

## Is Now Part of



## ON Semiconductor®

# To learn more about ON Semiconductor, please visit our website at www.onsemi.com

Please note: As part of the Fairchild Semiconductor integration, some of the Fairchild orderable part numbers will need to change in order to meet ON Semiconductor's system requirements. Since the ON Semiconductor product management systems do not have the ability to manage part nomenclature that utilizes an underscore (\_), the underscore (\_) in the Fairchild part numbers will be changed to a dash (-). This document may contain device numbers with an underscore (\_). Please check the ON Semiconductor website to verify the updated device numbers. The most current and up-to-date ordering information can be found at <a href="www.onsemi.com">www.onsemi.com</a>. Please email any questions regarding the system integration to <a href="mailto:Fairchild\_questions@onsemi.com">Fairchild\_questions@onsemi.com</a>.

ON Semiconductor and the ON Semiconductor logo are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold ON Semiconductor and its officers, employees



Data Sheet

December 2001

## 2.6A, 55V, 0.090 Ohm, N-Channel UltraFET Power MOSFET



This N-Channel power MOSFET is manufactured using the innovative UltraFET® process. This advanced process technology achieves the

lowest possible on-resistance per silicon area, resulting in outstanding performance. This device is capable of withstanding high energy in the avalanche mode and the diode exhibits very low reverse recovery time and stored charge. It was designed for use in applications where power efficiency is important, such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, low-voltage bus switches, and power management in portable and battery-operated products.

Formerly developmental type TA75307.

## Ordering Information

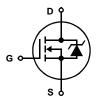
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND		
HUFA75307T3ST	SOT-223	5307		

NOTE: HUFA75307T3ST is available only in tape and reel.

#### **Features**

- 2.6A, 55V
- Ultra Low On-Resistance,  $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.090\Omega$
- · Diode Exhibits Both High Speed and Soft Recovery
- Temperature Compensating PSPICE<sup>®</sup> Model
- Thermal Impedance SPICE Model
- Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- · UIS Rating Curve
- · Related Literature
  - TB334, "Guidelines for Soldering Surface Mount Components to PC Boards"

## Symbol



## Packaging

SOT-223



This product has been designed to meet the extreme test conditions and environment demanded by the automotive industry. For a copy of the requirements, see AEC Q101 at: http://www.aecouncil.com/

Reliability data can be found at: http://www.fairchildsemi.com/products/discrete/reliability/index.html.

All Fairchild semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 and QS9000 quality systems certification.

### **HUFA75307T3ST**

## $\textbf{Absolute Maximum Ratings} \quad \textit{T}_{A} = 25^{o}\textit{C}, \, \textit{Unless Otherwise Specified}$

		UNITS
Drain to Source Voltage (Note 1)VDSS	55	V
Drain to Gate Voltage ( $R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$ ) (Note 1)	55	V
Gate to Source Voltage	±20V	V
Drain Current		
Continuous (Figure 2) (Note 2)	2.6	Α
Pulsed Drain Current	Figure 5	
Pulsed Avalanche RatingEAS	Figures 6, 14, 15	
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	1.1	W
Derate Above 25°C	9.09	mW/ <sup>o</sup> C
Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	οС
Maximum Temperature for Soldering		
Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10s	300	οС
Package Body for 10s, See Techbrief 334	260	οС
pry		

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTE:

1.  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  to  $125^{\circ}C$ .

