

# **Film Capacitors**

# Metallized Polypropylene Film Capacitors (MKP)

 Series/Type:
 B32671L ... B32672L

 Date:
 October 2009

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#### Metallized polypropylene film capacitors (MKP)

#### B32671L ... B32672L

#### High V AC, high temperature (wound)

#### **Typical applications**

- Electronic ballasts (resonant circuits)
- SMPS
- High-frequency AC loads
- Pulse circuits

#### Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 125 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 55/110/56

#### Construction

- Dielectric: metallized polypropylene (PP)
- Wound capacitor technology
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing

#### Features

- Very high AC voltages for all frequency ranges
- Very small dimensions
- High peak voltage for short time periods
- High peak current
- High pulse withstand capability

#### Terminals

- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- Special lead lengths available on request

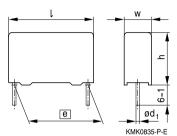
#### Marking

Manufacturer's logo, lot number, type number, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage, date of manufacture (coded)

#### **Delivery mode**

Bulk (untaped) Taped (Ammo pack or reel) For notes on taping, refer to chapter "Taping and packing".

#### **Dimensional drawing**



Dimensions in mm

Lead spacing e ±0.4	Lead diameter d <sub>1</sub>	Туре
10	0.6	B32671L
15	0.8	B32672L



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High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# Overview of available types

Lead spacing	10 m	m				15 mm						
Туре	B326	71L				B32672L						
Page	4					6						
V <sub>RMS</sub> (V AC)	200	250	250	500	600	160	200	250	250	500	600	700
V <sub>R</sub> (V DC)	400	630	1000	1000	1600	250	420	630	1000	1300	1600	2000
C <sub>R</sub> (nF)												
1.0												
1.2												
1.5												
2.2												
2.7												
3.3												
3.9												
4.10												
4.7												
5.6												
6.2												
6.8												
8.2												
10												
12												
15												
22												
33												
47												
56												
68												
100												
150												
220												
330												
470												
680												
1000												





High V AC, high temperature (wound)

#### Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 10 mm)

B32671L

V <sub>RMS</sub>	$V_{R}$	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
f ≤1 kHz			$w \times h \times I$	(composition see	pack	pcs./	pcs./
V AC	V DC	nF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	MOQ	MOQ
200	400	22	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L4223+***	4000	6800	4000
		33	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L4333+***	4000	6800	4000
		47	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L4473+***	3320	5200	4000
		68	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L4683+***	3320	5200	4000
		100	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L4104+***	2720	4400	4000
250	630	15	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L6153+***	4000	6800	4000
		22	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L6223+***	3320	5200	4000
		33	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L6333+***	3320	5200	4000
		47	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L6473+***	2720	4400	4000
		56	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L6563+***	2720	4400	4000
250	1000	4.7	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L9472+***	4000	6800	4000
		6.8	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L9682+***	4000	6800	4000
		10	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L9103+***	3320	5200	4000
		15	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L9153+***	3320	5200	4000
		22	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L9223+***	2720	4400	4000
500	1000	3.3	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L0332+***	4000	6800	4000
		3.9	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L0392+***	4000	6800	4000
		4.1	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L0412+***	4000	6800	4000
		4.7	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L0472+***	4000	6800	4000
		5.6	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L0562+***	3320	5200	4000
		6.2	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L0622+***	3320	5200	4000
		6.8	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L0682+***	3320	5200	4000
		8.2	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L0822+***	3320	5200	4000
		10	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L0103+***	2720	4400	4000
		12	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L0123+***	2720	4400	4000

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series, intermediate capacitance values and closer tolerances on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $K = \pm 10\%$ 

 $J = \pm 5\%$ 

\*\*\* = Packaging code:

289 = Ammo pack

- 189 = Reel
- 000 = Untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)



B32671L High V AC, high temperature (wound)



#### Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 10 mm)

V <sub>RMS</sub>	$V_{R}$	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
f ≤1 kHz			$w \times h \times I$	(composition see	pack	pcs./	pcs./
V AC	V DC	nF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	MOQ	MOQ
600	1600	1.2	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L1122+***	4000	6800	4000
		1.5	$4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$	B32671L1152+***	3320	5200	4000
		2.2	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L1222+***	3320	5200	4000
		2.7	$5.0\times11.0\times13.0$	B32671L1272+***	3320	5200	4000
		3.3	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L1332+***	2720	4400	4000
		3.9	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L1392+***	2720	4400	4000
		4.1	$6.0\times12.0\times13.0$	B32671L1412+***	2720	4400	4000

