

SIPMOS® Power Transistor

SPD 07N20 G

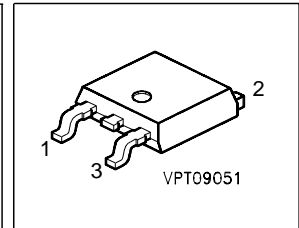
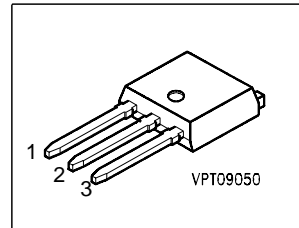
Features

- N channel
- Enhancement mode
- Avalanche rated
- dv/dt rated
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant



Product Summary

Drain source voltage	V_{DS}	200	V
Drain-Source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	0.4	Ω
Continuous drain current	I_D	7	A



Type	Package	Pb-free	Packaging	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3
SPD07N20 G	PG-TO252	Yes	Tape and Reel	G	D	S
SPU07N20 G	PG-TO251	Yes	Tube			

Maximum Ratings, at $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_D	7 4.5	A
Pulsed drain current $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_{Dpulse}	28	
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D = 7\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$, $R_{GS} = 25\text{ }\Omega$	E_{AS}	120	mJ
Avalanche energy, periodic limited by T_{jmax}	E_{AR}	4	
Reverse diode dv/dt $I_S = 7\text{ A}$, $V_{DS} = 160\text{ V}$, $di/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$, $T_{jmax} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	dv/dt	6	kV/ μs
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Power dissipation $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	40	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55... +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1		55/150/56	

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics					
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-		3.1	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leded	R_{thJA}	-	-	100	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint @ 6 cm ² cooling area ¹⁾	R_{thJA}	-	-	75 50	

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristics					
Drain- source breakdown voltage $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_D = 0.25\text{ mA}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	200	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage, $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.1	3	4	
Zero gate voltage drain current $V_{DS} = 200\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS} = 200\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_{DSS}	-	0.1	1 100	μA
Gate-source leakage current $V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	I_{GSS}	-	10	100	nA
Drain-Source on-state resistance $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 4.5\text{ A}$	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.3	0.4	Ω

¹ Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristics					
Transconductance $V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D = 4.5\text{ A}$	g_{fs}	3	4.2	-	S
Input capacitance $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	C_{iss}	-	400	530	pF
Output capacitance $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	C_{oss}	-	85	130	
Reverse transfer capacitance $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	C_{rss}	-	45	70	
Turn-on delay time $V_{DD} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$, $R_G = 50\text{ }\Omega$	$t_{d(on)}$	-	10	15	ns
Rise time $V_{DD} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$, $R_G = 50\text{ }\Omega$	t_r	-	40	60	
Turn-off delay time $V_{DD} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$, $R_G = 50\text{ }\Omega$	$t_{d(off)}$	-	55	75	
Fall time $V_{DD} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$, $R_G = 50\text{ }\Omega$	t_f	-	30	40	

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

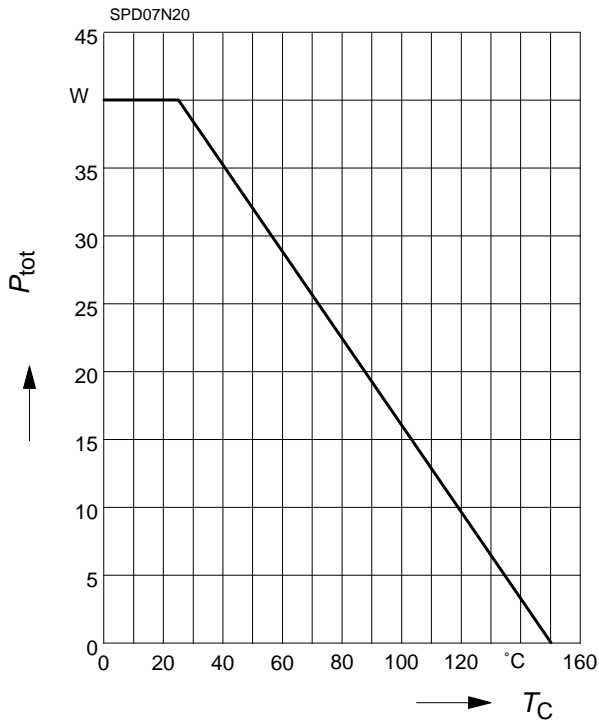
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristics					
Gate to source charge $V_{DD} = 160\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}$	Q_{gs}	-	5	7.5	nC
Gate to drain charge $V_{DD} = 160\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}$	Q_{gd}	-	10	22.5	
Gate charge total $V_{DD} = 160\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	Q_g	-	21	31.5	
Gate plateau voltage $V_{DD} = 160\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}$	$V_{(plateau)}$	-	7	-	V

