holding current			Ι _Η	-	65	500	μA
Latching current	V _T = 2.2 V		١L	-	5	-	mA
Zero cross inhibit voltage	I _F = rated I _{FT}		V _{IH}	-	15	25	V
OUTPUT (continued)	·						
Turn-on time	$V_{RM} = V_{DM} = V_{D(RMS)}$		t _{on}	-	35	-	μs
Turn-off time	PF = 1, I _T = 300 mA		t _{off}	-	50	-	μs
Oritical water of view of off states welter as	$V_D = 0.67 V_{DRM}, T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$		dV/dt _{cr}	10 000	-	-	V/µs
Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_D = 0.67 V_{DRM}, T_j = 80 \ ^{\circ}C$		dV/dt _{cr}	5000	-	-	V/µs
Critical rate of rise of voltage at current commutation	$V_D = 230 V_{RMS}, \\ I_D = 300 \text{ mA}_{RMS}, \text{ T}_j = 25 \text{ °C}$		dV/dt _{crq}	-	8	-	V/µs
	V _D = 230 V _{RMS} , I _D = 300 mA _{RMS} , T _j = 85 °C		dV/dt _{crq}	-	7	-	V/µs
Critical rate of rise of on-state at current commutation	V _D = 230 V _{RMS} , I _D = 300 mA _{RMS} , T _j = 25 °C		dl/dt _{crq}	-	12	-	A/ms
Thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient			R _{thJA}	-	125	-	K/W
COUPLER							
Critical rate of rise of coupled input / output voltage	$I_T = 0$ A, $V_{RM} = V_{DM} = V_{D(RMS)}$		dV _{IO} /dt	-	10 000	-	V/µs
Common mode coupling capacitance			C _{CM}	-	0.01	-	pF
Capacitance (input to output)	f = 1 MHz, V _{IO} = 0 V		C _{IO}	-	0.8	-	pF
Trianau armant	$V_D = 5 V, F - versions$		I _{FT}	-	-	1.2	mA
Trigger current	V _D = 5 V, H - versions		I _{FT}	-	-	2	mA

Note

• Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements

BRT21, BRT22, BRT23



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SAFETY AND INSULATION RATINGS						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT		
Climatic classification	According to IEC 68 part 1		40 / 100 / 21			
Pollution degree	According to DIN VDE 0109		2			
Comparative tracking index	Insulation group IIIa	CTI	175			
Maximum rated withstanding isolation voltage	According to UL1577, t = 1 min	V _{ISO}	4420	V _{RMS}		
Tested withstanding isolation voltage	According to UL1577, t = 1 s	V _{ISO}	5300	V _{RMS}		
Maximum transient isolation voltage	According to DIN EN 60747-5-5	V _{IOTM}	6000	V _{peak}		
Maximum repetitive peak isolation voltage	According to DIN EN 60747-5-5	VIORM	630	V _{peak}		
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{amb} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	R _{IO}	≥ 10 ¹²	Ω		
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{amb} = 100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	R _{IO}	≥ 10 ¹¹	Ω		
Output safety power		P _{SO}	200	mW		
Input safety current		I _{SI}	400	mA		
Input safety temperature		T _S	175	°C		
Creepage distance	DIP-6; SMD-6, option 7;		≥7	mm		
Clearance distance	SMD-6 option 9		≥7	mm		
Creepage distance	DIP-6, option 6; SMD-6, option 8		≥ 8	mm		
Clearance distance			≥ 8	mm		
Insulation thickness		DTI	≥ 0.4	mm		

Note

As per IEC 60747-5-5, § 7.4.3.8.2, this optocoupler is suitable for "safe electrical insulation" only within the safety ratings. Compliance with
the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of protective circuits

POWER FACTOR CONSIDERATIONS

A snubber is not needed to eliminate false operation of the TRIAC driver because of the high static and commutating dV/dt with loads between 1.0 and 0.8 power factors. When inductive loads with power factors less than 0.8 are being driven, include a RC snubber or a single capacitor directly across the device to damp the peak commutating dV/dt spike. Normally a commutating dV/dt causes a turning-off device to stay on due to the stored energy remaining in the turning-off device.

But in the case of a zero voltage crossing optotriac, the commutating dV/dt spikes can inhibit one half of the TRIAC from turning on. If the spike potential exceeds the inhibit voltage of the zero cross detection circuit, half of the TRIAC will be heldoff and not turn-on. This hold-off condition can be eliminated by using a snubber or capacitor placed directly across the optotriac as shown in figure 1. Note that the value of the capacitor increases as a function of the load current.

The hold-off condition also can be eliminated by providing a higher level of LED drive current. The higher LED drive provides a larger photocurrent which causes the phototransistor to turn-on before the commutating spike has activated the zero cross network. Figure 2 shows the relationship of the LED drive for power factors of less than 1.0. The curve shows that if a device requires 1.5 mA for a resistive load, then 1.8 times 2.7 mA) that amount would be required to control an inductive load whose power factor is less than 0.3.

