

FEATURES

Ultralow noise preamplifier (preamp)

Input voltage noise: 0.74 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ typical

Input current noise: 2.5 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ typical

–3 dB small signal bandwidth: 120 MHz typical

Low power dissipation: 125 mW typical

Wide gain range with programmable postamp

–4.5 dB to +43.5 dB in low gain mode

7.5 dB to 55.5 dB in high gain mode

Low output-referred noise: 48 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ typical

Active input impedance matching

Optimized for 10-bit/12-bit ADCs

Selectable output clamping level

Single 5 V supply operation

ENHANCED PRODUCT FEATURES

Supports defense and aerospace applications

(AQEC standard)

Extended industrial temperature range: –55°C to +105°C

Controlled manufacturing baseline

1 assembly/test site

1 fabrication site

Product change notification

Qualification data available on request

APPLICATIONS

Radars

Ultrasound and sonar time-gain controls

High performance automatic gain control (AGC) systems

In-phase quadrature (I/Q) signal processing

High speed ADC drivers

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD8331-EP is a single-channel, ultralow noise, linear in dB, variable gain amplifier (VGA). Optimized for ultrasound systems, the device is usable as a low noise variable gain element at frequencies up to 120 MHz.

Included in the channel are an ultralow noise preamp (LNA), an X-AMP® VGA with 48 dB of gain range, and a selectable gain postamp with adjustable output limiting. The LNA gain is 19 dB with a single-ended input and differential outputs. Using a single resistor, the LNA input impedance can be adjusted to match a signal source without compromising noise performance.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

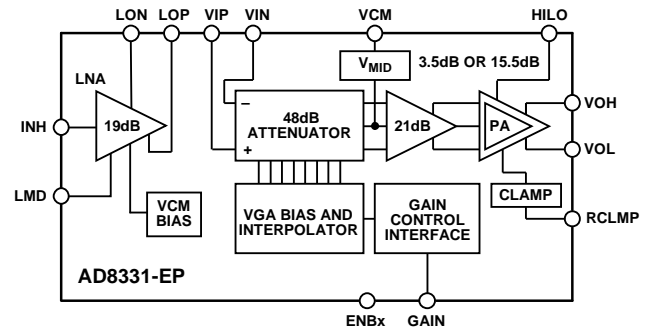


Figure 1.

20775-001

The 48 dB gain range of the VGA makes this device suitable for a variety of applications. Excellent bandwidth uniformity is maintained across the entire range. The gain control interface provides precise linear in dB scaling of 50 dB/V for control voltages between 100 mV and 0.95 V. Factory trim ensures excellent part to part gain matching.

Differential signal paths result in superb second- and third-order distortion performance and low crosstalk.

The low output referred noise of the VGA is advantageous in driving high speed differential analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). The gain of the post amplifier (PA) can be pin selected to 3.5 dB or 15.5 dB to optimize gain range and output noise for 12-bit or 10-bit converter applications. The output can be limited to a user selected clamping level, preventing input overload to a subsequent ADC. An external resistor adjusts the clamping level.

The operating temperature is specified across the –55°C to +105°C extended industrial range.

Additional application and technical information can be found in the [AD8331](#) data sheet.

Rev. 0

[Document Feedback](#)

Information furnished by Analog Devices is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Analog Devices for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. Specifications subject to change without notice. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Analog Devices. Trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

One Technology Way, P.O. Box 9106, Norwood, MA 02062-9106, U.S.A.

Tel: 781.329.4700

©2019 Analog Devices, Inc. All rights reserved.

[Technical Support](#)

www.analog.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Features	1	Power Derating Curves.....	6
Enhanced Product Features	1	Thermal Resistance.....	6
Applications.....	1	ESD Caution.....	6
General Description	1	Pin Configuration and Function Descriptions.....	7
Functional Block Diagram	1	Typical Performance Characteristics	8
Revision History	2	Outline Dimensions	9
Specifications.....	3	Ordering Guide	9
Absolute Maximum Ratings.....	6		