Reverse Diode

Inverse diode continuous forward current $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_S	-	-	7	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_{SM}	-	-	28	
Inverse diode forward voltage $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_F = 14\text{ A}$	V_{SD}	-	1.3	1.7	V
Reverse recovery time $V_R = 100\text{ V}, I_F = I_S, di_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	t_{rr}	-	200	300	ns
Reverse recovery charge $V_R = 100\text{ V}, I_F = I_S, di_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	Q_{rr}	-	0.6	0.9	μC

Power Dissipation

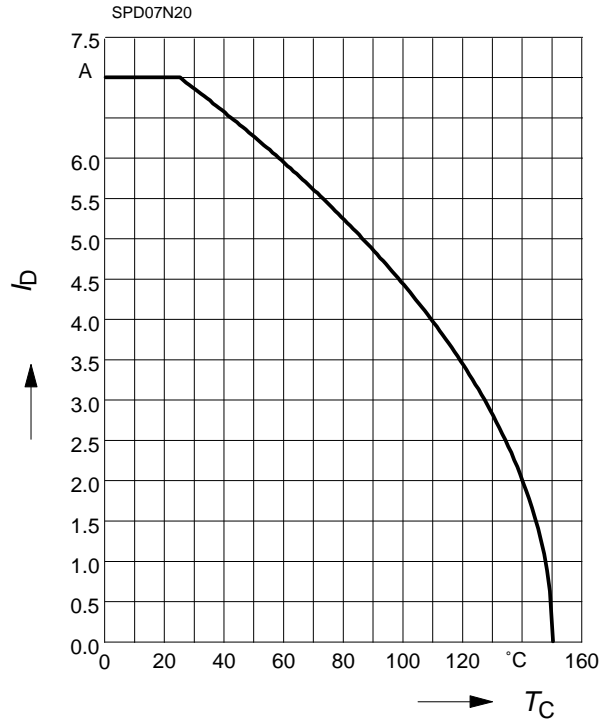
$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$



