

INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER

2N1792, 2N1805, 2N1909, 2N2023 SERIES

110 Amp RMS SCRs

Major Ratings and Characteristics

	2N1792 thru 2N1804	2N1909 thru 2N1916	2N1805 thru 2N1907	2N2023 thru 2N2030	Units
I_T (RMS)	110	110	110	110	A
I_T (AV) @ T_C	70*	70*	70*	70*	A
T_C	65*	62*	85*	85*	$^{\circ}$ C
I_{TSM} @ 50 Hz	955	955	955	955	A
@ 60 Hz	1,000*	1,000*	1,000*	1,000*	A
I_{2t} @ 50 Hz	4,550	4,550	4,550	4,550	A ^{2s}
@ 60 Hz	4,150	4,150	4,150	4,150	A ^{2s}
I_{GT}	70	70	70	70	mA
dv/dt	200	200	50	50	V/ μ s
di/dt	100	100	100	100	A/ μ s
T_J	65* to 125*	40* to 125*	65* to 150*	65* to 150*	$^{\circ}$ C
V_{RRM} , V_{DRM} range	50* to 1,200*	25* to 840*	25* to 400*	25* to 400*	V

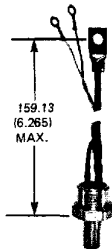
* JEDEC registered values

Description/Features

- For general purpose phase control applications
- Forward and reverse voltage ratings up to 1200V
- High temperature series
- High surge rating
- Standard 1/2" – 20 stud
- Can be supplied as JAN and JAN-TX devices in accordance with MIL-S-19500/203 or MIL-S-19500/204.

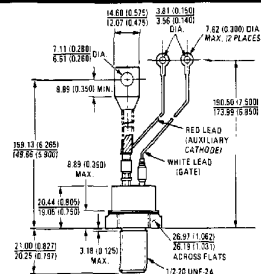
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CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



Case style (ceramic) A-11 furnished when part is rated 1000V or higher. A-13 (glass) for parts below 1000V.

JAN and/or JAN/TX types available.



Refer to Page A-34 for flag terminal Case Style

All Dimensions in Millimeters and (inches)

IR Case Style A-13
Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-208AC (TO-94)

VOLTAGE RATINGS (Applied gate voltage zero or negative)

Part Numbers			V_{RRM} - Max. Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage (V)	V_{DRM} - Max. Repetitive Peak Off-State Voltage (V) $\text{\textcircled{1}}$	V_{RSM} - Max. Non-Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage $t_p \leq 5$ ms (V)
TO-208AD Case	TO-209AC Case	TO-209AC Case	$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$	$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$
-	2N1909	2N2023	25*	25*	35*
2N1792	2N1910	2N2024	50*	50*	70*
2N1793	2N1911	2N2025	100*	100*	150*
2N1794	2N1912	2N2026	150*	150*	225*
2N1795	2N1913	2N2027	200*	200*	300*
2N1796	2N1914	2N2028	250*	250*	350*
2N1797	2N1915	2N2029	300*	300*	400*
2N1798	2N1916	2N2030	400*	400*	500*
2N1799	2N1805	-	800*	500*	625*
2N1800	2N1806	-	720*	600*	750*
2N1801	2N1807	-	840*	700*	880*
2N1802	-	-	960*	800*	1000*
2N1803	-	-	1080*	900*	1130*
2N1804	-	-	1200*	1000*	1250*

