

Low Loss DuoPack: IGBT in **TrenchStop**® and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode

- Best in class TO247
- Short circuit withstand time 10μs
- · Designed for :
 - Frequency Converters
 - Uninterrupted Power Supply
- TrenchStop® and Fieldstop technology for 1200 V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- NPT technology offers easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in V_{CE(sat)}
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- · Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : http://www.infineon.com/igbt/

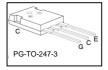
| Туре | V _{CE} | I c | V _{CE(sat), Tj=25°C} | $T_{\rm j,max}$ | Marking Code | Package |
|-----------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|
| IKW40T120 | 1200V | 40A | 1.7V | 150°C | K40T120 | PG-TO-247-3 |

Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|--------------------|---------|------|
| Collector-emitter voltage | V _{CE} | 1200 | V |
| DC collector current | I _C | | Α |
| $T_{\rm C} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$ | | 75 | |
| $T_{\rm C} = 100^{\circ}{\rm C}$ | | 40 | |
| Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax} | I _{Cpuls} | 105 | |
| Turn off safe operating area | - | 105 | |
| $V_{\rm CE} \le 1200 { m V}, \ T_{ m j} \le 150 { m ^{\circ}} { m C}$ | | | |
| Diode forward current | I _F | | |
| $T_{\rm C} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$ | | 80 | |
| $T_{\rm C} = 100^{\circ}{\rm C}$ | | 40 | |
| Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax} | I _{Fpuls} | 105 | |
| Gate-emitter voltage | V _{GE} | ±20 | V |
| Short circuit withstand time ²⁾ | tsc | 10 | μS |
| $V_{\rm GE}$ = 15V, $V_{\rm CC} \le$ 1200V, $T_{\rm j} \le$ 150°C | | | |
| Power dissipation | P _{tot} | 270 | W |
| $T_{\rm C}$ = 25°C | | | |
| Operating junction temperature | T _j | -40+150 | °C |
| Storage temperature | T _{stg} | -55+150 | |

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022





²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.





| Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s | - | 260 | |
|--|---|-----|--|



Thermal Resistance

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Max. Value | Unit |
|---------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------|
| Characteristic | | | | |
| IGBT thermal resistance, | R _{thJC} | | 0.45 | K/W |
| junction – case | | | | |
| Diode thermal resistance, | R _{thJCD} | | 0.81 | |
| junction – case | | | | |
| Thermal resistance, | R _{thJA} | | 40 | |
| junction – ambient | | | | |

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Cymbol | Conditions | | Value | | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|------|-------|------|------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | |
| Static Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $V_{(BR)CES}$ | $V_{\rm GE} = 0 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 1.5 \text{mA}$ | 1200 | - | - | V |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $V_{\text{CE(sat)}}$ | $V_{\rm GE} = 15 \rm V, \ I_{\rm C} = 40 \rm A$ | | | | |
| | | <i>T</i> _j =25°C | - | 1.7 | 2.3 | |
| | | <i>T</i> _j =125°C | - | 2.1 | - | |
| | | T _j =150°C | - | 2.3 | - | |
| Diode forward voltage | V_{F} | $V_{GE} = 0 \text{V}, I_{F} = 40 \text{A}$ | | | | |
| | | <i>T</i> _j =25°C | - | 1.75 | 2.3 | |
| | | T _j =125°C | - | 1.75 | - | |
| | | T _j =150°C | - | 1.75 | - | |
| Gate-emitter threshold voltage | $V_{\rm GE(th)}$ | $I_{\rm C}$ =1.5mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = $V_{\rm GE}$ | 5.0 | 5.8 | 6.5 | |
| Zero gate voltage collector current | I _{CES} | V _{CE} =1200V, V _{GE} =0V | | | | mA |
| | | <i>T</i> _j =25°C | - | - | 0.4 | |
| | | T _j =150°C | - | - | 4.0 | |
| Gate-emitter leakage current | I _{GES} | $V_{\rm CE} = 0 \rm V, V_{\rm GE} = 20 \rm V$ | - | - | 600 | nA |
| Transconductance | g_{fs} | $V_{CE} = 20 \text{V}, I_{C} = 40 \text{A}$ | - | 21 | - | S |
| Integrated gate resistor | R _{Gint} | | | 6 | | Ω |



