

OPTIREG™ Linear TLE42994V33

3.3 V low drop fixed voltage regulator



1 Overview

Features

- Output voltage 3.3 V ± 2%
- Output current up to 150 mA
- Extreme low current consumption in ON state
- Enable function: Below 1 μA current consumption In OFF state
- Early warning
- Power-on and undervoltage reset with programmable delay time
- Reset low down to $V_0 = 1 \text{ V}$
- Adjustable reset threshold
- Very low dropout voltage
- Output current limitation
- Reverse polarity protection
- Overtemperature protection
- Suitable for use in automotive electronics
- Wide temperature range from -40°C up to 150°C
- Input voltage range from 4.4 V to 45 V
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)

Potential applications

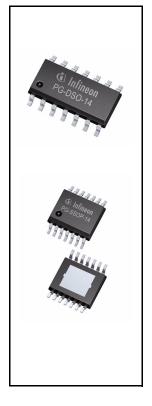
General automotive applications.

Product validation

Qualified for automotive applications. Product validation according to AEC-Q100/101.

Description

The TLE42994V33 is a monolithic integrated low dropout voltage regulator, especially designed for automotive applications that need to be in ON state during the car's engine is turned off. An input voltage up to 45 V is regulated to an output voltage of 3.3 V. The component is able to drive loads up to 150 mA. It is short-circuit protected by the implemented current limitation and has an integrated overtemperature shutdown. A



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Overview

reset signal is generated for an output voltage $V_{Q,rt}$ of typically 3.10 V. This threshold can be decreased by an external resistor divider. The power-on reset delay time can be programmed by the external delay capacitor. The additional sense comparator provides an early warning function: Any voltage (e.g. the input voltage) can be monitored, an undervoltage condition is indicated by setting the comparator's output to low. Additionally, an enable function permitting enabling/disabling the regulator is also included. In case the regulator is disabled it consumes less current than 1 μ A.

Dimensioning information on external components

The input capacitor C_1 is recommended for compensation of line influences. The output capacitor C_Q is necessary for the stability of the control loop.

Circuit description

The control amplifier compares a reference voltage to a voltage that is proportional to the output voltage and drives the base of the series transistor via a buffer. Saturation control as a function of the load current prevents any oversaturation of the power element. The component also has a number of internal circuits for protection against:

- Overload
- Overtemperature
- Reverse polarity

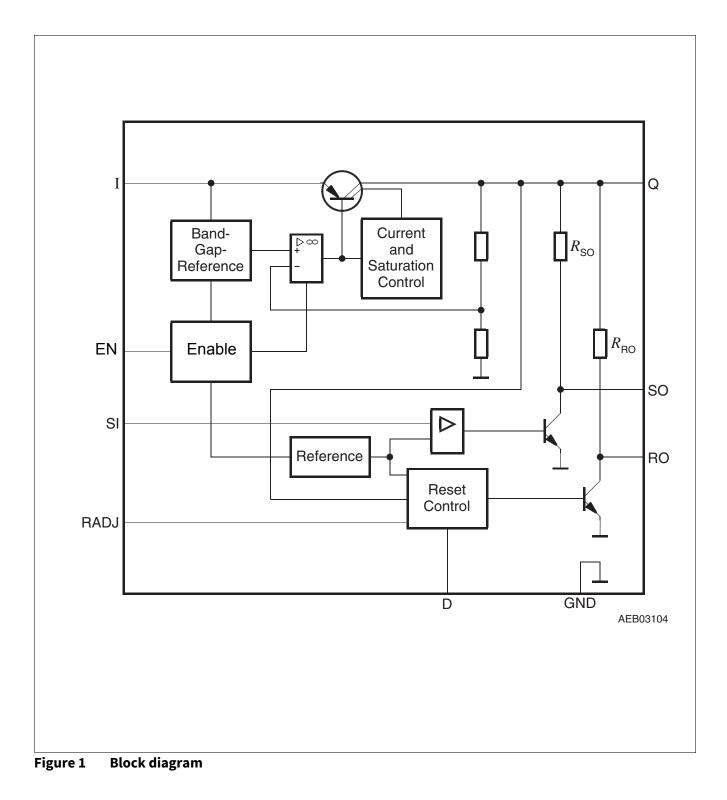
Туре	Package	Marking
TLE42994EV33	PG-SSOP-14 Exposed Pad	42994V33
TLE42994GMV33	PG-DSO-14	42994V33

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Block diagram

2 Block diagram



Data Sheet



Pin configuration

3 Pin configuration

3.1 Pin assignment

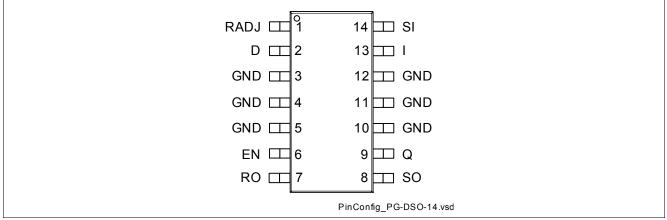


Figure 2 Pin configuration (top view)