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	2N1792 to 2N1804	2N1909-16 to 2N1806-07	2N2023-30	Units	Conditions
ON STATE					
$I_{T(RMS)}$ Max. RMS on-state current	110	110	110	A	
$I_{T(AV)}$ Max. average on-state current @ Max. $T_C =$	70*	70*	70*	A	180° half sine wave condition.
	55*	62*	85*	°C	
I_{TSM} Max. peak one cycle, non-repetitive surge current	955	955	955	A	50 Hz half cycle sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse 60 Hz half cycle sine wave or 5 ms rectangular pulse Following any rated load condition, and with rated V_{RRM} applied following surge. SCR turned fully on.
	1000*	1000*	1000*	A	50 Hz half cycle sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse 60 Hz half cycle sine wave or 5 ms rectangular pulse Same conditions as above except with V_{RRM} applied following surge = 0.
	1150	1150	1150	A	
	1200	1200	1200	A	
$I^2 t$ Max. $I^2 t$ capability, for fusing	4550	4550	4550	A ² s	$t = 10$ ms $t = 8.3$ ms Rated V_{RRM} applied following surge, initial $T_J =$ max. rated
	4150	4150	4150	A ² s	
$I^2 t$ Max. $I^2 t$ capability, for individual device fusing	6450	6450	6450	A ² s	$t = 10$ ms $t = 8.3$ ms $V_{RRM} = 0$ following surge, initial $T_J =$ max. rated
	5900	5900	5900	A ² s	
$I^2 \sqrt{t}$ Max. $I^2 \sqrt{t}$ capability, for individual device fusing $\text{\textcircled{2}}$	64 500	64 500	64 500	A ² /s	$t = 0.1$ to 10 ms, V_{RRM} following surge = 0, initial $T_J =$ max. rated
V_{TM} Max. peak on-state voltage	1.85*	1.85*	1.9*	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{T(AV)} = 70\text{A}$ (220A peak)
	2.0*	-	-	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{T(AV)} = 70\text{A}$ (220A peak) 2N1803 & 2N1804 only
I_H Typical holding current.	20	20	20	mA	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, anode supply = 22V, initial $I_T = 2\text{A}$.

* JEDEC registered values.

 $\text{\textcircled{1}}$ Units may be broken over non-repetitively without damage if di/dt does not exceed 20 A/ μ s. $\text{\textcircled{2}}$ $I^2 t$ for time $t_x = I^2 \sqrt{t} / \sqrt{t_x}$.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (Continued)

	2N1792 to 2N1804	2N1909-16 2N1805-07	2N2023-30	Units	Conditions
BLOCKING					
dv/dt	Min. critical rate-of-rise of off-state voltage	200	200	50	$V/\mu s$
$I_{R(AV)}$ & I_{DAV}	Max. average reverse and off-state current V_{RRM} & V_{DRM} = 25V to 150V = 200V = 250V = 300V = 400V = 500V to 600V = 700V to 800V = 900V to 1200V	6.5* 6.0* 5.5* 5.0* 4.0* 3.3* ^① 3.0* ^① 2.7* ^①	6.5* 6.5* 5.5* 5.0* 4.0* 3.3* ^① 3.0* ^① —	6.5* 6.0* 5.5* 5.0* 4.0* — — —	$V/\mu s$
$T_J = 125^\circ C$ Exponential to 100% rated V_{DRM} . Gate open circuit. $T_J = 150^\circ C$ for 2N2023-30. At rated V_{RRM} , V_{DRM} , $T_J = \text{max. rated}$, gate open circuited.					
SWITCHING					
t_d	Typical delay time	1	1	1	μs
t_r	Typical rise time	1.5	1.5	1.5	
t_q	Typical turn-off time	40	40	40 (70 @ 150°C)	
di/dt	Max. non-repetitive rate-of-rise of turned-on current V_{DRM} = 25V to 600V = 700V to 1200V	100 75	100 75	100 75	$A/\mu s$
$T_C = 25^\circ C$, $V_{DM} = \text{rated } V_{DRM}$, $I_{TM} = 50A$ dc resistive circuit. Gate pulse: 10V, 25 μs source, $t_p = 6\mu s$, $t_r = 0.1\mu s$ $T_C = 125^\circ C$, $I_{TM} = 50A$, commutating $di/dt = -5 A/\mu s$, min. V_g during turn-off interval = 50V, $dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s$ linear to rated V_{DRM} $T_C = 125^\circ C$, $V_{DM} = \text{rated } V_{DRM}$ $I_{TM} = (2 \times \text{rated } di/dt) A$ Gate pulse: 20V, 15 Ω , $t_p \geq 6\mu s$, $t_r = 0.1\mu s$ Per JEDEC Standard RS-297, 5.2.2.6					
TRIGGERING					
P_{GM}	Max. peak gate power	5*	5*	5*	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	Max. average gate power	0.5*	0.5*	0.5*	W
$+I_{GM}$	Max. peak positive gate current	2*	2*	2*	A
$+V_{GM}$	Max. peak positive gate voltage	10*	10*	10*	V
$-V_{GM}$	Max. peak negative gate voltage	5*	5*	5*	V
I_{GT}	Max. required DC gate current to trigger	130* ① 70 40 —	130* 70 40 —	150* @ -85°C 70 — 35	μA
Typical DC gate current to trigger		35	35	35	
$T_C = -40^\circ C$. Max. required gate trigger current is the lowest value which will trigger all units with +6V anode-to-cathode. $T_C = 25^\circ C$ $T_C = 125^\circ C$ $T_C = 150^\circ C$ $T_C = 25^\circ C$ +6V anode-to-cathode					

