

REFERENCE SPECIFICATION

High Voltage Ceramic Capacitor
DHRE4AD471Z4QB
DHRE4AD102Z4QB

Issued Date: August 23, 2007

Product specifications in this drawing are subject to change or our products described in this drawing may be discontinued without advance notice. The parts numbers and specifications listed in this drawing are for information only. You are requested to transact the "Approval Sheet Product Specification", before your ordering.

PRODUCT ENGINEERING SECTION CAPACITOR GROUP

IZUMO MURATA MANUFACTURING. Co.,LTD

⚠ CAUTION

1.OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC- rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.

| Voltage | DC Voltage | DC+AC Voltage | AC Voltage | Pulse Voltage(1) | Pulse Voltage(2) |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| Positional Measurement | Vo-p | Vo-p | Vp-p | Vp-p | Vp-p |

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of $\phi 0.1$ mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings.

Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. The capacitor is designed to be used in the insulating media, such as epoxy resin, silicone oil, etc.. There must be 3mm or more insulating media for each direction of the capacitor. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 °C and 15 to 85 %. Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered.

4. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

5. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 °C max. Soldering iron wattage: 50W max. Soldering time : 3.5s max.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion

when the product is used.

6. Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

①Aircraft equipment ②Aerospace equipment

③Undersea equipment

SMedical equipment

©Transportation equipment(vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)

Traffic signal equipment

® Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment

Data-processing equipment

EGDR01A - 1 -

NOTICE

Cleaning

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

Capacitance change of capacitor

Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit.

· Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need a detail information.

$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ note

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from the agreed specifications.
- 3. We consider it not appropriate to include any terms and conditions with regard to the business transaction in the product specifications, drawings or other technical documents. Therefore, if your technical documents as above include such terms and conditions such as warranty clause, product liability clause, or intellectual property infringement liability clause, they will be deemed to be invalid.

EGDR01A - 2 -

1. Application

This specification is applied to ceramic capacitor DHR series used for in electric equipment. DHR series is high voltage disc ceramic capacitor

2. Rating

2.1 Operating temperature

-30°C to +85°C

2.2 Part number configuration

| <u>DHR</u> | <u>E4</u> | <u>AD</u> | <u>102</u> | <u>Z</u> | <u>4Q</u> | <u>B</u> | |
|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| Series | Temperature | Rated | Capacitance | Capacitance | Lead | Packing | Individual |
| | characteristic | voltage | | tolerance | code | style code | specification |

• Temperature characteristic

| Code | Temperature | characteristic |
|------|-------------|----------------|
| E4 | Z | 5U |

Please confirm detailed specification on [5. Specification and test methods].

Rated voltage

| Code | Rated voltage |
|------|---------------|
| AD | DC7.5kV |

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 102.

$$10 \times 10^2 = 1000 pF$$

• Capacitance tolerance

Please refer to [4. Part number list].

Lead code

| Code | Lead style |
|------|---------------|
| 4Q | Straight long |
| | |

Please refer to [4. Part number list].

Solder coated copper wire is applied for termination.

Packing code

| J | | | | |
|------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Code | Packing type | | | |
| В | Bulk type | | | |

· Individual specification

In case part number cannot be identified without 'individual specification', it is added at the end of part number.

3. Marking

①. Capacitance : marked with 3 figures.

② Cap. tolerance : marked with code.

③ Temperarure Characteristic : marked with code.

Manufacturer's identification : marked with code.

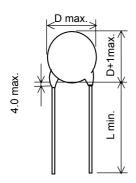
⑤ Rated Voltage: marked with code.

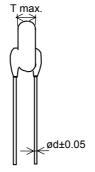


7.5KV

ex.

4. Part number List







Unit:mm

| Temp. | Сар. | Cap. | Customer part | ' I Murata part number I I | | | | mm) | Lead | | Pack | |
|-------|------|---------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|------|
| Char. | (pF) | (%) | number | marata part mambo | volt. (kV) | D | Т | F | L | d | code | qty. |
| Z5U | 470 | +80/-20 | | DHRE4AD471Z4QB | 7.5 | 9.0 | 7.0 | 9.5 | 25.0 | 0.8 | 4Q | 100 |
| Z5U | 1000 | +80/-20 | | DHRE4AD102Z4QB | 7.5 | 11.0 | 7.0 | 9.5 | 25.0 | 0.8 | 4Q | 100 |