3.2 Pin definitions and functions TLE42994GMV33 (PG-DSO-14)

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	RADJ	Reset threshold adjust
		connect an external voltage divider to adjust reset threshold;
		connect to GND for using internal threshold
2	D	Reset delay timing
		connect a ceramic capacitor to GND for adjusting the reset delay time;
		leave open if the reset function is not needed
3, 4, 5	GND	Ground
		connect all pins to PCB and heatsink area
6	EN	Enable
		high signal enables the regulator;
		low signal disables the regulator;
		connect to I if the Enable function is not needed
7	RO	Reset output
		open collector output; internally linked to the output via a 20 k Ω pull-up resistor;
		leave open if the reset function is not needed
8	SO	Sense output
		open collector output; internally linked to the output via a 20k Ω pull-up resistor;
		leave open if the sense comparator is not needed
9	Q	Output
		block to GND with a capacitor close to the IC terminals, respecting the values
		given for its capacitance C_Q and ESR in the table "Functional range" on Page 9
10, 11, 12	GND	Ground
		connect all pins to PCB and heatsink area



Pin configuration

Pin	Symbol	Function
13	1	Input
		for compensating line influences, a capacitor to GND close to the IC terminals is recommended
14	SI	Sense input
		connect the voltage to be monitored;
		connect to Q if the sense comparator is not needed

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Pin configuration

3.3 Pin assignment TLE42994EV33 (PG-SSOP-14 Exposed Pad)

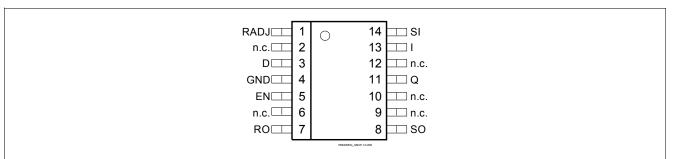


Figure 3 Pin configuration (top view)

3.4 Pin definitions and functions TLE42994EV33 (PG-SSOP-14 Exposed Pad)

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	RADJ	Reset threshold adjust connect an external voltage divider to adjust reset threshold; connect to GND for using internal threshold
2,6	n.c.	Not connected leave open or connect to GND
3	D	Reset delay timing connect a ceramic capacitor to GND for adjusting the reset delay time; leave open if the reset function is not needed
4	GND	Ground connect all pins to PCB and heatsink area
5	EN	Enable high signal enables the regulator; low signal disables the regulator; connect to I if the Enable function is not needed
7	RO	Reset output open collector output; internally linked to the output via a $20k\Omega$ pull-up resistor; leave open if the reset function is not needed
8	SO	Sense output open collector output; internally linked to the output via a $20k\Omega$ pull-up resistor; leave open if the sense comparator is not needed
9, 10, 12	n.c.	Not connected leave open or connect to GND
11	Q	Output block to GND with a capacitor close to the IC terminals, respecting the values given for its capacitance C _Q and ESR in the table "Functional range" on Page 9
13	I	Input for compensating line influences, a capacitor to GND close to the IC terminals is recommended



Pin configuration

Pin	Symbol	Function
14	SI	Sense input connect the voltage to be monitored; connect to Q if the sense comparator is not needed
PAD	-	Exposed pad attach the exposed pad on package bottom to the heatsink area on circuit board; connect to GND



General product characteristics

4 General product characteristics

4.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 1Absolute maximum ratings1)

-40 °C $\leq T_j \leq$ 150°C; all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	S	Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Input I, enable Input El	N, sense input	SI					+
Voltage	$V_{\rm I}, V_{\rm EN}, V_{\rm SI}$	-40	-	45	V	-	P_4.1.1
Output Q, reset output	RO, sense ou	tput SO			i		
Voltage	$V_{\rm Q}, V_{\rm RO}, V_{\rm SO}$	-0.3	-	7	V	-	P_4.1.2
Reset delay D, reset th	reshold RADJ				i		
Voltage	$V_{\rm D}, V_{\rm RADJ}$	-0.3	-	7	V	-	P_4.1.3
Temperature	L				i		
Junction temperature	T _j	-40	-	150	°C	-	P_4.1.4
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-50	-	150	°C	-	P_4.1.5
ESD absorption					i		
ESD absorption	V _{ESD,HBM}	-2	-	2	kV	Human body model (HBM) ²⁾	P_4.1.6
ESD absorption	V _{ESD,CDM}	-500	-	500	V	Charge device model (CDM) ³⁾	P_4.1.7
ESD absorption	V _{ESD,CDM}	-750	-	750	V	Charge device model (CDM) ³⁾ at corner pins	P_4.1.8

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

2) ESD susceptibility human body model "HBM" according to AEC-Q100-002 - JESD22-A114

3) ESD susceptibility charged device model "CDM" according to ESDA STM5.3.1

Notes

- 1. Stresses above the ones listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 2. Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

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General product characteristics

4.2 Functional range

Table 2Functional range

Parameter	Symbol		Value	S	Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Input voltage	VI	4.4	-	45	V	-	P_4.2.1
Output capacitor's requirements for stability	C _Q	22	-	-	μF	_1)	P_4.2.2
Output capacitor's requirements for stability	ESR(C _Q)	-	-	3	Ω	_2)	P_4.2.3
Junction temperature	Tj	-40	-	150	°C	-	P_4.2.4

1) The minimum output capacitance requirement is applicable for a worst case capacitance tolerance of 30%

2) Relevant ESR value at f = 10 kHz

Note: Within the functional range the IC operates as described in the circuit description. The electrical characteristics are specified within the conditions given in the related electrical characteristics table.

