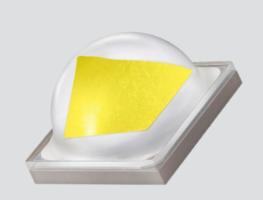
# High Power LED Series 3535 Ceramic Hot Binning

# **LH351C**



High efficacy and high quality color rendering makes the LH351C suitable use in a broad range of applications



#### **Features & Benefits**

- Operates at a maximum current of up to 2 A
- Uniform light distribution under any beam angle
- 90 CRI makes it well suited for most applications
- Hot binning @ 85 ºC





## **Applications**

Indoor Lighting: Spotlight, Downlight

• Outdoor Lighting: Street Light, Tunnel Light, Security Light, Area Light, Stadium/Arena Light

Industrial Lighting: High Bay Light, Low Bay Light

Consumer Lighting: Torch Light

SAMSUNG

## **Table of Contents**

1.	Characteristics	 3
2.	Product Code Information	 6
3.	Typical Characteristics Graphs	 16
4.	Outline Drawing & Dimension	 18
5.	Reliability Test Items & Conditions	 19
6.	Soldering Conditions	 20
7.	Tape & Reel	 21
8.	Label Structure	 23
9.	Packing Structure	 24
10.	Precautions in Handling & Use	 26

#### 1. Characteristics

## a) Absolute Maximum Rating

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Condition
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 ~ +105	δC	Note 1)*
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 ~ +120	ōС	-
LED Junction Temperature	Tj	150	ōС	-
Forward Current	Ι <sub>Ε</sub>	2000	mA	-
Peak Pulse Forward Current	l <sub>FP</sub>	2600	mA	Duty 1/10 pulse width 10ms
Assembly Process Temperature		260 <10	s eC	-
ESD (HBM)	-	±8	kV	-

#### Notes:

1) Refer to the derating curve, '3. Typical Characteristics Graph', for proper driving current that maintained below maximum junction temperature.

# b) Electro-optical Characteristics

ltom	Unit	Cond	ition		Value		
Item		I <sub>F</sub> (mA)	T <sub>j</sub> (°C)	Min	Тур	Max	
Forward voltage	V	700	85	2.6		3.1	
Reverse Voltage (@ 5 mA)	V		25	11		15	
Thermal Resistance (junction to solder point)	ºC/W		25		3		
Beam Angle	ō	700	25		128		

#### Notes:

- 1) Samsung maintains measurement tolerance of: luminous flux =  $\pm 7$  %, forward voltage =  $\pm 0.1$  V
- 2) Characteristics @ 25  $^{\circ}$ C are for reference only

# c) Luminous Flux Characteristics ( $T_j = 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

	Sorting @ 700 mA (Im	n)		Calcula	ated Minimum Flu	x <sup>2)</sup> (lm)	
Flux Rank	Flux Range <sup>1)</sup>	Sub Rank	@ 350 mA	@ 700 mA	@ 1050 mA	@ 1500 mA	@ 2000 mA
FF	150 ~ 210	FB, GB, HB	81	150	213	284	354
GF	170 ~ 230	GB, HB, JB	92	170	241	322	401
HF	190 ~ 250	НВ, ЈВ, КВ	103	190	269	360	448
JF	210 ~ 270	JB, KB, MB	114	210	298	398	495
KF	230 ~ 290	KB, MB, NB	124	230	326	436	542
MF	250 ~ 310	MB, NB, PB	135	250	354	474	590
NF	270 ~ 330	NB, PB, QB	146	270	383	512	637
PF	290 ~ 350	PB, QB, RB	157	290	411	550	684
QF	310 ~ 370	QB, RB, SB	168	310	439	587	731
RF	330 ~ 390	RB, SB, TB	178	330	468	625	778
SF	350 ~ 410	SB, TB, UB	189	350	496	663	825
TF	370 ~ 430	TB, UB, VB	200	370	524	701	872
UF	390 ~ 450	UB, VB, WB	211	390	553	739	920
VF	410 ~ 470	VB, WB, YB	222	410	581	777	967
WF	430 ~ 490	WB, YB, ZB	232	430	609	815	1,014

#### Notes:

- 1) Samsung maintains measurement tolerance of: luminous flux =  $\pm 7$  %, CRI =  $\pm 3$
- 2) Calculated minimum flux values at 350/1050/1500/2000mA are for reference only.

