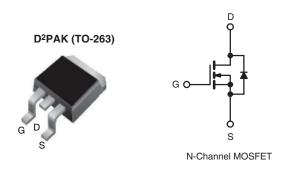
Vishay Siliconix

EL Series Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY				
V _{DS} (V) at T _J max.	650			
R _{DS(on)} typ. at 25 °C (Ω)	V _{GS} = 10 V	0.171		
Q _g max. (nC)	74			
Q _{gs} (nC)	15			
Q _{gd} (nC)	15			
Configuration	Single			



FEATURES

- Reduced figure-of-merit (FOM) Ron x Qa
- Low input capacitance (C_{iss})
- · Reduced switching and conduction losses
- Low gate charge (Q_a)
- Avalanche energy rated (UIS)
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see <u>www.vishav.com/doc?99912</u>



APPLICATIONS

- Server and telecom power supplies
 - Switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
 - Power factor correction power supplies (PFC)
- Lighting
 - High-intensity discharge (HID)
 - Fluorescent ballast lighting
- Industrial
 - Welding
 - Induction heating
 - Motor drives
 - Battery chargers
 - Renewable energy
 - Solar (PV inverters)

ORDERING INFORMATION			
Package	D ² PAK (TO-263)		
Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free	SiHB22N60EL-GE3		

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T _C = 25 °C, unless otherwise PARAMETER			SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage			V_{DS}	600		
Gate-Source Voltage			V_{GS}	± 30	V	
Continuous Drain Current (T _J = 150 °C)	V _{GS} at 10 V	$T_C = 25 ^{\circ}C$ $T_C = 100 ^{\circ}C$	- I _D	21		
	V _{GS} at 10 V	T _C = 100 °C		13	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current ^a				45		
Linear Derating Factor				1.8	W/°C	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy b			E _{AS}	286	mJ	
Maximum Power Dissipation			P _D 227		W	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range			T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C	
Drain-Source Voltage Slope	$V_{DS} = 0 V t$	V _{DS} = 0 V to 80 % V _{DS}		62	1//	
Reverse Diode dV/dt ^d		dV/dt	22	- V/ns		
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)	for 10 s			300	°C	

Notes

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- b. V_{DD} = 50 V, starting T_J = 25 °C, L = 28.2 mH, R_q = 25 Ω , I_{AS} = 4.5 A.
- c. 1.6 mm from case.
- d. $I_{SD} \le I_D$, dI/dt = 100 A/ μ s, starting $T_J = 25$ °C.



Vishay Siliconix

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R _{thJA}	-	62	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	R_{thJC}	-	0.55	C/VV	