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General product characteristics

4.3 Thermal resistance

Table 3 Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol		Value	S	Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number	
		Min.	Min. Typ. Max.					
TLE42994GMV33 (PG-DSO-1	.4)			-				
Junction to Soldering Point ¹⁾	R _{thJSP}	-	-	30	K/W	measured to pin 5	P_4.3.1	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	63	-	K/W	FR4 2s2p board ²⁾	P_4.3.2	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	112	-	K/W	FR4 1s0p board, footprint only ³⁾	P_4.3.3	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	73	-	K/W	FR4 1s0p board, 300mm ² heatsink area on PCB ³⁾	P_4.3.4	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	65	-	K/W	FR4 1s0p board, 600mm ² heatsink area on PCB ³⁾	P_4.3.5	
TLE42994EV33 (PG-SSOP-14	4 Exposed	l Pad)	4	1				
Junction to Soldering Point ¹⁾	R _{thJSP}	-	10	-	K/W	measured to all GND pins	P_4.3.6	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	47	-	K/W	FR4 2s2p board ²⁾	P_4.3.7	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	140	-	K/W	FR4 1s0p board, footprint only ³⁾	P_4.3.8	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	63	-	K/W	FR4 1s0p board, 300mm ² heatsink area on PCB ³⁾	P_4.3.9	
Junction to Ambient ¹⁾	R _{thJA}	-	53	-	K/W	FR4 1s0p board, 600mm ² heatsink area on PCB ³⁾	P_4.3.10	

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

 Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-2,-5,-7 at natural convection on FR4 2s2p board; The Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.5 mm³ board with 2 inner copper layers (2 x 70µm Cu, 2 x 35µm Cu). Where applicable a thermal via array under the exposed pad contacted the first inner copper layer.

3) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to JEDEC JESD 51-3 at natural convection on FR4 1s0p board; The Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 × 114.3 × 1.5 mm³ board with 1 copper layer (1 x 70µm Cu).



5 Block description and electrical characteristics

5.1 Voltage regulator

The output voltage V_Q is controlled by comparing a portion of it to an internal reference and driving a PNP pass transistor accordingly. The control loop stability depends on the output capacitor C_Q , the load current, the chip temperature and the poles/zeros introduced by the integrated circuit. To ensure stable operation, the output capacitor's capacitance and its equivalent series resistor ESR requirements given in the table **"Functional range" on Page 9** have to be maintained. For details see also the typical performance graph **"Output Capacitor Series Resistor ESR(CQ) versus Output Current IQ" on Page 14**. As the output capacitor also has to buffer load steps it should be sized according to the application's needs.

An input capacitor *C*₁ is strongly recommended to compensate line influences. Connect the capacitors close to the component's terminals.

A protection circuitry prevents the IC as well as the application from destruction in case of catastrophic events. These safeguards contain an output current limitation, a reverse polarity protection as well as a thermal shutdown in case of overtemperature.

To avoid excessive power dissipation that could never be handled by the pass element and the package, the maximum output current is decreased at input voltages above $V_1 = 22$ V.

The overtemperature shutdown circuit prevents the IC from immediate destruction under fault conditions (e.g. output continuously short-circuited) by switching off the power stage. After the chip has cooled down, the regulator restarts. This leads to an oscillatory behavior of the output voltage until the fault is removed. However, junction temperatures above 150 °C are outside the maximum ratings and therefore significantly reduce the IC's lifetime.

The TLE42994V33 allows a negative supply voltage. In this fault condition, small currents are flowing into the IC, increasing its junction temperature. This has to be considered for the thermal design, respecting that the thermal protection circuit is not operating during reverse polarity conditions.

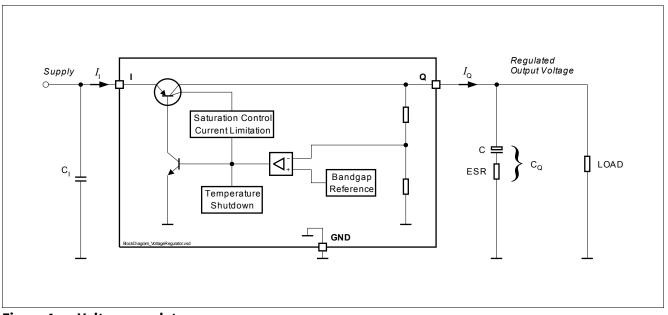


Figure 4 Voltage regulator

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Block description and electrical characteristics

Table 4 Electrical characteristics voltage regulator

 V_{I} = 13.5 V, -40 °C $\leq T_{j} \leq$ 150 °C, all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	s	Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Output voltage	V _Q	3.23	3.30	3.37	V	100 μ A < I_Q < 100 mA 5.5 V < V_I < 18 V	P_5.1.1
Output voltage	V _Q	3.20	3.30	3.40		100 μ A < I_Q < 150 mA 5.5 V < V_I < 18 V	P_5.1.2
Output current limitation	I _{Q,max}	150	400	500	mA		P_5.1.3
Load regulation steady-state	$\Delta V_{Q, load}$	-30	-5	-	mV	$I_{\rm Q} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{\rm I} = 6 \text{ V}$	P_5.1.4
Line regulation steady-state	$\Delta V_{\rm Q, line}$	-	10	25	mV	$V_{\rm I} = 6 {\rm V}$ to 32 V $I_{\rm Q} = 1 {\rm mA}$	P_5.1.5
Overtemperature shutdown threshold	T _{j,sd}	151	-	200	°C	<i>T_j</i> increasing ¹⁾	P_5.1.7
Overtemperature shutdown threshold hysteresis	T _{j,sdh}	-	15	-	°C	<i>T</i> _j decreasing ¹⁾	P_5.1.8
Power supply ripple rejection ¹⁾	PSRR	-	66	-	dB	$f_{ripple} = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $V_{ripple} = 1 V_{pp}$ $I_Q = 100 \text{ mA}$	P_5.1.9