Drain current

$I_D = f(T_C)$

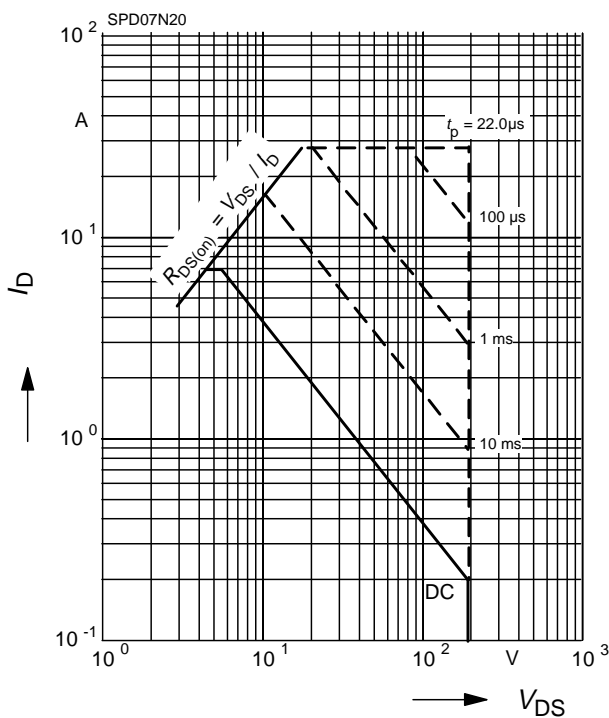
parameter: $V_{GS} \geq 10\text{ V}$



Safe operating area

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

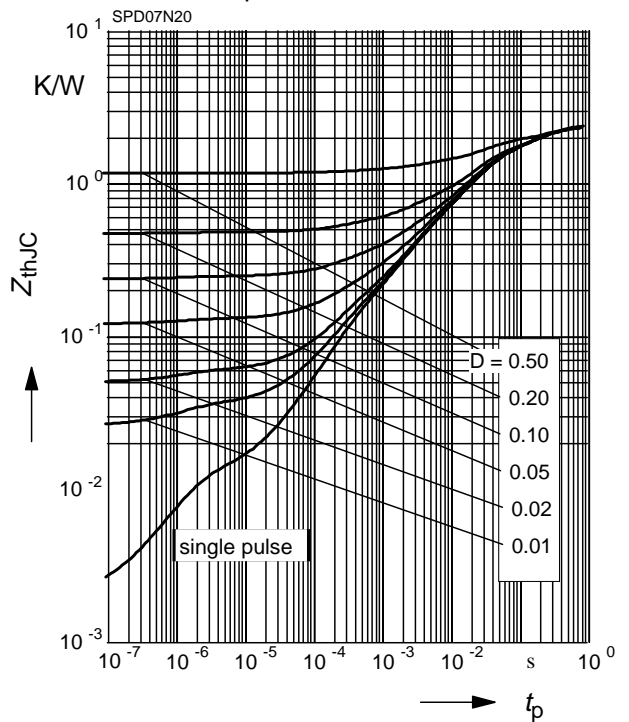
parameter : $D = 0, T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