SYMBOL								
01111001	TES	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT			
V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		600	-	-	V		
$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	Reference	Reference to 25 °C, I _D = 1 mA		0.71	-	V/°C		
V _{GS(th)}	V _{DS} =	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$		-	5	V		
	V _{GS} = ± 20 V		V _{GS} = ± 20 V		-	-	± 100	nA
I _{GSS}	,	V _{GS} = ± 30 V	-	-	± 1	μΑ		
	V _{DS} =	V _{DS} = 600 V, V _{GS} = 0 V		-	1	μΑ		
I _{DSS}				-	10			
R _{DS(on)}		T	-	0.171	0.197	Ω		
	<u></u>		_	6.5	_	S		
913	100			1				
Cias	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V},$ $V_{DS} = 100 \text{ V},$ f = 1 MHz		I -	1690	I -	pF		
			_		_			
			-	5	-			
C _{o(er)}	V _{DS} = 0 V to 400 V, V _{GS} = 0 V		-	85	-			
C _{o(tr)}			-	296	-			
Qq			-	37	74	nC		
Q _{gs}	V _{GS} = 10 V	V _{GS} = 10 V	-	15	-			
Q _{gd}	1			15	-	1		
t _{d(on)}	V_{DD} = 480 V, I_{D} = 11 A, V_{GS} = 10 V, R_{g} = 9.1 Ω		-	22	44	ns		
t _r			-	46	92			
t _{d(off)}			-	27	54			
t _f			-	24	48			
R_g	f = 1 MHz, open drain		-	0.65	-	Ω		
cs								
I _S	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode		-	-	21			
I _{SM}			-	-	45	- A		
V _{SD}	T _J = 25 °C, I _S = 11 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		-	-	1.2	V		
	T _J = 25 °C, I _F = I _S = 11 A, dl/dt = 100 A/µs, V _R = 25 V		-	365	-	ns		
			-	5.8	-	μC		
			-			A		
	ΔV _{DS} /T _J V _{GS(th)} I _{GSS} I _{DSS} R _{DS(on)} gfs C _{iss} C _{oss} C _{oss} C _{o(er)} C _{o(tr)} Q _g Q _{gs} Q _{gd} t _{d(on)} t _r t _{d(off)} t _f R _g cs	$ \begin{array}{c c} \Delta V_{DS}/T_J & Reference \\ V_{GS(th)} & V_{DS} = \\ & & & & & \\ I_{DSS} & & & & \\ V_{DS} = 480 \text{ V} \\ R_{DS(on)} & V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V} \\ gfs & & V_{DS} \\ \hline \\ C_{iss} & & & \\ C_{oss} & & \\ C_{oss} & & & \\ C_{o(er)} & & & \\ C_{o(er)} & & & \\ C_{o(er)} & & & \\ C_{gg} & & & \\ Q_{gg} & & & \\ V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V} \\ \hline \\ C_{o(er)} & & & $	$ \begin{array}{c c} \Delta V_{DS}/T_{J} & Reference to 25 ^{\circ}C, I_{D} = 1 mA \\ \hline V_{GS(th)} & V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A \\ \hline V_{GS} = \pm 20 V \\ \hline V_{GS} = \pm 30 V \\ \hline V_{DS} = 600 V, V_{GS} = 0 V \\ \hline V_{DS} = 480 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_{J} = 125 ^{\circ}C \\ \hline R_{DS(on)} & V_{GS} = 10 V & I_{D} = 11 A \\ \hline C_{ISS} & V_{DS} = 20 V, I_{D} = 11 A \\ \hline C_{OSS} & V_{DS} = 100 V, \\ \hline C_{OSS} & V_{DS} = 100 V, \\ \hline C_{O(er)} & V_{DS} = 0 V to 400 V, V_{GS} = 0 V \\ \hline C_{O(er)} & V_{DS} = 10 V & I_{D} = 11 A, V_{DS} = 480 V \\ \hline Q_{gd} & V_{GS} = 10 V & I_{D} = 11 A, V_{DS} = 480 V \\ \hline Q_{gd} & V_{GS} = 10 V & I_{D} = 11 A, V_{DS} = 480 V \\ \hline V_{DD} = 480 V, I_{D} = 11 A, V_{GS} = 9.1 \Omega \\ \hline t_{f} & V_{GS} = 10 V, R_{g} = 9.1 \Omega \\ \hline V_{SD} & T_{J} = 25 ^{\circ}C, I_{S} = 11 A, V_{GS} = 0 V \\ \hline T_{J} = 25 ^{\circ}C, I_{S} = 11 A, V_{GS} = 0 V \\ \hline T_{J} = 25 ^{\circ}C, I_{S} = 11 A, V_{GS} = 25 V \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		

Notes

- a. $C_{oss(er)}$ s a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 % to 80 % V_{DSS} .
- b. $C_{oss(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 % to 80 % V_{DSS} .