REVISION HISTORY

5/2019—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, supply voltage (V_S) = 5 V, load resistance (R_L) = 500 Ω , source resistance (R_S) = input resistance (R_{IN}) = 50 Ω , shunt feedback resistance (R_{IZ}) = 280 Ω , input shunt capacitance (C_{SH}) = 22 pF, frequency (f) = 10 MHz, $R_{CLMP} = \infty$, load capacitance (C_L) = 1 pF, VCM pin floating, -4.5 dB to $+43.5$ dB gain (HILO = low), and differential output voltage, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

Parameter	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit ¹
LNA CHARACTERISTICS					
Gain	Single-ended input to differential output		19		dB
	Input to output (single-ended)		13		dB
Input Voltage Range	AC-coupled		± 275		mV
Input Resistance	$R_{IZ} = 280 \Omega$		50		Ω
	$R_{IZ} = 412 \Omega$		75		Ω
	$R_{IZ} = 562 \Omega$		100		Ω
	$R_{IZ} = 1.13 \text{ k}\Omega$		200		Ω
	$R_{IZ} = \infty$		6		k Ω
Input Capacitance			13		pF
Output Impedance	Single-ended, either output		5		Ω
-3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth	Output voltage (V_{OUT}) = 0.2 V p-p		130		MHz
Slew Rate			650		V/ μs
Input Voltage Noise	$R_S = 0 \Omega$, high or low gain mode, $R_{IZ} = \infty$, $f = 5$ MHz		0.74		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Input Current Noise	$R_{IZ} = \infty$, high or low gain mode, $f = 5$ MHz		2.5		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Noise Figure	$f = 10$ MHz, LOP output				
Active Termination Match	$R_S = R_{IN} = 50 \Omega$		3.7		dB
Unterminated	$R_S = 50 \Omega$, $R_{IZ} = \infty$		2.5		dB
Harmonic Distortion at LOP	$V_{OUT} = 0.5$ V p-p, single-ended, $f = 10$ MHz				
Second Harmonic Distortion (HD2)			-56		dBc
Third Harmonic Distortion (HD3)			-70		dBc
Output Short-Circuit Current	Pin LON, Pin LOP		165		mA
LNA AND VGA CHARACTERISTICS					
-3 dB Signal Bandwidth					
Small	$V_{OUT} = 0.2$ V p-p		120		MHz
Large	$V_{OUT} = 2$ V p-p		110		MHz
Slew Rate	Low gain mode		300		V/ μs
	High gain mode		1200		V/ μs
Input Voltage Noise	$R_S = 0 \Omega$, high or low gain mode, $R_{IZ} = \infty$, $f = 5$ MHz		0.82		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Noise Figure	Gain voltage (V_{GAIN}) = 1.0 V				
Active Termination Match	$R_S = R_{IN} = 50 \Omega$, $f = 10$ MHz, measured		4.15		dB
	$R_S = R_{IN} = 200 \Omega$, $f = 5$ MHz, simulated		2.0		dB
Unterminated	$R_S = 50 \Omega$, $R_{IZ} = \infty$, $f = 10$ MHz, measured		2.5		dB
	$R_S = 200 \Omega$, $R_{IZ} = \infty$, $f = 5$ MHz, simulated		1.0		dB
Output Referred Noise	$V_{GAIN} = 0.5$ V, low gain mode		48		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
	$V_{GAIN} = 0.5$ V, high gain mode		178		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Output Impedance, Postamplifier	DC to 1 MHz		1		Ω