## 2. Product Code Information

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
S	Р	н	W	н	т	- 1	3	D	5	0	C	F	4	R	т	Р	F

Digit	PKG Information	Code	Specification
1 2 3	Samsung Package High Power	SPH	
4 5	Color	WH	White
6	Product Version	Т	
7 8	Product	L3	LH351 Series
9	Lens Type	D	Dome lens
10	Internal Code	5	LH351C
11	Not Defined	0	Default
		С	Min. 70
42	CDI 9 Cantina Tanananatura	D	Min. 75
12	CRI & Sorting Temperature	E	85 ℃ Min. 80
		G	Min. 90
	- 1111		3 603.4 Bin E2 2.6~2.9
13 14	Forward Voltage (V)	E 4	2.6~3.1 Code: G2 2.9~3.1
		Y ☆	2200 Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7, Y8, Y9, YA, YB, YC, YD, YE, YF, YG, YM
		w ☆	2700 W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6, W7, W8, W9, WA, WB, WC, WD, WE, WF, WG, WM
		V ☆	3000 V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, VA, VB, VC, VD, VE, VF, VG, VM
		U☆	3500 U1, U2, U3, U4, U5, U6, U7, U8, U9, UA, UB, UC, UD, UE, UF, UG, UM
15 16	CCT (K)	т☆	4000 Code: T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6, T7, T8, T9, TA, TB, TC, TD, TE, TF, TG, TM
		R �	5000 R1, R2, R3, R4, RN
		Q ¢	5700 Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, QN
		P �	6500 P1, P2, P3, P4, PN
			☆: "0" (Whole bin), "P" (Quarter bin), or "M" (MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin)     ◇: "T" (Half bin), "N" (MacAdam 5-step ellipse bin)
		FF	150 ~ 210 FB 150 ~ 170
		G F	170~230 GB 170~190 <b>FF</b>
		ΗF	190~250 HB 190~210 GF
		J F	210~270 JB 210~230 HF
		KF	230~290 KB 230~250 JF
		MF	250~310 MB 250~270 KF
		NF	270~330 NB 270~290 MF
17 18	Luminous Flux (lm)	PF	290~350 PB 290~310 NF
		QF	310-370 QB 310~330 PF
		RF	330 - 390 RB 330 ~ 350 QF
			SB 350 - 370 R F
			тв 370-390
		Digit 1	7: Min. spec.
		Digit 1	8: The number of higher bin(s) from min. spec.
		e.g.:	KB = 230~250 lm, KF = 230~290 lm
		<del></del>	

#### a) Luminous Flux Bins ( $I_F = 700 \text{ mA}$ , $T_j = 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

	CRI/						Flux	rank					
Nomin	al CCT (K)	FB	GB	НВ	JB	KB	MB	NB	РВ	QB	RB	SB	ТВ
	(min. flux)	150	170	190	210	230	250	270	290	310	330	350	370
	2200						SPHWI	HTL3D50CE4	<b>/</b> ☆MF				
	2700						SPHWH	ITL3D50CE4V					
	2700							SPHWI	HTL3D50CE4	W☆NF			
					-			SPHW	HTL3D50CE4	V☆NF			
	3000								SPHW	/HTL3D50CE	4V☆PF		
										SPHW	/HTL3D50CE4	4V☆QF	
	3500								SPHW	/HTL3D50CE	4U☆PF		
	3500								SPHW	/HTL3D50CE4	IJ☆QF		
		SPHWHTL3D50CE4T							4T☆PF		-		
	4000									SPHW	/HTL3D50CE4	4T☆QF	
70	***										SPHW	VHTL3D50CE4	IT☆RF
									SPHV	VHTL3D50CE	4R�PF		
	5000									SPHV	VHTL3D50CE	4R¢QF	
											SPHV	VHTL3D50CE	1R♦RF
									SPHV	VHTL3D50CE	4Q <b>♦</b> PF		
	5700									SPHW	VHTL3D50CE	4Q <b>¢</b> QF	
											SPHV	VHTL3D50CE4	IQ <b>¢</b> RF
	6500								SPHV	VHTL3D50CE	4P�PF		
	0300									SPHV	VHTL3D50CE	4P♦QF	
	3000								SPHW	/HTL3D50DE	4V☆PF		
	3500								SPHW	/HTL3D50DE	4U☆PF		
	4000								SPHW	/HTL3D50DE	4T☆PF		
75	5000								SPHV	VHTL3D50DE	4R�PF		
	3000									SPHV	VHTL3D50DE	4R <b>¢Q</b> F	
	5700								SPHW	/HTL3D50DE	4Q <b>\$P</b> F		
	5/00									SPHV	VHTL3D50DE	4Q¢QF	