Transient thermal impedance

$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$

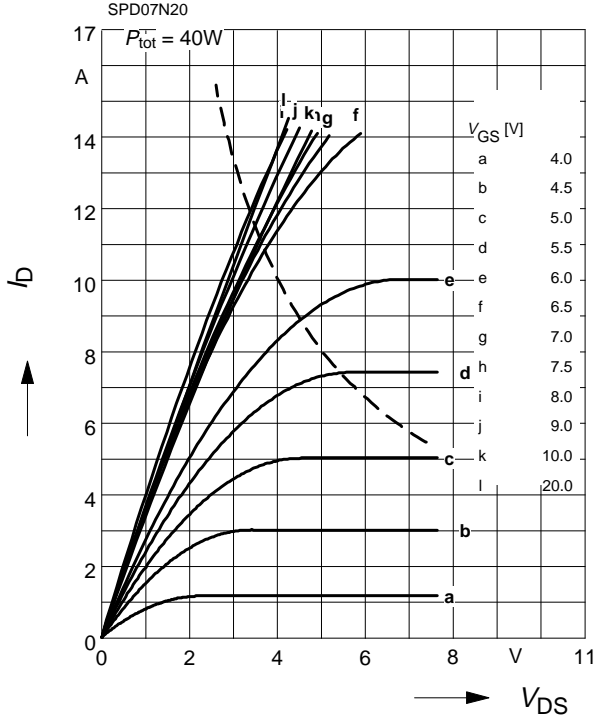
parameter : $D = t_p/T$



Typ. output characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

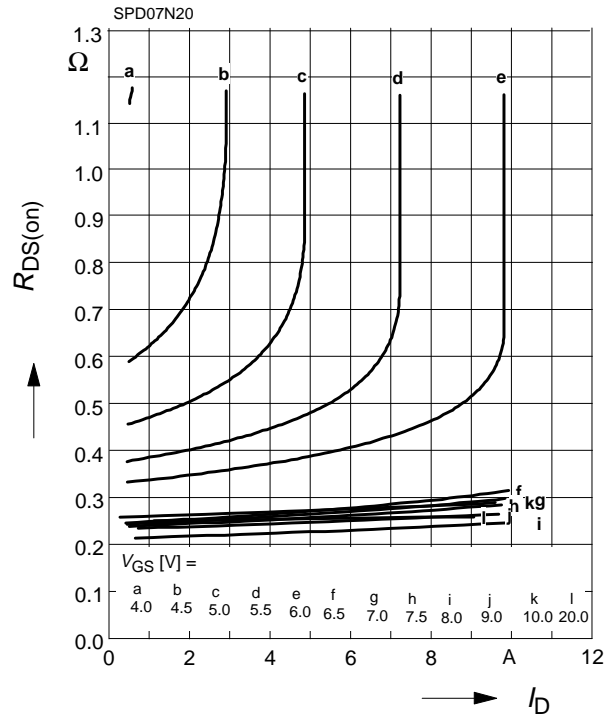
parameter: $t_p = 80 \mu s$



Typ. drain-source-on-resistance

$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$

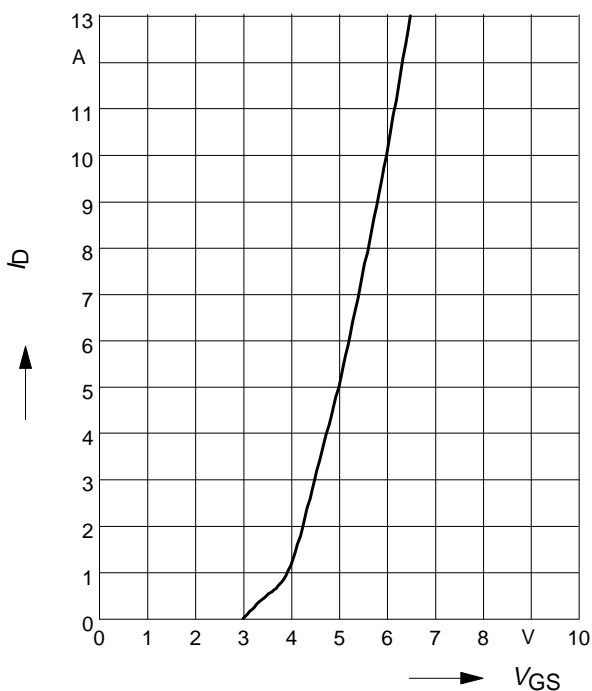
parameter: V_{GS}



Typ. transfer characteristics $I_D = f(V_{GS})$

parameter: $t_p = 80 \mu s$

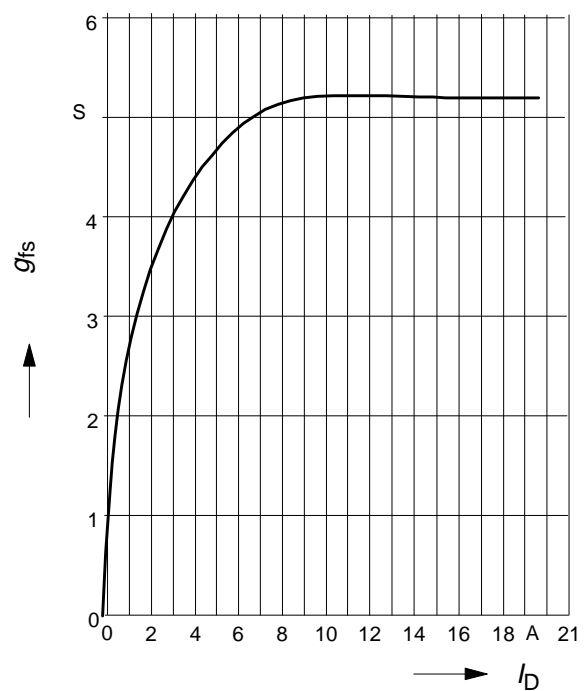
$V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)} \text{ max}$