*JEDEC registered values.
 ① V_{RRM} 20% greater than V_{DRM} .
 ② For 2N1803, 1804: $I_{GT} = 200 \text{ mA}^* @ -40^\circ C$; 110mA @ 25°C; 50 mA @ 125°C.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (Continued)

	2N1792 to 2N1804	2N1809-16 to 2N1805-07	2N2023-30	Units	Conditions
TRIGGERING [Cont.]					
V _{GT}	Max. required DC gate voltage to trigger	—	—	3*	V T _C = -65°C. Max. required gate trigger voltage is the lowest value which will trigger all units with +6V anode-to-cathode. T _C = -40°C T _C = 25°C
		3*	3*	—	
		2.5	2.5	2.0	
	Typical DC gate voltage to trigger	1.2	1.2	1.2	T _C = 25°C +6V anode-to-cathode
V _{GD}	Max. DC gate voltage not to trigger	0.25*	0.25*	0.25* @ 150°C	V T _C = 125°C. Max. gate voltage not to trigger is the maximum value which will not trigger any unit with rated V _{DRM} anode-to-cathode.

THERMAL-MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

T _J	Operating junction temperature range	-65* to 125*	-40* to 125*	-65* to 150*	°C	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-40* to 150*	-40* to 125*	-65* to 150*	°C	
R _{thJC}	Max. internal thermal resistance, junction-to-case	0.4* ⑥	0.4*	0.4*	deg. C/W	DC operation
R _{thCS}	Thermal resistance, case-to-sink	0.1	0.1	0.1	deg. C/W	Mounting surface smooth, flat and greased.
T	Mounting torque					
	Min.	14.5 (125)			N·m	Non-lubricated threads
	Max.	17 (150)			(lb·f·in)	
	Max. torque on screw in flagterminal	1.4 (12)	—	—	N·m (lb·f·in)	Non-lubricated threads TO-20BAD (TO-83) only
wt	Approximate weight	100 (3.5)			g (0.02)	
Case style		21N1805-07; 2N1809-16; 2N2023-30; TO-209AC (TO-94) 1A-13)				JEDEC
		2N1792-1804; TO-208AD (TO-83) 1A-14)				JEDEC

*JEDEC registered values.

⑥ 2N1803, 2N1804: R_{thJC} = 0.35 deg. C/W.

