

# QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 1368A

## ADJUSTABLE LDO LINEAR REGULATORS IN PARALLEL

LT3080EDD-1

### DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1368A shows adjustable linear regulators in parallel using LT3080-1. Architected as a precision current source and voltage follower, it allows this new regulator to be used in many applications requiring high current, adjustability to zero output, and no heat sink. Also the device brings out the collector of the pass transistor to allow low dropout operation when used with multiple supplies.

A key feature of the LT3080-1 is the capability to supply a wide output voltage range. By using a reference current through a single resistor, the output voltage can be programmed to any level between zero and 36V. The DC1368A has a reduced input voltage 25V due to input capacitor voltage rating. LT3080-1 incorporates an internal ballast resistor to allow direct paralleling of devices without the need for PC board resistors or sensor resistors. By direct paralleling of four LT3080-1 regulators, the DC1368A is capable of delivering up to 4.4A output current. It


can be used as a high current linear regulator, post regulator for switching supply, variable voltage supply or low output voltage power supply.

Internal protection circuitry includes current limiting and thermal limiting.

LT3080-1 regulator is offered in 8-lead MSOP (with an Exposed Pad for better thermal characteristics) and a 3mm × 3mm DFN.

The LT3080-1 datasheet gives a complete description of the part, operation and application information. The datasheet should be read in conjunction with this quick start guide for working on or modifying the demo circuit 1368A.

**Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.**

 , LTC and LT are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation.

**Table 1. Performance Summary (  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  )**

PARAMETER	CONDITION	VALUE
Minimum $V_{in}$ Voltage	$V_{out}=1.2\text{V}$	1.7V
Maximum $V_{in}$ Voltage		25V
Minimum $V_{control}$ Voltage	$V_{out}=1.2\text{V}$	2.8V
Maximum $V_{control}$ Voltage		25V
Output Voltage	$I_{out}=4.4\text{A}$	$1.17\text{V} \pm 3\%$
Minimum Output Current		4mA
Maximum Output Current	$V_{in}-V_{out}<2.5\text{V}$	4.4A

### QUICK START PROCEDURE

The DC1368A is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LT3080-1. Refer to Figure 1. for proper measurement equipment setup and following the procedures below:

1. Apply 1.7V across  $V_{in}$  (to Gnd), and 2.8V across  $V_{control}$ . Draw 4.4A of load current. The measured  $V_{out}$  should be  $1.17V \pm 3\%$  (1.13V to 1.21V).

2. Vary  $V_{in}$  from 1.7V to 25V,  $V_{control}$  from 2.8V to 25V and the load current from 4mA to 4.4A.  $V_{out}$  should measure  $1.19V \pm 5\%$  (1.13V to 1.25V).

