# CMOS Voltage Regulator, Very Low Dropout Bias Rail, 350mA

The NCV8720 is a 350 mA VLDO equipped with NMOS pass transistor and a separate bias supply voltage ( $V_{BIAS}$ ). The device provides very stable, accurate output voltage with low noise suitable for space constrained, noise sensitive applications. In order to optimize performance for battery operated applications, the NCV8720 features low  $I_Q$  consumption. The NCV8720 is offered in WDFN6 2 mm x 2 mm package, wettable flanks option available for Enhanced Optical Inspection.

#### **Features**

Input Voltage Range: 0.8 V to 5.5 V
Bias Voltage Range: 2.4 V to 5.5 V

• Fixed Output Voltage Device

• Output Voltage Range: 0.8 V to 2.1 V

• ±2% Accuracy over Temperature

• Ultra-Low Dropout: 110 mV typically at 350 mA

• Very Low Bias Input Current of Typ. 80 μA

Very Low Bias Input Current in Disable Mode: Typ. 0.5 μA

• Low Noise, High PSRR

• Built-In Soft-Start with Monotonic V<sub>OUT</sub> Rise

• Stable with a 2.2 µF Ceramic Capacitor

• NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable; Device Temperature Grade 1: -40°C to +125°C Ambient Operating Temperature Range

• These are Pb-Free Devices

## **Typical Applications**

- Automotive, Consumer and Industrial Equipment Point of Load Regulation
- Battery-Powered Equipment
- FPGA, DSP and Logic Power Supplies
- Switching Power Supply Post Regulation
- Cameras, DVRs, STB and Camcorders

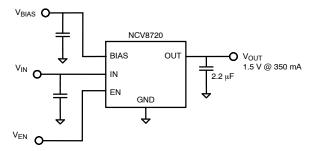


Figure 1. Typical Application Schematics



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## MARKING DIAGRAM



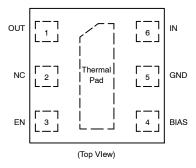
WDFN6 CASE 511BR



XX = Specific Device Code

M = Date Code

#### PIN CONNECTIONS



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

See detailed ordering, marking and shipping information on page 9 of this data sheet.

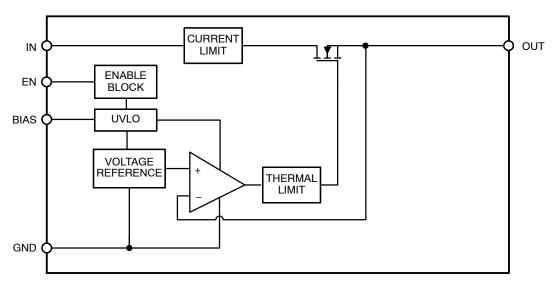


Figure 2. Simplified Schematic Block Diagram

## PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Description  |
|---------|----------|--|
| 1       | OUT      | Regulated Output Voltage pin   |
| 2       | N/C      | Not internally connected   |
| 3       | EN       | Enable pin. Driving this pin high enables the regulator. Driving this pin low puts the regulator into shutdown mode. |
| 4       | BIAS     | Bias voltage supply for internal control circuits. This pin is monitored by internal Under-Voltage Lockout Circuit.  |
| 5       | GND      | Ground pin   |
| 6       | IN       | Input Voltage Supply pin   |
| Pad     |          | Should be soldered to the ground plane for increased thermal performance.  |

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Rating                                    | Symbol                              | Value                          | Unit |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Input Voltage (Note 1)                    | V <sub>IN</sub>                     | -0.3 to 6                      | V    |
| Output Voltage                            | V <sub>OUT</sub>                    | $-0.3$ to $(V_{IN}+0.3) \le 6$ | V    |
| Chip Enable and Bias Input                | V <sub>EN</sub> , V <sub>BIAS</sub> | -0.3 to 6                      | V    |
| Output Short Circuit Duration             | t <sub>SC</sub>                     | unlimited                      | s    |
| Maximum Junction Temperature              | TJ                                  | 150                            | °C   |
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range       | T <sub>A</sub>                      | -40 to 125                     | °C   |
| Storage Temperature                       | T <sub>STG</sub>                    | -55 to 150                     | °C   |
| ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2) | ESD <sub>HBM</sub>                  | 2000                           | V    |
| ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 2)    | ESD <sub>MM</sub>                   | 200                            | V    |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

- 1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHĂRACŤERISTICS and APPLICÁTION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
- This device series incorporates ESD protection (except OUT pin) and is tested by the following methods: ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 ESD Machine Model tested per AEC-Q100-003
  - Latchup Current Maximum Rating ±100 mA per AEC-Q100-004.

