

Low Loss DuoPack: IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode

- Very low V_{CE(sat)} 1.5V (typ.)
- Maximum Junction Temperature 175°C
- Short circuit withstand time 5µs
- Designed for:
 - Frequency Converters
 - Drives
- TRENCHSTOP[™] and Fieldstop technology for 600V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
 - very high switching speed
 - low $V_{\text{CE(sat)}}$
- Positive temperature coefficient in V_{CE(sat)}
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models: http://www.infineon.com/igbt/











Туре	V CE	<i>I</i> c	V _{CE(sat),Tj=25°C}	$ au_{ ext{j,max}}$	Marking	Package
IKP04N60T	600V	4A	1.5V	175°C	K04T60	PG-TO220-3

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, T _j ≥ 25°C	V _{CE}	600	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{jmax} $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{C} = 100^{\circ}C$	Ic		
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I _{Cpuls}	12	A
Turn off safe operating area, $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$, $T_j = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $t_p = 1 \mu\text{s}$	-	12	
Diode forward current, limited by Tjmax $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_C = 100^{\circ}C$	I _F	9.5 6.5	
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I _{Fpuls}	12	
Gate-emitter voltage	V _{GE}	±20	V
Short circuit withstand time ²⁾ $V_{GE} = 15V, \ V_{CC} \le 400V, \ T_j \le 150^{\circ}C$	tsc	5	μS
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	P _{tot}	42	W
Operating junction temperature	T _j	-40+175	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55+150	°C
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

¹⁾ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

IFAG IPC TD VLS 1 Rev. 2.8 17.02.2016

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.



Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic	1			
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	RthJC		3.5	
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R _{thJCD}		5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	RthJA		62	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

Donomoton	Comple of	Conditions	Value			I I m i 4	
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	Тур.	max.	Unit	
Static Characteristic						•	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	V _{(BR)CES}	$V_{GE}=0V$, $I_{C}=0.2mA$	600	-	-		
		$V_{\rm GE} = 15 \rm V, \ I_{\rm C} = 4 \rm A$					
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	<i>T</i> _j =25°C	-	1.5	2.05		
		<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	1.9	-	.,	
D: 1 ()		$V_{GE}=0V$, $I_{F}=4A$				V	
Diode forward voltage	V_{F}	<i>T</i> _j =25°C	-	1.65	2.05		
		<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	1.6	-		
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	V _{GE(th)}	$I_{C}=60\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	4.1	4.9	5.7		
		$V_{CE} = 600 \text{V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{V}$					
Zero gate voltage collector current	1	<i>T</i> _j =25°C					
	ICES	<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	-	40	μA	
			-	-	1000		
Gate-emitter leakage current	IGES	$V_{\text{CE}}=0\text{V},V_{\text{GE}}=20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V$, $I_{C}=4A$	-	2.2	-	S	
Integrated gate resistor	RGint			-	•	Ω	

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	Cies	V _{CE} =25V,	-	252	-	
Output capacitance	Coes	$V_{GE}=0V$,	-	20	-	pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	Cres	f=1MHz	-	7.5	-	
Cata charge	0	$V_{CC} = 480 \text{V}, I_{C} = 4 \text{A}$	-	27	-	nC
Gate charge	Q _{Gate}	V _{GE} =15V		21		
Internal emitter inductance	,		-	7	-	nH
measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	LE			/		ш
Short circuit collector current ¹⁾	I _{C(SC)}	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15 \text{V}, t_{\text{SC}} \le 5 \mu \text{s}$ $V_{\text{CC}} = 400 \text{V},$ $T_{\text{j}} \le 150^{\circ} \text{C}$	-	36	-	А

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.



Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_i =25 °C

Devementer	Cumbal	Conditions	Value			11
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	Тур.	max.	Unit
IGBT Characteristic						•
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	<i>T</i> _j =25°C,	-	14	-	
Rise time	t _r	$V_{\rm CC} = 400 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 4 \text{A},$	-	7	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{\rm GE}$ =0/15V, $R_{\rm G}$ = 47 Ω , $L_{\sigma}^{1)}$ =150nH, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}$ =47pF Energy losses include "tail" and diode	-	164	-	
Fall time	t_{f}		-	43	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon		-	61	-	
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	84	-	μJ
Total switching energy	Ets	reverse recovery.	-	145	-	
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						•
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	<i>T</i> _j =25°C,	-	28	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}	V_{R} =400V, I_{F} =4A,	-	79	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I _{rrm}	di _F /dt=610A/μs	-	5.3	-	Α
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di _{rr} /dt		-	346	-	A/μs

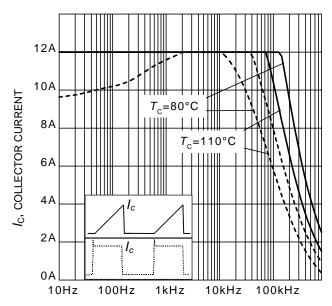
Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_j =175°C

Davamatav	Symbol Conditions -		Value			Unit
Parameter			min.	Тур.	max.	John
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=175^{\circ}C$	-	14	-	
Rise time	t_{r}	$V_{\rm CC} = 400 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 4 \text{A},$ $V_{\rm GE} = 0/15 \text{V},$	-	10	-]
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{\rm G} = 47\Omega$	-	185	-	ns
Fall time	t_{f}	$L_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =150nH, $C_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =47pF	-	83	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon		-	99	-	
Turn-off energy	E _{off}	Energy losses include "tail" and diode	-	97	-	μJ
Total switching energy	E _{ts}	reverse recovery.	-	196	-	
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	95	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}	V_{R} =400V, I_{F} =4A,	-	291	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I _{rrm}	$di_{\rm F}/dt$ =610A/ μ s	-	6.6	-	Α
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$	di _{rr} /dt		-	253	-	A/μs

 $^{^{1)}}$ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity \textit{C}_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

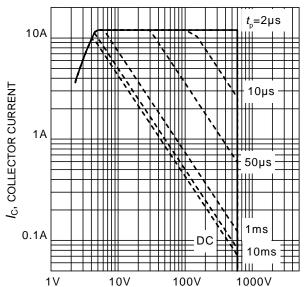






f, SWITCHING FREQUENCY

Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency $(T_j \le 175^{\circ}\text{C}, \ D = 0.5, \ V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}, \ V_{\text{GE}} = 0/15\text{V}, \ R_{\text{G}} = 47\Omega)$



 V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 2. Safe operating area $(D=0, T_C=25^{\circ}\text{C}, T_j \le 175^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{GE}=0/15\text{V})$

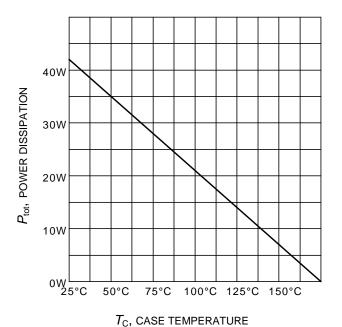


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature $(T_i \le 175^{\circ}\text{C})$

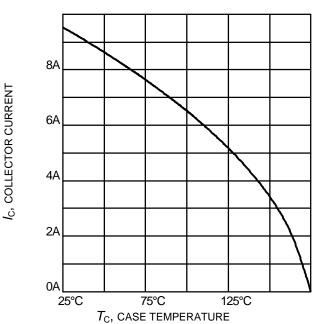


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature $(V_{GE} \ge 15V, T_i \le 175^{\circ}C)$





