36 V Precision, 2.8 nV/√Hz Rail-to-Rail Output Op Amp

AD8675

FEATURES

Very low voltage noise: 2.8 nV/√Hz
Rail-to-rail output swing
Low input bias current: 2 nA maximum
Very low offset voltage: 75 μV maximum
Low input offset drift: 0.6 μV/°C maximum
Very high gain: 120 dB
Wide bandwidth: 10 MHz typical
±5 V to ±18 V operation

APPLICATIONS

Precision instrumentation
PLL filters
Laser diode control loops
Strain gage amplifiers
Medical instrumentation
Thermocouple amplifiers

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

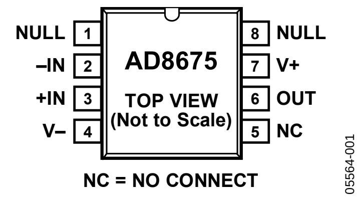

Figure 1. 8-Lead SOIC_N (R-8)

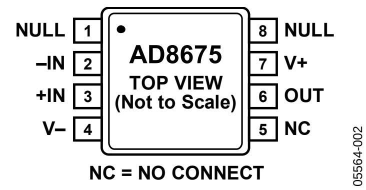

Figure 2. 8-Lead MSOP (RM-8)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD8675 precision operational amplifier has ultralow offset, drift, and voltage noise combined with very low input bias currents over the full operating temperature range. The AD8675 is a precision, wide bandwidth op amp featuring rail-to-rail output swings and very low noise. Operation is fully specified from ±5 V to ±15 V.

The AD8675 features a rail-to-rail output like that of the OP184, but with wide bandwidth and even lower voltage noise, combined with the precision and low power consumption like that of the industry-standard OP07 amplifier. Unlike other low noise, rail-to-rail op amps, the AD8675 has very low input bias current and low input current noise.

With typical offset voltage of only 10 μV, offset drift of 0.2 μV/°C, and noise of only 0.10 μV p-p (0.1 Hz to 10 Hz), the AD8675 is perfectly suited for applications where large error sources cannot be tolerated. For applications with even lower offset tolerances, the proprietary nulling capability allows a combination of both device and system offset errors up to 3.5 mV (referred to the input) to be compensated externally. Unlike previous circuits, the AD8675 accommodates this adjustment without adversely affecting the offset drift, CMRR, and PSRR of the amplifier. Precision instrumentation, PLL, and other precision filter circuits, position and pressure sensors, medical instrumentation, and strain gage amplifiers benefit greatly from the very low noise, low input bias current, and wide bandwidth. Many systems can take advantage of the low noise, dc precision, and rail-to-rail output swing provided by the AD8675 to maximize SNR and dynamic range.

The smaller packages and low power consumption afforded by the AD8675 allow maximum channel density or minimum board size for space-critical equipment.

The AD8675 is specified for the extended industrial temperature range (−40°C to +125°C). The AD8675 amplifier is available in the tiny 8-lead MSOP, and the popular 8-lead, narrow SOIC, RoHS compliant packages. MSOP packaged devices are only available in tape and reel format.

Rev. A

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REVISION HISTORY

4/07—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Inserted Figure 7 and Figure 8; renumbered sequentially ... 6

10/05—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

V_S = ±5.0 V, V_{CM} = 0 V, V_O = 0 V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Table 1.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Offset Voltage	V_{OS}			10	75	μV
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		12	240	
Input Bias Current	I_B		−2	0.5	2	nA
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	−5.5	−2	5.5	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}		−1	0.1	1	nA
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	−2.8	0.1	2.8	nA
Input Voltage Range			−3.5		3.5	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V_{CM} = −3.5 V to +3.5 V	105	130		dB
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	105	130		dB
Open-Loop Gain	A_{VO}	R_L = 2 kΩ to ground, V_O = −4.0 V to +4.0 V	1000	2000		V/mV
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	700	1250		V/mV
Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		0.2	0.6	μV/°C
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage High	V_{OH}	R_L = 2 kΩ to ground	4.86	4.90		V
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	4.82	4.85		V
Output Voltage Low	V_{OL}	R_L = 2 kΩ to ground		−4.91	−4.86	V
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		−4.91	−4.82	V
Short-Circuit Limit	I_{SC}			40		mA
Output Current	I_O			±20		mA
POWER SUPPLY						
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V_S = ±5.0 V to ±15.0 V	120	140		dB
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	120	140		dB
Supply Current/Amplifier	I_{SY}	V_O = 0 V		2.3	2.7	mA
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		2.7	3.4	mA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Slew Rate	SR	R_L = 2 kΩ		2.5		V/μs
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBP			10		MHz
NOISE PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Noise	$e_{n\ p\text{-}p}$	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		0.1		μV p-p
Voltage Noise Density	e_n	f = 1 kHz		2.8		nV/√Hz
Current Noise Density	i_n	f = 10 Hz		0.3		pA/√Hz

