

# LTC 1440/LTC 1441/LTC 1442

Ultralow Power Single/Dual Comparator with Reference

### FEATURES

- Ultralow Quiescent Current: 2.1µA Typ (LTC1440)
- Reference Output Drives 0.01µF Capacitor
- Adjustable Hysteresis (LTC1440/LTC1442)
- Wide Supply Range: Single: 2V to 11V Dual: ±1V to ±5.5V
- Input Voltage Range Includes the Negative Supply
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Outputs
- 12µs Propagation Delay with 10mV Overdrive
- No Crowbar Current
- 40mA Continuous Source Current
- Pin Compatible Upgrades for MAX921/922/923
- 3mm x 3mm x 0.75mm DFN Package (LTC1440)

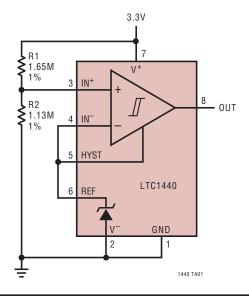
# **APPLICATIONS**

- Battery-Powered System Monitoring
- Threshold Detectors
- Window Comparators
- Oscillator Circuits

T, LT, LTC and LTM are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

# TYPICAL APPLICATION

Micropower 2.9V V<sub>CC</sub> Threshold Detector





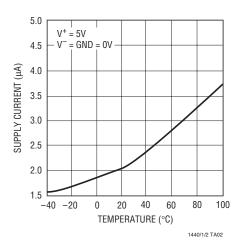
# DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1440/LTC1441/LTC1442 are ultralow power single and dual comparators with built-in references. The comparators feature less than 3.7 $\mu$ A supply current over temperature (LTC1440), a 1.182V ±1% reference, programmable hysteresis (LTC1440/LTC1442) and TTL/CMOS outputs that sink and source current. The reference output can drive a bypass capacitor of up to 0.01 $\mu$ F without oscillation.

The comparators operate from a single 2V to 11V supply or a dual  $\pm$ 1V to  $\pm$ 5.5V supply (LTC1440). Comparator hysteresis is easily programmed by using two resistors and the HYST pin (LTC1440/LTC1442). Each comparator's input operates from the negative supply to within 1.3V of the positive supply. The comparator output stage can continuously source up to 40mA. By eliminating the cross-conducting current that normally happens when the comparator changes logic states, the power supply glitches are eliminated.

The LTC1440 is available in 8-pin PDIP, SO, MSOP and DFN packages. The LTC1441/LTC1442 are available in 8-pin PDIP and SO packages.

#### LTC1440 Supply Current vs Temperature



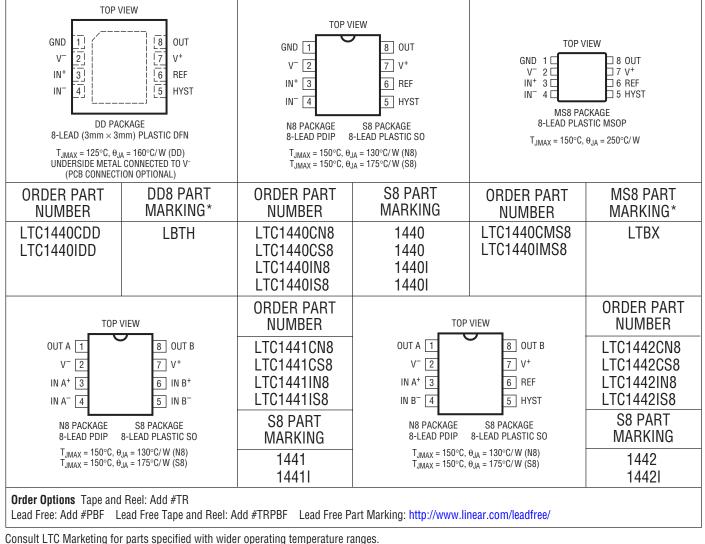
### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Note 1)