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter            | Symbol            | Min                                      | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|-----|------|
| Input Voltage        | V <sub>IN</sub>   | (V <sub>OUT</sub> + V <sub>DO_IN</sub> ) | 5.5 | V    |
| Bias Voltage         | V <sub>BIAS</sub> | $(V_{OUT} + 1.4) \ge 2.4$                | 5.5 | V    |
| Junction Temperature | $T_J$             | -40                                      | 125 | °C   |

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Rating  | Symbol          | Value | Unit |
|---|-----------------|-------|------|
| Thermal Characteristics, WDFN6 2 mm x 2 mm Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air (Note 3) | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 65    | °C/W |

<sup>3.</sup> This data was derived by thermal simulations based on the JEDEC JESD51 series standards methodology. Only a single device mounted at the center of a high – K (2s2p) 3in x 3in multilayer board with 1–ounce internal planes and 2–ounce copper on top and bottom. Top copper layer has a dedicated 125 sqmm copper area.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Over Operating Temperature Range (T<sub>J</sub> =  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C),  $V_{BIAS}$  = ( $V_{OUT}$  + 1.4 V) or 2.5 V, whichever is greater;  $V_{IN} \ge V_{OUT}$  + 0.5 V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 1 mA,  $V_{EN}$  = 1.1 V,  $C_{OUT}$  = 2.2  $\mu$ F, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_{J}$  =  $+25^{\circ}$ C.