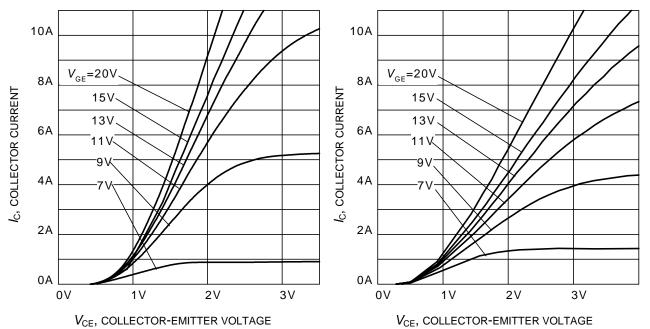


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 25^{\circ}\text{C})$

Figure 6. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 175^{\circ}C)$

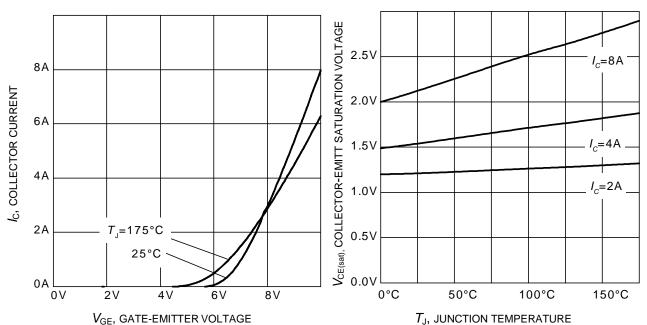
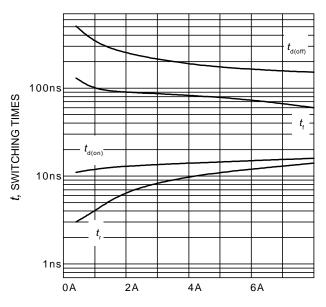


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic $(V_{CE}=20V)$

Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature $(V_{GE} = 15V)$

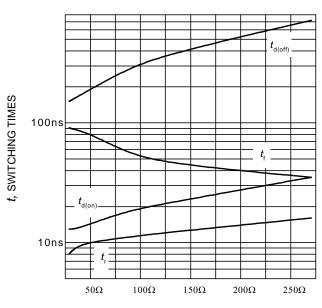






 $I_{\rm C}$, COLLECTOR CURRENT

Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load, T_J =175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, R_G = 47 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 $R_{\rm G}$, gate resistor

Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, T_J = 175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 4A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

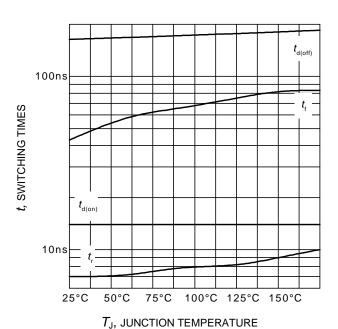
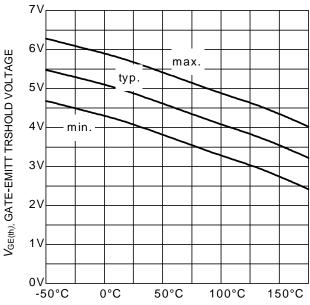


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400 \text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/15 \text{V}$, $I_{\text{C}} = 4 \text{A}$, $R_{\text{G}} = 47 \Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 $T_{\rm J}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature ($I_C = 60 \mu A$)





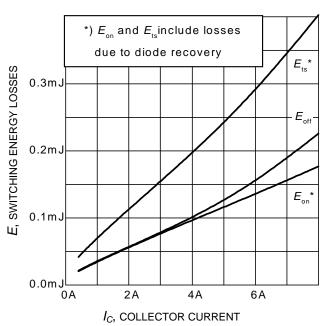


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current (inductive load, T_J = 175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, R_G = 47 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

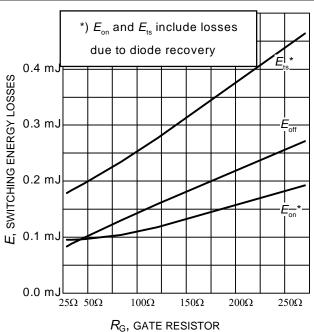


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, $T_J = 175$ °C, $V_{CE} = 400$ V, $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V, $I_C = 4$ A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

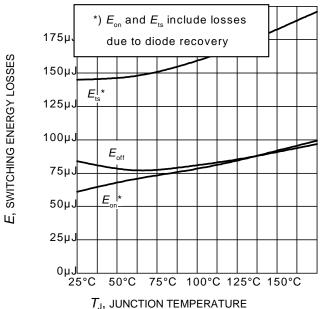
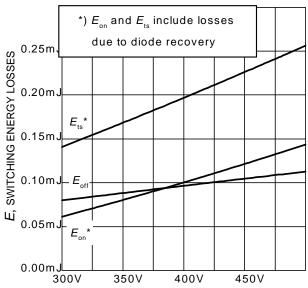


