QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 1053E through 1053H SYNCHRONOUS BOOST DC/DC CONVERTER

LTC3526L/LTC3526LB/LTC3526L-2/LTC3526LB-2

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuits1053A-E through 1053A-H are high efficiency synchronous boost converters capable of operating with an input voltage range from 0.8V to 5.5V. The 2X2 mm DFN thermally enhanced package with a 1MHz switching frequency (2MHz for -2 versions) and the 550mA internal switches provide a very tiny solution. The LTC3526L family also features output disconnect and the input voltage can be greater or less than the output voltage. This demonstration circuit allows the user to quickly evaluate the LTC3526L performance. Individual jumpers are provided for selecting several regulated output voltages and a low quiescent current shutdown. Terminals on the board allow easy hookup to an input supply and output load.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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Input Voltage Range V _{IN}		0.8V to 5V
1.8V V _{OUT}	$V_{IN} = 1V$, $I_{OUT} = 100$ mA	1.8V ± 2.5%
3.3V V _{OUT}	V _{IN} = 1.5V, I _{OUT} = 100mA	3.3V ± 2.5%
5V V _{OUT}	V _{IN} = 1.5V, I _{OUT} = 100mA	5.0V ± 2.5%
Output Ripple Voltage (burst mode)	V _{IN} = 1.2V, V _{OUT} = 1.8V I _{OUT} = 1mA	45mV p-p
Output Ripple Voltage (fixed frequency)	V _{IN} = 1.2V, V _{OUT} = 1.8V I _{OUT} = 100mA	10mV p-p
Efficiency (1 MHz)	V _{IN} = 1.2V, V _{OUT} = 1.8V I _{OUT} = 50mA	85%
Efficiency (1 MHz)	V _{IN} = 2.5V, V _{OUT} = 3.3V I _{OUT} = 50mA	92%

Table 1. Typical Specifications (25 ℃)

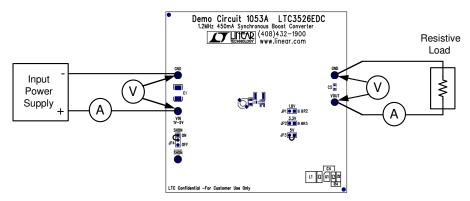


Figure 1. Demonstration Circuit Test Setup



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Board Number	LTC Part Number	Part Marking	Frequency	Inductor	Mode	Action
1053A-A	LTC3526EDC	LCHW	1MHz	4.7µH	Burst	Discontinued, use 1053A-E
1053A-B	LTC3526BEDC	LCNN	1MHz	4.7µH	No Burst	Discontinued, use 1053A-F
1053A-C	LTC3526EDC-2	LCNM	2MHz	2.2µH	Burst	Discontinued, use 1053A-G
1053A-D	LTC3526BEDC-2	LCNP	2MHz	2.2µH	No Burst	Discontinued, use 1053A-H
1053A-E	LTC3526LEDC	LCSS	1MHz	4.7µH	Burst	
1053A-F	LTC3526LBEDC	LCST	1MHz	4.7µH	No Burst	
1053A-G	LTC3526LEDC-2	LFFC	2MHz	2.2µH	Burst	
1053A-H	LTC3526LBEDC-2	LFFD	2MHz	2.2µH	No Burst	

Table 2. Demonstration Circuit Board Information

QUICK START PROCEDURE

There is one demonstration circuit board for all four LTC3526L versions. The boards are identified by the handwritten information on the top of the pc board.

The boost converter can be evaluated using the setup shown in Figure 1. Select one of the three output voltages using jumpers JP1 through JP3. (With no jumpers installed, the output voltage is 5V.) Set jumper JP4 in the ON position and connect voltmeters and ammeters as shown on the test setup. Connect a power supply to the V_{IN} and GND terminals and a suitable load resistor between VOUT and GND.

With a light load (1k resistor) at the output, begin increasing the input power supply voltage. At approximately 750mV the output will rise to the selected regulated voltage. Increase the input voltage to approximately 1.5V and increase the load current. Move output voltage jumpers and verify output voltage.

Note the excellent load regulation when going from a light load current to a heavier load, but it is important to monitor the input voltage directly at the input terminals of the circuit board. At very low input voltages, voltage drops in the power supply wire; connections and Ammeter will result in the input voltage at the input terminals dropping below the minimum voltage required for operation.

The input voltage can exceed the output voltage and still maintain regulation, although the load current is less and efficiency is lower. It should be noted that under some load current conditions, the output voltage ripple could increase as Vin approaches Vout. The increase will occur in a narrow range when Vin is between 100 and 300mV below Vout. The ripple voltage in this range can be from 30mV to 100mV pp. Increasing output capacitance will reduce this ripple.

Due to the high inductor current slew rate in 5V output applications, the 2MHz LTC3526L-2 may not enter burst mode for input voltages less than 1.4V. For 5V applications requiring burst mode, the 1MHz LTC3526L is recommended. Refer to the Typical Performance Characteristics curves for the burst mode thresholds for different input and output voltages.



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Additional pc board pads are provided for an optional input bypass capacitor (C1). A capacitor maybe necessary when using long wires between the power supply and circuit board, or for adding a tantalum capacitor to minimize input voltage transients that may occur when the input is hot-switched. Also, pads on the board backside are provided for adding a small Schottky diode (D1) that can increase

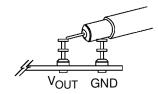


Figure 2. Scope Probe Placement for Measuring Output Ripple Voltage

efficiency slightly under some conditions. But adding a diode defeats the output disconnect and short circuit protection features.

When verifying output ripple, it is important to use the scope probe connection as shown in figure 2.

See the appropriate LTC3526L Data Sheet for additional information.



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