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

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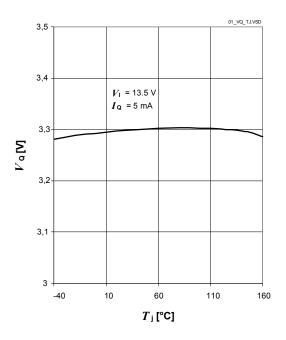


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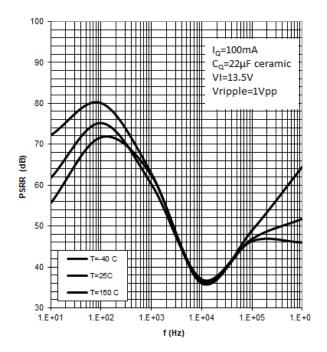
Block description and electrical characteristics

5.2 Typical performance characteristics voltage regulator

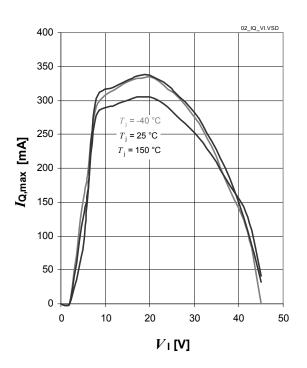
Output Voltage *V*_Q versus Junction Temperature *T*_J



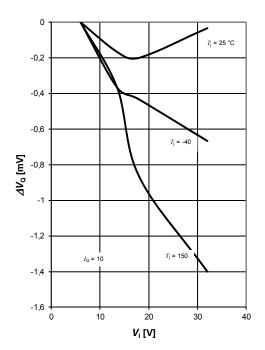
Power Supply Ripple Rejection *PSRR* versus ripple frequency *f*_r



Output Current *I*_Q versus Input Voltage *V*₁

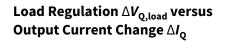


Line Regulation $\Delta V_{Q,line}$ versus Input Voltage Change ΔV_{I}

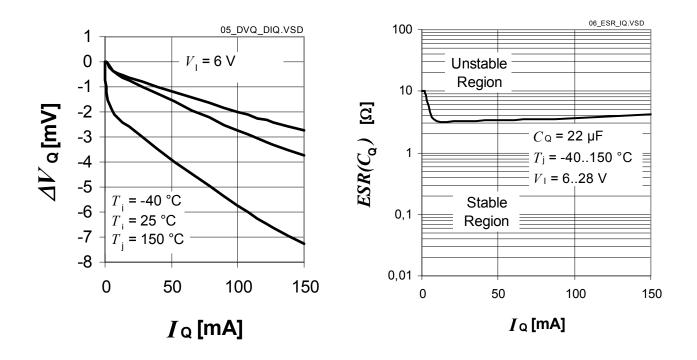


Data Sheet





Output Capacitor Series Resistor $ESR(C_Q)$ versus Output Current I_Q



5.3 Current consumption

Table 5 Electrical characteristics voltage regulator

 V_1 = 13.5 V, -40 °C $\leq T_j \leq$ 150 °C, all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	S	Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Current consumption $I_q = I_1 - I_Q$	I _q	-	-	1	μA	<i>V</i> _{EN} = 0 V	P_5.4.1
						T _j = 25 °C	
Current consumption	I _q	-	65	100	μA	Enable HIGH	P_5.4.2
$I_{\rm q} = I_{\rm I} - I_{\rm Q}$	-					I _Q = 100 μA, T _j = 25 °C	
Current consumption	I _q	-	65	105	μA	Enable HIGH	P_5.4.3
$I_{q} = I_{1} - I_{Q}$	1					I _Q = 100 μA, T _j ≤ 85 °C	
Current consumption	I _q	-	0.17	0.5	mA	Enable HIGH	P_5.4.4
$I_q = I_1 - I_Q$	9					I _Q = 10 mA	
Current consumption	I _q	_	0.7	2	mA	Enable HIGH	P_5.4.5
$I_{\rm q} = I_{\rm l} - I_{\rm Q}$	1					I _Q = 50 mA	

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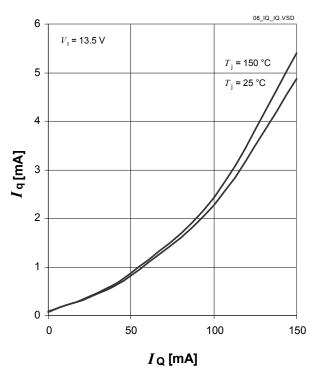


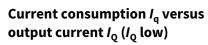
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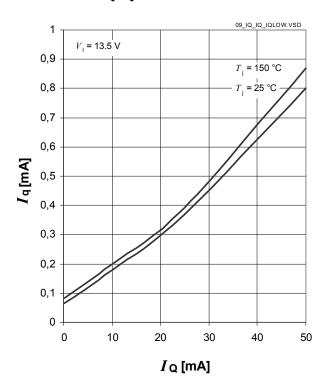
Block description and electrical characteristics

5.4 Typical performance characteristics current consumption

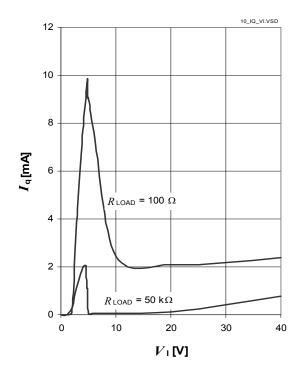
Current consumption *I*_q versus output current *I*_Q







Current consumption I_q versus input voltage V₁



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3.3 V low drop fixed voltage regulator

Block description and electrical characteristics

5.5 Enable function

Table 6 Electrical characteristics voltage regulator

 V_1 = 13.5 V, -40 °C $\leq T_j \leq$ 150°C, all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Enable OFF voltage range	V _{EN,OFF}	-	_	0.8	V	-	P_5.6.1
Enable ON voltage range	V _{EN,ON}	3.5	_	-	٧	-	P_5.6.2
Enable OFF input current	I _{EN,OFF}	-	0.5	2	μA	<i>V</i> _{EN} = 0 V	P_5.6.3
Enable ON input current	I _{EN,ON}	-	3	5	μA	V _{EN} = 5 V	P_5.6.4



5.6 Reset function

The reset function provides several features:

Output undervoltage reset:

An output undervoltage condition is indicated by setting the Reset Output RO to "low". This signal might be used to reset a microcontroller during low supply voltage.