V_S = ±15 V, V_{CM} = 0 V, V_O = 0 V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Table 2.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Offset Voltage	V_{OS}			10	75	μV
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		12	240	
Input Bias Current	I_B		−2	0.5	2	nA
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	−4.5	1	4.5	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}		−1	0.1	1	nA
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	−2.8	0.1	2.8	nA
Input Voltage Range			−13.5		13.5	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V_{CM} = −12.5 V to +12.5 V	114	130		dB
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	114	130		dB
Open-Loop Gain	A_{VO}	R_L = 2 kΩ to ground, V_O = −14.0 V to +14.0 V	1500	4000		V/mV
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	700	1700		V/mV
Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		0.2	0.6	μV/°C
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage High	V_{OH}	SOIC R_L: 2 kΩ to ground	14.75	14.8		V
		MSOP R_L: 2 kΩ to ground	14.67	14.78		V
		SOIC −40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	14.69	14.75		V
		MSOP −40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	14.3	14.66		V
Output Voltage Low	V_{OL}	R_L = 2 kΩ to ground		−14.85	−14.75	V
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		−14.78	−14.69	V
Short-Circuit Limit	I_{SC}			40		mA
Output Current	I_O			±20		mA
POWER SUPPLY						
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V_S = ±5.0 V to ±15.0 V	120	140		dB
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C	120	140		dB
Supply Current/Amplifier	I_{SY}	V_O = 0 V		2.5	2.9	mA
		−40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C		2.9	3.8	mA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Slew Rate	SR	R_L =10 kΩ		2.5		V/μs
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBP			10		MHz
NOISE PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Noise	$e_{n\ p\text{-}p}$	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		0.1		μV p-p
Voltage Noise Density	e_n	f = 1 kHz		2.8		nV/√Hz
Current Noise Density	i_n	f = 10 Hz		0.3		pA/√Hz

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 3.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage	±18 V
Input Voltage	±V supply
Differential Input Voltage	±0.7 V
Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND	Indefinite
Storage Temperature Range	
RM-8, R-8 Packages	−65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	−40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature Range	
RM-8, R-8 Packages	−65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature Range (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Table 4. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
8-Lead MSOP (RM-8)	210	45	°C/W
8-Lead SOIC_N (R-8)	158	43	°C/W