## **Electrical Specifications** $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V (Figure 11)		55	-	-	V
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(TH)</sub>	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu A$ (Figure 10)		2	-	4	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 50V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V		-	-	1	μΑ
		$V_{DS} = 45V, V_{GS} =$	0V, T <sub>A</sub> = 150 <sup>o</sup> C	-	-	250	μΑ
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V$		-	-	100	nA
Drain to Source On Resistance	r <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	$I_D = 2.6A, V_{GS} = 10$	0V) (Figure 9)	-	0.070	0.090	Ω
Turn-On Time	t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{DD} = 30V, I_{D} \cong 2.6A,$ $R_{L} = 11.5\Omega, V_{GS} = 10V,$ $R_{GS} = 25\Omega$		-	-	55	ns
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d</sub> (ON)			-	5	-	ns
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>			-	30	-	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(OFF)</sub>			-	35	-	ns
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			-	25	-	ns
Turn-Off Time	t <sub>OFF</sub>			-	-	90	ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>g(TOT)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 20V$	$V_{DD} = 30V$ ,	-	14	17	nC
Gate Charge at 10V	Q <sub>g(10)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 10V$ $I_D \cong 2.6A,$ $R_I = 11.5\Omega$		-	8.3	10	nC
Threshold Gate Charge	Q <sub>g(TH)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 2V$	I <sub>g(REF)</sub> = 1.0mA (Figure 13)	-	0.6	0.8	nC
Gate to Source Gate Charge	Qgs			-	1.00	-	nC
Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge	Qgd			-	4.00	-	nC
Input Capacitance	C <sub>ISS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 25V, V_{GS} = 0V,$ f = 1MHz (Figure 12)		-	250	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C <sub>OSS</sub>			-	115	-	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>RSS</sub>			-	30	-	pF
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	2		-	-	110	oC/W
				-	-	128	oC/W
		Pad Area = 0.026 ii	n <sup>2</sup>	-	-	147	oC/W

## **Source to Drain Diode Specifications**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Diode Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	I <sub>SD</sub> = 2.6A	-	-	1.25	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	$t_{rr}$ $I_{SD} = 2.6A$ , $dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$		-	40	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q <sub>RR</sub>	$I_{SD} = 2.6A$ , $dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	50	nC

#### NOTE:

2. 110 °C/W measured using FR-4 board with 0.171in<sup>2</sup> footprint for 1000s.

## Typical Performance Curves

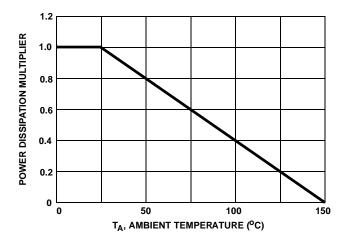


FIGURE 1. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

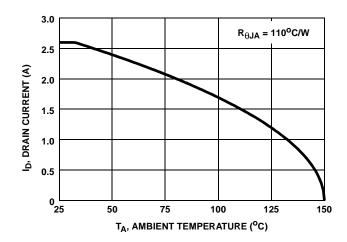


FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

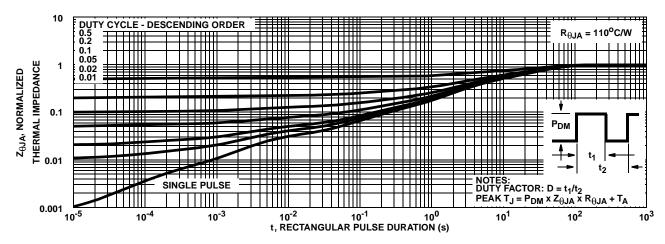


FIGURE 3. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

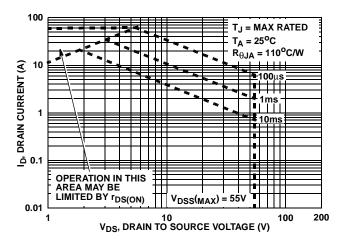


FIGURE 4. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

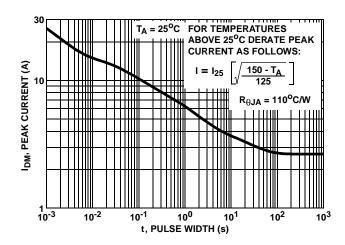
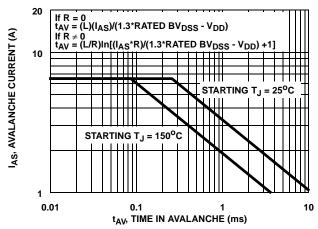


FIGURE 5. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322. FIGURE 6. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