| Dynamic Characteristic | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|---|------|---|----|
| Input capacitance | Ciss | $V_{CE}=25V$, | - | 2500 | - | pF |
| Output capacitance | Coss | $V_{GE}=0V$, | - | 130 | - | |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | Crss | f=1MHz | - | 110 | - | |
| Gate charge | Q _{Gate} | $V_{\text{CC}} = 960 \text{V}, I_{\text{C}} = 40 \text{A}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 15 \text{V}$ | - | 203 | - | nC |
| Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case | L _E | | - | 13 | - | nΗ |
| Short circuit collector current ¹⁾ | $I_{C(SC)}$ | $V_{\text{GE}} = 15 \text{ V}, t_{\text{SC}} \le 10 \mu\text{s}$ $V_{\text{CC}} = 600 \text{ V},$ $T_{\text{C}} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{ C}$ | - | 210 | - | А |

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_j =25 °C

| Doromotor | Symbol Conditions - | | Value | | | Unit |
|--|----------------------|---|-------|------|------|------|
| Parameter | | | min. | typ. | max. | Onit |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $T_j=25^{\circ}C$, | - | 48 | - | ns |
| Rise time | t_{r} | $V_{CC}=600V, I_{C}=40A,$ | - | 34 | - |] |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/15\text{V},$ $R_{\text{G}} = 15\Omega,$ | - | 480 | - |] |
| Fall time | t _f | $L_{\sigma}^{(2)} = 180 \text{nH},$ | - | 70 | - | |
| Turn-on energy | Eon | $C_{\sigma}^{2)}$ =39pF | - | 3.3 | - | mJ |
| Turn-off energy | E_{off} | Energy losses include "tail" and diode | - | 3.2 | - |] |
| Total switching energy | Ets | reverse recovery. | - | 6.5 | - | |
| Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | <i>T</i> _j =25°C, | - | 240 | - | ns |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q _{rr} | $V_{R}=600V, I_{F}=40A,$ | - | 3.8 | | μC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I _{rrm} | $di_F/dt=800A/\mu s$ | - | 28 | | Α |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$ | di _{rr} /dt | | - | 370 | - | A/μs |

 $^{^{1)}}$ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s. $^{2)}$ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_j =150 °C

| Developed | Cumbal | Conditions | Value | | | 11:4:4 |
|--|----------------------|---|-------|------|------|--------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | T _j =150°C | - | 52 | - | ns |
| Rise time | $t_{\rm r}$ | $V_{CC} = 600 \text{V}, I_{C} = 40 \text{A},$ | - | 40 | - | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | $V_{\rm GE} = 0/15 \mathrm{V},$ $R_{\rm G} = 15 \Omega,$ | - | 580 | - | |
| Fall time | t_{f} | $L_{\sigma}^{(1)} = 180 \text{nH},$ | - | 120 | - | |
| Turn-on energy | Eon | $C_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =39pF | - | 5.0 | - | mJ |
| Turn-off energy | E _{off} | Energy losses include "tail" and diode | - | 5.4 | - | |
| Total switching energy | E _{ts} | reverse recovery. | - | 10.4 | - | |
| Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic | | | | | | • |
| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | T _j =150°C | - | 410 | - | ns |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q _{rr} | V_{R} =600V, I_{F} =40A, | - | 8.8 | - | μC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I _{rrm} | $di_{\rm F}/dt$ =800A/ μ s | - | 36 | - | Α |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$ | di _{rr} /dt | | - | 330 | | A/μs |

 $^{^{1)}}$ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



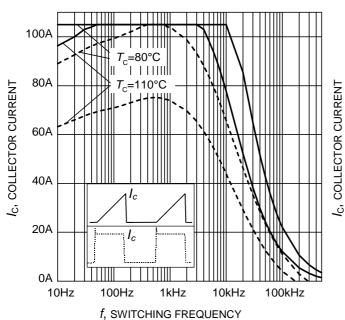


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency $(T_j \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}, R_{\text{G}} = 15\Omega)$

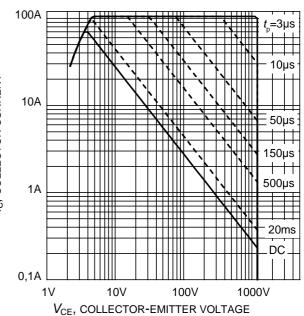


Figure 2. Safe operating area $(D=0, T_C=25^{\circ}C, T_i \le 150^{\circ}C; V_{GE}=15V)$