ESD CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

±15 V and ±5 V, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

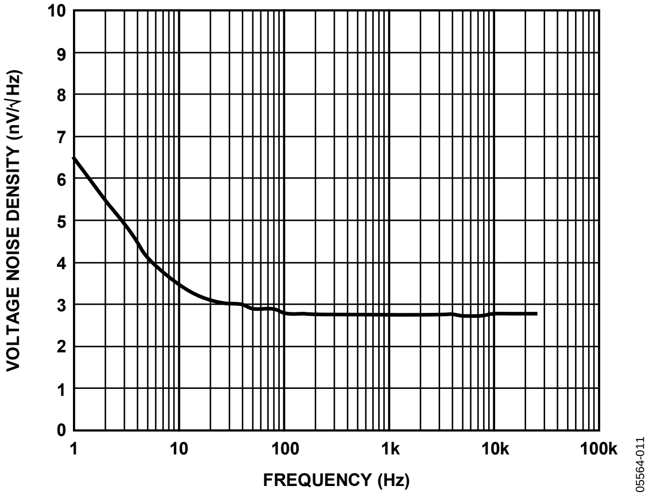

Figure 3. Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

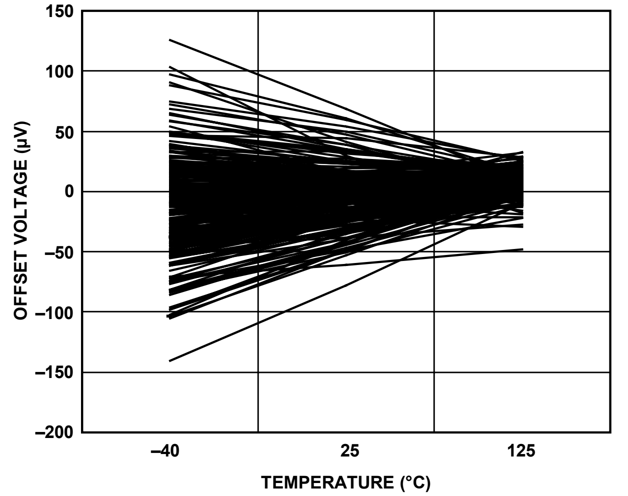

Figure 6. Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

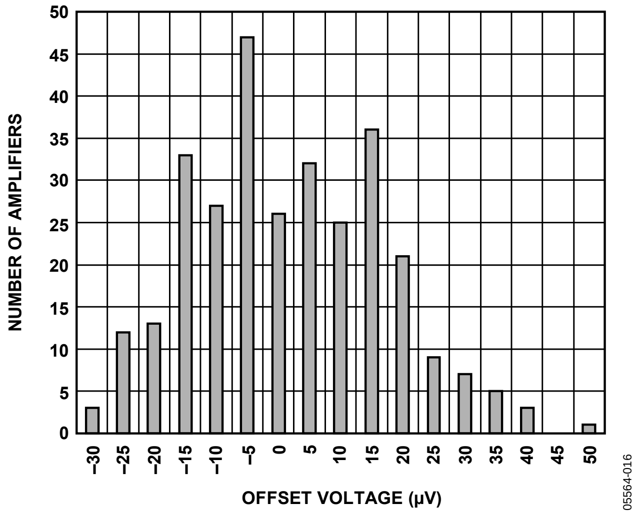

Figure 4. Input Offset Voltage Distribution