<sup>&</sup>quot;♦" can be "T" (Half bin), "N" (MacAdam 5-step ellipse bin) of the color binning

## a) Luminous Flux Bins (I<sub>F</sub> = 700 mA, $T_j$ = 85 $^{\circ}$ C)

C	CRI/						Flux	rank					
Nomin	al CCT (K)	FB	GB	НВ	JB	КВ	MB	NB	РВ	QB	RB	SB	ТВ
	(min. flux)	150	170	190	210	230	250	270	290	310	330	350	370
							SPHWI	HTL3D50EE4V	V☆MF				
	2700							SPHWF	ITL3D50EE4\	W☆NF			
	2000							SPHWI	HTL3D50EE4	V☆NF			
	3000								SPHW	HTL3D50EE4	V☆PF		
	3500							SPHWI	HTL3D50EE4	U☆NF			
80	3500								SPHW	HTL3D50EE4	U☆PF		
80	4000								SPHW	/HTL3D50EE4	IT☆PF		
	4000									SPHW	/HTL3D50EE4	T☆QF	
	5000								SPHW	/HTL3D50EE	4R♦PF		
	5000		***************************************							SPHV	VHTL3D50EE4	IR≎QF	
	F700								SPHW	/HTL3D50EE4	IQ <b>♦P</b> F		
	5700									SPHW	/HTL3D50EE4	Q¢QF	

<sup>&</sup>quot;♦" can be "T" (Half bin), "N" (MacAdam 5-step ellipse bin) of the color binning

## a) Luminous Flux Bins (I<sub>F</sub> = 700 mA, $T_j$ = 85 $^{\circ}$ C)

(	CRI/						Flux	rank					
Nomin	al CCT (K)	FB	GB	НВ	JB	КВ	МВ	NB	РВ	QB	RB	SB	ТВ
	(min. flux)	150	170	190	210	230	250	270	290	310	330	350	370
	2700			SPHWI	HTL3D50GE4	W☆HF							
	2700				SPHW	HTL3D50GE4	W☆JF						
	3000				SPHW	/HTL3D50GE4	ΙΙ☆VIF						
	3500				SPHW	HTL3D50GE4	IU☆JF						
90	3300					SPHW	HTL3D50GE4	U☆KF					
	4000				SPHW	/HTL3D50GE	<b>IT</b> ☆JF						
	4000					SPHW	HTL3D50GE4	T☆KF					
	5000					SPHW	/HTL3D50GE4	R♦KF					
	3000					_	SPHW	HTL3D50GE4I	R♦MF				
	5700					SPHW	HTL3D50GE4	Q¢KF					
	3700						SPHW	HTL3D50GE40	Q <b>¢M</b> F				

<sup>&</sup>quot;☆" can be "0" (Whole bin), "P" (Quarter bin), or "M" (MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin) of the color binning

<sup>&</sup>quot;♦" can be "T" (Half bin), "N" (MacAdam 5-step ellipse bin) of the color binning