Parameter	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit ¹
Output Signal Range, Postamplifier Differential	$R_L \geq 500 \Omega$, unclamped, either pin		$V_{CM} \pm 1.125$		V
Output Offset Voltage			4.5		V p-p
	Differential, $V_{GAIN} = 0.5 V$	-50	± 5	+50	mV
	Common mode	-125	-25	+100	mV
Output Short-Circuit Current			45		mA
Harmonic Distortion	$V_{GAIN} = 0.5 V$, $V_{OUT} = 1 V$ p-p, high gain mode				
HD2	$f = 1 MHz$		-88		dBc
HD3			-85		dBc
HD2	$f = 10 MHz$		-68		dBc
HD3			-65		dBc
Input 1 dB Compression Point	$V_{GAIN} = 0.25 V$, $V_{OUT} = 1 V$ p-p, $f = 1 MHz$ to 10 MHz		1		dBm
Two-Tone Intermodulation Distortion (IMD3)	$V_{OUT} = 1 V$ p-p				
	$V_{GAIN} = 0.72 V$, $f = 1 MHz$		-80		dBc
	$V_{GAIN} = 0.5 V$, $f = 10 MHz$		-72		dBc
Output Third-Order Intercept	$V_{GAIN} = 0.5 V$, $V_{OUT} = 1 V$ p-p				
	$f = 1 MHz$		38		dBm
	$f = 10 MHz$		33		dBm
Overload Recovery	$V_{GAIN} = 1.0 V$, input voltage (V_{IN}) = 50 mV p-p/ 1 V p-p, $f = 10 MHz$		5		ns
Group Delay Variation	5 MHz < f < 50 MHz, full gain range		± 2		ns
ACCURACY					
Absolute Gain Error ²	$0.05 V < V_{GAIN} < 0.10 V$	-1	+0.5	+2	dB
	$0.10 V < V_{GAIN} < 0.95 V$	-1	± 0.3	+1	dB
	$0.95 V < V_{GAIN} < 1.0 V$	-2	-1	+1	dB
Gain Law Conformance ³	$0.1 V < V_{GAIN} < 0.95 V$		± 0.2		dB
GAIN CONTROL INTERFACE					
Gain Scaling Factor	GAIN pin $0.10 V < V_{GAIN} < 0.95 V$	48.5	50	51.5	dB/V
Post Amplifier Gain	Low gain mode (HILO = low)		3.5		dB
	High gain mode (HILO = high)		15.5		dB
Gain Range	Low gain mode		-4.5 to +43.5		dB
	High gain mode		7.5 to 55.5		dB
Input Voltage (V_{GAIN}) Range			0 to 1.0		V
Input Impedance			10		M Ω
Response Time	48 dB gain change to 90% full scale		500		ns
COMMON-MODE INTERFACE					
Input Resistance ⁴	VCM pin Current limited to $\pm 1 mA$		30		Ω
Output Common-Mode Offset Voltage	Common-mode voltage (V_{CM}) = 2.5 V	-125	-25	+100	mV
Voltage Range	$V_{OUT} = 2.0 V$ p-p		1.5 to 3.5		V
ENABLE INTERFACE					
Logic Level to Enable Power	ENBL AND ENBV pins	2.25		5	V
Logic Level to Disable Power		0		1.0	V
Input Resistance	ENB pin		25		k Ω
	ENBL pin		40		k Ω
	ENBV pin		70		k Ω
Power-Up Response Time	$V_{INH} = 30 mV$ p-p		300		μs
	$V_{INH} = 150 mV$ p-p		4		ms

Parameter	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit ¹
HILO GAIN RANGE INTERFACE	HILO pin				
Logic Level to Select Gain Range					
High		2.25		5	V
Low		0		1.0	V
Input Resistance			50		k Ω
OUTPUT CLAMP INTERFACE	RCLMP pin, high or low gain				
Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1$ V p-p (clamped)				
HILO = Low	RCLMP = 2.74 k Ω		± 50		mV
HILO = High	RCLMP = 2.21 k Ω		± 75		mV
MODE INTERFACE	MODE pin				
Logic Level for Gain Slope					
Positive		0		1.0	V
Negative		2.25		5	V
Input Resistance			200		k Ω
POWER SUPPLY	VPSL and VPOS pins				
Supply Voltage		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Quiescent Current		20	25		mA
Power Dissipation	No signal		125		mW
Power-Down Current	VGA and LNA disabled	50	240	400	μ A
LNA Current (ENBL)		7.5	11	15	mA
VGA Current (ENBV)		7.5	14	20	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{GAIN} = 0$ V, $f = 100$ kHz		-68		dB

¹ All dBm values are referred to 50 Ω .

² The absolute gain refers to the theoretical gain expression in Equation 1 of the AD8331 data sheet.

³ Best fit to linear in dB curve.

⁴ The current is limited to ± 1 mA typical.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

Parameter	Rating
Voltage	
Supply Voltage (VPSL, VPOS)	5.5 V
Input Voltage (INH)	$V_S + 200 \text{ mV}$
ENBL, ENBV, HILO Voltage	$V_S + 200 \text{ mV}$
GAIN Voltage	2.5 V
Power Dissipation	See Figure 2
Temperature	
Extended Industrial Range	-55°C to $+105^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature (T_J)	125°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec)	300°C

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

POWER DERATING CURVES

Figure 2 shows the maximum power dissipation vs. ambient temperature.