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series, intermediate capacitance values and closer tolerances on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
  - $K = \pm 10\%$
  - $J = \pm 5\%$

- \*\*\* = Packaging code:
  - 289 = Ammo pack
  - 189 = Reel
  - 000 = Untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)





B32672L

High V AC, high temperature (wound)

#### Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 15 mm)

V <sub>RMS</sub>	V <sub>R</sub>	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
f ≤1 kHz			$w \times h \times l$	(composition see	pack	pcs./	pcs./
V AC	V DC	nF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	MOQ	MOQ
160	250	150	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L2154+***	4680	5200	4000
		220	$6.0 \times 11.0 \times 18.0$	B32672L2224+***	3840	4400	4000
		330	$7.0 \times 12.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L2334+***	3320	3600	4000
		470	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L2474+***	2720	2800	2000
		680	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L2684+***	2560	2800	2000
		1000	$11.0\times18.5\times18.0$	B32672L2105+***	-	2200	1000
200	420	68	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L4683+***	4680	5200	4000
		100	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L4104+***	4680	5200	4000
		150	$6.0 \times 11.0 \times 18.0$	B32672L4154+***	3840	4400	4000
		220	$7.0 \times 12.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L4224+***	3320	3600	4000
		330	$8.0 \times 14.0 \times 18.0$	B32672L4334+***	2920	3000	2000
		470	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L4474+***	2560	2800	2000
		680	$11.0\times18.5\times18.0$	B32672L4684+***	-	2200	1000
250	630	33	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L6333+***	4680	5200	4000
		47	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L6473+***	4680	5200	4000
		68	$6.0 \times 11.0 \times 18.0$	B32672L6683+***	3840	4400	4000
		100	$7.0 \times 12.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L6104+***	3320	3600	4000
		150	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L6154+***	2720	2800	2000
		220	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L6224+***	2560	2800	2000
250	1000	10	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L0103+***	4680	5200	4000
		15	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L0153+***	4680	5200	4000
		22	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L0223+***	4680	5200	4000
		33	$6.0\times11.0\times18.0$	B32672L0333+***	3840	4400	4000
		47	$7.0\times12.5\times18.0$	B32672L0473+***	3320	3600	4000
		68	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L0683+***	2720	2800	2000
		100	$9.0\times17.5\times18.0$	B32672L0104+***	2560	2800	2000

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series, intermediate capacitance values and closer tolerances on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
  - $\mathsf{K}=\pm10\%$
  - $J = \pm 5\%$

- \*\*\* = Packaging code:
  - 289 = Ammo pack
  - 189 = Reel
  - 000 = Untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)



B32672L

High V AC, high temperature (wound)

MKP → 15 ◄

# Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 15 mm)

V <sub>RMS</sub>	V <sub>R</sub>	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
f ≤1 kHz			$w \times h \times l$	(composition see	pack	pcs./	pcs./
V AC	V DC	nF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	MOQ	MOQ
500	1300	6.8	5.0 × 10.5 × 18.0	B32672L7682+***	4680	5200	4000
		10	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L7103+***	4680	5200	4000
		22	7.0 imes12.5 imes18.0	B32672L7223+***	3320	3600	4000
		33	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L7333+***	2720	2800	2000
		47	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L7473+***	2560	2800	2000
600	1600	6.2	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L1622+***	4680	5200	4000
		6.8	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L1682+***	4680	5200	4000
		8.2	$6.0 \times 11.0 \times 18.0$	B32672L1822+***	3840	4400	4000
		10	$6.0 \times 11.0 \times 18.0$	B32672L1103+***	3840	4400	4000
		12	$6.0 \times 12.0 \times 18.0$	B32672L1123+***	3840	4400	4000
		15	$7.0 \times 12.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L1153+***	3320	3600	4000
		22	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L1223+***	2720	2800	2000
		33	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L1333+***	2560	2800	2000
700	2000	1.0	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L8102+***	4680	5200	4000
		1.2	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L8122+***	4680	5200	4000
		1.5	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L8152+***	4680	5200	4000
		2.2	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L8222+***	4680	5200	4000
		2.7	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L8272+***	4680	5200	4000
		3.3	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L8332+***	4680	5200	4000
		3.9	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L8392+***	4680	5200	4000
		4.1	5.0 imes10.5 imes18.0	B32672L8412+***	4680	5200	4000
		4.7	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32672L8472+***	4680	5200	4000
		5.6	6.0  imes 11.0  imes 18.0	B32672L8562+***	3840	4400	4000
		6.2	6.0  imes 11.0  imes 18.0	B32672L8622+***	3840	4400	4000
		6.8	6.0  imes 11.0  imes 18.0	B32672L8682+***	3840	4400	4000
		8.2	$6.0\times12.0\times18.0$	B32672L8822+***	3840	4400	4000
		10	7.0 imes12.5 imes18.0	B32672L8103+***	3320	3600	4000
		12	8.5  imes 14.5  imes 18.0	B32672L8123+***	2720	2800	2000
		15	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L8153+***	2720	2800	2000
		22	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32672L8223+***	2560	2800	2000