voltage
V <sup>+</sup> to V <sup>-</sup> , V <sup>+</sup> to GND, GND to V <sup>-</sup> 12V to $-0.3V$
$IN^+$ , $IN^-$ , HYST $(V^+ + 0.3V)$ to $(V^ 0.3V)$
REF $(V^+ + 0.3V)$ to $(V^ 0.3V)$
OUT (LTC1440) (V <sup>+</sup> + 0.3V) to (GND – 0.3V)
OUT (LTC1441/LTC1442) (V <sup>+</sup> + 0.3V) to (V <sup>-</sup> - 0.3V)
Current
IN+, IN <sup>-</sup> , HYST 20mA
REF 20mA
OUT 50mA

OUT Short-Circuit Duration (V <sup>+</sup> $\leq$ 5.5V) Continuous Power Dissipation
LTC144XC
LTC144XI40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range –65°C to 150°C
Storage Temperature Range
(DD Package) –65°C to 125°C
Junction Temperature 150°C
Junction Temperature (DD Package) 125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 300°C

# PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



\* The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container.



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** The $\bullet$ denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. V<sup>+</sup> = 5V and V<sup>-</sup> = GND = 0V unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Power Su	ipply	•						
V+	Supply Voltage Range				2.0		11.0	V
ICC	Supply Current	$IN^+ = IN^- + 80mV$ HYST = REF (LTC1440/LTC1442)		;		2.1	4.0 4.4	μA μA
			LTC1441 LTC1442	•		3.5 3.5	5.7 5.7	μΑ μΑ
Compara								
V <sub>OS</sub>	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub> = 2.5V				±3	±10	mV
l <sub>IN</sub>	Input Leakage Current (IN+, IN <sup>-</sup> ) Input Leakage Current (HYST)	$V_{IN}^{+} = V_{IN}^{-} = 2.5V$		•		$_{\pm 0.01}^{\pm 0.01}$	±1.0 ±1.0	nA nA
V <sub>CM</sub>	Comparator Input Common Mode Range				V-		V+-1.3V	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V <sup>-</sup> to V <sup>+</sup> – 1.3V				0.1	1	mV/V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V <sup>+</sup> = 2V to 11V (LTC1441) V <sup>+</sup> = 2.5V to 11V (LTC1440/LTC1442)				0.1 0.1	1 1	mV/V mV/V
NOISE	Voltage Noise	100Hz to 100kHz				100		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
V <sub>HYST</sub>	Hysteresis Input Voltage Range	LTC1440/LTC1442			REF – 50mV		REF	V
t <sub>PD</sub>	Propagation Delay	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 100pF	Overdrive = 10mV Overdrive = 100mV			15 8		μs μs V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	$I_0 = -13 mA$			V+-0.4V			1
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	I <sub>0</sub> = 1.8mA	LTC1440 LTC1441/LTC1442	•			GND + 0.4V V <sup>-</sup> + 0.4V	V V
Referenc	e				-			·
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage	No Load		••	1.170 1.164 1.164		1.194 1.200 1.200	V V V
	Reference Output Source Current	$\Delta V_{\text{BFF}} \le 1 \text{mV} \text{ (LTC1442)}$			100		1.200	μA
I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	Reference Output Sink Current	$\Delta V_{\text{REF}} \le 2.5 \text{mV} (LTC1442)$			100	20		μΑ
$\Delta V_{REF}$	Reference Source Current	$0 \le I_{\text{SOUBCE}} \le 2\text{mA} (\text{LTC1440})$			10	0.8	5	mV
∽ V KEF	Reference Sink Current	$0 \le I_{\text{SINK}} \le 10 \mu \text{A} (\text{LTC1440})$		•		0.5	1.5 5	mV mV
NOISE	Voltage Noise	100Hz to 100kHz				100		μV <sub>RMS</sub>



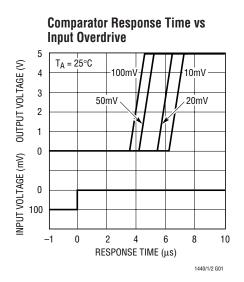
# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** The $\bullet$ denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C. V<sup>+</sup> = 3V and V<sup>-</sup> = GND = 0V unless otherwise noted.