Power-on reset delay time:

The power-on reset delay time trd allows a microcontoller and oscillator to start up. This delay time is the time frame from exceeding the reset switching threshold V_{RT} until the reset is released by switching the reset output "RO" from "low" to "high". The power-on reset delay time t_{rd} is defined by an external delay capacitor C_D connected to pin D charged by the delay capacitor charge current $I_{D,ch}$ starting from $V_D = 0$ V.

If the application needs a power-on reset delay time *t*rd different from the value given in **Power-on reset delay time**, the delay capacitor's value can be derived from the specified values in **Power-on reset delay time** and the desired power-on delay time:

$$C_{\rm D} = \frac{t_{\rm rd, \, new}}{t_{\rm rd}} \times 100 \, \rm nF$$

with

- C_D: capacitance of the delay capacitor to be chosen
- t_{rd.new}: desired power-on reset delay time
- *t*_{rd}: power-on reset delay time specified in this datasheet

For a precise calculation also take the delay capacitor's tolerance into consideration.

Reset reaction time:

The reset reaction time avoids that short undervoltage spikes trigger an unwanted reset "low" signal. The reset reaction rime t_{rr} considers the internal reaction time $t_{rr,int}$ and the discharge time $t_{rr,d}$ defined by the external delay capacitor C_D (see typical performance graph for details). Hence, the total reset reaction time becomes:

 $t_{rr} = t_{rd, int} + t_{rr, d}$

with

- *t*_{rr}: reset reaction time
- *t*_{rr,int}: internal reset reaction time
- *t*_{rr.d}: reset discharge

Optional reset output pull-up resistor R_{RO,ext}:

The Reset Output RO is an open collector output with an integrated pull-up resistor. If needed, an external pull-up resistor to the output Q can be added. In **Table 7 "Electrical characteristics reset function" on Page 20** a minimum value for the external resistor $R_{\text{RO,ext}}$ is given.

(5.2)

(5.1)



Reset adjust function

The undervoltage reset switching threshold can be adjusted according to the application's needs by connecting an external voltage divider (R_{ADJ1} , R_{ADJ2}) at pin RADJ. For selecting the default threshold connect pin RADJ to GND.

When dimensioning the voltage divider, take into consideration that there will be an additional current constantly flowing through the resistors.

With a voltage divider connected, the reset switching threshold $V_{\text{RT,new}}$ is calculated as follows:

(5.3)

$$V_{RT, new} = \frac{R_{ADJ, 1} + R_{ADJ, 2}}{R_{ADJ, 2}} \times V_{RADJ, th}$$

with

- *V*_{RT.new}: the desired new reset switching threshold
- *R*_{ADJ1}, *R*_{ADJ2}: resistors of the external voltage divider
- V_{RADJ,th}: reset adjust switching threshold given in Table 7 "Electrical characteristics reset function" on Page 20

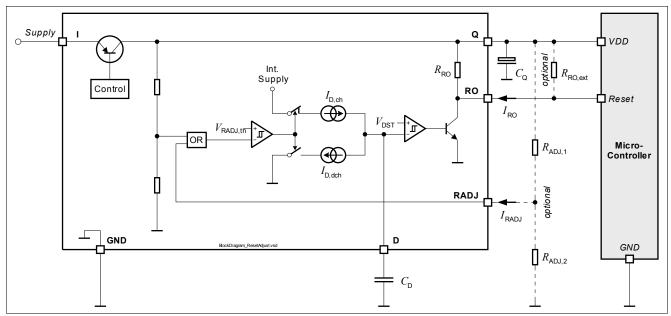
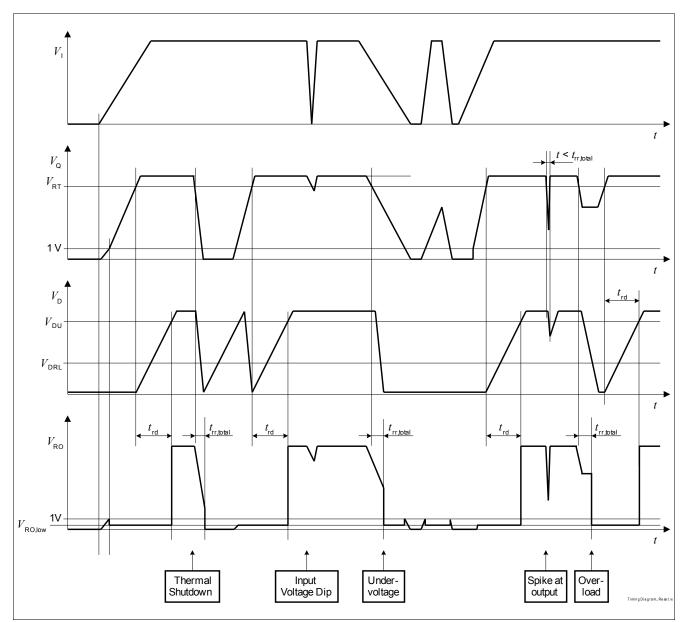