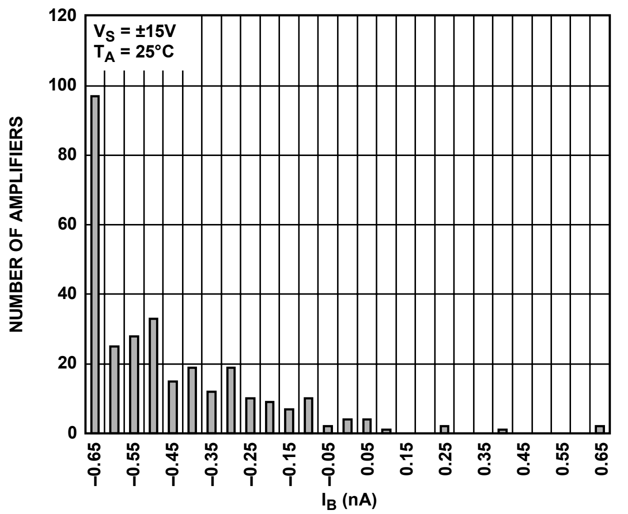

Figure 7. Input Bias Current, V_S = ±15 V

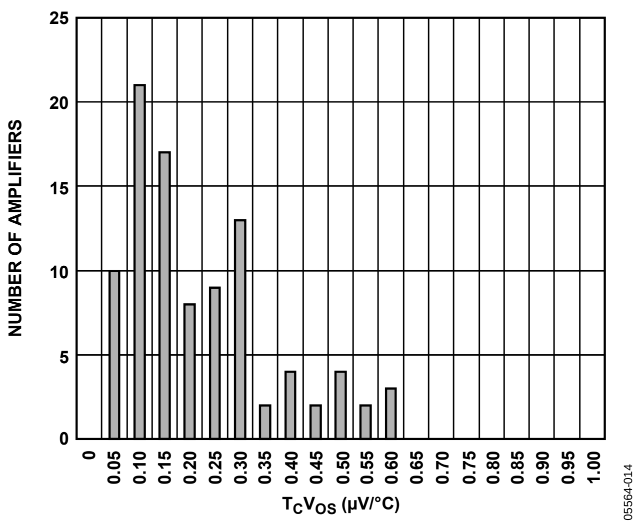

Figure 5. T_CV_{OS}

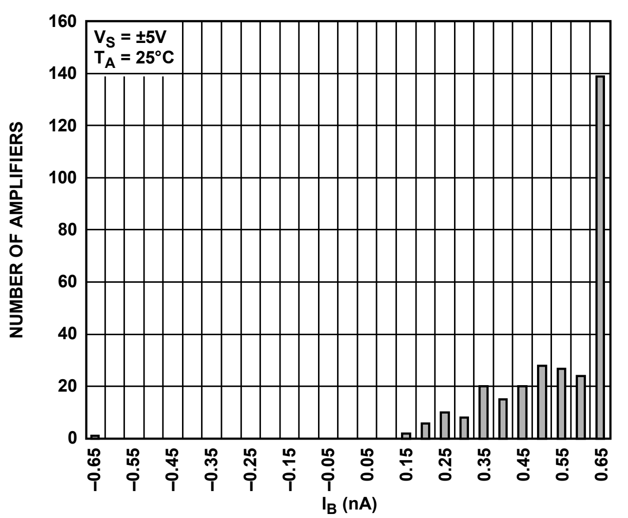

Figure 8. Input Bias Current, V_S = ±5 V

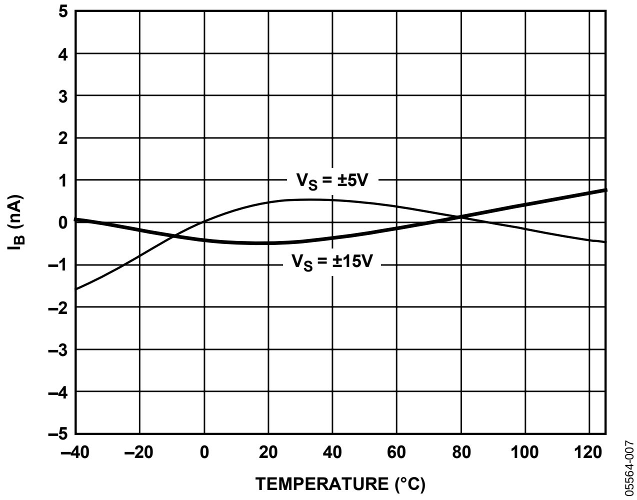

Figure 9. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

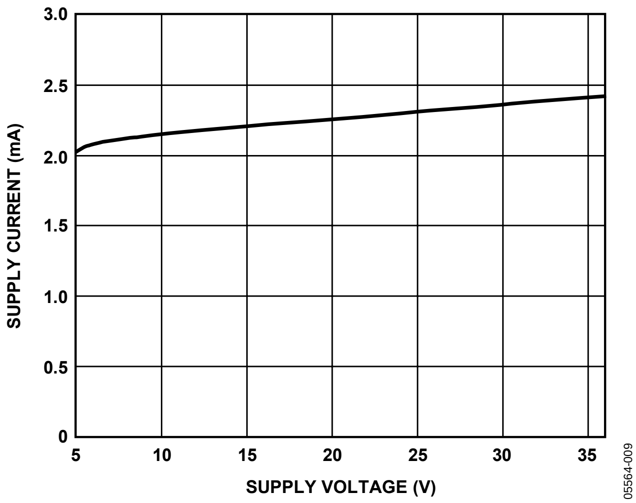