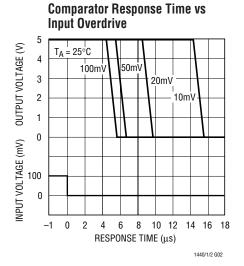
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Su	ipply							·
V+	Supply Voltage Range			•	2		11	V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current	IN + = IN - + 80mV HYST = REF (LTC1440/LTC1442)	$ \begin{array}{  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c$	c •		2	3.9 4.3	μA μA
			LTC1441 LTC1442	•		3.5 3.5	5.7 5.7	μA μA
Compara	tor							
V <sub>OS</sub>	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.5V				±3	±10	mV
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Leakage Current (IN+, IN <sup>-</sup> ) Input Leakage Current (HYST)	$V_{IN}^{+} = V_{IN}^{-} = 1.5V$		•		±0.01 ±0.02	±1 ±1	nA nA
V <sub>CM</sub>	Comparator Input Common Mode Range			•	V-		V+-1.3V	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V <sup>-</sup> to V <sup>+</sup> – 1.3V				0.1	1	mV/V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V <sup>+</sup> = 2V to 11V (LTC1441) V <sup>+</sup> = 2.5V to 11V (LTC1440/LTC1442)				0.1 0.1	1 1	mV/V mV/V
NOISE	Voltage Noise	100Hz to 100kHz				100		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
V <sub>HYST</sub>	Hysteresis Input Voltage Range	LTC1440/LTC1442		•	REF – 50mV		REF	V
t <sub>PD</sub>	Propagation Delay	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 100pF	Overdrive = 10mV Overdrive = 100mV			14 5		μs μs
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	$I_0 = -8mA$			V+-0.4V			V
Compara	tor	1 -						
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	I <sub>0</sub> = 0.8mA	LTC1440 LTC1441/LTC1442	•			GND + 0.4V V <sup>-</sup> + 0.4V	
Referenc	e							
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage	No Load	$\begin{array}{c} LTC1440/LTC1442\\ 0^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}C\\ -40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C \end{array}$	•	1.170 1.164	1.182	1.194 1.200	V V
			LTC1440 (MSOP, DFN)		1.164		1.200	V
ISOURCE	Reference Output Source Current	$\Delta V_{\text{REF}} \le 1 \text{mV} (\text{LTC1442})$		•	60	120		μΑ
I <sub>SINK</sub>	Reference Output Sink Current	$\Delta V_{\text{REF}} \le 2.5 \text{mV} \text{ (LTC1442)}$			10	20		μΑ
$\Delta V_{\text{REF}}$	Reference Source Current	$0 \le I_{\text{SOURCE}} \le 1 \text{mA} (\text{LTC1440})$		•		0.8	5.5	mV
	Reference Sink Current	$0 \le I_{SINK} \le 10 \mu A (LTC1440)$		•		0.5	1.5 5	mV mV
NOISE	Voltage Noise	100Hz to 100kHz				100		μV <sub>RMS</sub>

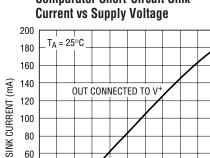
Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.









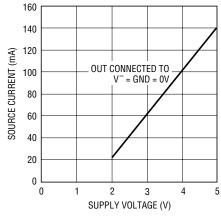


 SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)