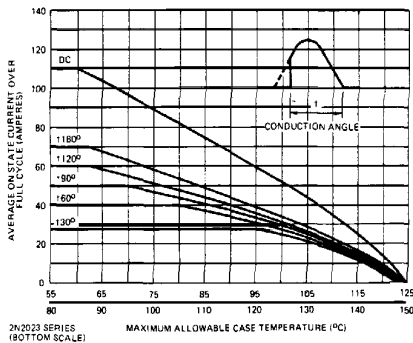


Fig. 1 — On-State Current Vs. Case Temperature (Sinusoidal Current Waveform, 50 to 400 Hz)

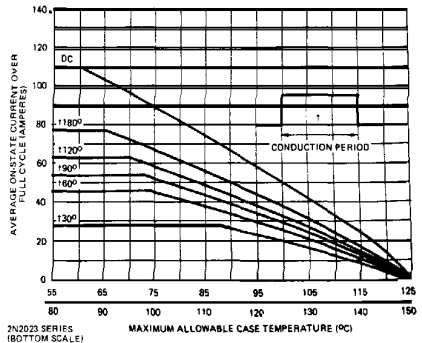


Fig. 2 — On-State Current Vs. Case Temperature (Rectangular Current Waveform, 50 to 400 Hz)

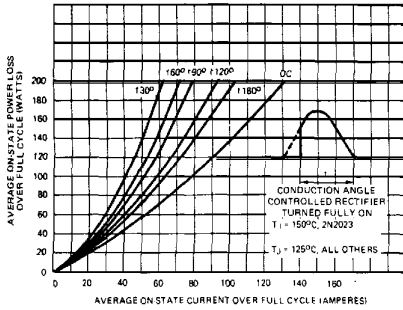


Fig. 3 – Maximum Low-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Current (Sinusoidal Current Waveform)

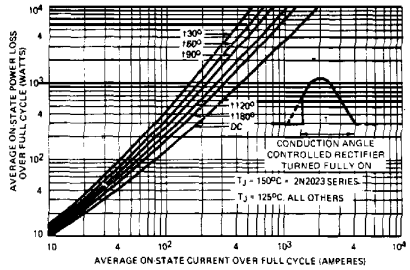


Fig. 4 – Maximum High-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Current (Sinusoidal Current Waveform)

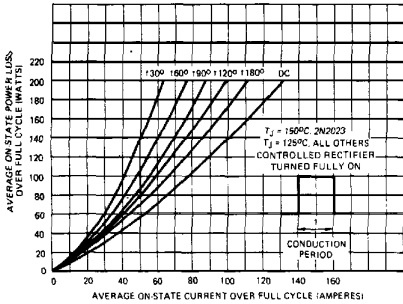


Fig. 5 – Maximum Low-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Current (Rectangular Current Waveform)

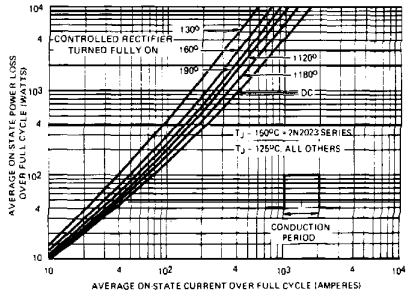


Fig. 6 – Maximum High-Level On-State Power Loss Vs. Current (Rectangular Current Waveform)

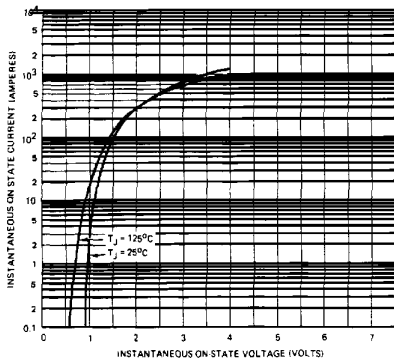


Fig. 7 – Maximum Instantaneous On-State Voltage Vs. Current (2N1792, 2N1805 and 2N1909 Series)

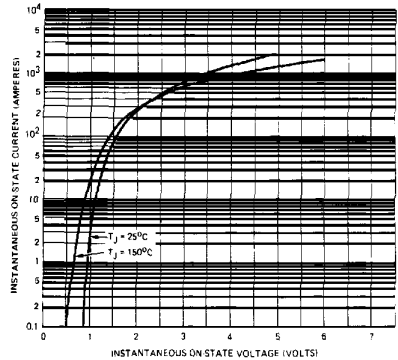


Fig. 8 – Maximum Instantaneous On-State Voltage Vs. Current (2N2023 Series)