Typ. forward transconductance

$g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ C$

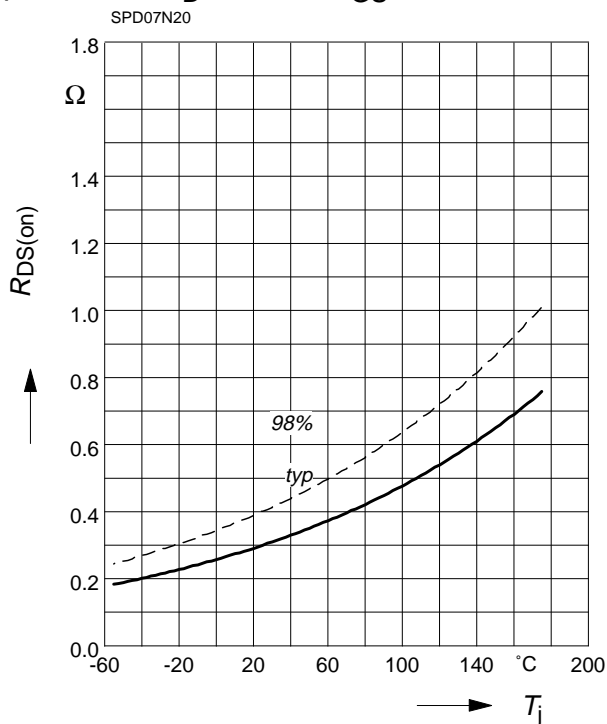
parameter: g_{fs}



Drain-source on-resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

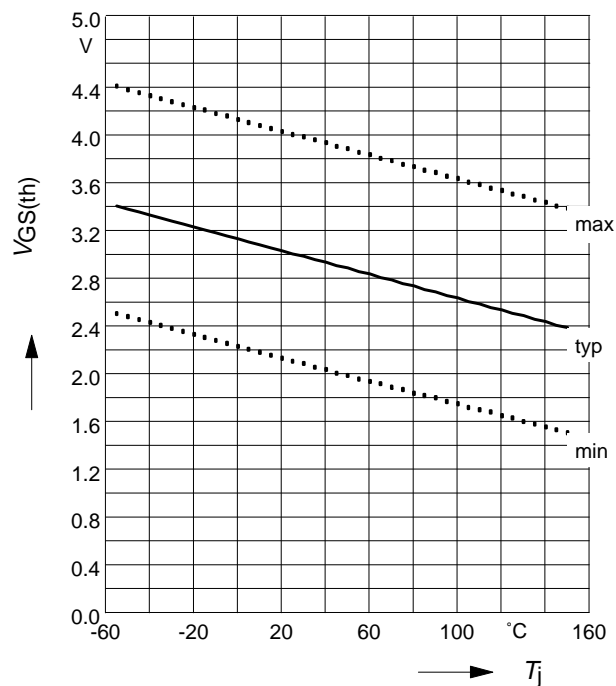
parameter : $I_D = 4.5 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$



Gate threshold voltage

$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j)$$

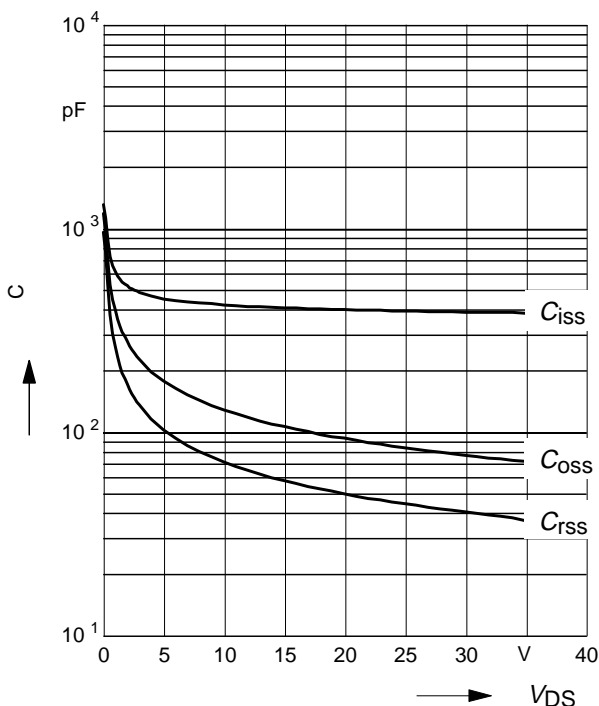
parameter : $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$



Typ. capacitances

$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

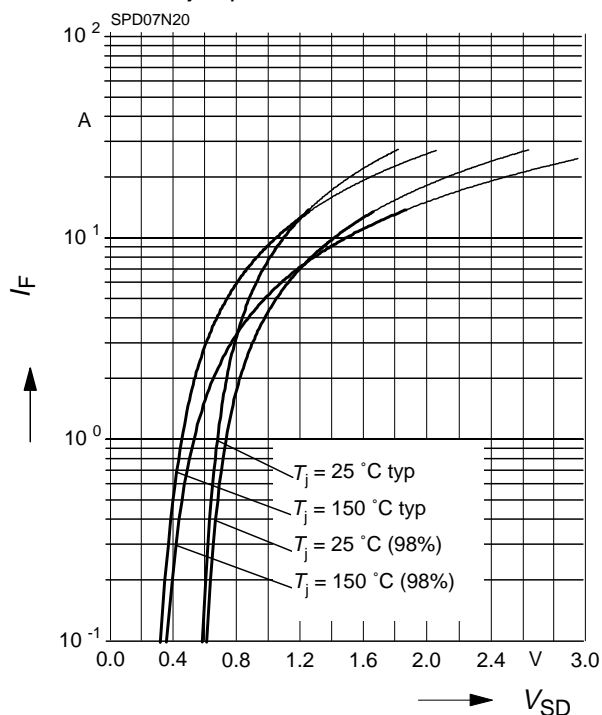
parameter: $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$