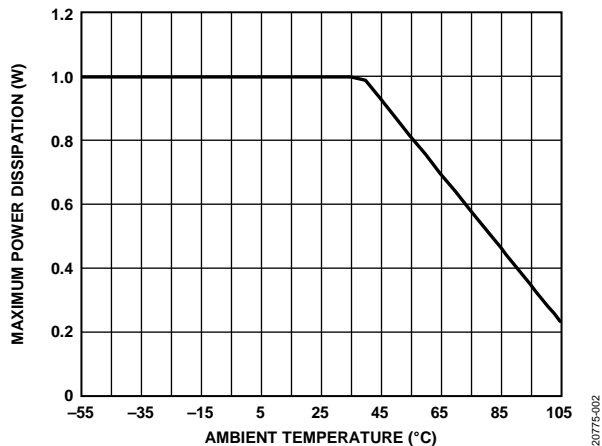


Figure 2. Maximum Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Thermal performance is directly linked to printed circuit board (PCB) design and operating environment. Careful attention to PCB thermal design is required.

θ_{JA} is the natural convection junction to ambient thermal resistance measured in a one cubic foot sealed enclosure, and θ_{JC} is the junction to case thermal resistance measured at package top.

Table 3. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}^1	θ_{JC}^2	Unit
RQ-20	86	34	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

¹ Thermal impedance simulated values are based on a JEDEC 252P thermal test board. See JEDEC JESD-51.

² Thermal impedance simulated values are based on a JEDEC 150P thermal test board. See JEDEC JESD-51.

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

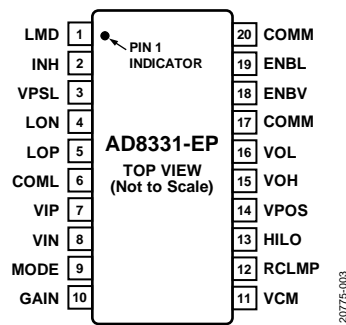


Figure 3. Pin Configuration

Table 4. Pin Function Description

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
1	LMD	LNA Midsupply Bypass Pin. Connect a capacitor to LMD to achieve a midsupply high frequency bypass.
2	INH	LNA Input.
3	VPSL	LNA 5 V Supply.
4	LON	LNA Inverting Output.
5	LOP	LNA Noninverting Output.
6	COML	LNA Ground.
7	VIP	VGA Noninverting Input.
8	VIN	VGA Inverting Input.
9	MODE	Gain Slope Logic Input.
10	GAIN	Gain Control Voltage.
11	VCM	Common-Mode Voltage.
12	RCLMP	Output Clamping Level.
13	HILO	Gain Range Select (High or Low).
14	VPOS	VGA 5 V Supply.
15	VOH	Noninverting VGA Output.
16	VOL	Inverting VGA Output.
17, 20	COMM	VGA Grounds.
18	ENBV	VGA Enable.
19	ENBL	LNA Enable.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 500\ \Omega$, $R_S = R_{IN} = 50\ \Omega$, $R_{IZ} = 280\ \Omega$, $C_{SH} = 22\ \text{pF}$, $f = 10\ \text{MHz}$, $R_{CLMP} = \infty$, $C_L = 1\ \text{pF}$, VCM pin floating, $-4.5\ \text{dB}$ to $+43.5\ \text{dB}$ gain (HILO = low), and differential output voltage, unless otherwise noted.

