

Discontinued

RFM products are now Murata products.

RO3101C-11

433.92 MHz

SAW

Resonator

SM5050-8 Case 5 X 5

Ideal for European 433.92 MHz Remote Control and Security Transmitters

- Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)



The RO3101C is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 433.92 MHz. This SAW is designed specifically for remote control and wireless security transmitters operating in Europe under ETSI I-ETS 300 220.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
Input Power Level	0	dBm
DC Voltage	12	VDC
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum)	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency, +25 °C	Absolute Frequency	f _C	0045	433.845		433.995	MHz
	Tolerance from 433.920 MHz	Δf_{C}	2,3,4,5			±75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2,5,6		1.2	2.5	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	QU			9000		
	50Ω Loaded Q	QL			1200		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	Т _О	6,7,8	10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _C		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f _A	1		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R _M			15	33	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M	5, 7, 9		48.6		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C _M			2.8		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	CO	5, 6, 9		2.6		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}	2, 7		52.1		nH
Lid Symbolization (in addition to Lot and/or Date Codes)		901 // YWWS					
Standard Reel Quantity, Ree	I Size 13 Inch	4000 Pieces/Reel					

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

NOTES:

- Frequency aging is the change in $\rm f_{C}$ with time and is specified at +65 $^{\circ}\rm C$ or 1. less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65 °C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture,
- decreasing in subsequent years. The center frequency, ${\rm f}_{\rm C}$ is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, 2. IL_{MIN}, with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR \leq 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST} , is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C . Typically, $f_{\mbox{OSCILLATOR}}$ or $f_{\mbox{TRANSMITTER}}$ is approximately equal to the resonator f_C.
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 3 4,616,197.
- 4 Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer
- 5 Unless noted otherwise, case temperature T_{C} = +25 ± 2 °C.

The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are 6. subject to change without notice.

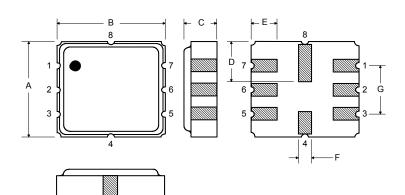
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C , and C_O . Turnover temperature, T_O , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) 7.
- 8. frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: $f = f_0 [1 - FTC (T_0 - T_C)^2]$. Typically oscillator T_0 is approximately equal to the specified resonator To.
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance $C_{\rm O}$ 9. is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals The static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as: $C_{\rm p} \approx C_{\rm O}$ - 0.05 pF.

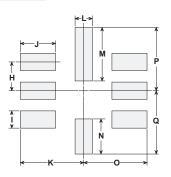
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Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

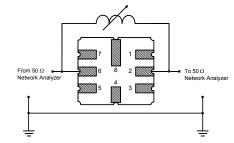
Pin	Connection		
1	NC		
2	Terminal		
3	NC		
4	NC		
5	NC		
6	Terminal		
7	NC		
8	NC		



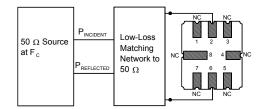


Dimension	mm			Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	4.80	5.00	5.20	0.189	0.197	0.205	
В	4.80	5.00	5.20	0.189	0.197	0.205	
С	1.30	1.50	1.70	0.050	0.060	0.067	
D	1.98	2.08	2.18	0.078	0.082	0.086	
E	1.07	1.17	1.27	0.042	0.046	0.050	
F	0.50	0.64	0.70	0.020	0.025	0.028	
G	2.39	2.54	2.69	0.094	0.100	0.106	
н		1.27			0.050		
I		0.76			0.030		
J		1.55			0.061		
К		2.79			0.110		
L		0.76			0.030		
м		2.36			0.093		
N		1.55			0.061		
0		2.79			0.110		
Р		2.79			0.110		
Q		2.79			0.110		

Parameter Test Circuit

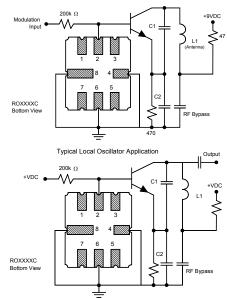


Power Test Circuit

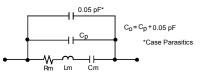


Example Application Circuits

Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application

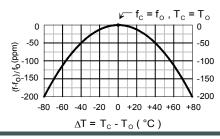


Equivalent RLC Model



Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



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