# $\mathcal{C Y}$ IIIEAR <br> LT1672/LT1673/LT1674 $2 \mu A$ Max, $A_{v} \geq 5$ Single, Dual and Quad Over-The-Top Precision Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps 

## feATURES

- Gain of 5 Stable
- Low Supply Current: $2 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Max per Amplifier
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- Low Offset Voltage: $375 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ Max
- Over-The-Top ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Inputs Operate Above $\mathrm{V}^{+}$
- Gain Bandwidth Product: 12kHz
- Wide Supply Range: 2.2 V to 36 V
- Single Supply Input Range: -0.3 V to 36 V
- Low Input Bias Current: 250pA
- Low Input Offset Current: 20pA
- High Avol: 100V/mV Minimum Driving 100k Load
- Output Sources and Sinks $500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Load Current
- Reverse Battery Protected to 18 V


## APPLICATIONS

- Battery- or Solar-Powered Systems
- Portable Instrumentation
- Remote Sensor Amplifier
- Micropower Filter
- Photodiode Amplifier
- High Impedance Circuits
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## DESCRIPTIOn

The $\mathrm{LT}^{\circledR} 1672 / \mathrm{LT} 1673 / \mathrm{LT} 1674$ are ultralow power ( $\mathrm{I}_{S} \leq 2 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ ) decompensated ( $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{V}} \geq 5$ ) op amps with precision specifications. The extremely low supply current is combined with excellent amplifier specifications: input offset voltage is $375 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ maximum with a typical drift of only $0.4 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, input offset current is 100 pA maximum. A minimum open-loop gain (AvoL) of 100V/mV ensures that gain errors are small. The devices' characteristics change little over the supply range of 2.2 V to $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$. Supply rejection is 90 dB and the common mode rejection ratio is 90 dB . Operation is specified for $3 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies. Reverse battery protection ( -18 V min ) and inputs that operate above the positive supply make the LT1672/ LT1673/LT1674 easy to use in harsh environments.
The low bias currents and offset current of the amplifier permit the use of megohm level source resistors without introducing significant errors. Voltage noise at $4 \mu V_{\text {p-p }}$ is remarkably low considering the low supply current. For unity gain stable versions of these amplifiers, see the LT1494/LT1495/LT1496.

The LT1672 is available in the 8 -pin MSOP, PDIP and SO packages. The LT1673 is available in plastic 8-pin PDIP and SO-8 packages with the standard dual op amp pinout. The LT1674 is available in 14-pin PDIP and S0 packages.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

Single Supply, $60 \mu \mathrm{~W}$ Precision Instrumentation Amplifier

$A_{V}=100$
BANDWIDTH $=1 \mathrm{kHz}$
CMRR $=65 \mathrm{~dB}$ AT 120 Hz *500V TRANSIENT PROTECTION TOTAL SUPPLY CURRENT $=12 \mu \mathrm{~A}$

TC $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ Distribution


## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <br> (Note 1)

Total Supply Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}^{+}$to $\mathrm{V}^{-}$) ............................. 36 V
Differential Input Voltage ........................................ 36V
Input Current .................................................... $\pm 10 \mathrm{~mA}$
Output Short-Circuit Duration .......................Continuous
Operating Temperature Range (Note 2) .. $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Specified Temperature Range (Note 3) $\ldots-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Storage Temperature Range ................. $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Junction Temperature.......................................... $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec ).................. $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

|  | ORDER PART NUMBER |  | ORDER PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LT1672CMS8 <br> LT1672IMS8 |  | LT1672CN8 <br> LT1672CS8 <br> LT1672IN8 <br> LT1672IS8 |
|  | MS8 PART MARKING |  | S8 PART MARKING |
|  | LTFH <br> LTFJ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1672 \\ & 1672 \mid \end{aligned}$ |
| S8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PDIP 8-LEAD PLASTIC SO$\begin{aligned} & T_{J M A X}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \theta_{J A}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \text { (N8) } \\ & \mathrm{T}_{\text {JMAX }}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \theta_{J A}=190^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}(\mathrm{~S} 8) \end{aligned}$ | ORDER PART NUMBER | N PACKAGE <br> S PACKAGE <br> 14-LEAD PDIP <br> 14-LEAD PLASTIC SO $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{JMAX}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \theta_{\mathrm{JA}}=110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}(\mathrm{~N}) \\ & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{JMAX}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \theta_{\mathrm{JA}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}(\mathrm{~S}) \end{aligned}$ | ORDER PART NUMBER |
|  | LT1673CN8 <br> LT1673CS8 <br> LT1673IN8 <br> LT1673IS8 |  | LT1674CN <br> LT1674CS <br> LT1674IN <br> LT1674IS |
|  | S8 PART MARKING |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1673 \\ & 1673 \mid \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