| Parameter  |  | Test Conditions  |                             | Symbol                           | Min                                      | Тур                        | Max  | Unit  |
|--|--|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|------|-------|
| Operating Input Voltage Range  |  |  |                             | V <sub>IN</sub>                  | V <sub>OUT</sub> +<br>V <sub>DO_IN</sub> |                            | 5.5  | ٧     |
| Operating Bias Voltage Range   |  |  |                             | $V_{BIAS}$                       | (V <sub>OUT</sub> + 1.4)<br>≥ 2.4        |                            | 5.5  | ٧     |
| Output Voltage Range (Note 4)  |  |  | 8.0                         |                                  | 2.1                                      | V                          |      |       |
| Output   | Nominal  | T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C   |                             | V <sub>OUT</sub>                 |  | ±0.5                       |      | %     |
| Voltage<br>Accuracy  | Over $V_{BIAS}$ , $V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT}$ , $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ | $V_{OUT}$ + 1.4 V $\leq$ V <sub>BIAS</sub> $\leq$ 5.<br>$V_{OUT}$ + 0.5 V $\leq$ V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq$ 4.5 $^{\circ}$ 0mA $\leq$ I <sub>OUT</sub> $\leq$ 350 mA |                             | V <sub>OUT</sub>                 | -2                                       |                            | +2   | %     |
| V <sub>IN</sub> Line Re  | egulation  | $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V}) \text{ to 4}.$   | 5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA | $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$   |  | 5.0                        |      | μV/V  |
| V <sub>BIAS</sub> Line   | Regulation   | V <sub>BIAS</sub> = (V <sub>OUT</sub> + 1.4 V) or 2.5 V (which-<br>ever is greater) to 5.5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 mA  |                             | $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{BIAS}$ |  | 16                         |      | μV/V  |
| Load Regu  | lation   | 0 mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 350 mA (ne   | o load to full load)        | $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$  |  | -1.0                       |      | μV/mA |
| V <sub>IN</sub> Dropou   | rt Voltage (Note 5)  | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} - 0.1 \text{ V},$<br>$(V_{BIAS} - V_{OUT(NOM)}) = 1.4 \text{ V},$<br>$I_{OUT} = 350 \text{ mA}$   |                             | V <sub>DO_IN</sub>               |  | 110                        | 200  | mV    |
| V <sub>BIAS</sub> Drop   | out Voltage (Note 6)   | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> + 0.3 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA   |                             | V <sub>DO_BIAS</sub>             |  | 1.15                       | 1.4  | V     |
| Output Cur   | rent Limit   | Vout = 0.9 x Vout(NOM)   |                             | I <sub>CL</sub>                  | 420                                      | 600                        | 1000 | mA    |
| Bias Pin Cı  | urrent   | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA to 350 mA  |                             | I <sub>BIAS</sub>                |  | 80                         | 110  | μΑ    |
| Shutdown Current (I <sub>GND</sub> )  V <sub>IN</sub> Power-Supply Rejection Ratio |  | $V_{EN} \le 0.4 \text{ V}, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to}$   | +85°C                       | Ishdn                            |  | 0.5                        | 2.0  | μΑ    |
|  |  |  | f = 10 Hz                   |                                  |  | 52                         |      |       |
|  |  | $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} \ge 0.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{OUT} = 350 \text{ mA}$   | f = 100 Hz                  | PSRR (V <sub>IN</sub> )          |  | 56                         |      | dB    |
|  |  |  | f = 1 kHz                   |                                  |  | 65                         |      |       |
|  |  |  | f = 10 kHz                  |                                  |  | 46                         |      |       |
|  |  |  | f = 100 kHz                 |                                  |  | 37                         |      |       |
|  |  |  | f = 1 MHz                   | 1                                |  | 25                         |      | 1 '   |
|  |  | $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} \ge 0.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{OUT} = 350 \text{ mA}$   | f = 10 Hz                   | PSRR (V <sub>BIAS</sub> )        |  | 65                         |      | dB    |
|  |  |  | f = 100 Hz                  |                                  |  | 65                         |      |       |
| VRIAS POW  | er-Supply Rejection  |  | f = 1 kHz                   |                                  |  | 70                         |      |       |
| Ratio  | 11,7   |  | f = 10 kHz                  |                                  |  | 50                         |      |       |
|  |  |  | f = 100 kHz                 |                                  |  | 35                         |      |       |
|  |  |  | f = 1 MHz                   |                                  |  | 24                         |      |       |
| Output Noi   | se Voltage   | BW = 10 Hz to 100 kHz  | •                           | V <sub>N</sub>                   |  | 40                         |      | μVπмs |
| Inrush Curr  | rent on V <sub>IN</sub>  |  |                             | I <sub>VIN_INRUSH</sub>          |  | 100 +<br>I <sub>LOAD</sub> |      | mA    |
| Startup Time   |  | $\begin{split} V_{OUT} &= 95\% \ V_{OUT(NOM)}, \ I_{OUT} = 350 \ mA, \\ C_{OUT} &= 2.2 \ \mu F \end{split}$  |                             | t <sub>STR</sub>                 |  | 140                        |      | μs    |
| Enable Pin High (enabled)  |  |  |                             | V <sub>EN(HI)</sub>              | 1.1                                      |                            |      | V     |
| Enable Pin Low (disabled)  |  | V <sub>EN(LO)</sub>  | 0                           |                                  | 0.4                                      | V                          |      |       |
| Enable Pin   | Current  | V <sub>EN</sub> = 5.5 V  |                             | I <sub>EN</sub>                  |  | 0.3                        | 2.0  | μΑ    |
| Undervolta   | ge Lock-out  | V <sub>BIAS</sub> rising   |                             | UVLO                             |  | 1.6                        |      | V     |
| Hysteresis   |  | V <sub>BIAS</sub> falling  |                             | UVLU                             |  | 0.2                        |      | V     |
| Thormal C  | autdown Tomposition  | Shutdown, temperature increasing   |                             | Top                              |  | +160                       |      | °C    |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature   |  | Reset, temperature decreasing  |                             | Tsd                              |  | +140                       |      | °C    |
| Operating Junction Temperature   |  |  |                             | TJ                               | -40                                      |                            | +125 | °C    |

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

- 4. V<sub>OUT</sub> nominal value is factory programmable.
   5. Measured for devices with V<sub>OUT</sub>(NOM) ≥ 1.2V.
   6. V<sub>BIAS</sub> V<sub>OUT</sub> with V<sub>OUT</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>(NOM) 0.1V. Measured for devices with V<sub>OUT</sub>(NOM) ≥ 1.4 V.