1440/1/2 G03

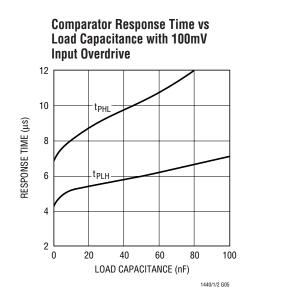


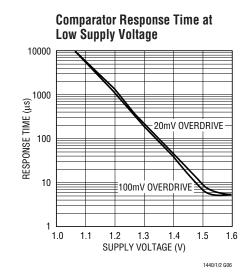




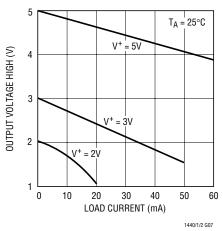
1440/1/2 G04





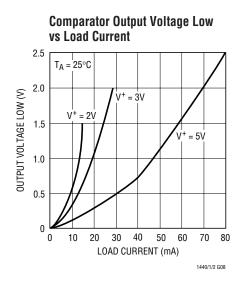


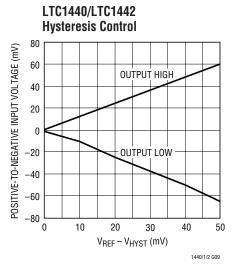
Comparator Output Voltage High vs Load Current

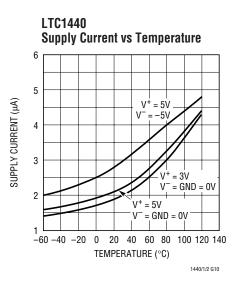




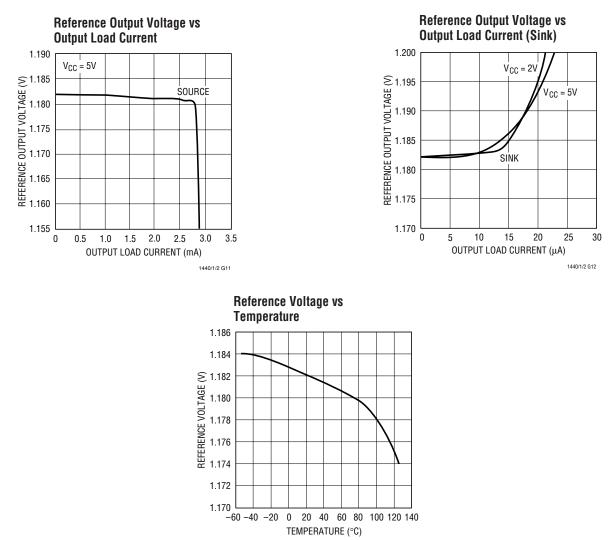










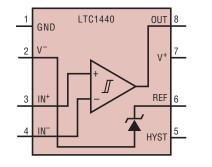


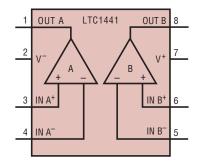
1440/1/2 G13

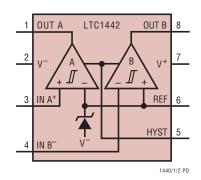




# PIN FUNCTIONS







### LTC1440

**GND (Pin 1):** Ground. Connect to  $V^-$  for single supply operation.

 $V^-$  (Pin 2): Negative Supply. Connect to ground for single supply operation. Potential should be more negative than GND.

**IN**<sup>+</sup> (**Pin 3**): Noninverting Comparator Input. Input common mode range from V<sup>-</sup> to V<sup>+</sup> -1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

**IN<sup>-</sup> (Pin 4):** Inverting Comparator Input. Input common mode range from V<sup>-</sup> to V<sup>+</sup> -1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

**HYST (Pin 5):** Hysteresis Input. Connect to REF if not used. Input voltage range is from  $V_{REF}$  to  $V_{REF}$  – 50mV.

**REF (Pin 6):** Reference Output. 1.182V with respect to V<sup>-</sup>. Can source up to  $200\mu$ A and sink  $15\mu$ A at  $25^{\circ}$ C. Drive  $0.01\mu$ F bypass capacitor without oscillation.

V<sup>+</sup> (Pin 7): Positive Supply. 2V to 11V.

**OUT (Pin 8):** Comparator CMOS Output. Swings from GND to V<sup>+</sup>. Output can source up to 40mA and sink 5mA.

### LTC1441

**OUT A (Pin 1):** Comparator A CMOS Output. Swings from  $V^-$  to  $V^+$ . Output can source up to 40mA and sink 5mA.

V<sup>-</sup> (Pin 2): Negative Supply.