**Note:** Make sure the power dissipation is limited below the thermal limit.

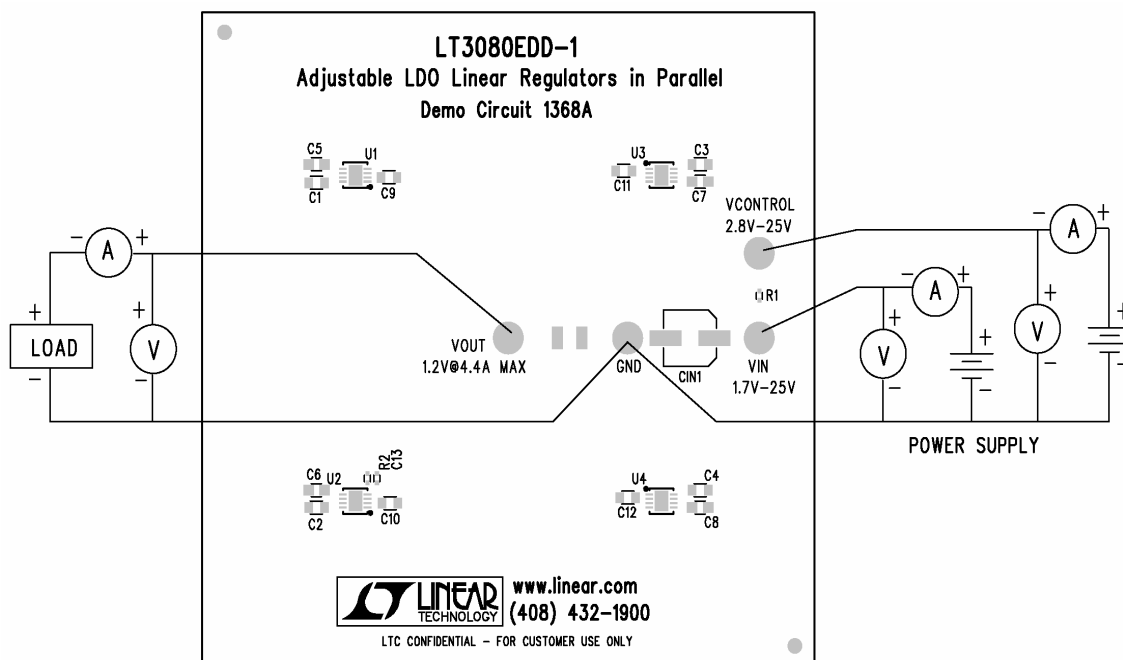


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Equipment Setup

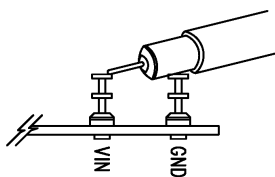


Figure 2. Measuring Input or Output Ripple

### INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE

# QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 1368A

## ADJUSTABLE LDO LINEAR REGULATORS IN PARALLEL

The guaranteed  $V_{in}$  dropout voltage is 0.5V at 4.4A, the guaranteed  $V_{control}$  dropout voltage is 1.6V at 4.4A. The maximum  $V_{in}$  and maximum  $V_{control}$  is

reduced to 25V due to the input capacitor voltage rating.

## DUAL SUPPLY OR SINGLE SUPPLY

Use two separate supplies for  $V_{in}$  and  $V_{control}$ , a low dropout voltage can be achieved on the  $V_{in}$  pin and the power dissipation is minimized. Alternatively, Tying the  $V_{control}$  to  $V_{in}$  through a zero ohm jump resistor R1

on board, a single supply is sufficient to drive the demo circuit 1368A. **AVOID USING A LONG WIRE TO TIE VCONTROL AND VIN.**

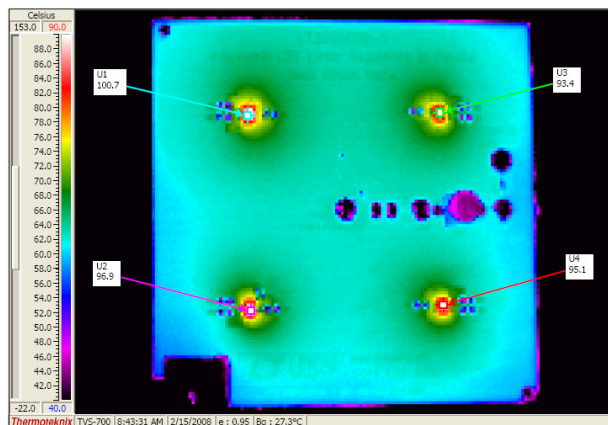
## OUTPUT CURRENT

The output current will decrease at high input-to-output differential. The actual current output is further

limited by the thermal shutdown function, which is related to the board thermal dissipation.

## THERMAL IMAGE

An example thermal image shows the temperature distribution on board. The test is done in still air at room temperature with average 2.0W power dissipation in each LT3080-1.