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series, intermediate capacitance values and closer tolerances on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

- K = ±10%
- $J = \pm 5\%$

\*\*\* = Packaging code: 289 = Ammo pack 189 = Reel 000 = Untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)





High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# **Technical data**

Operating temperature range	Max. operati	+125 °C				
	Upper catego	ory temp	perature T <sub>max</sub>	+110 °C		
	Lower catego	ory temp	−55 °C			
	Rated tempe	erature T	+85 °C			
Dissipation factor tan $\delta$ (in 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	at ≤27 nF 27 nF< C <sub>R</sub> ≤0.1 μF			0.1 μF < C <sub>R</sub> ≤1 μF	>1 μF	
at 20 °C	1 kHz	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	
(upper limit values)	10 kHz	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	
	100 kHz	2.0	3.0	-	-	
Insulation resistance R <sub>ins</sub>	> 100 GΩ (C	G <sub>R</sub> ≤ 0.33	βμF)			
at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65%	> 30 000 s (0	C <sub>R</sub> > 0.3	3 μF)			
(minimum as-delivered values)						
DC test voltage	$1.6 \cdot V_{R}$ , 2 s			•		
Category voltage $V_c$	T <sub>A</sub> (°C)	DC vol	tage derating	AC voltage derati	ng	
(continuous operation with $V_{\mbox{\tiny DC}}$	$T_{\text{A}} \leq 85$	$V_{\rm C} = V_{\rm F}$	٩	$V_{C,RMS} = V_{RMS}$		
or $V_{AC}$ at f $\leq$ 1 kHz)	85 <t<sub>A≤110</t<sub>	$V_{\rm C} = V_{\rm F}$	<sub>R</sub> · (165−T <sub>A</sub> )/80	$V_{C,RMS} = V_{RMS} \cdot (16)$	5-T <sub>A</sub> )/80	
Operating voltage $V_{op}$ for	T <sub>A</sub> (°C)	DC vol	tage (max. hours)	AC voltage (max. hours)		
short operating periods	$T_A \leq 100$	$V_{op} = 1$	.25 · V <sub>c</sub> (2000 h)	$V_{op} = 1.0 \cdot V_{C,RMS}$ (2000 h)		
( $V_{DC}$ or $V_{AC}$ at f $\leq$ 1 kHz)	100 <t<sub>A≤125</t<sub>	$V_{op} = 1$	.25 · V <sub>c</sub> (1000 h)	$V_{op} = 1.0  \cdot  V_{C,RMS}$	(1000 h)	
Damp heat test	56 days/40 $^{\circ}$	C/93% ı	relative humidity			
Limit values after damp	Capacitance	change	$ \Delta C/C $	≤2%		
heat test	Dissipation fa	actor ch	ange $\Delta$ tan $\delta$	$\leq$ 1.0 $\cdot$ 10 <sup>-3</sup> (at 1 k	κHz)	
	Insulation rea	sistance	e R <sub>ins</sub>	$\geq$ 50 G $\Omega$		
Reliability:						
Failure rate $\lambda$	1 fit (≤ 1 · 10	) <sup>-9</sup> /h) at (	0.5 · V <sub>R</sub> , 40 °C			
Service life t <sub>SL</sub>	200 000 h at	1.0 · V <sub>1</sub>	<sub>R</sub> , 85 °C			
	For conversi	on to otł	ner operating condit	ions and temperat	ures,	
	refer to chap	ter "Qua	ality, 2 Reliability".			
Failure criteria:						
Total failure	Short circuit or open circuit					
Failure due to variation	Capacitance	-		> 10%		
of parameters	Dissipation fa			$> 4 \cdot upper limit v$	alues	
	Insulation rea	sistance	R <sub>ins</sub>	< 1500 MΩ		