EHBDHR01 - 4 -

5. Specification and test methods

| | ecification and test r | | _ | - | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| No. | Iter | | Specification | Test method | | | |
| 1 | Appearance dimer | nsions | No marked defect on appearance form and dimensions. | The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes for visible evidence of defect. | | | |
| | | | Please refer to [Part number list]. | Dimensions should be measured with slide | | | |
| 2 | Marking | | To be easily legible. | Calipers. The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes. | | | |
| 3 | Dielectric Between | | No failure | The capacitors shall not be damage when | | | |
| | Strength | Lead wires | | DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage are | | | |
| | ŭ | | | applied between the lead wires for 60 s in | | | |
| | | | | insulate liquid or gas. | | | |
| | | | | (Charge/discharge current≤ 50mA.) | | | |
| | | Body insulation | | The capacitors is placed in the container | | | |
| | | • | | with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that | | | |
| | | | | each lead wires, Short-circuited, is kept | | | |
| | | | | approximately 2mm off the balls as shown in | | | |
| | | | | the figure, and DC voltage of 3kV is applied | | | |
| | | | | for 10 s between capacitor lead wires and | | | |
| | | | | small metals. (Charge/discharge current≤50mA.) | | | |
| | lander : | Datass | 10.000110 | | | | |
| 4 | Insulation Resistance | Between Lead wires | 10,000M Ω min. | The insulation resistance shall be measured with DC 11/1 within 60+5 s of charging | | | |
| | (I.R.) | Leau WIIES | | with DC 1kV within 60±5 s of charging. | | | |
| 5 | Capacitance | | Within the specified tolerance. | The capacitance shall be measured at 20°C | | | |
| | · | | | with 1±0.2kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max | | | |
| 6 | Dissipation Factor | or (D.F.) | 2.5% max. | Same condition as capacitance. | | | |
| 7 | Temperature Char | acteristic | Within +22~ -56% | The capacitance measurement shall be made at | | | |
| | • | | | each step specified in table. | | | |
| | | | | Capacitance change from the value of step 3 shall | | | |
| | | | | not exceed the limit specified. | | | |
| | | | | Temp. 1 2 3 4 5 | | | |
| | | | | B 25±2°C 10±2°C 25±2°C 85±2°C 25±2°C | | | |
| 8 | Charge | Appearance | No marked defect. | Charge discharge test shall be measured in the | | | |
| | Discharge Test | Capacitance | Within ±20% | following test circuit and cycle. | | | |
| | 1621 | Change | 4.00/ | Applied voltage: rated voltage | | | |
| | | D.F. | 4.0% max. | Cycle numbers: 20,000 cycles | | | |
| | | I.R. | 1,000MΩ min. | Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored for 4 h at room condition. | | | |
| | | Dielectric | No failure | IOI 4 II at 100111 COTIGIUOTI. | | | |
| | | Strength (Between | | 6 s E-Direct current | | | |
| | | lead wires) | | | | | |
| | | .544 741100) | | Co:Suppled energy | | | |
| | | | | R1 for Cx. (Co≠10Cx) | | | |
| | | | | 「 | | | |
| | | | | R1:Circuit protective | | | |
| | | | | resistor (300kΩ) R2:Current limiting | | | |
| | | | | Resistor (F/100) | | | |
| | | | | Co R2 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Strength | Pull | Lead wire shall not cut off. | Fix the body of capacitor, apply a tensile | | | |
| | of Lead | | Capacitor shall not be broken. | weight gradually to each lead wire in the | | | |
| | | | | radial direction of capacitor up to 10N, and | | | |
| | | | | keep it for 10±1 s. | | | |
| | | Bending | | Each lead wire shall be subjected to 5N weight | | | |
| | | | | and then a 90° to bend, at the point of egress, | | | |
| | | | | in one direction, return to original position, and then a 90° bend in the opposite direction at the | | | |
| | | | | rate of one bend in 2 to 3 s. | | | |
| | | | | 3. 3 3 3 3 12. 13. 3 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

ESDHR04B - 5 -

| No. | Item | | Specification | Test method |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 10 | Solderability of Leads | | with uniformly coated on the | The lead wire shall be dipped into a 25% methanol solution of rosin and then into molten solder of 235±5°C for 2±0.5 s. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C |
| 11 | Soldering effect (Non-preheat) | Appearance Capacitance Change Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires) | No marked defect. Within±20% No failure | The lead wires shall be immersed into the melted solder of 350±10°C up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 s. Post-treatment:Capacitor shall be stored for 24±2 h at room condition. |
| 12 | Soldering effect (On-preheat) | Appearance Capacitance Change Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires) | No marked defect. Within±20% Per item 3. | First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 s. Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s. Thermal Capacitor Solder Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at room condition. |
| 13 | Humidity (under steady state) | Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R. Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires) | No marked defect. Within±20% 4.0% max. 1000MΩ min. No failure | Set the capacitor for 240±8 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored for 1 to 2 h at room condition. (Charge/discharge current: 50mA max.) |
| | Life (high temperature load) | Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R. Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires) | No marked defect. Within±20% 4.0% max. 1000MΩ min. No failure | Apply a DC voltage of 125% of the rated voltage for 1000+48/-0 h in silicon oil at 100±2°C. Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored for 24±2 h at room condition. (Charge/discharge current:50mA max.) |
| 15 | Temperature Cycling | Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R. Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires) | No marked defect. Within±20% 4.0% max. 1000MΩ min. No failure | +100 °C -30°C 0.5 0.5 h Temperature cycling shall be measured in the following test. Cycle numbers: 5 cycles Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored for 4 h at room condition. |

Note) Tests for Dielectric strength ,Charging/Discharging test, Humidity , Life and Temperature cycling shall be performed with specimens having molded resin (MR1023C:made by Murata) extending over 3mm on all the surface.

Room condition

Temperature:15~35°C Humidity:45~75%

Atmospheric pressure:86~106kPa

ESDHR04B

6. Packing Specification

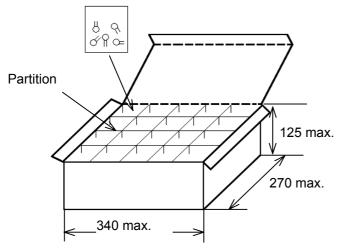
Packaging Styles: Bulk type

(Packing style code : B)

*1 *2 The number of packing = Packing quantity \times n

The size of packing case and packing way

Polyethylene bag



*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

Note)

The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

Unit: mm

EKBLDHR01 - 7/7 -