# **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

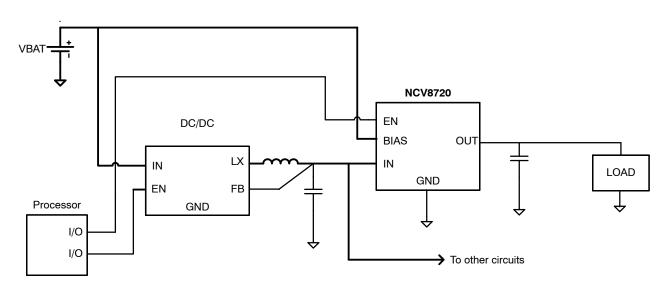


Figure 3. Typical Application: Low-Voltage Post-Regulator with ON/OFF functionality

## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{BIAS} = (V_{OUT} + 1.4 \text{ V}) \text{ or } 2.5 \text{ V}, \text{ whichever is greater, } V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}, \\ V_{EN} = 1.1 \text{ V}, C_{OUT} = 2.2 \text{ } \mu\text{F}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ unless otherwise noted}.$ 

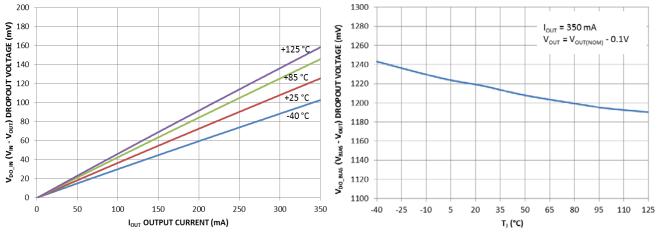


Figure 4. V<sub>IN</sub> Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

Figure 5. V<sub>BIAS</sub> Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature

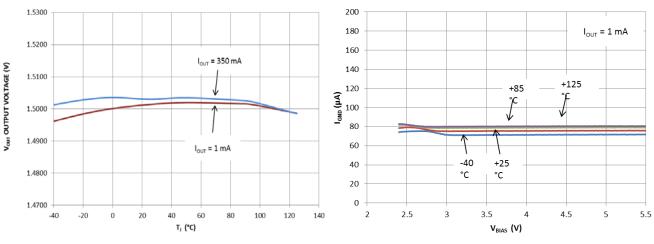


Figure 6. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 7. Bias Pin Current vs. V<sub>BIAS</sub> Input Voltage

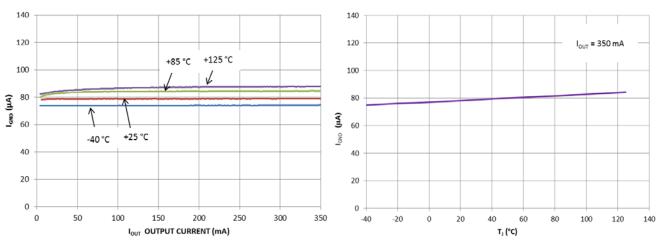


Figure 8. Bias Pin Current vs. Output Current

Figure 9. Bias Pin Current vs. Temperature

## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{BIAS} = (V_{OUT} + 1.4 \text{ V}) \text{ or } 2.5 \text{ V}, \text{ whichever is greater, } V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}, \\ V_{EN} = 1.1 \text{ V}, C_{OUT} = 2.2 \text{ } \mu\text{F}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ unless otherwise noted}.$ 