Figure 10. Supply Current vs. Total Supply Voltage

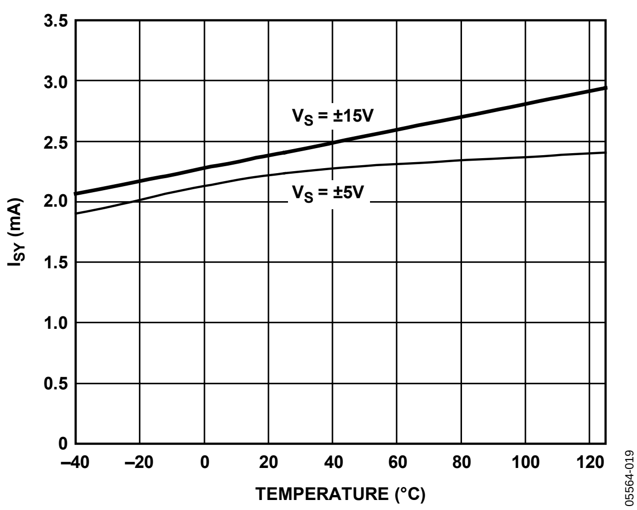

Figure 11. Supply Current vs. Temperature

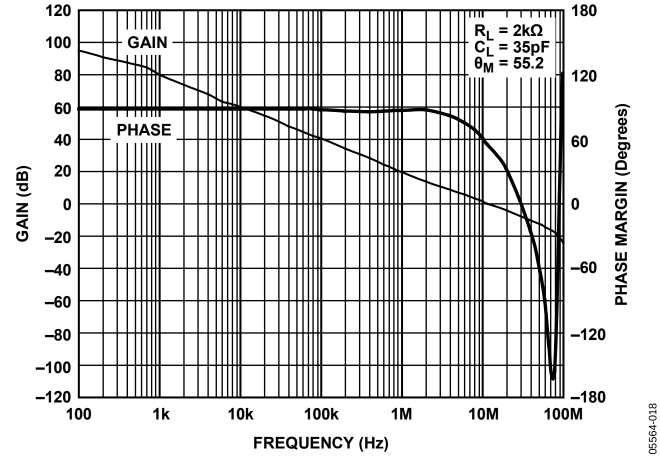

Figure 12. Gain and Phase vs. Frequency

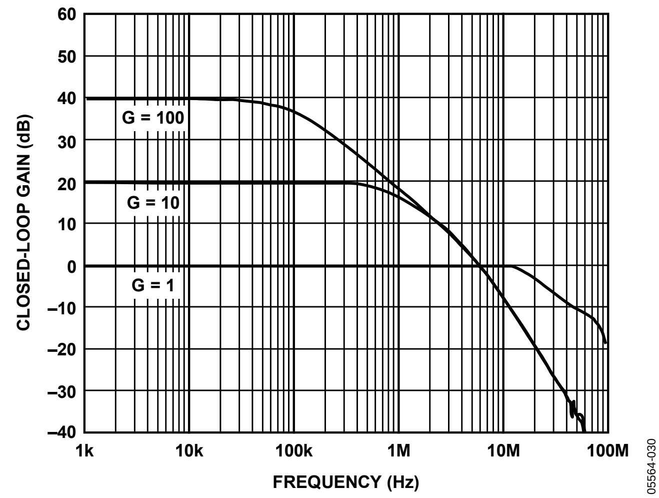

Figure 13. Closed-Loop Gain vs. Frequency

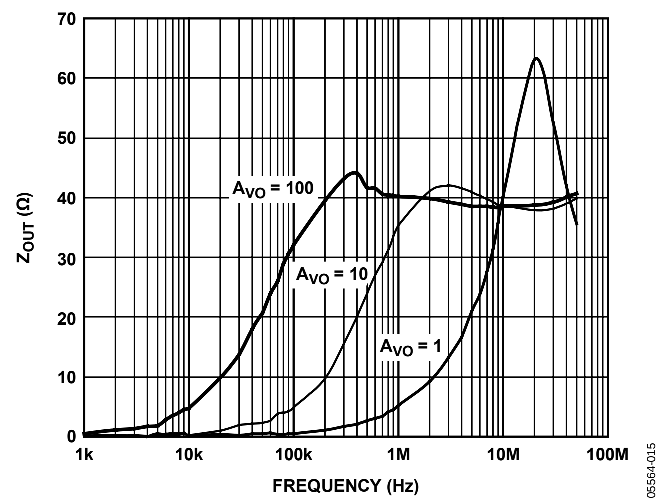

Figure 14. Z_{OUT} vs. Frequency

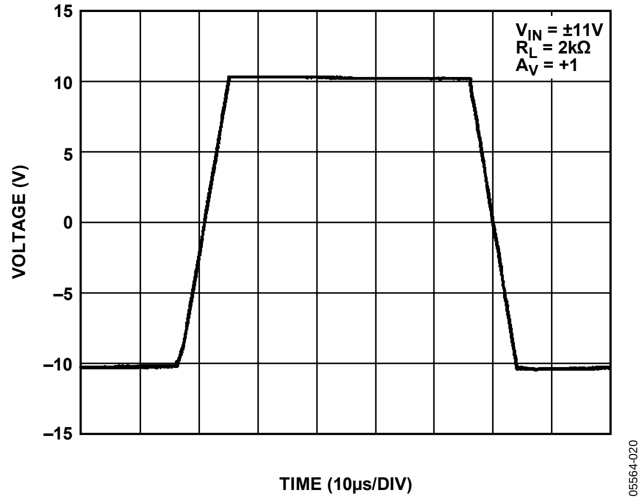