Forward characteristics of reverse diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

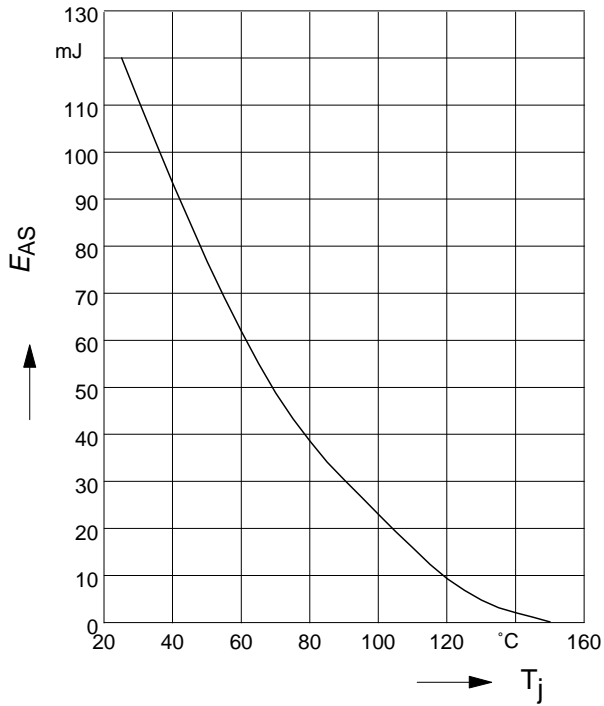
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}$