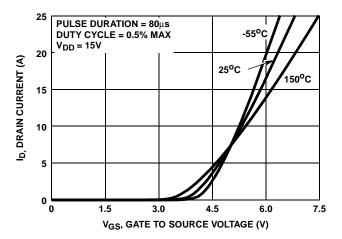


FIGURE 8. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

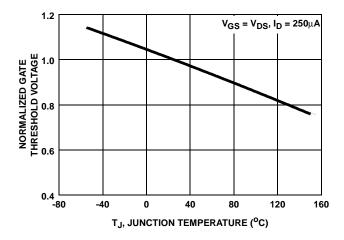


FIGURE 10. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

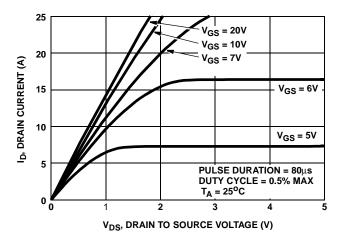


FIGURE 7. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

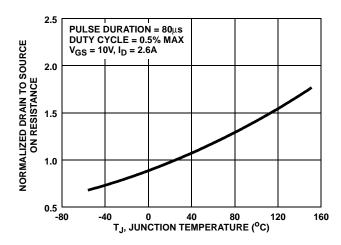


FIGURE 9. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

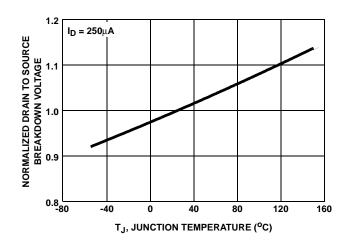


FIGURE 11. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

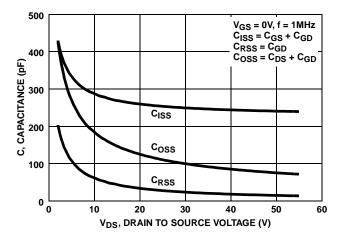
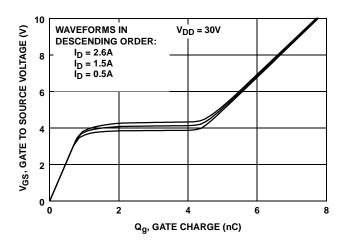


FIGURE 12. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 13. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

#### Test Circuits and Waveforms

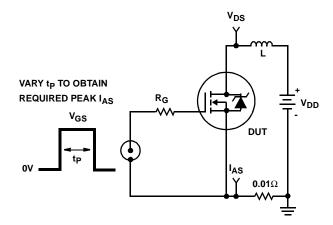


FIGURE 14. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

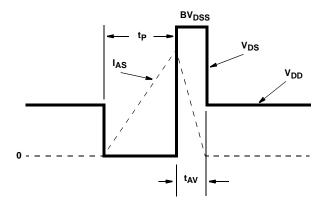


FIGURE 15. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

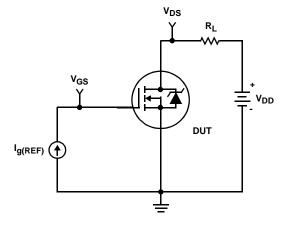


FIGURE 16. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

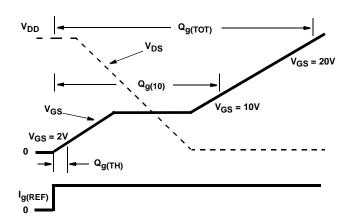


FIGURE 17. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORM

### Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

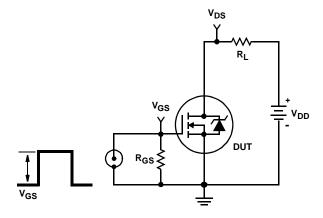


FIGURE 18. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

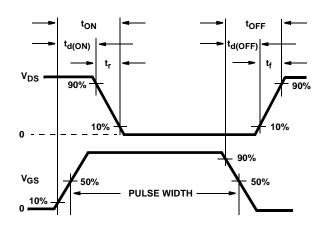


FIGURE 19. RESISTIVE SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

## Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature,  $T_{J(MAX)}$ , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation,  $P_{D(MAX)}$ , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature,  $T_A$  ( $^{O}C$ ), and thermal resistance  $R_{\theta JA}$  ( $^{O}C/W$ ) must be reviewed to ensure that  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{(T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A})}{R_{\theta JA}}$$
 (EQ. 1)