Figure 15. Large Signal Transient Response, V_{SY} = ±15 V

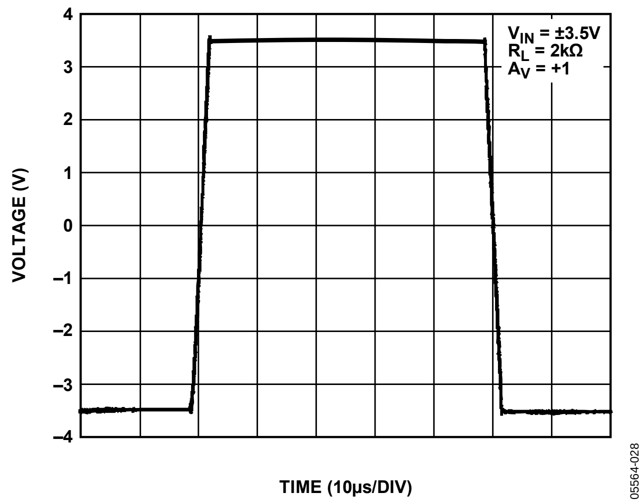

Figure 16. Large Signal Transient Response, V_{SY} = ±5 V

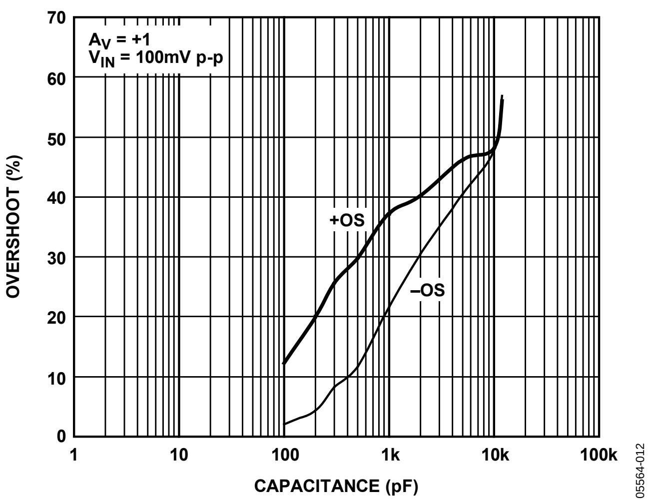

Figure 17. Small Signal Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance

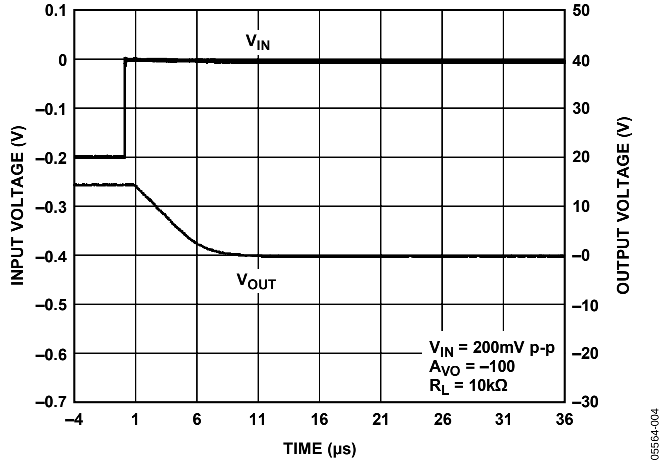

Figure 18. Positive Overvoltage Recovery

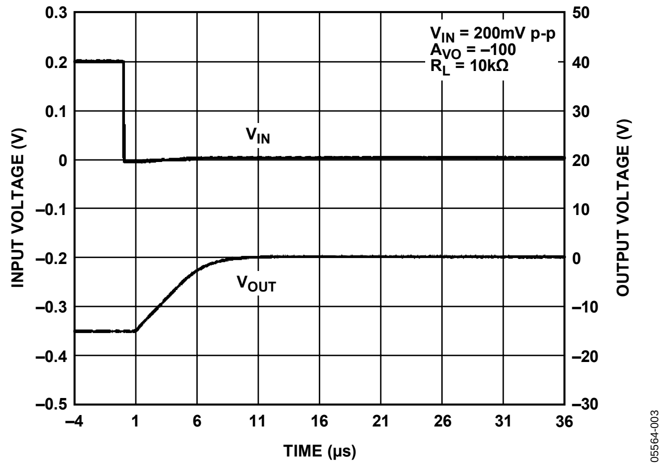