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400 \text{V}$

(inductive load, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 400V, $V_{\rm GE}$ = 0/15V, $I_{\rm C}$ = 4A, $R_{\rm G}$ = 47 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage

(inductive load, T_J = 175°C, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 4A, R_G = 47 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)





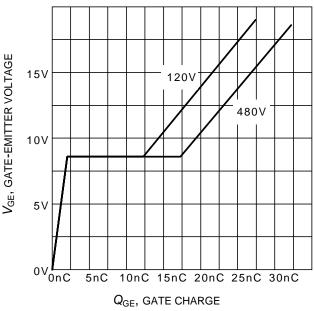


Figure 17. Typical gate charge $(I_C=4A)$

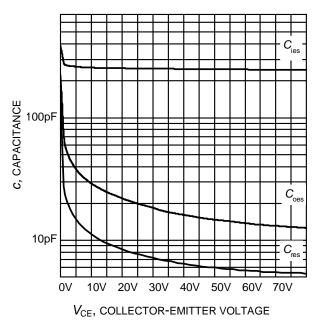


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage $(V_{GE}=0V, f=1MHz)$

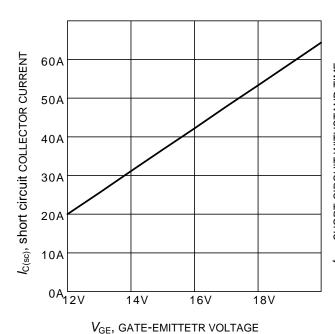


Figure 19. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage $(V_{CE} \le 400 \text{V}, T_i \le 150 ^{\circ}\text{C})$

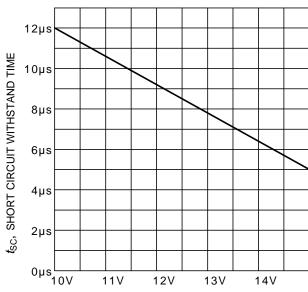


Figure 20. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage ($V_{\rm CE}$ =400V, start at $T_{\rm J}$ =25°C, $T_{\rm Jmax}$ <150°C)

 $V_{\rm GE}$, gate-emitetr voltage



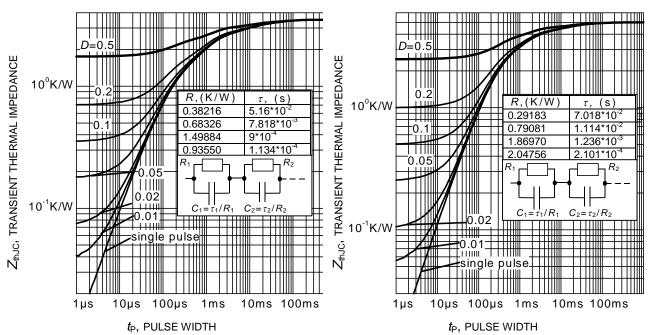


Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance $(D = t_{\rm p}/T)$

Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width $(D=t_P/T)$

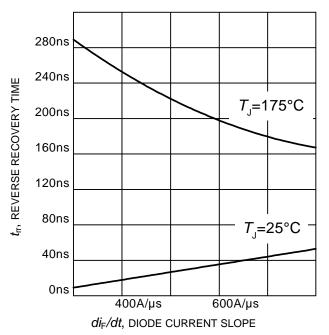
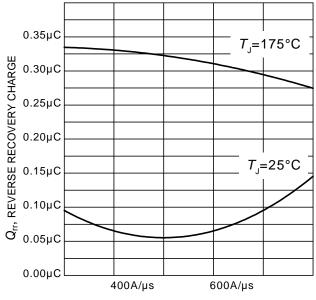


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope $(V_R=400\text{V}, I_F=4\text{A}, \text{Dynamic test circuit in Figure E})$



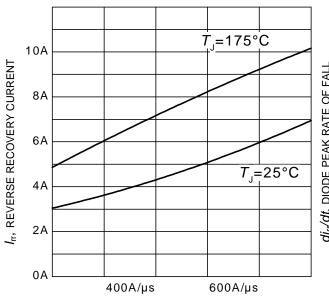
di_F/dt, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 400V$, $I_F = 4A$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)