Consult factory for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{C M}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=$ half supply, unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | Input Offset Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 150 | 375 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $V_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 200 | 475 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, MS8 Package |  | 150 | 475 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $V_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V}$, MS8 Package |  | 200 | 575 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| $I_{B}$ | Input Bias Current | (Note 5) |  | 250 | 1000 | pA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CM }}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ (Note 6) |  | 180 | 360 | nA |
| Ios | Input Offset Current | (Note 5) |  | 20 | 100 | pA |
|  | Input Noise Voltage | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz |  | 4 |  | $\mu V_{\text {P-P }}$ |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{C M}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=$ half supply, unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | Input Noise Voltage Density | $f=100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 185 |  | $\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
| $\mathrm{i}_{n}$ | Input Noise Current Density | $f=100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 10 |  | $\mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
| AVOL | Large-Signal Voltage Gain | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{0}=0.25 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{0}=0.25 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ <br> V/mV |
|  | Input Voltage Range |  | 0 |  | 36 | V |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C M}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 74 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 106 \\ 95 \end{gathered}$ |  | dB dB |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V}$ to 12V, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 90 | 99 |  | dB |
|  | Minimum Operating Supply Voltage |  |  | 2.1 | 2.2 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{0 \mathrm{~L}}$ | Output Voltage Swing LOW | No Load $I_{\text {SINK }}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ 210 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 410 \end{aligned}$ | mV mV |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output Voltage Swing HIGH | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { No Load } \\ I_{\text {SOURCE }}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}^{+}-0.07 \\ & \mathrm{~V}^{+}-0.32 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V^{+}-0.035 \\ & V^{+}-0.160 \end{aligned}$ |  | V |
| ISC | Short-Circuit Current | (Note 5) | 0.7 | 1.3 |  | mA |
| Is | Supply Current per Amplifier | (Note 6) |  | 1.5 | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | Reverse Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{S}=10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ per Amplifier | -18 |  |  | V |
| SR | Slew Rate | $A_{V}=-5, V_{S}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.6 | 5 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{ms}$ |
| GBW | Gain Bandwidth Product | $f=100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 12 |  | kHz |