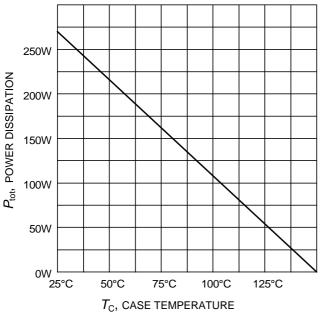


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature $(T_i \le 150^{\circ}C)$

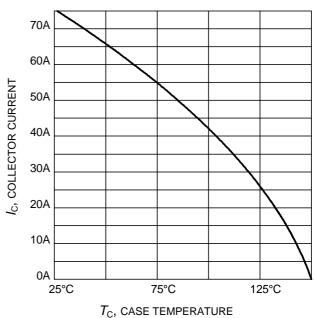


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature $(V_{GE} \ge 15V, T_j \le 150^{\circ}C)$





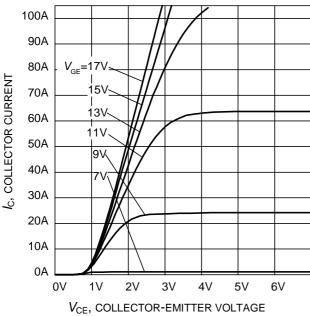


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 25^{\circ}\text{C})$

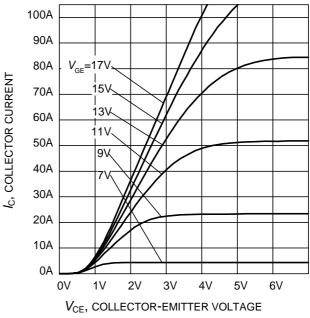


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$

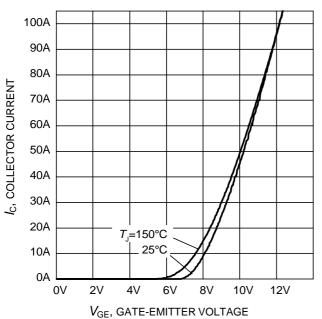


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic $(V_{CE}=20V)$

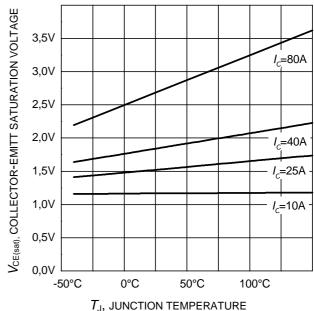


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature $(V_{GE} = 15V)$



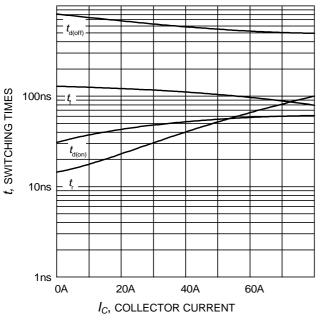


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load, T_J =150°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, R_G =15 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

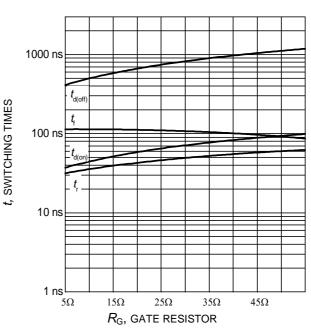


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, T_J =150°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_{CE} =40A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

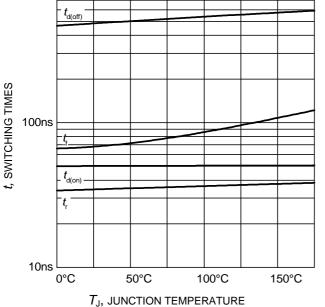


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_{C} =40A, R_{G} =15 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

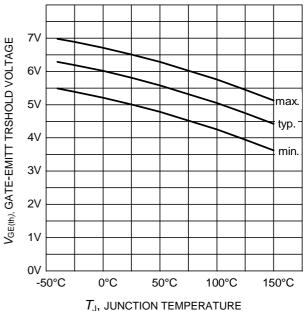


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature $(I_C = 1.5\text{mA})$