Avalanche Energy $E_{AS} = f(T_j)$

parameter: $I_D = 7\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$

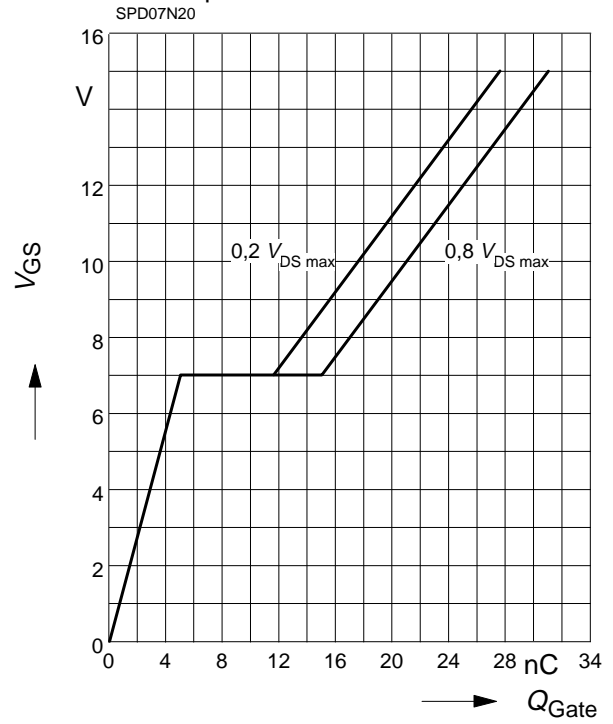
$R_{GS} = 25\ \Omega$



Typ. gate charge $V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$

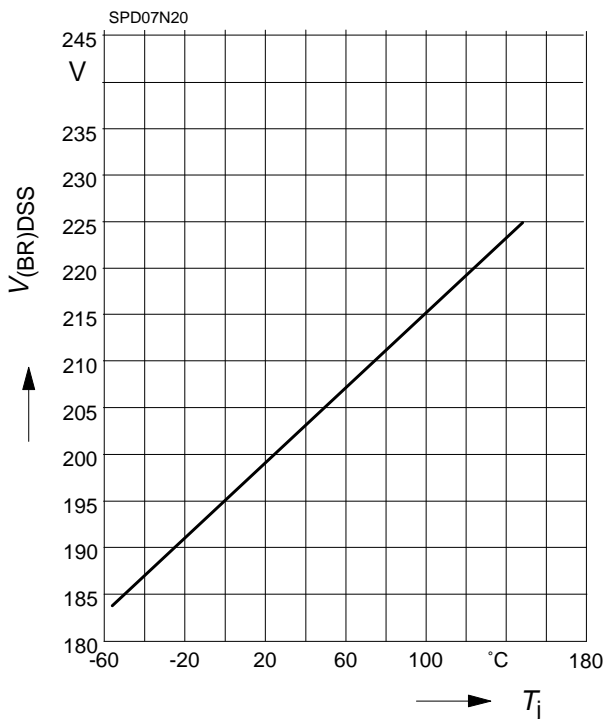
parameter: $I_{D\ puls} = 7\text{ A}$

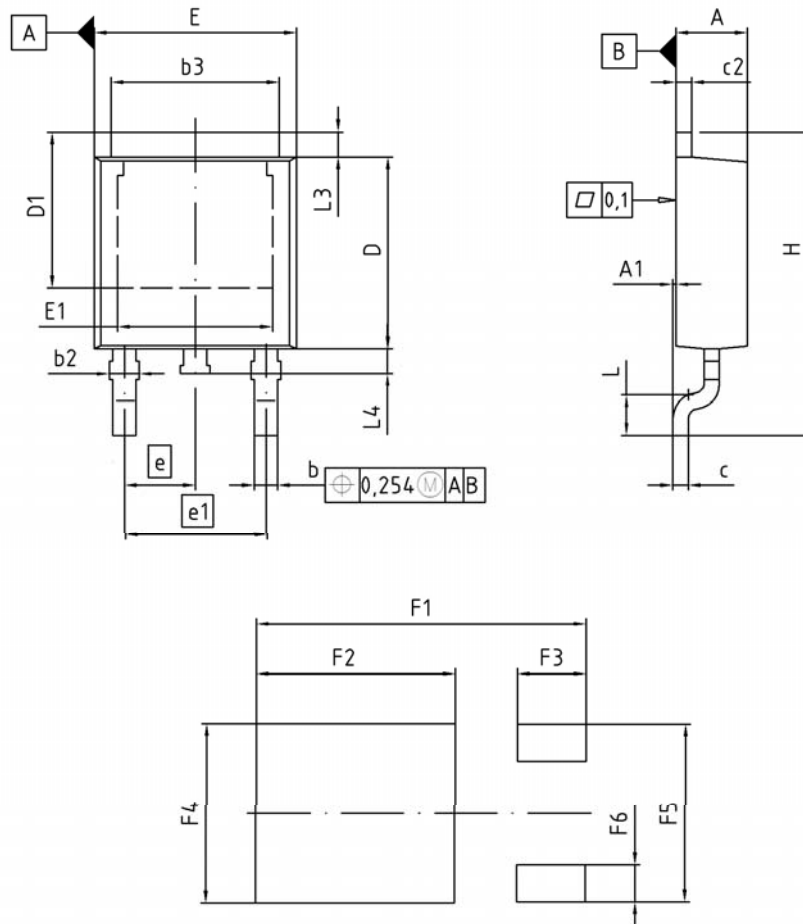
parameter: $I_{D\ puls} = 7\text{ A}$



Drain-source breakdown voltage $V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$

parameter: $I_{D\ puls} = 7\text{ A}$





DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.16	2.41	0.085	0.095
A1	0.00	0.15	0.000	0.006
b	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
b2	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
b3	5.00	5.50	0.197	0.217
c	0.46	0.60	0.018	0.024
c2	0.46	0.98	0.018	0.039
D	5.97	6.22	0.235	0.245
D1	5.02	5.84	0.198	0.230
E	6.40	6.73	0.252	0.265
E1	4.70	5.21	0.185	0.205
e	2.29		0.090	
e1	4.57		0.180	
N	3		3	
H	9.40	10.48	0.370	0.413
L	1.18	1.70	0.046	0.067
L3	0.90	1.25	0.035	0.049
L4	0.51	1.00	0.020	0.039
F1	10.50	10.70	0.413	0.421
F2	6.30	6.50	0.248	0.256
F3	2.10	2.30	0.083	0.091
F4	5.70	5.90	0.224	0.232
F5	5.66	5.86	0.223	0.231
F6	1.10	1.30	0.043	0.051

DOCUMENT NO.
Z8B00003328

SCALE

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

ISSUE DATE
19-10-2007

REVISION
03



Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany
© 2013 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office. Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.