The © denotes the specifications which apply over the temperature range of $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V}$;
$V_{C M}=V_{0}=$ half supply, unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{0 S}$ | Input Offset Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \hline V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \text { MS8 Package } \\ & V_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \text { MS8 Package } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 175 \\ & 225 \\ & 175 \\ & 225 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 425 \\ & 525 \\ & 525 \\ & 625 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ TC | Input Offset Voltage Drift | (Note 4) | $\bullet$ |  | 0.4 | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | Input Bias Current | (Note 5) $V_{C M}=10 \mathrm{~V} \text { (Note 6) }$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 240 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1200 \\ 500 \end{gathered}$ | pA nA |
| Ios | Input Offset Current | (Note 5) | $\bullet$ |  | 20 | 120 | pA |
| $\mathrm{A}_{\text {VOL }}$ | Large-Signal Voltage Gain | $\begin{aligned} & V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{0}=0.25 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{0}=0.25 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ <br> V/mV |
|  | Input Voltage Range |  | $\bullet$ | 0.2 |  | 36 | V |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C M}=0.2 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{C M}=0.2 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 10 \mathrm{~V}, V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 106 \\ 85 \end{gathered}$ |  | dB dB |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 12V, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\bullet$ | 89 | 99 |  | dB |
|  | Minimum Operating Supply Voltage |  | $\bullet$ |  | 2.3 | 2.4 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output Voltage Swing LOW | No Load $I_{\text {SINK }}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 55 \\ 225 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 110 \\ & 450 \end{aligned}$ | mV mV |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output Voltage Swing HIGH | No Load $I_{\text {SOURCE }}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}^{+}-0.08 \\ & \mathrm{~V}^{+}-0.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V^{+}-0.04 \\ & V^{+}-0.18 \end{aligned}$ |  | V V |
| ISC | Short-Circuit Current | (Note 5) | $\bullet$ | 0.6 | 1.1 |  | mA |
| Is | Supply Current per Amplifier | (Note 6) | $\bullet$ |  | 1.9 | 2.8 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The $\bullet$ denotes the specifications which apply over the temperature range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~V}$;
$V_{C M}=V_{0}=$ half supply, unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | Input Offset Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \hline V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \text { MS8 Package } \\ & V_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \text { MS8 Package } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 250 \\ & 200 \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 475 \\ & 575 \\ & 575 \\ & 675 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ TC | Input Offset Voltage Drift | (Note 4) | $\bullet$ |  | 0.4 | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | Input Bias Current | (Note 5) $V_{C M}=10 \mathrm{~V} \text { (Note 6) }$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 275 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1700 \\ 750 \end{gathered}$ | pA nA |
| Ios | Input Offset Current | (Note 5) | $\bullet$ |  | 20 | 170 | pA |
| AVOL | Large-Signal Voltage Gain | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{0}=0.25 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{0}=0.25 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 215 \\ & 115 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ <br> $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ |
|  | Input Voltage Range |  | $\bullet$ | 0.2 |  | 36 | V |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C M}=0.2 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CM }}=0.2 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \\ & 62 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 106 \\ 75 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | dB dB d |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 12V, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\bullet$ | 88 | 99 |  | dB |
|  | Minimum Operating Supply Voltage |  | $\bullet$ |  | 2.6 | 2.7 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output Voltage Swing LOW | No Load $I_{\text {SINK }}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ 245 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 120 \\ & 490 \end{aligned}$ | mV mV |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output Voltage Swing HIGH | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { No Load } \\ \text { I }_{\text {SOURCE }}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & V^{+}-0.10 \\ & V^{+}-0.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}^{+}-0.05 \\ & \mathrm{~V}^{+}-0.19 \end{aligned}$ |  | mV mV |
| ISC | Short-Circuit Current | (Note 5) | $\bullet$ | 0.4 | 0.9 |  | mA |
| IS | Supply Current per Amplifier | (Note 6) | $\bullet$ |  | 2.1 | 3.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | Input Offset Voltage |  |  | 200 | 575 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | MS8 Package |  | 200 | 675 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| IB | Input Bias Current |  |  | 25 | 1000 | pA |
| Ios | Input Offset Current |  |  | 20 | 100 | pA |
| AVOL | Large-Signal Voltage Gain | $\mathrm{V}_{0}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k}$ | 100 | 360 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ |
|  | Input Voltage Range |  | -15 |  | 21 | V |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CM }}=-15 \mathrm{~V}$ to 14V | 100 | 120 |  | dB |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 96 | 120 |  | dB |
| VoL | Output Voltage Swing LOW | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=1 \mathrm{M} \\ & R_{L}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-14.85 \\ & -14.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-14.70 \\ & -14.50 \end{aligned}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output Voltage Swing HIGH | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.78 \\ & 14.62 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.89 \\ & 14.81 \end{aligned}$ |  | V |
| ISC | Short-Circuit Current |  | 0.7 | 1.5 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{5}$ | Supply Current per Amplifier |  |  | 1.9 | 2.8 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The denotes the specifications which apply over the temperature range of $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | Input Offset Voltage |  | $\bullet$ |  | 225 | 625 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | MS8 Package | $\bullet$ |  | 225 | 725 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | Input Bias Current |  | $\bullet$ |  | 250 | 1200 | pA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{0 S}$ | Input Offset Current |  | $\bullet$ |  | 20 | 120 | pA |
| ${ }_{\text {AVOL }}$ | Large-Signal Voltage Gain | $\mathrm{V}_{0}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k}$ | $\bullet$ | 60 | 240 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ |
|  | Input Voltage Range |  | $\bullet$ | -14.8 |  | 21 | V |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CM }}=-14.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 14V | $\bullet$ | 98 | 120 |  | dB |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\bullet$ | 94 | 120 |  | dB |
| VoL | Output Voltage Swing LOW | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=1 \mathrm{M} \\ & R_{L}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-14.84 \\ & -14.73 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-14.67 \\ & -14.46 \end{aligned}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output Voltage Swing HIGH | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=1 \mathrm{M} \\ & R_{L}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14.76 \\ & 14.58 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14.88 \\ & 14.79 \end{aligned}$ |  | $V$ $m V$ |
| ISC | Short-Circuit Current |  | - | 0.6 | 1.3 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{S}$ | Supply Current per Amplifier |  | $\bullet$ |  | 2.4 | 3.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