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

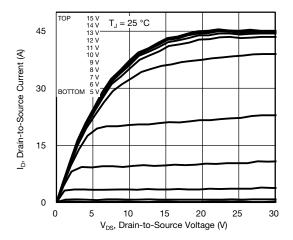


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

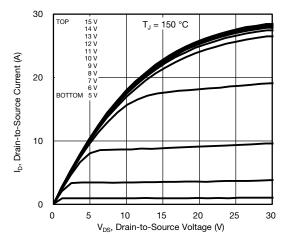


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

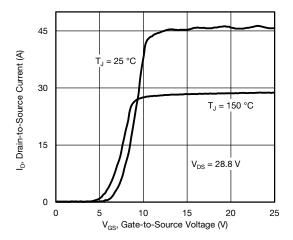


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

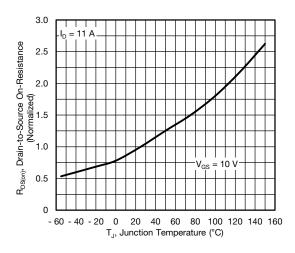


Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

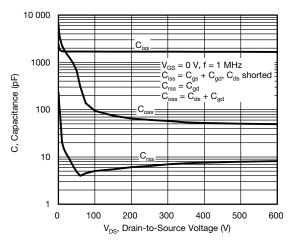


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

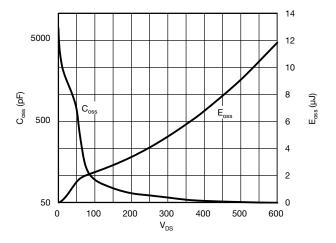


Fig. 6 - Coss and Eoss vs. VDS



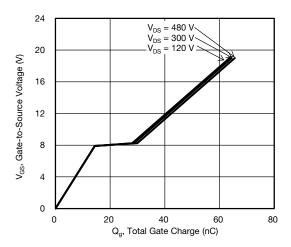


Fig. 7 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

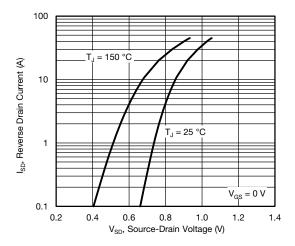


Fig. 8 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

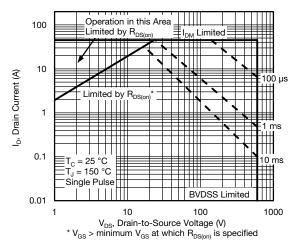


Fig. 9 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

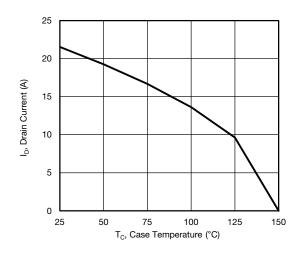


Fig. 10 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

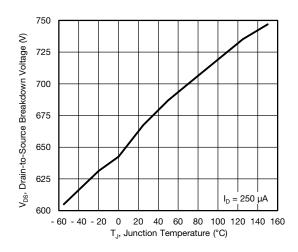


Fig. 11 - Temperature vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



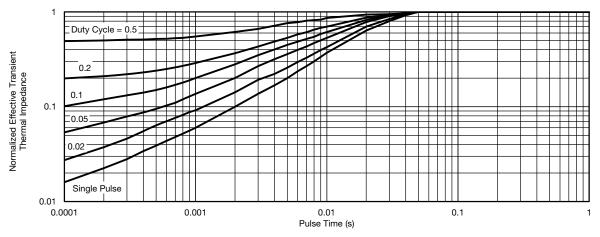


Fig. 12 - Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

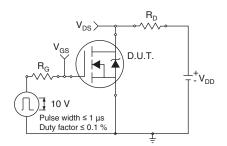


Fig. 13 - Switching Time Test Circuit

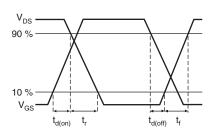


Fig. 14 - Switching Time Waveforms

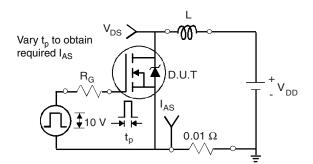


Fig. 15 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

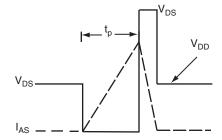


Fig. 16 - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

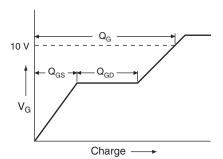


Fig. 17 - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

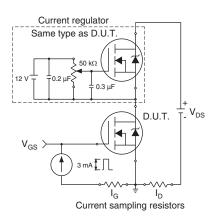
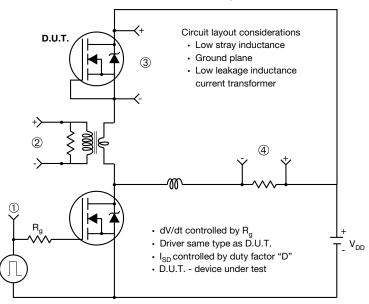


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit



Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit



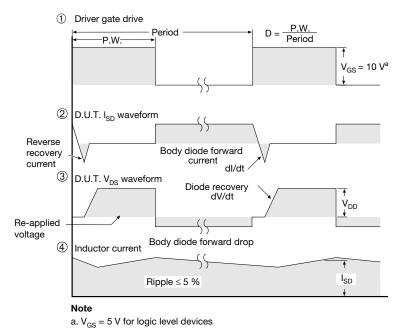


Fig. 19 - For N-Channel

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