Figure 19. Negative Overvoltage Recovery

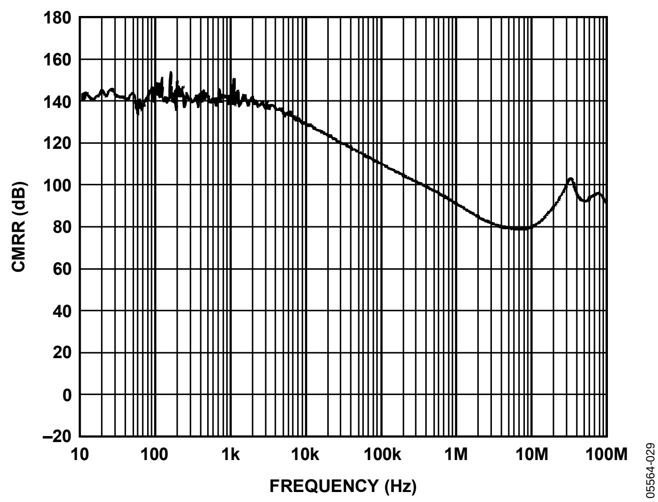

Figure 20. CMRR vs. Frequency

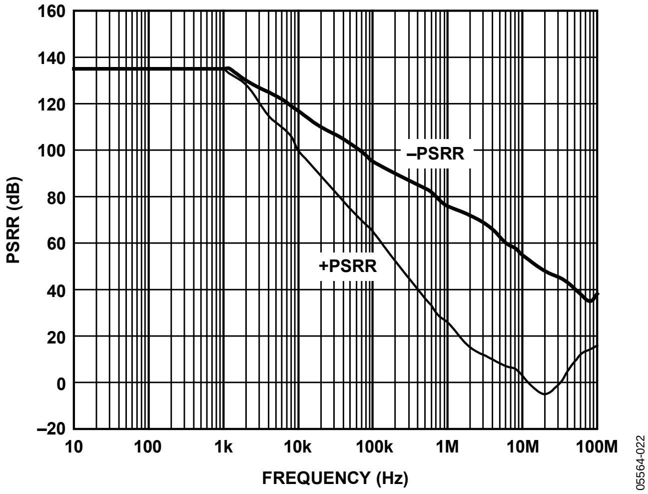

Figure 21. PSRR vs. Frequency

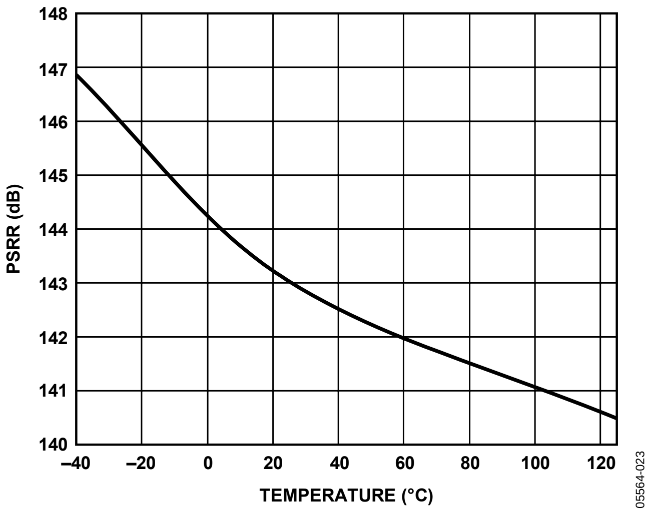

Figure 22. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Temperature

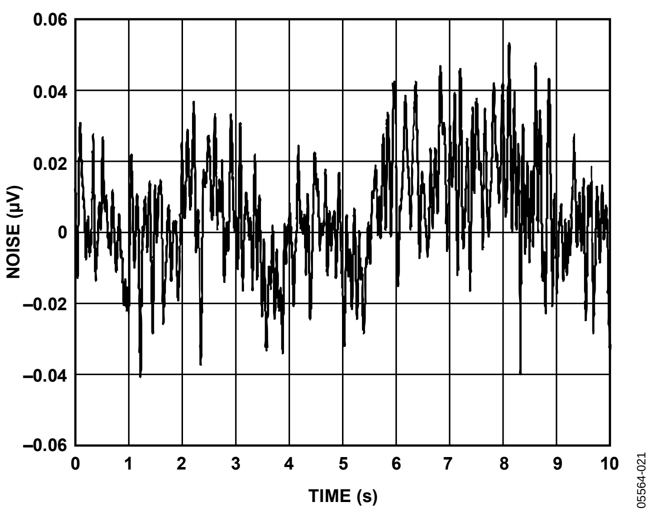

Figure 23. Voltage Noise (0.1 Hz to 10 Hz)