Figure 5 Block diagram reset function









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Block description and electrical characteristics

Table 7 Electrical characteristics reset function

 V_1 = 13.5 V, -40 °C $\leq T_j \leq$ 150 °C, all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	s	Unit	Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Output undervoltage reset	*	-	4	-	-	1	-
Default output undervoltage reset Switching thresholds	V _{RT}	3.00	3.10	3.20	V	V _Q decreasing	P_5.7.1
Output undervoltage reset headroom	V _{RH}	50	200	300	mV	-	
Output undervoltage reset thres	hold adju	stment	t				
Reset adjust Switching threshold	V _{RADJ,th}	1.26	1.36	1.44	V	V _Q > 2.5 V	P_5.7.2
Reset adjustment range ¹⁾	$V_{\rm RT,range}$	2.50	-	3.10	V	-	P_5.7.3
Reset output RO		-1	1	-			
Reset output low voltage	V _{RO,low}	-	0.1	0.4	V	$1 \text{ V} \le V_{\text{Q}} \le V_{\text{RT}}$ no external $R_{\text{RO,ext}}$	P_5.7.4
Reset output internal Pull-up resistor to V _Q	R _{RO}	10	20	40	kΩ	-	P_5.7.5
Optional reset output external Pull-up resistor to V _Q	R _{RO,ext}	5.6	-	-	kΩ	$1 V \le V_Q \le V_{RT};$ $V_{RO} \le 0.4 V$	P_5.7.6
Reset delay Ttming	1		1				1
Delay pin output voltage	V _D	-	-	5	V	-	P_5.7.7
Power-on reset delay time	t _{rd}	36	51	60	ms	$C_{\rm D}$ = 100 nF Calculated value: $t_{\rm rd}$ = $C_{\rm D}$ * $V_{\rm DU}$ / $I_{\rm D,ch}$	P_5.7.8
Upper delay Switching threshold	V _{DU}	-	1.85	-	V	-	P_5.7.9
Lower delay Switching threshold	V _{DL}	-	0.50	-	V	-	P_5.7.10
Delay capacitor Charge current	I _{D,ch}	-	3.5	-	μΑ	$V_{\rm D} = 1 \rm V$	P_5.7.11
Delay capacitor Reset discharge current	I _{D,dch}	-	70	-	mA	$V_{\rm D} = 1 \rm V$	P_5.7.12
Delay capacitor Discharge time	t _{rr, d}	-	1.7	3.0	μs	Calculated Value: $t_{\rm rr, d} = C_{\rm D} * (V_{\rm DU} - V_{\rm DL}) / I_{\rm D,dch}$ $C_{\rm D} = 100 \rm nF$	P_5.7.13
Internal reset reaction time	t _{rr, int}	-	20	25	μs	$C_{\rm D} = 0 \rm nF^{2}$	P_5.7.14
Reset reaction time	t _{rr, total}	-	21.7	28	μs	Calculated value: $t_{\rm rr, total} = t_{\rm rr, int} + t_{\rm rr, d}$ $C_{\rm D} = 100 \rm nF$	P_5.7.15

1) $V_{\rm RT}$ is scaled linearly, in case the Reset Switching Threshold is modified

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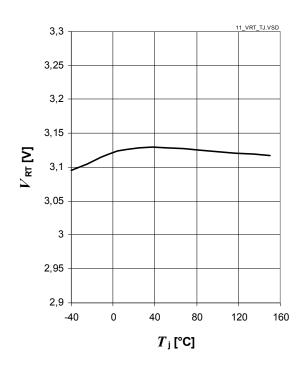
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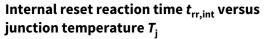
Block description and electrical characteristics

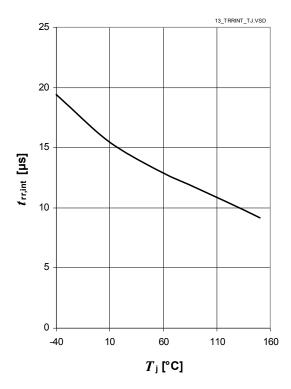
2) Parameter not subject to production test; specified by design

5.7 Typical performance characteristics reset

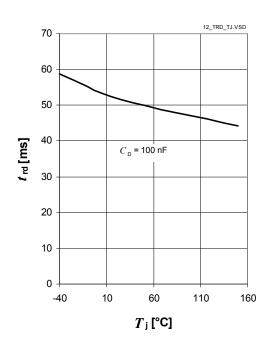
Undervoltage reset switching threshold $V_{\rm RT}$ versus junction temperature $T_{\rm j}$



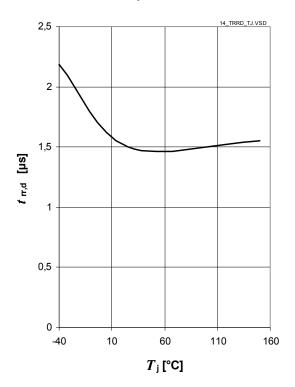




Power-on reset delay time *t*_{rd} versus junction temperature *T*_j



Delay capacitor discharge time $t_{\rm rr,d}$ versus junction temperature $T_{\rm j}$



Data Sheet

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3.3 V low drop fixed voltage regulator



Block description and electrical characteristics

5.8 Early warning function

The additional sense comparator provides an early warning function: Any voltage (e.g. the input voltage) can be monitored, an undervoltage condition is indicated by setting the comparator's output to low.