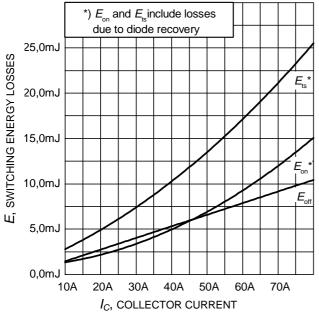


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current (inductive load, T_J =150°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, R_G =15 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

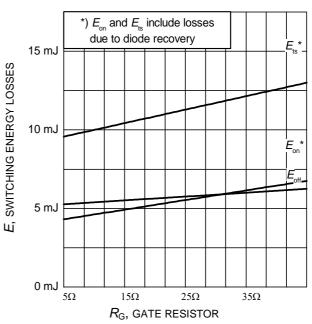


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, T_J =150°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_C =40A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

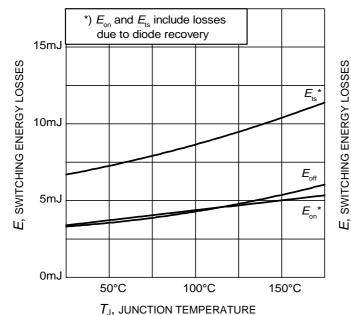
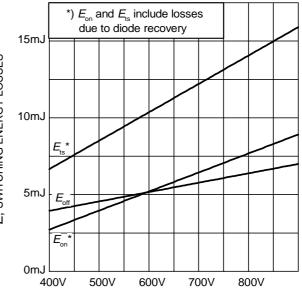


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature (inductive load. $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$.

(inductive load, $V_{\rm CE}$ =600V, $V_{\rm GE}$ =0/15V, $I_{\rm C}$ =40A, $R_{\rm G}$ =15 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage

(inductive load, T_J =150°C, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_C =40A, R_G =15 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)





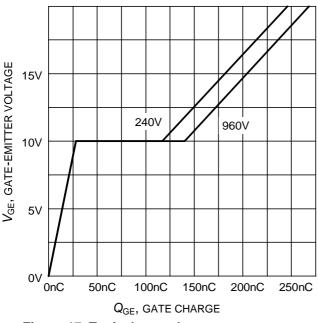


Figure 17. Typical gate charge $(I_C=40 \text{ A})$

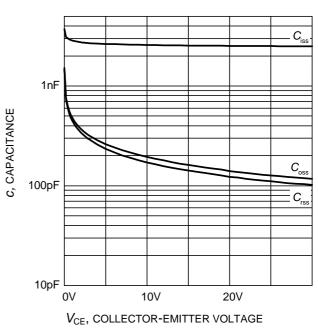


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage $(V_{GF}=0V, f=1 \text{ MHz})$

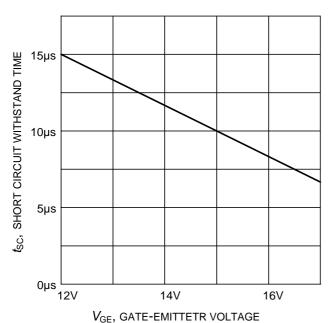


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage $(V_{CE}=600\text{V}, \text{ start at } T_{J}=25^{\circ}\text{C})$

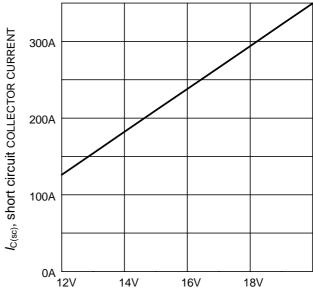


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage $(V_{CE} \le 600 \text{V}, T_i \le 150 ^{\circ}\text{C})$

 $V_{\rm GE}$, gate-emittetr voltage



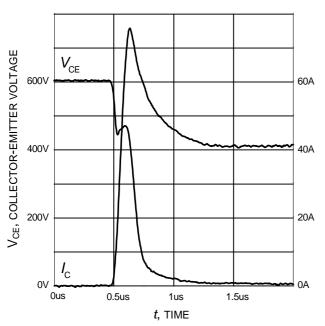


Figure 21. Typical turn on behavior $(V_{GE}=0/15V, R_{G}=15\Omega, T_{j}=150^{\circ}C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$