The denotes the specifications which apply over the temperature range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{0}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | Input Offset Voltage |  | $\bullet$ |  | 250 | 675 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | MS8 Package | $\bullet$ |  | 250 | 775 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | Input Bias Current |  | $\bullet$ |  | 250 | 1700 | pA |
| Ios | Input Offset Current |  | $\bullet$ |  | 20 | 170 | pA |
| AVOL | Large-Signal Voltage Gain | $\mathrm{V}_{0}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k}$ | $\bullet$ | 50 | 200 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ |
|  | Input Voltage Range |  | $\bullet$ | -14.8 |  | 21 | V |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CM }}=-14.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 14V | $\bullet$ | 96 | 114 |  | dB |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\bullet$ | 92 | 120 |  | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output Voltage Swing LOW | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=1 \mathrm{M} \\ & R_{L}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-14.83 \\ & -14.72 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-14.66 \\ & -14.44 \end{aligned}$ | V |
| $\overline{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}}$ | Output Voltage Swing HIGH | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=1 \mathrm{M} \\ & R_{L}=100 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.74 \\ & 14.54 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.87 \\ & 14.77 \end{aligned}$ |  | V |
| $\underline{\text { ISC }}$ | Short-Circuit Current |  | $\bullet$ | 0.4 | 1.1 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{5}$ | Supply Current per Amplifier |  | $\bullet$ |  | 2.8 | 4.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.
Note 2: The LT1672C/LT1673C/LT1674C and LT1672I/LT1673I/LT1674| are guaranteed functional over the Operating Temperature Range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Note 3: The LT1672C/LT1673C/LT1674C are guaranteed to meet specified performance from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The LT1672C/LT1673C/LT1674C are designed, characterized and expected to meet specified performance from
$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ but are not tested or QA sampled at these temperatures. The LT1672I/LT1673I/LT1674I are guaranteed to meet specified performance from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Note 4: This parameter is not $100 \%$ tested.
Note 5: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ limit guaranteed by correlation to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ tests.
Note 6: $\mathrm{V}_{S}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ limit guaranteed by correlation to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ tests.

## LT1672/LT1673/LT1674

## TYPICAL PERFORMAOCE CHARACTERISTICS



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



## TYPICAL PGRFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Small-Signal Response


Small-Signal Response


Large-Signal Response


## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

## Start-Up Characteristics

Micropower op amps are sometimes not micropower during start-up, wreaking havoc on low current supplies. In the worst case, there may not be enough supply current available to take the system up to nominal voltages. Figure 1 is a graph of LT1673 supply current vs supply voltage for the three limit cases of input offset that could occur during start-up. The circuits are shown in Figure 2. One circuit creates a positive offset, forcing the output to come up saturated high. Another circuit creates a negative offset, forcing the output to come up saturated low, while the last brings up the output at half supply. In all cases, the supply current is well behaved. Supply current is highest with the output forced high, so if one amplifier is unused, it is best to force the output low or at half supply.


Figure 1. Start-Up Characteristics


OUTPUT HIGH


OUTPUT LOW


Figure 2. Circuits for Start-Up Characteristics

## Reverse Battery

The LT1672/LT1673/LT1674 are protected against reverse battery voltages up to 18 V . In the event a reverse battery condition occurs, the supply current is typically less than 100nA (inputs grounded and outputs open). For typical single supply applications with ground referred loads and feedback networks, no other precautions are required. If the reverse battery condition results in a negative voltage at either the input pins or output pin, the current into the pin should be limited by an external resistor to less than 10 mA .

## Inputs

While the LT1672/LT1673/LT1674 will function normally with its inputs taken above the positive supply, the common mode range does not extend beyond approximately 300 mV below the negative supply at room temperature.

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The device will not be damaged if the inputs are taken lower than 300 mV below the negative supply as long as the current out of the pin is limited to less than 10 mA . However, the output phase is not guaranteed and the supply current will increase.

## Output

The graph, Capacitive Load Handling, shows amplifier stability with the output biased at half supply. If the output is to be operated within about 100 mV of the positive rail, the allowable load capacitance is less. With this output voltage, the worst case occurs at $A_{V}=5$ and light loads, where the load capacitance should be less than 500pF with a 5 V supply and less than 100 pF with a 30V supply.