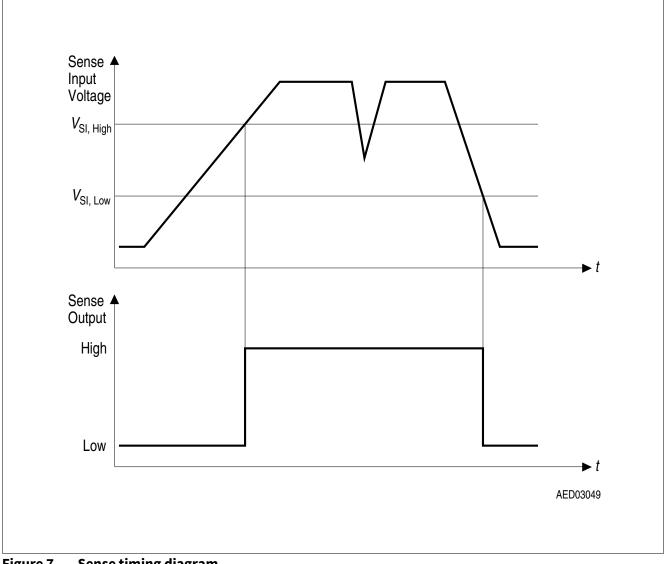


Figure 7 Sense timing diagram

Table 8 Electrical characteristics early warning function

 V_1 = 13.5 V, -40 °C $\leq T_j \leq$ 150°C, all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Sense comparator input			·				-

<u> </u>							
Sense threshold high	V _{SI,high}	1.34	1.45	1.54	۷	-	P_5.9.1
Sense threshold low	V _{SI,low}	1.26	1.36	1.44	٧	-	P_5.9.2
Sense switching hysteresis	V _{SI,hy}	50	90	130	mV	$V_{\rm SI,hy} = V_{\rm SI,high} - V_{\rm SI,low}$	P_5.9.3
Sense input current	I _{SI}	-1	-0.1	1	μΑ	-	P_5.9.4

OPTIREG™ Linear TLE42994V33

3.3 V low drop fixed voltage regulator



Block description and electrical characteristics

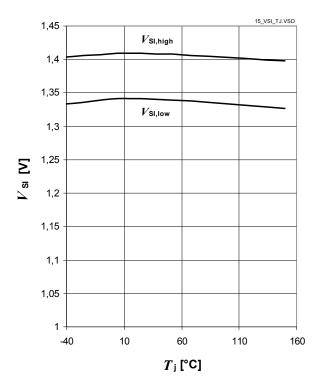
Table 8 Electrical characteristics early warning function (cont'd)

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V, -40 °C $\leq T_{\rm j} \leq$ 150°C, all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	_		
Sense comparator output	1	-				•	1
Sense output low voltage	V _{SO,low}	-	0.1	0.4	V	$V_{SI} < V_{SI,low}$ $V_{I} > 4.4 V$ no external $R_{SO,ext}$	P_5.9.5
Sense output internal Pull-up resistor to V _Q	R _{so}	10	20	40	kΩ	-	P_5.9.6
Optional sense output external pull-up resistor to V _Q	R _{SO,ext}	5.6	-	-	kΩ	$V_{\rm I} > 4.4 \rm V$ $V_{\rm SO} \le 0.4 \rm V$	P_5.9.7

5.9 Typical performance characteristics early warning







Application information

6 Application information

6.1 Application diagram

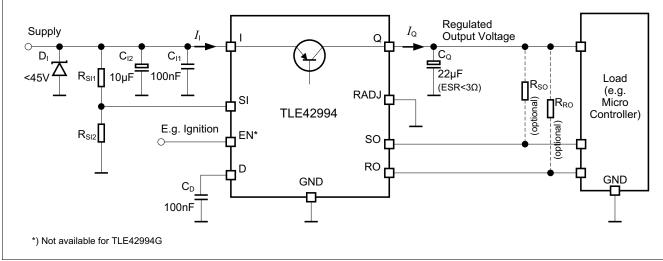


Figure 8 Application diagram with selecting default reset thresholds

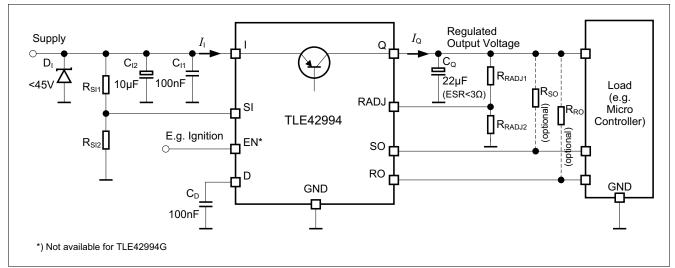


Figure 9 Application diagram with reset thresholds adjustment

Note: The following information is given as a hint for the implementation of the device only and shall not be regarded as a description or warranty of a certain functionality, condition or quality of the device.



Application information

6.2 Selection of external components

6.2.1 Input pin

The typical input circuitry for a linear voltage regulator is shown in the application diagram above.

A ceramic capacitor at the input, in the range of 100 nF to 470 nF, is recommended to filter out the high frequency disturbances imposed by the line e.g. ISO pulses 3a/b. This capacitor must be placed very close to the input pin of the linear voltage regulator on the PCB.

An aluminum electrolytic capacitor in the range of 10 µF to 470 µF is recommended as an input buffer to smooth out high energy pulses, such as ISO pulse 2a. This capacitor should be placed close to the input pin of the linear voltage regulator on the PCB.