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High V AC, high temperature (wound)

#### Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in  $V/\mu s$ .

"k\_0" represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in V<sup>2</sup>/µs.

Note:

The values of dV/dt and  $k_0$  provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

Lead spacing	10 mm							
Туре	B32671L							
V <sub>RMS</sub> (V AC)	200	250 500 600						
V <sub>R</sub> (V DC)	400	630	1000	1000	1600			
C <sub>R</sub> (nF)	dV/dt in V/µs							
1.2	—	-	-	-	6 000			
1.5	—	-	-	-	5 600			
2.2	—	-	-	-	5 200			
2.7	—	-	-	-	5 000			
3.3	-	-	-	4 700	4 700			
3.9	-	-	-	4 300	4 500			
4.1	-	-	-	4 100	4 400			
4.7	-	-	810	3 800	-			
5.6	-	-	-	3 400	-			
6.2	-	-	-	3 200	-			
6.8	-	-	810	3 100	-			
8.2	-	-	-	2 700	-			
10	-	-	810	2 500	-			
12	-	-	-	2 300	-			
15	-	540	810	-	-			
22	400	540	810	-	-			
33	400	540	-	-	-			
47	400	540	-	-	-			
56	-	540	-	-	-			
68	400	-	-	-	-			
100	400	-	-	-	-			

#### dV/dt values





High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# dV/dt values

Lead spacing	15 mm						
Туре	B32672L						
V <sub>RMS</sub> (V AC)	160	200	250		500	600	700
V <sub>R</sub> (V DC)	250	420	630	1000	1000	1600	2000
C <sub>R</sub> (nF)	dV/dt in V/	JS					
1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 000
1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 400
1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 000
2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 500
2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 100
3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 800
3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 000
4.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 700
4.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 500
5.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 000
6.2	-	-	-	-	-	3 600	4 700
6.8	-	-	-	-	1 000	3 500	4 500
8.2	-	-	-	-	-	3 100	4 200
10	-	-	-	445	1 000	2 800	3 900
12	-	-	-	-	-	2 600	3 600
15	-	-	-	445	-	2 300	3 300
22	-	-	-	445	1 000	2 000	2 900
33	-	-	300	445	1 000	1 700	-
47	-	-	300	445	1 000	-	-
56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
68	-	200	300	445	-	-	-
100	-	200	300	445	-	-	-
150	170	200	300	-	-	-	-
220	170	200	300	-	-	-	-
330	170	200	-	-	-	-	-
470	170	200	-	-	-	-	-
680	170	200	-	-	-	-	-
1000	170	-	-	-	-	-	-



MKP

High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# k<sub>0</sub> values

Lead spacing	10 mm								
Туре	B32671L								
V <sub>RMS</sub> (V AC)	200	200 250 500 600							
V <sub>R</sub> (V DC)	400	630	1000	1000	1600				
C <sub>R</sub> (nF)	k <sub>0</sub> in V²/μs								
1.2	—	—	-	-	14 400 000				
1.5	—	—	-	-	14 000 000				
2.2	—	_	—	-	13 800 000				
2.7	-	-	-	-	13 600 000				
3.3	-	-	-	16 000 000	13 300 000				
3.9	-	-	-	13 600 000	13 100 000				
4.1	-	-	-	12 300 000	13 000 000				
4.7	-	-	400 000	9 900 000	-				
5.6	-	-	-	8 400 000	-				
6.2	-	-	-	7 700 000	-				
6.8	-	-	400 000	7 400 000	-				
8.2	-	-	-	7 200 000	-				
10	—	—	400 000	7 000 000	-				
12	—	_	—	6 400 000	-				
15	—	200 000	400 000	-	-				
22	150 000	200 000	400 000	-	-				
33	150 000	200 000	-	-	_				
47	150 000	200 000	-	-	-				
56	—	200 000	-	-	-				
68	150 000	-	_	-	_				
100	150 000	-	_	-	_				