In using surface mount devices such as the SOT-223 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of the  $P_{D(MAX)}$  is complex and influenced by many factors:

- Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
- The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board
- 3. The use of external heat sinks.
- 4. The use of thermal vias.
- 5. Air flow and board orientation.
- For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

Fairchild provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 20 defines the  $R_{\theta JA}$  for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 1oz copper after 1000 seconds

of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the Fairchild device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

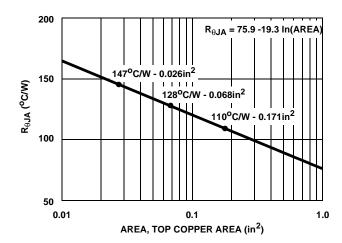


FIGURE 20. THERMAL RESISTANCE vs MOUNTING PAD AREA

Displayed on the curve are the three  $R_{\theta JA}$  values listed in the Electrical Specifications table. The three points were chosen to depict the compromise between the copper board area, the thermal resistance and ultimately the power dissipation,  $P_{D(MAX)}$ . Thermal resistances corresponding to other component side copper areas can be obtained from Figure 20 or by calculation using Equation 2. The area, in square inches is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\theta,JA} = 75.9 - 19.3 \times \ln(Area)$$
 (EQ. 2)

#### **PSPICE Electrical Model**

.SUBCKT HUFA75307T3ST 2 1 3 : rev 7/25/97 CA 12 8 3.5e-10 CB 15 14 3.7e-10 **LDRAIN** CIN 6 8 2.26e-10 **DPLCAP** DRAIN -02 10 RLDRAIN **DBODY 7 5 DBODYMOD** ≶RSLC1 DBREAK 5 11 DBREAKMOD DBREAK T โ51 **DPLCAP 10 5 DPLCAPMOD** RSLC2 € **ESLC** 11 EBREAK 11 7 17 18 57.4 50 EDS 14 8 5 8 1 EGS 13 8 6 8 1 **▲** DBODY **≻**RDRAIN 8 **EBREAK ESG** ESG 6 10 6 8 1 **EVTHRES** EVTHRES 6 21 19 8 1 21 <u>19</u> 8 EVTEMP 20 6 18 22 1 **MWEAK EVTEMP LGATE RGATE** GATE i<del><</del> MMED IT 8 17 1 20 MSTRO RLGATE LDRAIN 2 5 1e-9 **LSOURCE** LGATE 1 9 1.4e-9 CIN SOURCE 8 LSOURCE 3 7 3.1e-10 K1 LGATE LSOURCE 0.131 **RSOURCE** RLSOURCE MMED 16 6 8 8 MMEDMOD S1A MSTRO 16 6 8 8 MSTROMOD RBREAK 13 8 15 MWEAK 16 21 8 8 MWEAKMOD 17 18 <del>13</del> RBREAK 17 18 RBREAKMOD 1 S1B **RVTEMP** S<sub>2</sub>B RDRAIN 50 16 RDRAINMOD 7.0e-3 13 CB 19 RGATE 9 20 1.9 CA IT Ŧ 14 RLDRAIN 2 5 10 VRAT **RLGATE 1 9 14** 8 <u>5</u> EGS **EDS** RLSOURCE 3 7 3 RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6 R RSLC2 5 50 1e3 **RVTHRES** RSOURCE 8 7 RSOURCEMOD 5.6e-2 RVTHRES 22 8 RVTHRESMOD 1 **RVTEMP 18 19 RVTEMPMOD 1** S1A 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD S1B 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD S2A 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD S2B 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD VBAT 22 19 DC 1 ESLC 51 50 VALUE={(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))\*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6\*50),3))} .MODEL DBODYMOD D (IS = 2.6e-13 RS = 2.34e-2 IKF = 5.5 N = 0.995 TRS1 = 2.8e-3 TRS2 = 1.1e-5 CJO = 3.7e-10 TT = 3.5e-8 M = 0.46 + XTI = 5.5) .MODEL DBREAKMOD D (RS = 0. 5IKF = 0.1 N = 1 TRS1 = 3e- 3TRS2 = -5e-5) .MODEL DPLCAPMOD D (CJO = 5.6e-1 0IS = 1e-3 0N = 10 M = 0.92) MODEL MMEDMOD NMOS (VTO = 3.25 KP = 1.8 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 1.9) .MODEL MSTROMOD NMOS (VTO = 3.68 KP = 13.5 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u) .MODEL MWEAKMOD NMOS (VTO = 2.83 KP = 0.03 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 19 RS = 0.1) .MODEL RBREAKMOD RES (TC1 = 1.08e- 3TC2 = 5e-7) .MODEL RDRAINMOD RES (TC1 = 1.7e-2 TC2 = 1e-4) .MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1 = 1e-9 TC2 = 1e-4) .MODEL RSOURCEMOD RES (TC1 = 3.3e-3 TC2 = 1e-9) .MODEL RVTHRESMOD RES (TC1 = -1.9e-3 TC2 = -4e-6) .MODEL RVTEMPMOD RES (TC1 = -2.9e- 3TC2 = 2.2e-6) .MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -7.1 VOFF= -4) .MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -4 VOFF= -7.1) .MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = 0.01 VOFF= 1.9) .MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = 1.9 VOFF= 0.01)