An overvoltage suppressor diode can be used to further suppress any high voltage beyond the maximum rating of the linear voltage regulator and protect the device against any damage due to over-voltage.

The external components at the input are not mandatory for the operation of the voltage regulator, but they are recommended in case of possible external disturbances.

6.2.2 Output pin

An output capacitor is mandatory for the stability of linear voltage regulators.

The requirement to the output capacitor is given in **"Functional range" on Page 9**. The graph shows the stable operation range of the device. **"Output Capacitor Series Resistor ESR(CQ) versus Output Current IQ" on Page 14**

TLE42994 is designed to be stable with extremely low ESR capacitors. According to the automotive environment, ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended.

The output capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the regulator's output and GND pins and on the same side of the PCB as the regulator itself.

In case of rapid transients of input voltage or load current, the capacitance should be dimensioned in accordance and verified in the real application that the output stability requirements are fulfilled.

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Application information

6.3 Thermal considerations

Knowing the input voltage, the output voltage and the load profile of the application, the total power dissipation can be calculated:

(6.1)

$$P_{D} = (V_{I} - V_{Q}) \times I_{Q} + V_{I} \times I_{q}$$

with

- P_D: continuous power dissipation
- V_I: input voltage
- *V*_Q: output voltage
- *I*₀: output current
- *I*_a: quiescent current

The maximum acceptable thermal resistance R_{thJA} can then be calculated:

(6.2)

$$R_{thJA, max} = \frac{T_{j, max} - T_a}{P_D}$$

with

- *T*_{i,max}: maximum allowed junction temperature
- *T*_a: ambient temperature

Based on the above calculation the proper PCB type and the necessary heat sink area can be determined with reference to the specification in **"Thermal resistance" on Page 10**.

Example

Application conditions:

 V_{l} = 13.5 V V_{Q} = 3.3 V I_{Q} = 50 mA T_{a} = 105°C Data Sheet

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Application information

Calculation of $R_{thJA,max}$: $P_D = (V_1 - V_Q) \cdot I_Q + V_1 \cdot I_q$ $= (13.5 V - 3.3 V) \cdot 50 mA + 13.5 V \cdot 2 mA$ 0.510 W + 0.027 W = 0.537 W $R_{thJA,max} = (T_{j,max} - T_a) / P_D$ $= (150^{\circ}C - 105^{\circ}C) / 0.537 W$ = 83.8 K/W

As a result, the PCB design must ensure a thermal resistance R_{thJA} lower than 55.3 K/W. By considering TLE42994E (PG-SSOP-14 EP package) and according to **"Thermal resistance" on Page 10**, at least 600 mm² heatsink area is needed on the FR4 1s0p PCB, or the FR4 2s2p board can be used.

6.4 Reverse polarity protection

TLE42994 is self protected against reverse polarity faults and allows negative supply voltage. External reverse polarity diode is not needed. However, the absolute maximum ratings of the device as specified in **"Absolute maximum ratings" on Page 8** must be kept.

The reverse voltage causes several small currents to flow into the IC hence increasing its junction temperature. As the thermal shut down circuitry does not work in the reverse polarity condition, designers have to consider this in their thermal design.



Package information



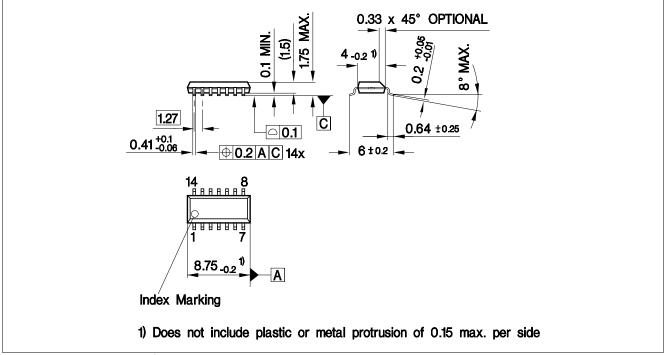


Figure 10 PG-DSO-14¹⁾

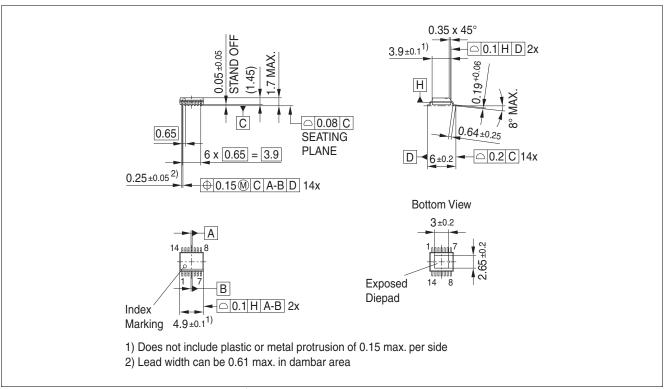


Figure 11 PG-SSOP-14 Exposed Pad¹⁾

Data Sheet

¹⁾ Dimensions in mm



Package information

Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

Further information on packages

https://www.infineon.com/packages



Revision History

8 Revision History

Revision	Date	Changes
1.2	2018-11-22	Updated layout Updated package drawing "PG-DSO-14" Editorial changes
1.01	2010-10-14	Page 10. pos. 5.1.1: editorial change typ 3.0 V corrected 3.30 V
1.0	2010-10-01	Initial version Data Sheet

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Edition 2018-11-22 Published by Infineon Technologies AG 81726 Munich, Germany

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