High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# k<sub>0</sub> values

Lead spacing	15 mm						
Туре	B32672L						
V <sub>RMS</sub> (V AC)	160	200	250 500 600			600	700
V <sub>R</sub> (V DC)	250	420	630	1000	1000	1600	2000
C <sub>R</sub> (nF)	$k_0$ in V <sup>2</sup> /µs	;					
1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 300 000
1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	19 600 000
1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	19 200 000
2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	18 600 000
2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	18 200 000
3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	18 000 000
3.9	-	_	-	-	-	-	16 800 000
4.1	-	_	-	-	-	-	16 200 000
4.7	-	_	-	-	-	-	15 800 000
5.6	-	_	-	-	-	-	13 100 000
6.2	-	_	-	-	-	18 600 000	12 700 000
6.8	-	_	-	-	3 000 000	17 400 000	12 300 000
8.2	-	_	-	-	-	15 400 000	11 800 000
10	-	_	-	1 000 000	3 000 000	13 800 000	11 100 000
12	-	-	-	_	-	12 600 000	10 600 000
15	-	-	-	1 000 000	-	12 300 000	10 400 000
22	-	_	-	1 000 000	3 000 000	11 800 000	9 300 000
33	-	_	500 000	1 000 000	3 000 000	11 000 000	_
47	-	_	500 000	1 000 000	3 000 000	-	_
56	-	_	-	-	_	-	_
68	-	120 000	500 000	1 000 000	_	-	_
100	-	120 000	500 000	1 000 000	_	-	_
150	100 000	120 000	500 000	-	-	-	-
220	100 000	120 000	500 000	-	-	-	-
330	100 000	120 000	_	-	-	-	-
470	100 000	120 000		-	-	-	-
680	100 000		_	-	-	-	-
1000	100 000	_	_	-	-	-	-

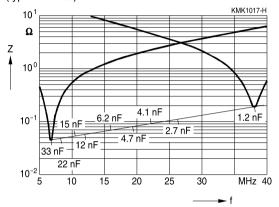


MKP

High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# Impedance Z versus frequency f

(typical values)

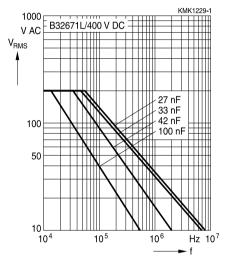




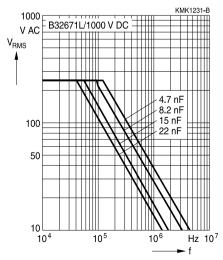
**Permissible AC voltage**  $V_{\text{RMS}}$  **versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms**  $T_A \leq 100 \text{ °C}$ **)** For  $T_A > 100 \text{ °C}$ , please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

#### Lead spacing 10 mm

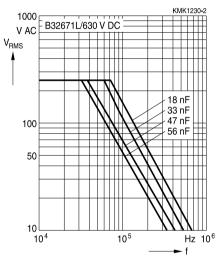
#### 400 V DC/200 V AC



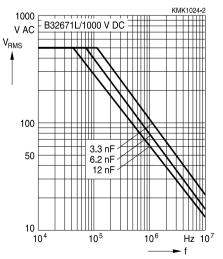
#### 1000 V DC/250 V AC



630 V DC/250 V AC



1000 V DC/500 V AC



Please read *Cautions and warnings* and Downloaded from Arrow.com.