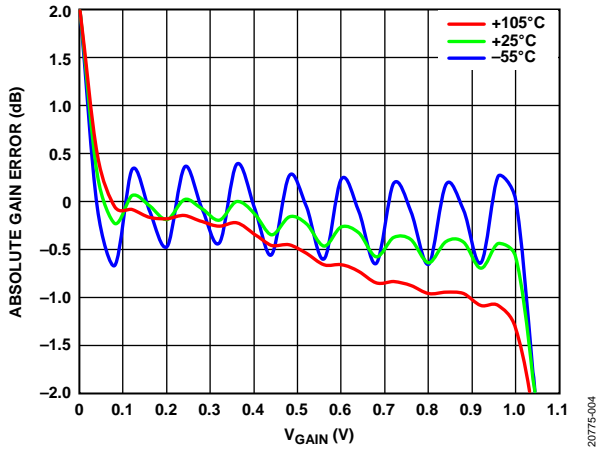


Figure 4. Absolute Gain Error vs. V_{GAIN} at Three Temperatures

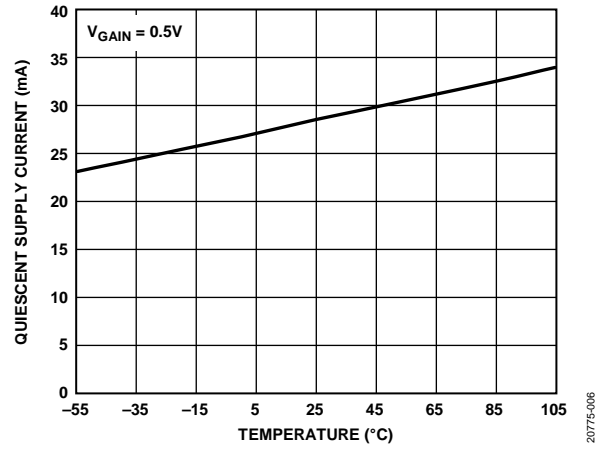


Figure 6. Quiescent Supply Current vs. Temperature

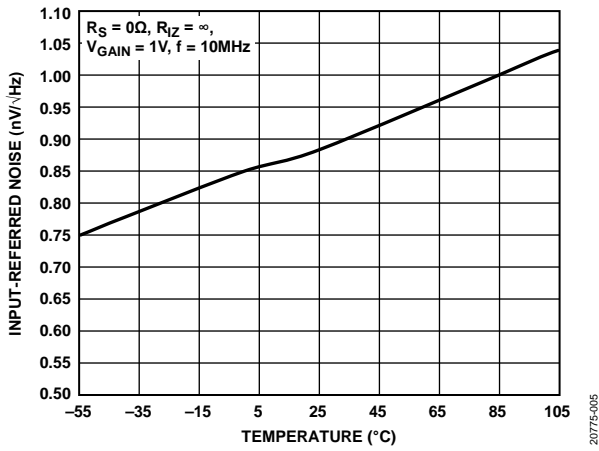


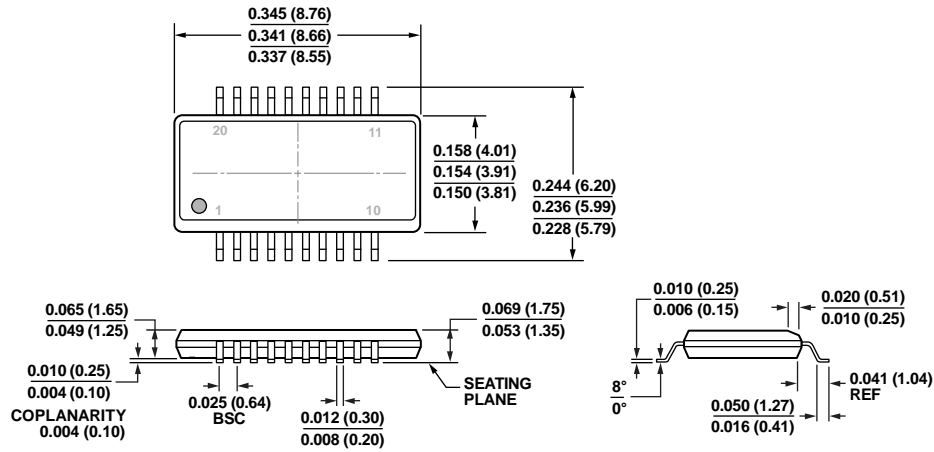
Figure 5. Input-Referred Noise vs. Temperature

20775-004

20775-006

20775-005

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-137-AD
 CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES; MILLIMETER DIMENSIONS
 (IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF INCH EQUIVALENTS FOR
 REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN.

Figure 7. 20-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package [QSOP]
 (RQ-20)

Dimensions shown in Inches and (millimeters)

09-12-2014-A

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
AD8331TRQZ-EP	-55°C to +105°C	20-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package [QSOP]	RQ-20
AD8331TRQZ-EP-R7	-55°C to +105°C	20-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package [QSOP]	RQ-20

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.