**IN A<sup>+</sup> (Pin 3):** Noninverting Input of Comparator A. Input common mode range from  $V^-$  to  $V^+$  –1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

**IN A<sup>-</sup> (Pin 4):** Inverting Input of Comparator A. Input common mode range from V<sup>-</sup> to V<sup>+</sup>-1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

**IN B<sup>-</sup> (Pin 5):** Inverting Input of Comparator B. Input common mode range from V<sup>-</sup> to V<sup>+</sup>-1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

**IN B<sup>+</sup> (Pin 6):** Noninverting Input of Comparator B. Input common mode range from V<sup>-</sup> to V<sup>+</sup>-1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

V+ (Pin 7): Positive Supply. 2V to 11V.

**OUT B (Pin 8):** Comparator B CMOS Output. Swings from  $V^-$  to  $V^+$ . Output can source up to 40mA and sink 5mA.

### LTC1442

**OUT A (Pin 1):** Comparator A CMOS Output. Swings from  $V^-$  to  $V^+$ . Output can source up to 40mA and sink 5mA.

V<sup>-</sup> (Pin 2): Negative Supply.

**IN A<sup>+</sup> (Pin 3):** Noninverting Input of Comparator A. Input common mode range from V<sup>-</sup> to V<sup>+</sup>-1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

**IN B<sup>-</sup> (Pin 4):** Inverting Input of Comparator B. Input common mode range from V<sup>-</sup> to V<sup>+</sup>-1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

**HYST (Pin 5):** Hysteresis Input. Connect to REF if not used. Input voltage range is from  $V_{REF}$  to  $V_{REF} - 50mV$ .

**REF (Pin 6):** Reference Output. 1.182V with respect to V<sup>-</sup>. Can source up to 200 $\mu$ A and sink 15 $\mu$ A at 25°C. Drive 0.01 $\mu$ F bypass capacitor without oscillation.

V+ (Pin 7): Positive Supply. 2V to 11V.

**OUT B (Pin 8):** Comparator B CMOS Output. Swings from  $V^-$  to  $V^+$ . Output can source up to 40mA and sink 5mA.

# **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

LTC1440/LTC1441/LTC1442 are a family of micropower comparators with built-in 1.182V reference. Features include programmable hysteresis (LTC1440/LTC1442), wide supply voltage range (2V to 11V) and the ability of the reference to drive up to a  $0.01\mu$ F capacitor without oscillation. The comparators' CMOS outputs can source up to 40mA and the supply current glitches, that normally occur when switching logic states, have been eliminated.

#### **Power Supplies**

The comparator family operates from a single 2V to 11V supply. The LTC1440 includes a separate ground for the comparator output stage, allowing a split supply ranging from  $\pm$ 1V to  $\pm$ 5.5V. Connecting V<sup>-</sup> to GND on the LTC1440 will allow single supply operation. If the comparator output is required to source more than 1mA, or the supply source impedance is high, V<sup>+</sup> should be bypassed with a 0.1µF capacitor.

#### **Comparator Inputs**

The comparator inputs can swing from the negative supply V<sup>-</sup> to within 1.3V max of the positive supply V<sup>+</sup>. The inputs can be forced 300mV below V<sup>-</sup> or above V<sup>+</sup> without damage and the typical input leakage current is only  $\pm 10$ pA.

#### **Comparator Outputs**

The LTC1440 comparator output swings between GND and V<sup>+</sup> to assure TTL compatibility with a split supply. The LTC1441 and LTC1442 outputs swing between V<sup>-</sup> and V<sup>+</sup>. The outputs are capable of sourcing up to 40mA and sinking up to 5mA while still maintaining microampere quiescent currents. The output stage does not generate crowbar switching currents during transitions which helps minimize parasitic feedback through the supply pins.

### Voltage Reference

The internal bandgap reference has a voltage of 1.182V referenced to V<sup>-</sup>. The reference accuracy is 1.5% from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C. It can source up to 200µA and sink up to 20µA with a 5V supply. The reference can drive a bypass

capacitor of up to  $0.01\mu F$  without oscillation and by inserting a series resistor, capacitance values up to  $100\mu F$  can be used (Figure 1).