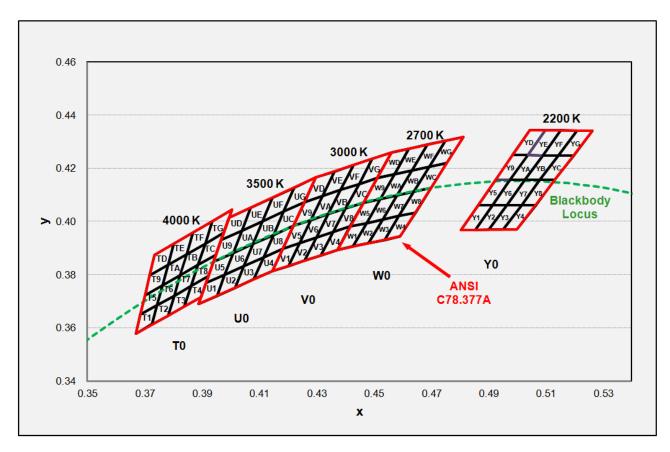
# b) Color Bins ( $I_F = 700 \text{ mA}, T_j = 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

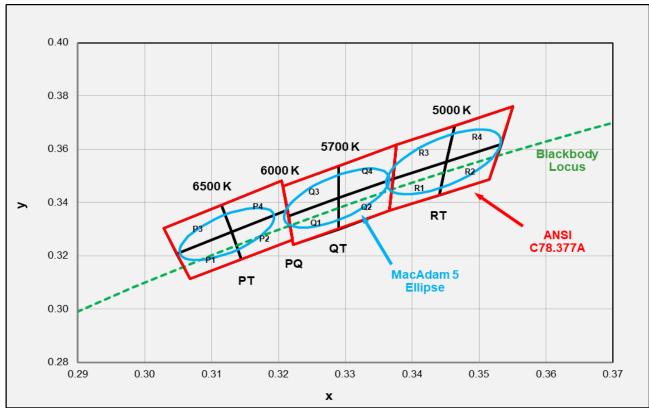
Nominal CCT (K)	CRI (R <sub>a</sub> )	Color Rank	Chromaticity Bins
		☆0 (Whole bin)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F, G
2200	70	☆P (Quarter bin)	6, 7, A, B
		☆M (MacAdam 3-step)	MacAdam 3-step
		☆0 (Whole bin)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F, G
2700	70, 80, 90	☆P (Quarter bin)	6, 7, A, B
		☆M (MacAdam 3-step)	MacAdam 3-step
		☆0 (Whole bin)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F, G
2000 2500 4000	70, 80, 90	☆P (Quarter bin)	6, 7, A, B
3000, 3500, 4000		☆M (MacAdam 3-step)	MacAdam 3-step
	75	☆0 (Whole bin)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F, G
5000 5700	70.75.00.00	☆T (Half bin)	1, 2, 3, 4
5000, 5700	70, 75, 80, 90	☆N(MacAdam 5-step)	MacAdam 5-step
CF00	70	☆T (Half bin)	1, 2, 3, 4
6500	70	☆N(MacAdam 5-step)	MacAdam 5-step

## c) Voltage Bins ( $I_F = 700 \text{ mA}, T_j = 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Nominal CCT (K)	CRI (R <sub>a</sub> ) Min.	Product Code	Voltage Rank	Voltage Bin	Voltage Range (V)
			54	E2	2.6 ~ 2.9
-	-	-	E4	G2	2.9 ~ 3.1