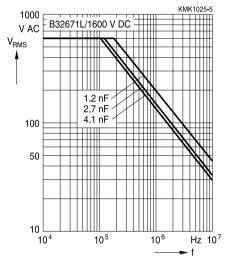


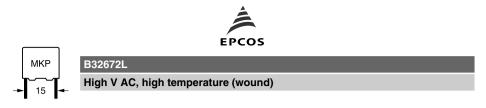
Permissible AC voltage  $V_{\text{RMS}}$  versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms  $T_{\text{A}} \leq 100~^\circ\text{C}\text{)}$ 

For  $T_A > 100$  °C, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

# Lead spacing 10 mm

# 1600 V DC/600 V AC

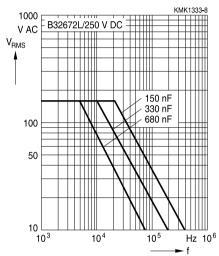


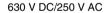


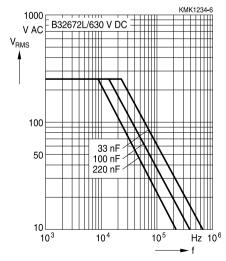
**Permissible AC voltage**  $V_{RMS}$  **versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms**  $T_A \le 100 \degree$ **C)** For  $T_A > 100 \degree$ C, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

#### Lead spacing 15 mm

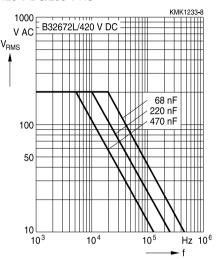
#### 250 V DC/160 V AC

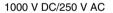


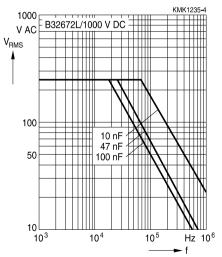




#### 420 V DC/200 V AC





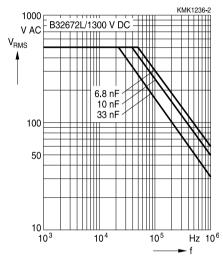




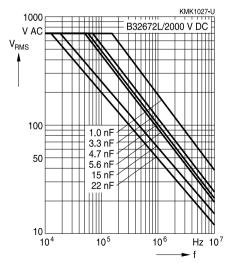
Permissible AC voltage V<sub>RMS</sub> versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms T<sub>A</sub>  $\leq$ 100 °C) For T<sub>A</sub> >100 °C, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

#### Lead spacing 15 mm

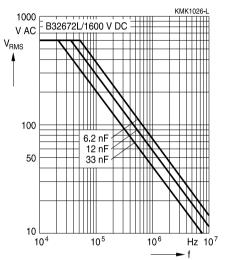
#### 1300 V DC/500 V AC



#### 2000 V DC/700 V AC



#### 1600 V DC/600 V AC

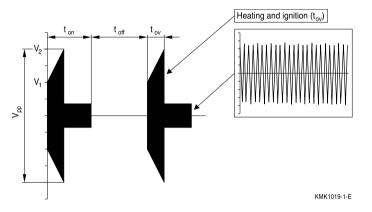


Please read *Cautions and warnings* and Downloaded from Arrow.com.



# Operation at overvoltages during heating and ignition of lamps ( $T_A \leq 40 \ ^{\circ}C$ )

In lighting applications, the capacitors can be subjected to overvoltages during the heating and ignition periods. An overvoltage occurs when the operation voltage exceeds the permissible AC voltage at the resonant frequency  $f_r$ .



For a repetitive application of on/off switching pulses (as for example in the life tests applied by electronic ballast manufacturers), limits have to be imposed on the time periods under overvoltage and on the duty cycle, in order to keep the capacitance value within the required margins:

- The overvoltage time t<sub>ov</sub> should be less than 1 sec.
- The maximum duty cycle of the overvoltage is given by

$$\frac{t_{OV}}{t_{on} + t_{off}} \leq \left(\frac{V_{RMS}}{V_{RMS,OV}}\right)^{2} \cdot 0.5$$

where  $V_{\text{RMS,ov}}$  is the RMS voltage during period  $t_{\text{ov}}$ 

$$V_{\text{rms,OV}} = \sqrt{\frac{V_1^2 + V_1 \cdot V_2 + V_2^2}{6}}$$

and  $V_{RMS}$  is the permissible AC voltage for continuous operation at the resonant frequency  $f_r$  (given by the "permissible AC voltage versus frequency f" graphics in the previous pages).

The drift of capacitance depends on the V<sub>pp</sub> attained, and the total time under overvoltage, which is calculated in hours as follows:

(N<sub>i</sub> · t<sub>ov</sub>) / 3600

where  $N_i$  is the number of overvoltage impulses and  $t_{ov}$  is expressed in seconds.