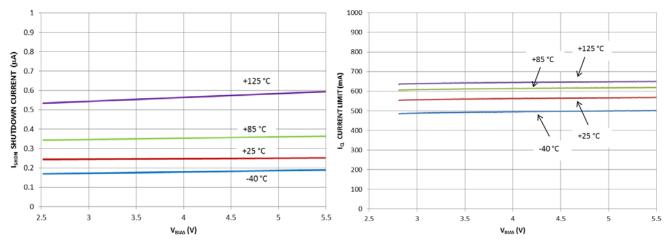


Figure 10. Shutdown Current vs. V<sub>BIAS</sub> Input Voltage

Figure 11. Current Limit vs. V<sub>BIAS</sub> Input Voltage

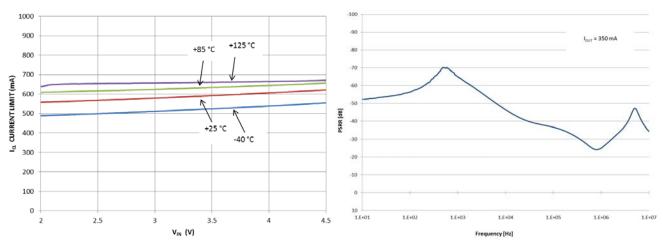


Figure 12. Current Limit vs. V<sub>IN</sub> Input Voltage

Figure 13. V<sub>IN</sub> Power Supply Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

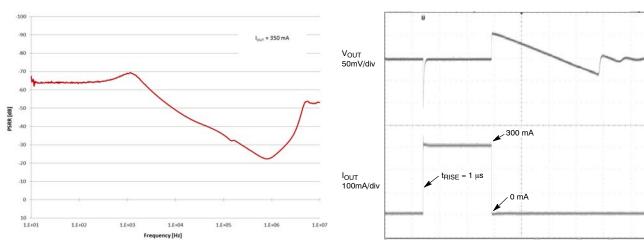


Figure 14. V<sub>BIAS</sub> Power Supply Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

Figure 15. Load Transient Response

#### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The NCV8720 dual-rail very low dropout voltage regulator is using NMOS pass transistor for output voltage regulation from  $V_{\rm IN}$  voltage. All the low current internal controll circuitry is powered from the  $V_{\rm BIAS}$  voltage.

The use of an NMOS pass transistor offers several advantages in applications. Unlike a PMOS topology devices, the output capacitor has reduced impact on loop stability.  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  operating voltage difference can be very low compared with standard PMOS regulators in very low  $V_{IN}$  applications.

The NCV8720 offers built-in Soft-Start with monotonic  $V_{OUT}$  rise. The controlled voltage rising limits the inrush current.

The Enable (EN) input is equipped with internal hysteresis.

NCV8720 is a Fixed Voltage linear regulator.

## **Dropout Voltage**

Because of two power supply inputs  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{BIAS}$  and one  $V_{OUT}$  regulator output, there are two Dropout voltages specified.

The first, the  $V_{IN}$  Dropout voltage is the voltage difference  $(V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$  at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage.  $V_{BIAS}$  is high enough, specific value is published in the Electrical Characteristics table.

The second,  $V_{BIAS}$  dropout voltage is the voltage difference ( $V_{BIAS} - V_{OUT}$ ) at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in  $V_{BIAS}$  voltage.  $V_{IN}$  is high enough.

## **Input and Output Capacitors**

The device is designed to be stable for ceramic output capacitors with Effective capacitance in the range from  $2.2~\mu F$  to  $10~\mu F$ . The device is also stable with multiple capacitors in parallel, having the total effective capacitance in the specified range.

In applications where no low input supplies impedance available (PCB inductance in  $V_{IN}$  and/or  $V_{BIAS}$  inputs as example), the recommended  $C_{IN}=1~\mu F$  and  $C_{BIAS}=0.1~\mu F$  or greater. Ceramic capacitors are recommended. For the best performance all the capacitors should be connected to

the NCV8720 respective pins directly in the device PCB copper layer, not through vias having not negligible impedance.

When using small ceramic capacitor, their capacitance is not constant but varies with applied DC biasing voltage, temperature and tolerance. The effective capacitance can be much lower than their nominal capacitance value, most importantly in negative temperatures and higher LDO output voltages. That is why the recommended Output capacitor capacitance value is specified as Effective value in the specific application conditions.