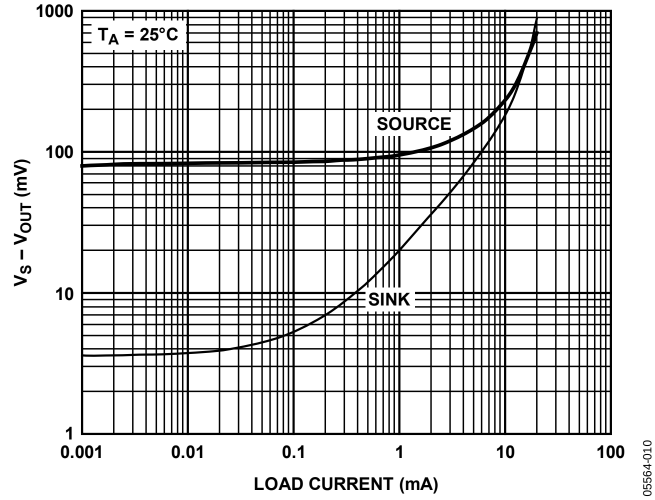

Figure 24. Output Saturation Voltage vs. Output Current

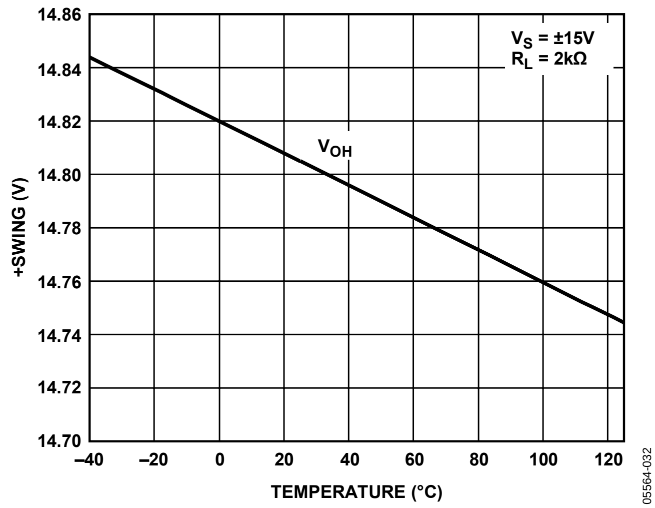

Figure 25. Swing vs. Temperature, V_{OH}

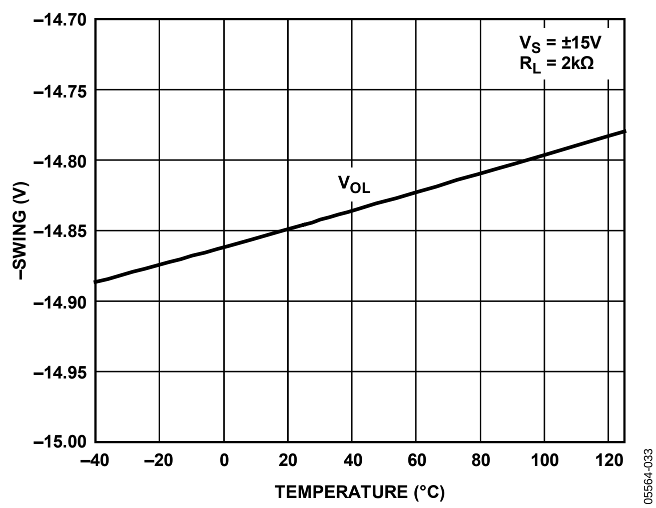

Figure 26. Swing vs. Temperature, V_{OL}

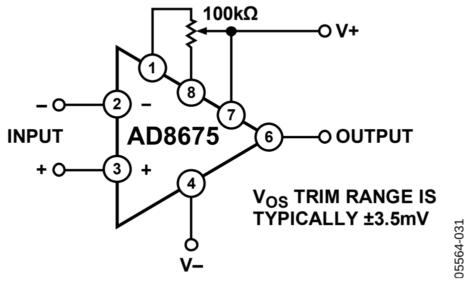

Figure 27. Optional Offset Nulling Circuit

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

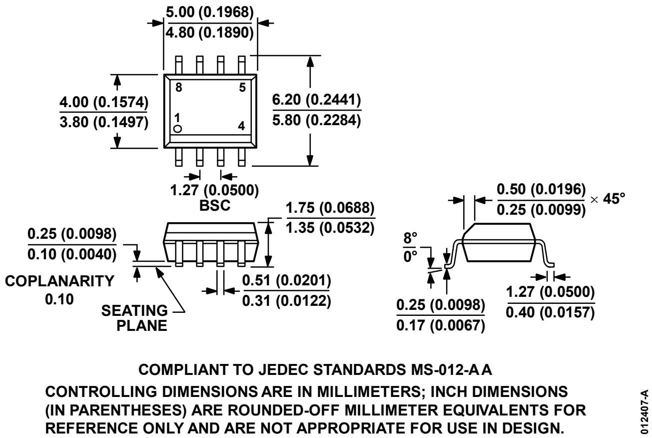

Figure 28. 8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]
Narrow Body (R-8)
Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)

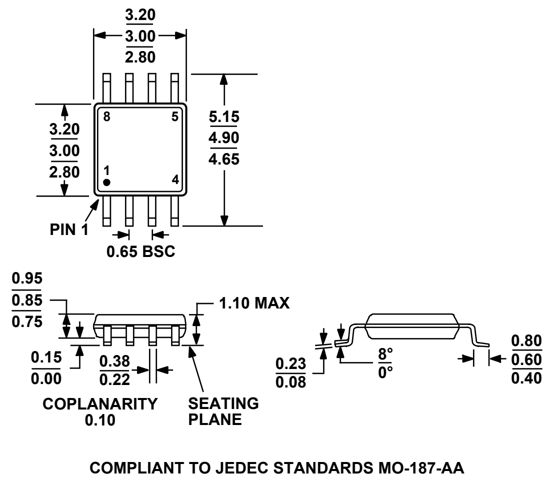

Figure 29. 8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]
(RM-8)
Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option	Branding
AD8675ARMZ-R2[1]	−40°C to +125°C	8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]	RM-8	A08
AD8675ARMZ-REEL[1]	−40°C to +125°C	8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]	RM-8	A08
AD8675ARZ[1]	−40°C to +125°C	8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]	R-8	
AD8675ARZ-REEL[1]	−40°C to +125°C	8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]	R-8	
AD8675ARZ-REEL7[1]	−40°C to +125°C	8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]	R-8	

[1] Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

NOTES