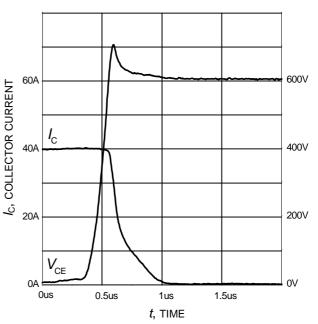


Figure 22. Typical turn off behavior $(V_{GE}=15/0V, R_{G}=15\Omega, T_{j}=150^{\circ}C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$

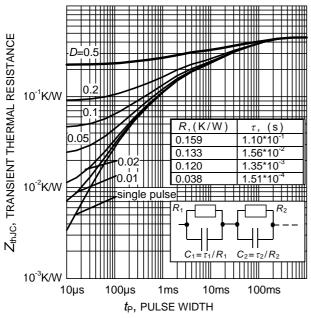


Figure 23. IGBT transient thermal resistance $(D = t_p / T)$

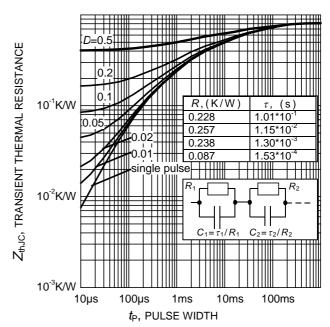


Figure 24. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width $(D=t_P/T)$



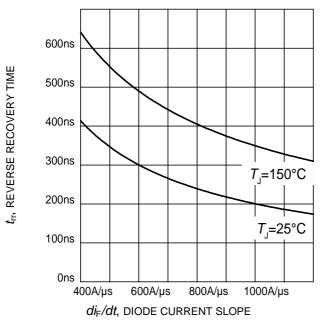


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope $(V_R=600\text{V}, I_F=40\text{A}, \text{Dynamic test circuit in Figure E})$

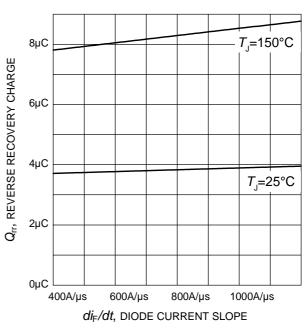


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope $(V_R=600\text{V}, I_F=40\text{A}, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$

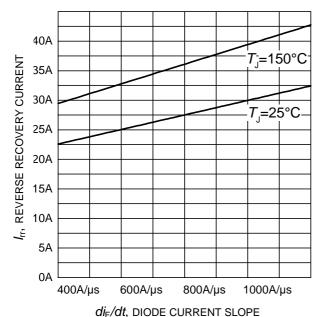


Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

 $(V_R=600V, I_F=40A,$ Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

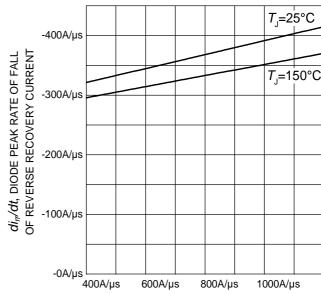


Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope (V_R =600V, I_F =40A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

di_F/dt, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE



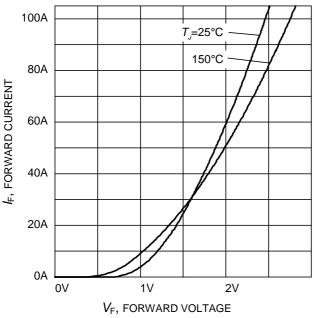


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

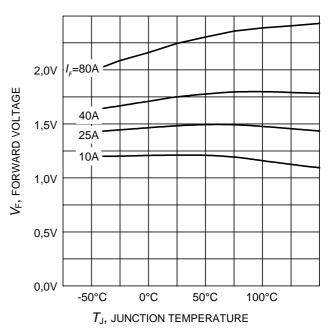
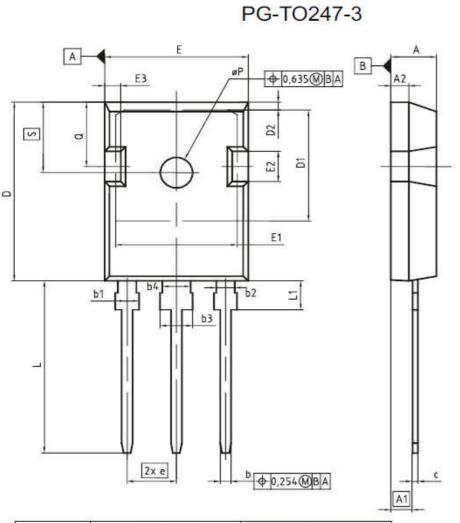
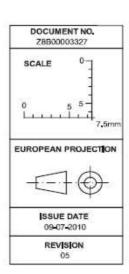


Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

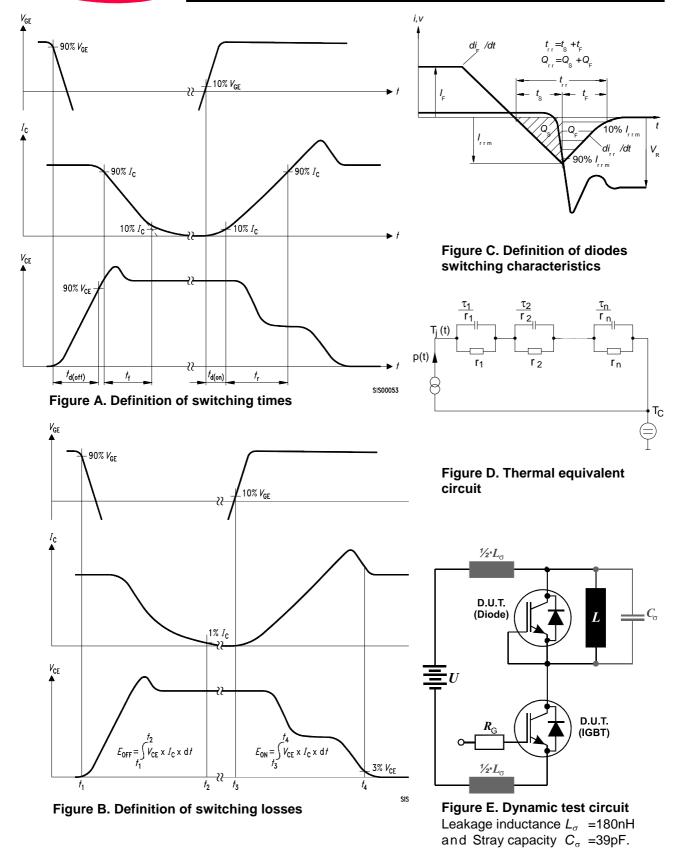




| 0.004 | MILLIM | ETERS | INC | HES |
|-------|--------|----------|-------|-----------|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 4.83 | 5,21 | 0.190 | 0,205 |
| A1 | 2.27 | 2,54 | 0.089 | 0,100 |
| A2 | 1.85 | 2,16 | 0,073 | 0,085 |
| ь | 1.07 | 1,33 | 0,042 | 0.052 |
| b1 | 1,90 | 2.41 | 0,075 | 0,095 |
| b2 | 1.90 | 2.16 | 0,075 | 0,085 |
| b3 | 2,87 | 3.38 | 0.113 | 0.133 |
| b4 | 2,87 | 3.13 | 0.113 | 0.123 |
| c | 0,55 | 0.68 | 0,022 | 0,027 |
| D | 20,80 | 21,10 | 0,819 | 0,831 |
| D1 | 16.25 | 17,65 | 0,640 | 0,695 |
| D2 | 0.95 | 1.35 | 0.037 | 0.053 |
| E | 15.70 | 16.13 | 0.618 | 0,635 |
| E1 | 13.10 | 14.15 | 0,516 | 0,557 |
| E2 | 3,68 | 5.10 | 0.145 | 0,201 |
| E3 | 1.00 | 2,60 | 0.039 | 0.102 |
| e | 5. | 44 (BSC) | 0.2 | 214 (BSC) |
| N | | 3 | | 3 |
| L | 19,80 | 20,32 | 0.780 | 0.800 |
| L1 | 4.10 | 4.47 | 0.161 | 0.176 |
| øΡ | 3,50 | 3.70 | 0.138 | 0.146 |
| Q | 5.49 | 6,00 | 0,216 | 0,236 |
| s | 6.04 | 6.30 | 0.238 | 0,248 |









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