#### **Enable Operation**

The enable pin will turn the regulator on or off. The threshold limits are covered in the electrical characteristics table in this data sheet. If the enable function is not to be used then the pin should be connected to  $V_{IN}$  or  $V_{BIAS}.$  When enabled, the device consumes roughly 20  $\mu A$  from Vin supply per 1 V nominal output voltage. That is why using the enable / disable function in power saving applications is recommended.

#### **Current Limitation**

The internal Current Limitation circuitry allows the device to supply the full nominal current and surges but protects the device against Current Overload or Short.

## **Thermal Protection**

Internal thermal shutdown (TSD) circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When TSD activated, the regulator output turns off. When cooling down under the low temperature threshold, device output is activated again. This TSD feature is provided to prevent failures from accidental overheating.

## **Power Dissipation**

The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part. For reliable operation junction temperature should be limited to +125°C.

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

| Device            | Nominal Output<br>Voltage | Marking | Package                       | Shipping <sup>†</sup> |  |  |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| NCV8720BMT090TBG  | 0.90 V                    | LU      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT100TBG  | 1.00 V                    | LA      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT105TBG  | 1.05 V                    | LC      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT110TBG  | 1.10 V                    | LD      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT115TBG  | 1.15 V                    | LE      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT120TBG  | 1.20 V                    | LF      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT125TBG  | 1.25 V                    | LG      | WDFN6                         | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT130TBG  | 1.30 V                    | LH      | (Non-Wettable Flank)          |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT135TBG  | 1.35 V                    | LJ      | (Pb-Free)                     |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT140TBG  | 1.40 V                    | LK      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT145TBG  | 1.45 V                    | LL      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT150TBG  | 1.50 V                    | LM      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT160TBG  | 1.60 V                    | LN      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT170TBG  | 1.70 V                    | LP      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMT180TBG  | 1.80 V                    | LQ      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMTW090TBG | 0.90 V                    | KU      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMTW110TBG | 1.10 V                    | KD      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMTW120TBG | 1.20 V                    | KF      | WDFN6                         | 0000 /T 0 D :         |  |  |
| NCV8720BMTW130TBG | 1.30 V                    | KH      | (Wettable Flank)<br>(Pb-Free) | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |  |  |
| NCV8720BMTW150TBG | 1.50 V                    | KM      |                               |                       |  |  |
| NCV8720BMTW180TBG | 1.80 V                    | KQ      | 7                             |                       |  |  |

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

To order other package and voltage variants, please contact your ON sales representative





PIN 1

REFERENCE

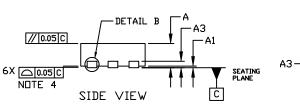
## WDFN6 2x2, 0.65P CASE 511BR

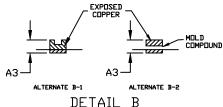
ISSUE C

**DATE 01 DEC 2021** 

## NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSION AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5, 2009.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
- DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30 MM FROM THE TERMINAL TIP.
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.



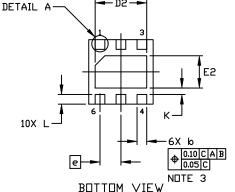


MILLIMETERS DIM MIN. NDM. MAX. 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.00 0.05 A1 0.20 REF ΑЗ 0.25 0.30 0.35 b D 1.90 2.00 2.10 1.50 1.60 1.70 D2 1.90 2.00 2.10 Ε 0.90 1.00 1.10 E2 0.65 BSC e 0.20 REF Κ 0.20 0.30 0.40 L 0.15

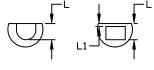
SIDE VIEW C DETAIL B

ALTERNATE CONSTRUCTION

В



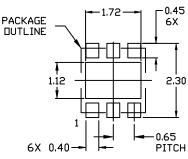
TOP VIEW



ALTERNATE A-1 ALTERNATE A-2

DETAIL A

ALTERNATE CONSTRUCTIONS



# RECOMMENDED MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the DN Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SDL DERRM/D.

# GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\*



XX = Specific Device Code M = Date Code

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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|--|------------------|--|-------------|
| DESCRIPTION:   | WDFN6 2X2, 0.65P |  | PAGE 1 OF 1 |

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