The maximum drift of capacitance as a function of both parameters is provided graphically in the following pages.



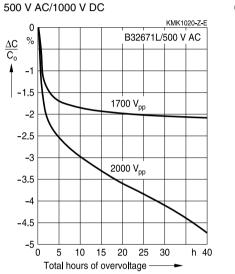
B32671L



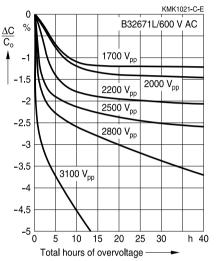
High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# Estimation of the maximum drift of capacitance value in function of the number of total hours overvoltage

#### Lead spacing 10 mm



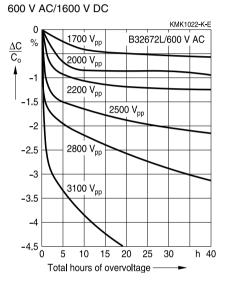
#### 600 V AC/1600 V DC



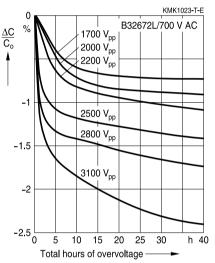


# Estimation of the maximum drift of capacitance value in function of the number of total hours overvoltage

# Lead spacing 15 mm



700 V AC/2000 V DC





MKP

High V AC, high temperature (wound)

#### Mounting guidelines

#### 1 Soldering

#### 1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

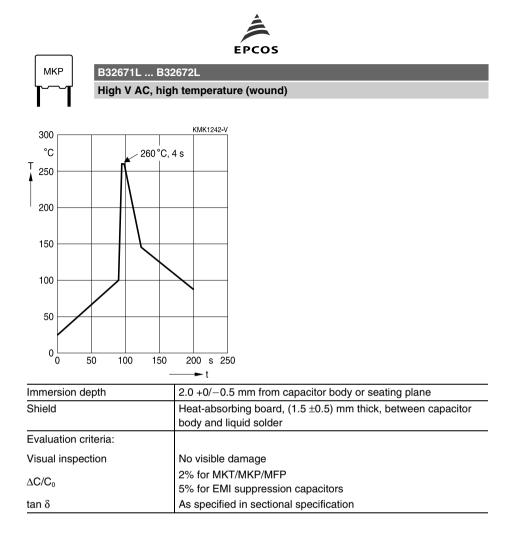
Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/ $-0.5$ mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder $\ge$ 90%, free-flowing solder

#### 1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A. Conditions:

Series		Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT	boxed (except $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm)	260 ±5 ℃	10 ±1 s
MFP MKP	(lead spacing > 7.5 mm)		
MKT	boxed (case $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)		5±1 s
МКР МКТ	(lead spacing $\leq$ 7.5 mm) uncoated (lead spacing $\leq$ 10 mm) insulated (B32559)		< 4 s recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing $\leq$ 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)





MKP

High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# 1.3 General notes on soldering

Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature  $T_{max}$ . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
- diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

EPCOS recommends the following conditions:

- Pre-heating with a maximum temperature of 110 °C
- Temperature inside the capacitor should not exceed the following limits:
  - MKP/MFP 110 °C
  - MKT 160 °C
- When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the leaded film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.
- Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

#### **Uncoated capacitors**

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings  $\leq$ 10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering





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# 2 Cleaning

To determine whether the following solvents, often used to remove flux residues and other substances, are suitable for the capacitors described, refer to the table below:

Туре	Ethanol, isopropanol, n-propanol	n-propanol-water mixtures, water with surface tension-reducing tensides (neutral)	Solvent from table A (see next page)	Solvent from table B (see next page)
MKT (uncoated)	Suitable	Unsuitable	In part suitable	Unsuitable
MKT, MKP, MFP (coated/boxed)		Suitable	Suitable	

Even when suitable solvents are used, a reversible change of the electrical characteristics may occur in uncoated capacitors immediately after they are washed. Thus it is always recommended to dry the components (e.g. 4 h at 70  $^{\circ}$ C) before they are subjected to subsequent electrical testing.