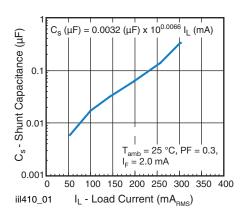


Fig. 1 - Shunt Capacitance vs. Load Current

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

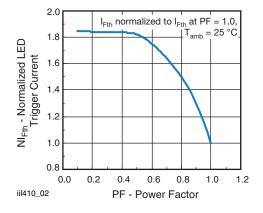


Fig. 2 - Normalized LED Trigger Current vs. Power Factor

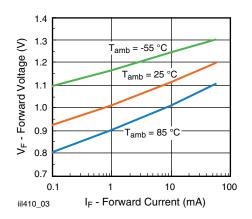


Fig. 3 - Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

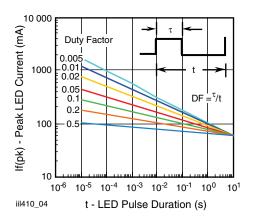


Fig. 4 - Peak LED Current vs. Duty Factor, $\boldsymbol{\tau}$

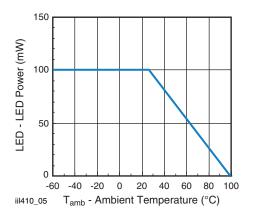


Fig. 5 - Maximum LED Power Dissipation

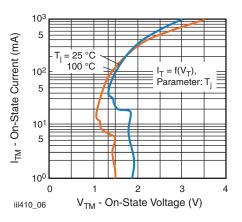


Fig. 6 - Typical Output Characteristics

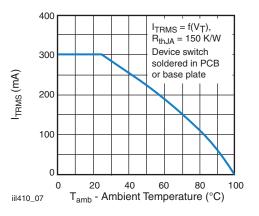


Fig. 7 - Current Reduction

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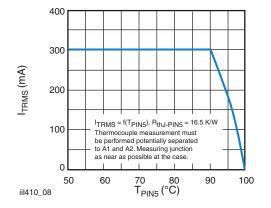


Fig. 8 - Current Reduction

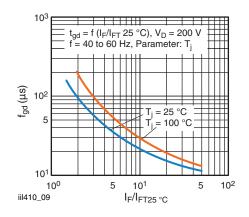


Fig. 9 - Typical Trigger Delay Time

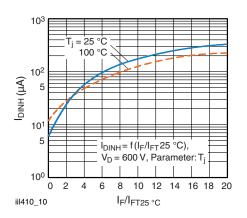


Fig. 10 - Typical Inhibit Current

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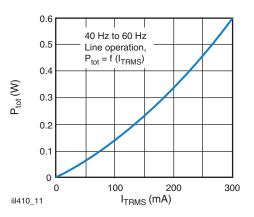


Fig. 11 - Power Dissipation 40 Hz to 60 Hz Line Operation

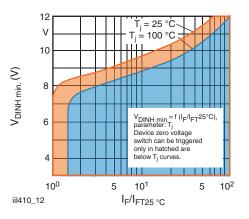
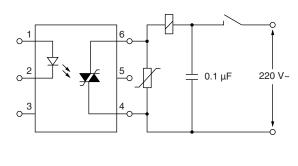


Fig. 12 - Typical Static Inhibit Voltage Limit



iil410_13

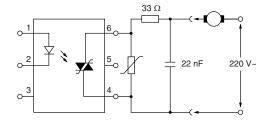
Fig. 13 - Apply a Capacitor to the Supply Pins at the Load-Side

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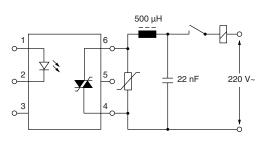
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Fig. 14 - Connect a Series Resistor to the Output and Bridge Both by a Capacitor

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

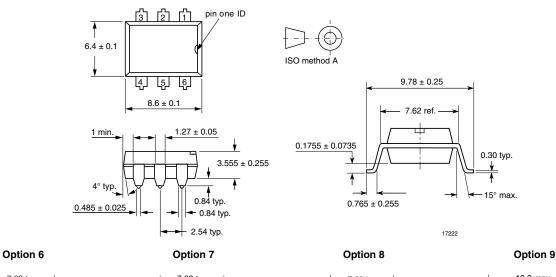
See Application Note for additional information.

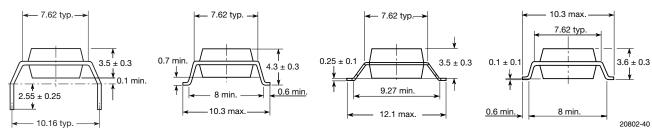
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



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Fig. 15 - Connect a Choke of Low Winding Cap. in Series, e.g., a Ringcore Choke, with Higher Load Currents





PACKAGE MARKING (example)

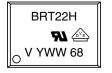


Fig. 16 - Example of BRT22H-X017

Notes

- "YWW" is the date code marking (Y = year code, WW = week code)
- VDE logo is only marked on option 1 parts
- Tape and reel suffix (T) is not part of the package marking

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SOLDER PROFILES

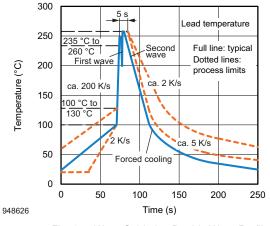


Fig. 17 - Wave Soldering Double Wave Profile According to J-STD-020 for DIP Devices

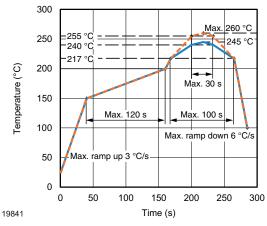
HANDLING AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

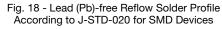
ESD level: HBM class 2

Floor life: unlimited

Conditions: $T_{amb} < 30\ ^\circ C,\ RH < 85\ \%$

Moisture sensitivity level 1, according to J-STD-020







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