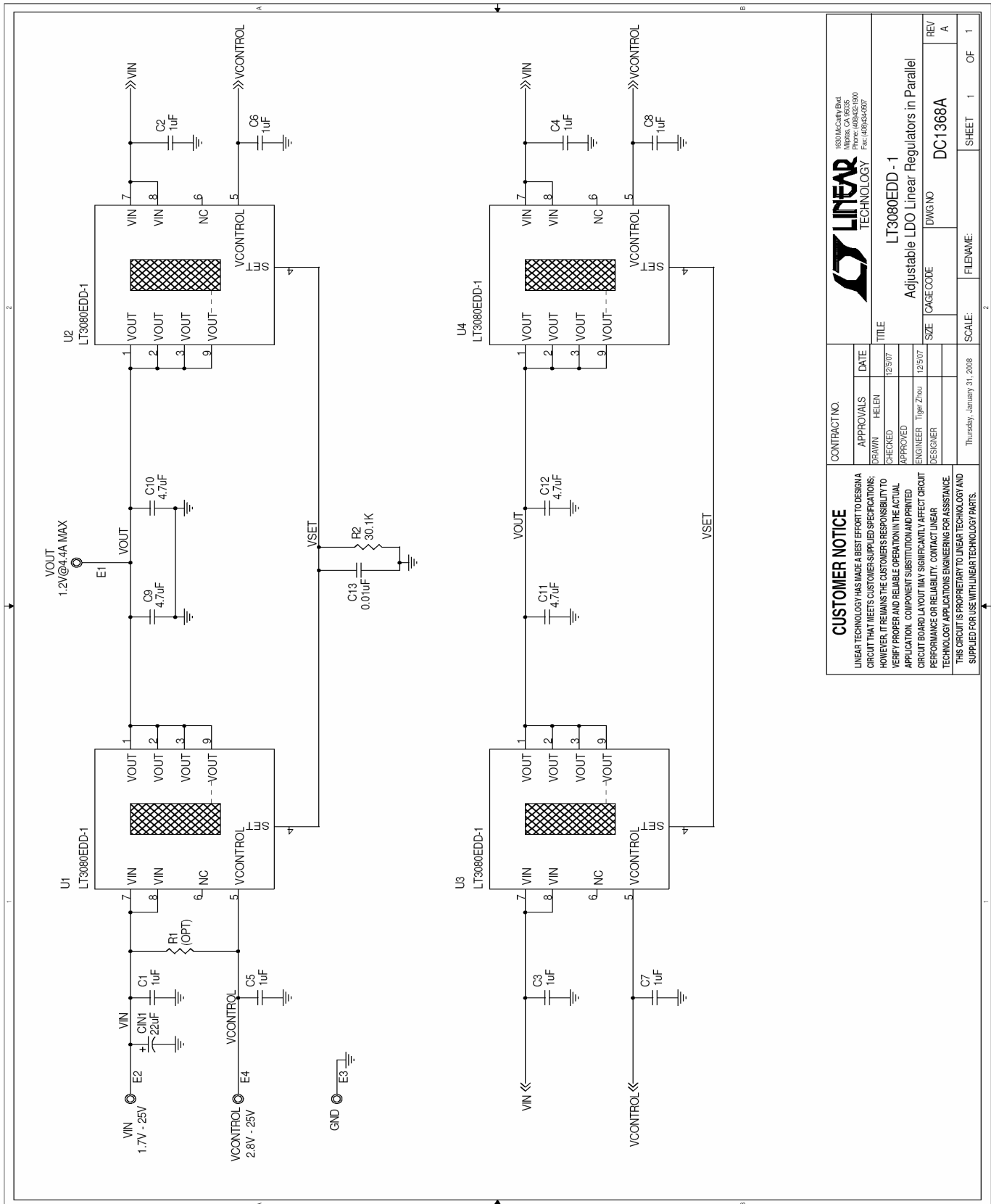
## BYPASS CAPACITOR

Since the SET pin is a high impedance node, unwanted signals may couple into the SET pin and cause erratic behavior. This will be most noticeable when operating with minimum output capacitors at full load current. The easiest way to remedy this is to bypass the SET

pin with a small amount of capacitance from SET to ground, 10pF to 20pF is sufficient. A 0.01uF bypass capacitor is used on the demo board to provide a low-noise output. Please refer to datasheet for details.

# QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 1368A

## ADJUSTABLE LDO LINEAR REGULATORS IN PARALLEL



CONTRACT NO.		APPROVALS		DATE	
DRAWN: HELEN		CHECKED:		12/25/07	
APPROVED:		ENGINEER: Tiger Zhou		12/25/07	
DESIGNER:		SCALE:		Thursday, January 31, 2008	
FILENAME:		SCALE: 1		SHEET 1 OF 1	
TITLE		LT3080EDD - 1		REV A	
Adjustable LDO Linear Regulators in Parallel		DWG NO DC1368A		REV A	
SIZE		FILENAME:		SHEET 1 OF 1	

**CUSTOMER NOTICE**

LINEAR TECHNOLOGY HAS MADE A BEST EFFORT TO DESIGN A CIRCUIT THAT MEETS CUSTOMER-SUPPLIED SPECIFICATIONS; HOWEVER, IT REMAINS THE CUSTOMER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY PROPER AND RELIABLE OPERATION IN THE ACTUAL APPLICATION. COMPONENT SUBSTITUTION AND PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT MAY SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT CIRCUIT PERFORMANCE OR RELIABILITY. CONTACT LINEAR TECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS ENGINEERING FOR ASSISTANCE. THIS CIRCUIT IS PROPRIETARY TO LINEAR TECHNOLOGY AND SUPPLIED FOR USE WITH LINEAR TECHNOLOGY PARTS.