NOTE: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options**; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.

©2001 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation HUFA75307T3ST Rev. B

.ENDS

## SPICE Thermal Model

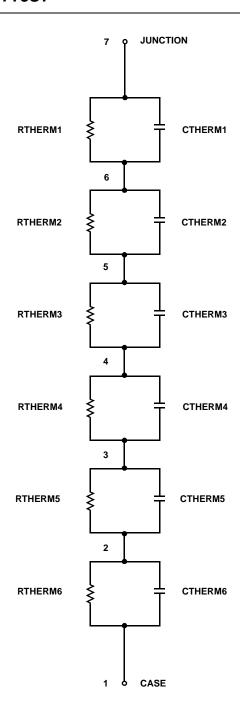
**REV 15 Nov 97** 

HUFA75307T3ST

CTHERM1 7 6 7.5e-5 CTHERM2 6 5 3.5e-4 CTHERM3 5 4 1.2e-3 CTHERM4 4 3 1.5e-2 CTHERM5 3 2 6.9e-2 CTHERM6 2 1 4.5e-1

RTHERM1 7 6 7.5e-2 RTHERM2 6 5 2.0e-1 RTHERM3 5 4 1.2 RTHERM4 4 3 3.3 RTHERM5 3 2 28

RTHERM6 2 1 90



#### **TRADEMARKS**

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

SMART START™  $VCX^{TM}$ FAST ® OPTOLOGIC™ STAR\*POWER™ FASTr™ Bottomless™ OPTOPLANAR™ Stealth™ CoolFET™ FRFET™ PACMAN™ SuperSOT™-3 CROSSVOLT™ GlobalOptoisolator™ POP™ SuperSOT™-6 DenseTrench™ GTO™ Power247™  $HiSeC^{TM}$ SuperSOT™-8  $Power Trench^{\, @}$ DOME™ SyncFET™ EcoSPARK™ ISOPLANAR™ QFET™ TinyLogic™ E<sup>2</sup>CMOS<sup>TM</sup> LittleFET™  $OS^{TM}$ EnSigna™ MicroFET™ TruTranslation™ QT Optoelectronics™ MicroPak™ UHC™ FACT™ Quiet Series™

SILENT SWITCHER®

STAR\*POWER is used under license

FACT Quiet Series™

#### DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS. NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

#### LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the

MICROWIRE™

2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

UltraFET®

#### PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

#### **Definition of Terms**

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

Rev. H

ON Semiconductor and III) are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at <a href="https://www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf">www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf</a>. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages.

Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold ON Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that ON Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. ON Semiconductor is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

#### **PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION**

#### LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor 19521 E. 32nd Pkwy, Aurora, Colorado 80011 USA Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:

Phone: 421 33 790 2910 Japan Customer Focus Center Phone: 81-3-5817-1050

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative

© Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC

www.onsemi.com