# Table A

Manufacturers' designations for trifluoro-trichloro-ethane-based cleaning solvents (selection)

Trifluoro-trichloro- ethane	Mixtures of trifluoro-trichloro-ethane with ethanol and isopropanol	Manufacturer
Freon TF	Freon TE 35; Freon TP 35; Freon TES	Du Pont
Frigen 113 TR	Frigen 113 TR-E; Frigen 113 TR-P; Frigen TR-E 35	Hoechst
Arklone P	Arklone A; Arklone L; Arklone K	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDR	Kaltron 113 MDA; Kaltron 113 MDI; Kaltron 113 MDI 35	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113	Flugene 113 E; Flugene 113 IPA	Rhone-Progil

#### Table B (worldwide banned substances)

Manufacturers' designations for unsuitable cleaning solvents (selection)

Mixtures of chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones with fluorated hydrocarbons	Manufacturer
Freon TMC; Freon TA; Freon TC	Du Pont
Arklone E	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDD; Kaltron 113 MDK	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113 CM	Rhone-Progil





High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# 3 Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies

In many applications, finished circuit assemblies are embedded in plastic resins. In this case, both chemical and thermal influences of the embedding ("potting") and curing processes must be taken into account.

Our experience has shown that the following potting materials can be recommended: non-flexible epoxy resins with acid-anhydride hardeners; chemically inert, non-conducting fillers; maximum curing temperature of 100  $^{\circ}$ C.

## Caution:

Consult us first if you wish to embed uncoated types!





High V AC, high temperature (wound)

### Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"



MKP

# High V AC, high temperature (wound)

Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"



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High V AC, high temperature (wound)

# Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
$\alpha_{c}$	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
Α	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
βc	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C <sub>R</sub>	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
$\Delta C$	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
$\Delta C/C$	Relative capacitance change (relative	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative
	deviation of actual value)	Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation	Kapazitätstoleranz (relative Abweichung
	from rated capacitance)	vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
$\Delta t$	Time interval	Zeitintervall
$\Delta T$	Absolute temperature change	Absolute Temperaturänderung
	(self-heating)	(Selbsterwärmung)
∆tan δ	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
$\Delta V$	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate	Differentielle Spannungsänderung
	of voltage rise)	(Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V / \Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f <sub>1</sub>	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte
	AC voltage due to thermal limits	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f <sub>2</sub>	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte
	AC voltage due to current limit	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f <sub>r</sub>	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F <sub>D</sub>	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur
-	Deveting factor	Diffusion
F <sub>T</sub>	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
1	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I <sub>C</sub>	Category current (max. continuous	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)
	current)	



MKP

# High V AC, high temperature (wound

ound)	_ <b>Г</b> ~_

Symbol	English	German
I <sub>RMS</sub>	(Sinusoidal) alternating current,	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
	root-mean-square value	
i <sub>z</sub>	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k <sub>o</sub>	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
Ls	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λο	Constant failure rate during useful	Konstante Ausfallrate in der
	service life	Nutzungsphase
$\lambda_{test}$	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P <sub>diss</sub>	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
$P_{gen}$	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des
		Entladekreises
Ri	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R <sub>ins</sub>	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R <sub>P</sub>	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
Rs	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
Т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
$\tan \delta_{D}$	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
tan δ <sub>P</sub>	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
tan δ <sub>s</sub>	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T <sub>max</sub>	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T <sub>min</sub>	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t <sub>OL</sub>	Operating life at operating temperature	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und
-	and voltage	-spannung
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating temperature	Beriebstemperatur
T <sub>R</sub>	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T <sub>ref</sub>	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t <sub>SL</sub>	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer
V <sub>AC</sub>	AC voltage	Wechselspannung



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High V AC, high temperature (wound)

Symbol	English	German
Vc	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
V <sub>C,RMS</sub>	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige)
		Kategorie-Wechselspannung
$V_{CD}$	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
$V_{ch}$	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V <sub>DC</sub>	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
$V_{\text{FB}}$	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
Vi	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
Vo	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V <sub>op</sub>	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V <sub>p</sub>	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
$V_{pp}$	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V <sub>R</sub>	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
Ŷ <sub>R</sub>	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
$V_{\text{RMS}}$	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
$V_{sc}$	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V <sub>sn</sub>	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß



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