-200A/μs -2

di_F/dt, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

 $(V_R = 400V, I_F = 4A,$ Dynamic test circuit in Figure E) di_F/dt, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope (V_R=400V, I_F=4A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

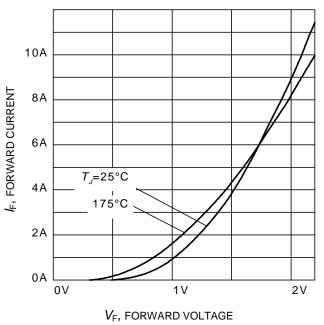
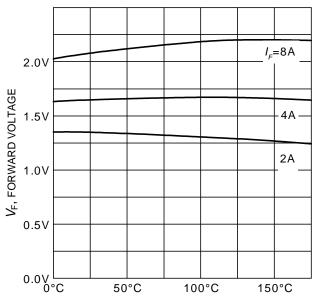


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

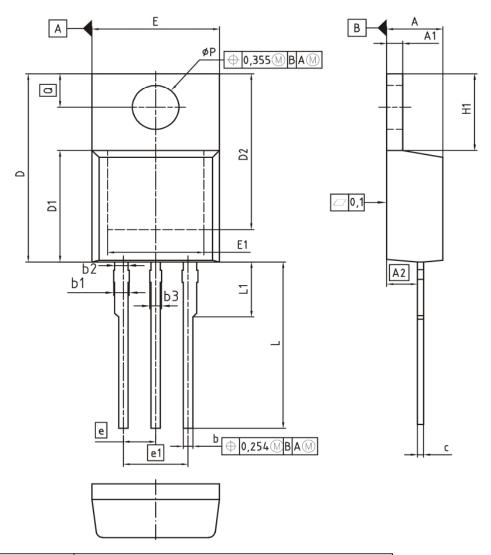


 $T_{
m J}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

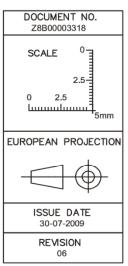
Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature



Package Drawing PG-TO220-3



DIM	MILLIMI	ETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180	
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055	
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107	
b	0.65	0.86	0.026	0.034	
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.055	
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045	
ь3	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045	
С	0.33	0.60	0.013	0.024	
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628	
D1	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372	
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.516	
E	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408	
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339	
е	2.5	54	0.100		
e1	5.0)8	0.2	200	
N		3	3		
H1	5,90	6.90	0.232	0.272	
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551	
L1	-	4.80	-	0.189	
øΡ	3.60	3.89	0.142	0.153	
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118	





Testing Conditions

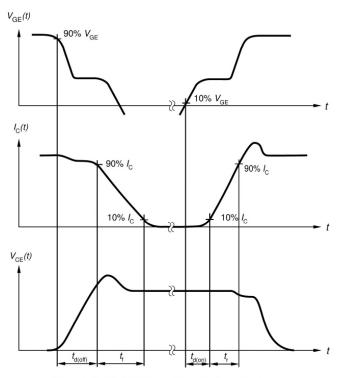


Figure A. Definition of switching times

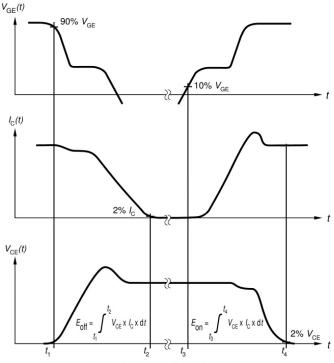


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

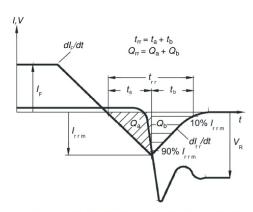


Figure C. **Definition of diode switching** characteristics

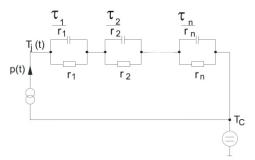
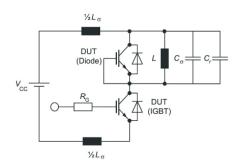


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit



 $\label{eq:Figure E. Dynamic test circuit} Farasitic inductance <math>L_{\sigma}$, parasitic capacitor C_{σ} , relief capacitor C_{r} , (only for ZVT switching)



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