Figure 2 shows the resistor value required for different capacitor values to achieve critical damping. Bypassing the reference can help prevent false tripping of the comparators by preventing glitches on  $V^+$  or reference load transients from disturbing the reference output voltage.

Figure 3 shows the bypassed reference output with a square wave applied to the V<sup>+</sup> pin. Resistors R2 and R3 set 10mV of hysteresis voltage band while R1 damps the reference response. Note that the comparator output doesn't trip.

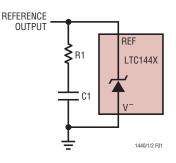


Figure 1. Damping the Reference Output

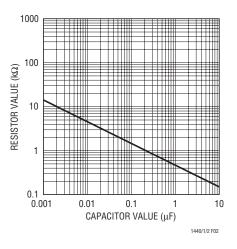


Figure 2. Damping Resistance vs Bypass Capacitor Value



### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

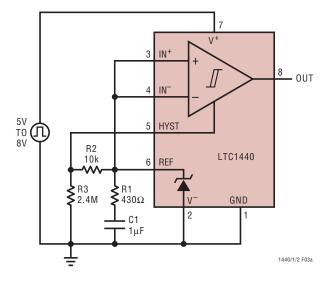


Figure 3a. Reference Transient Response Test Circuit

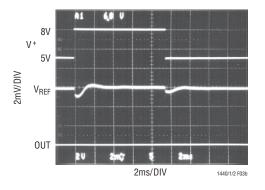


Figure 3b. Reference and Comparator Output Transient Response

#### Hysteresis

Hysteresis can be added to the LTC1440 by connecting a resistor (R1) between the REF and HYST pins and a second resistor (R2) from HYST to V<sup>-</sup> (Figure 4).

The difference between the upper and lower threshold voltages, or hysteresis voltage band ( $V_{HB}$ ), is equal to twice the voltage difference between the REF and HYST pins.

When more hysteresis is added, the upper threshold increases the same amount as the low threshold decreases. The maximum voltage allowed between REF and HYST pins is 50mV, producing a maximum hysteresis voltage band of 100mV. The hysteresis band could vary by up to 15%. If hysteresis is not wanted, the HYST pin should be shorted to REF. Acceptable values for I<sub>REF</sub> range from 0.1 $\mu$ A to 5 $\mu$ A. If 2.4M is chosen for R2, then the value of R1 is equal to the value of V<sub>HB</sub>.

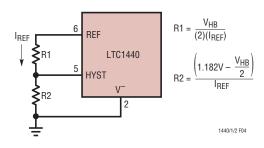


Figure 4. Programmable Hysteresis

#### Level Detector

The LTC1440 is ideal for use as a micropower level detector as shown in Figure 5. R1 and R2 form a voltage divider from  $V_{IN}$  to the noninverting comparator input. R3 and R4 set the hysteresis voltage, and R5 and C1 bypass the reference output. The following design procedure can be used to select the component values:

1. Choose the  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$  voltage trip level, in this example 4.65V.

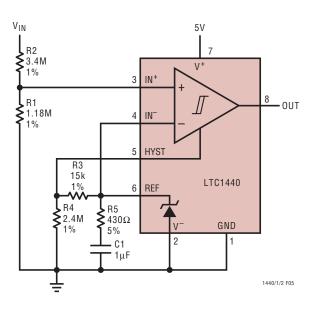


Figure 5. Glitch-Free Level Detector with Hysteresis



# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

2. Calculate the required resistive divider ratio.

Ratio =  $V_{REF}/V_{IN}$ 

- Ratio = 1.182V/4.65V = 0.254
- 3. Choose the required hysteresis voltage band at the input  $V_{HBIN}$ , in this example 60mV. Calculate the hysteresis voltage band referred to the comparator input  $V_{HB}$ .