## Rail-to-Rail Operation

The simplified schematic, Figure 3, details the circuit design approach of the LT1672/LT1673/LT1674. The amplifier topology is a three-stage design consisting of a rail-to-rail input stage, that continues to operate with the inputs above the positive rail, a folded cascode second stage that develops most of the voltage gain, and a rail-torail common emitter stage that provides the current gain.
The input stage is formed by two diff amps Q1-Q2 and Q3Q6. For signals with a common mode voltage between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EE}}$
and $\left(V_{C C}-0.8 \mathrm{~V}\right), ~ Q 1$ and $Q 2$ are active. When the input common mode exceeds ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ ), Q7 turns on, diverting the current from diff amp Q1-Q2 to current mirror Q8-Q9. The current from Q8 biases on the other diff amp consisting of PNP's Q5-Q6 and NPN's Q3-Q4. Though Q5-Q6 are driven from the emitters rather than the base, the basic diff amp action is the same. When the common mode voltage is between ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ ) and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, devices Q3 and Q4 act as followers, forming a buffer between the amplifier inputs and the emitters of the Q5Q6. If the common mode voltage is taken above $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, Schottky diodes D1 and D2 reverse bias and devices Q3 and Q4 then act as diodes. The diff amp formed by Q5-Q6 operates normally, however, the input bias current increases to the emitter current of Q5-Q6, which is typically 180nA. The graph, Input Bias Current vs Common Mode Voltage found in the Typical Performance Characteristics section, shows these transitions at three temperatures.
The collector currents of the two-input pairs are combined in the second stage consisting of Q11 to Q16, which furnishes most of the voltage gain. Capacitor C1 sets the amplifier bandwidth. The output stage is configured for maximum swing by the use of common emitter output devices Q21 and Q22. Diodes D4 to D6 and current source Q15 set the output quiescent current.


Figure 3. Simplified Schematic

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



PACKAGE DESCRIPTIOी Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.


* DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED $0.006^{\prime \prime}$ ( 0.152 mm ) PER SIDE
** DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED $0.006{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ( 0.152 mm ) PER SIDE

N8 Package
8-Lead PDIP (Narrow 0.300)
(LTC DWG \# 05-08-1510)

*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH ( 0.254 mm )

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

S8 Package
8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150)
(LTC DWG \# 05-08-1610)

*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" ( 0.152 mm ) PER SIDE
**DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD
FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED $0.010^{\prime \prime}(0.254 \mathrm{~mm})$ PER SIDE
5081298

S Package
14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150)
(LTC DWG \# 05-08-1610)

*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH
SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 " ( 0.152 mm ) PER SIDE
**DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD
FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 " ( 0.254 mm ) PER SIDE

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## TYPICAL APPLICATION

## Micropower Photodiode Amplifier



## RELATED PARTS

| PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LTC ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ 140/41/42 | Micropower Single/Dual Comparators with 1\% Reference | LTC1440: Single, LTC1441/42: Dual |
| LTC1443/LTC1444/LTC1445 | Micropower Quad Comparators with 1\% Reference | LTC1443: 1.182 Reference <br> LTC1444/45: 1.221V Reference and Adjustable Hysteresis |
| LT1466/LT1467 | $75 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Dual/Quad Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps | $390 \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OS(MAX) }}$, Gain Bandwidth $=120 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| LT1490A/LT1491A | 50 $\mu$ A Dual/Quad Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps | $950 \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OS(MAX) }}$, Gain Bandwidth $=200 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| LT1494/LT1495/LT1496 | 1.5 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ Max Single/Dual/Quad Over-the-Top Precision Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps | Unity Gain Stable Version of the LT1672/LT1673/LT1674 |
| LTC1540 | Nanopower Single Comparator with 1\% Reference | 350nA Supply Current |
| LT1636 | Single Over-the-Top Micropower, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amp | $225 \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{0 S(\text { MAX })}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=55 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (Max), Gain Bandwidth $=200 \mathrm{kHz}$, Shutdown Pin, MSOP |
| LT2078/LT2079 | 55 $\mu$ A Dual/Quad Single Supply Op Amps | $120 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ V ${ }_{\text {OS(MAX) }}$, Gain Bandwidth $=200 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| LT2178/LT2179 | 17 $\mu$ A Dual/Quad Single Supply Op Amps | $120 \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OS(MAX) }}$, Gain Bandwidth $=60 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| LT1782 | Micropower, Over-The-Top, SOT-23, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amp | SOT-23, $800 \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OS(MAX) }}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=55 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (Max), Gain-Bandwidth $=200 \mathrm{kHz}$, Shutdown Pin |
| LT1783 | 1.2MHz, Over-The-Top, Micropower, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amp in SOT-23 | $\text { SOT-23, } 800 \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OS}(\mathrm{MAX})}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=300 \mu \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{Max}),$ $\text { Gain-Bandwidth }=1.2 \mathrm{MHz} \text {, Shutdown Pin }$ |