 $V_{HB} = (V_{HBIN})(Ratio)$ 

 $V_{HB} = (60 \text{mV})(0.254)$ 

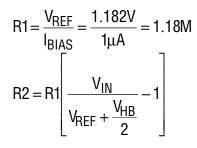
 $V_{HB} = 15.24 mV$ 

4. Choose the values for R3 and R4 to set the hysteresis.

R4 = 2.4M

 $R3(k\Omega) = V_{HB} = 15k$ 

5. Choose the values for R1 and R2 to set the trip point.



$$R2 = 1.18M \left[ \frac{4.65V}{1.182V + \frac{15mV}{2}} - 1 \right]$$
  
$$R2 = 3.40M$$

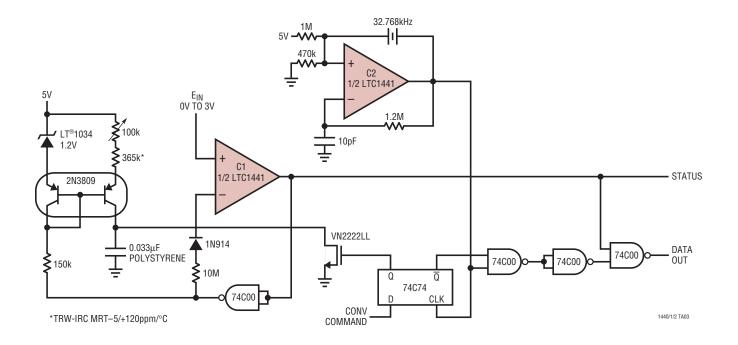
#### Low Voltage Operation

It is important to note that the voltage references internal to the LTC1440 and LTC1442 can exceed the common mode range of the comparators at low supply voltages. The input common mode range of the LTC1440/LTC1441/ LTC1442 comparators is guaranteed to extend up to (V<sup>+</sup> -1.3V). Therefore, if one of the comparator inputs is at the 1.182V reference voltage, the minimum supply voltage is 2.5V for a valid output reading.

The guaranteed minimum operating voltage for the LTC1440/LTC1441/LTC1442 is 2V (or  $\pm$ 1V). However, both the reference and comparator(s) will function with a supply voltage as low as 1.5V, but performance will degrade as the voltage goes below 2V. The voltage reference temperature coefficient will degrade slightly, and the comparators will have less output drive with an increase in propagation delay. At the reduced supply voltages, the input common mode range of the comparator(s) will still typically extend from the negative supply to approximately 1.1V below the positive supply.

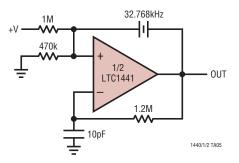


### **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**



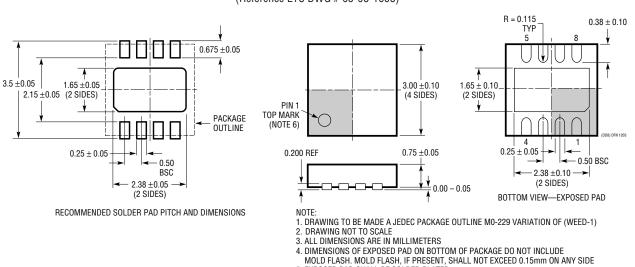
10-Bit 30µA A/D Converter

32.768kHz "Watch Crystal" Oscillator





# PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



**DD** Package 8-Lead Plastic DFN ( $3mm \times 3mm$ ) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1698)

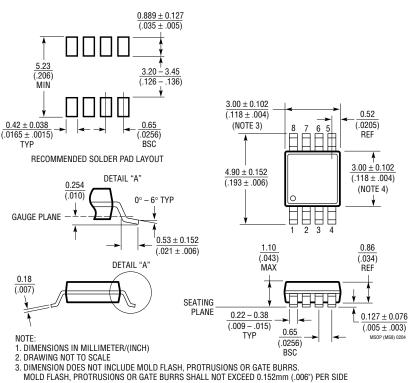
**MS8** Package 8-Lead Plastic MSOP (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1660)

5. 6.

EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED

ON TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE

SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION

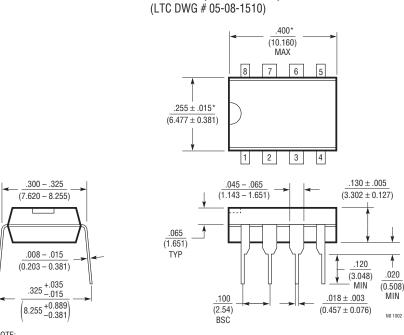


DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE

5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX



### PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



**N8 Package** 8-Lead PDIP (Narrow 0.300)

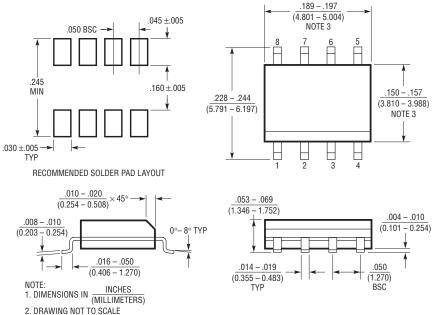
NOTE:

NOTE: 1. DIMENSIONS ARE <u>INCHES</u> MILLIMETERS

\*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH (0.254mm)

**S8** Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150)

(LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



3. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.

MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006" (0.15mm)

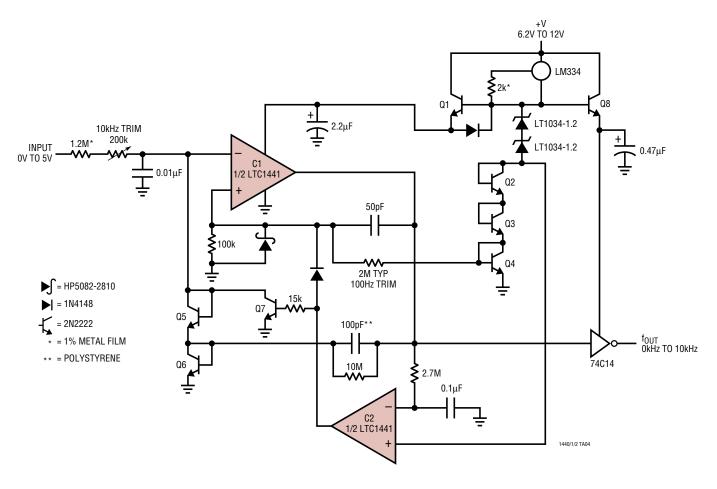
SO8 0303



Information furnished by Linear Technology Corporation is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for its use. Linear Technology Corporation makes no representation that the interconnection of its circuits as described herein will not infringe on existing patent rights.

# TYPICAL APPLICATION





### **RELATED PARTS**

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC1443	1.182V Reference with Micropower Quad Comparators	1% Accuracy, 8.5µA Maximum Current, Ref Output Drives 0.01µF
LTC1444/LTC1445	1.2V Reference with Quad Comparator with Adjustable Hysteresis	1% Accuracy, 8.5 $\mu$ A Maximum Current, Ref Output Drives 0.01 $\mu$ F
LTC1540	1.182V Reference with Nanopower Comparator with Adjustable Hysteresis	DFN Package 0.3µA Quiescent Current (Typical), Reference Drives 0.01µF
LTC1541	1.2V Reference with Micropower Amplifier and Comparator	DFN Package 1.25% Accuracy, Rail-to-Rail Out, Low Offset Amplifier
LTC1842/LTC1843	1.82V Reference with Dual Comparators with Adjustable Hysteresis	1% Accuracy, Open-Drain Out, Reference Drives 0.01µF
LTC1998	1.2 Reference with Comparator with Adjustable Thesholds	Li-Ion Low Battery Monitor, SOT23, 1% Accuracy
LT6700-1 LT6700-2/LT6700-3	0.4 Reference with Low Voltage Dual Comparators	SOT23, 1.4V to 18.5V Supply Range, ±2% Over Temperature

LT 0806 REV D · PRINTED IN USA