## d) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates (I<sub>F</sub> = 700 mA, $T_j$ = 85 $^{\circ}$ C)





# d) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates (I $_F$ = 700 mA, $T_j$ = 85 $^{\circ}$ C)

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
		Y rank	(2200 K)		
	0.4805	0.3968		0.4925	0.4156
V4	0.4854	0.3968	. Vo	0.4976	0.4156
Y1	0.4915	0.4062	Y9	0.5038	0.4250
	0.4865	0.4062		0.4984	0.4250
	0.4854	0.3968		0.4976	0.4156
V2	0.4903	0.3969		0.5028	0.4156
Y2	0.4966	0.4062	YA	0.5091	0.4249
	0.4915	0.4062		0.5038	0.4250
	0.4903	0.3969		0.5028	0.4156
V2	0.4952	0.3969		0.5080	0.4156
Y3	0.5016	0.4062	YB	0.5145	0.4249
	0.4966	0.4062		0.5091	0.4249
	0.4952	0.3969		0.5080	0.4156
V.4	0.5000	0.3969	YC .	0.5132	0.4156
Y4	0.5066	0.4062		0.5198	0.4249
	0.5016	0.4062		0.5145	0.4249
	0.4865	0.4062		0.4984	0.4250
V.E	0.4915	0.4062		0.5038	0.4250
Y5	0.4976	0.4156	YD	0.5099	0.4344
	0.4925	0.4156		0.5044	0.4344
	0.4915	0.4062		0.5038	0.4250
V.C	0.4966	0.4062		0.5091	0.4249
Y6	0.5028	0.4156	YE	0.5154	0.4343
	0.4976	0.4156		0.5099	0.4344
	0.4966	0.4062		0.5091	0.4249
V7	0.5016	0.4062	\ <u></u>	0.5145	0.4249
Y7	0.508	0.4156	YF	0.5209	0.4342
	0.5028	0.4156		0.5154	0.4343
	0.5016	0.4062		0.5145	0.4249
\	0.5066	0.4062		0.5198	0.4249
Y8	0.5132	0.4156	YG	0.5264	0.4342
	0.5080	0.4156		0.5209	0.4342

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y			
W rank (2700 K)								
	0.4373	0.3893		0.4465	0.4071			
	0.4418	0.3981	1440	0.4513	0.4164			
W1	0.4475	0.3994	W9	0.4573	0.4178			
	0.4428	0.3906		0.4523	0.4085			
	0.4428	0.3906		0.4523	0.4085			
W2	0.4475	0.3994	WA	0.4573	0.4178			
VV Z	0.4532	0.4008	WA	0.4634	0.4193			
	0.4483	0.3919		0.4582	0.4099			
	0.4483	0.3919		0.4582	0.4099			
W3	0.4532	0.4008	WB	0.4634	0.4193			
WS	0.4589	0.4021	VVD	0.4695	0.4207			
	0.4538	0.3931		0.4641	0.4112			
	0.4538	0.3931	wc	0.4641	0.4112			
W4	0.4589	0.4021		0.4695	0.4207			
VV-4	0.4646	0.4034		0.4756	0.4221			
	0.4593	0.3944		0.4700	0.4126			
	0.4418	0.3981		0.4513	0.4164			
W5	0.4465	0.4071	WD	0.4562	0.4260			
VVS	0.4523	0.4085	VVD	0.4624	0.4274			
	0.4475	0.3994		0.4573	0.4178			
	0.4475	0.3994		0.4573	0.4178			
W6	0.4523	0.4085	WE	0.4624	0.4274			
VVO	0.4582	0.4099	W L	0.4687	0.4289			
	0.4532	0.4008		0.4634	0.4193			
	0.4532	0.4008		0.4634	0.4193			
W7	0.4582	0.4099	WF	0.4687	0.4289			
VV 7	0.4641	0.4112		0.4750	0.4304			
	0.4589	0.4021		0.4695	0.4207			
	0.4589	0.4021		0.4695	0.4207			
WO	0.4641	0.4112	WG	0.4750	0.4304			
W8	0.4700	0.4126	υVU	0.4813	0.4319			
	0.4646	0.4034		0.4756	0.4221			

# d) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y			
V rank (3000 K)								
	0.4147	0.3814		0.4221	0.3984			
	0.4183	0.3898		0.4259	0.4073			
V1	0.4242	0.3919	V9	0.4322	0.4096			
	0.4203	0.3833		0.4281	0.4006			
	0.4203	0.3833		0.4281	0.4006			
	0.4242	0.3919		0.4322	0.4096			
V2	0.4300	0.3939	VA	0.4385	0.4119			
	0.4259	0.3853		0.4342	0.4028			
	0.4259	259 0.3853		0.4342	0.4028			
	0.4300	0.3939		0.4385	0.4119			
V3	0.4359	0.3960	VB	0.4449	0.4141			
	0.4316	0.3873		0.4403	0.4049			
	0.4316	0.3873	VC	0.4403	0.4049			
	0.4359	0.3960		0.4449	0.4141			
V4	0.4418	0.3981		0.4513	0.4164			
	0.4373	0.3893		0.4465	0.4071			
	0.4183	0.3898		0.4259	0.4073			
	0.4221	0.3984		0.4299	0.4165			
V5	0.4281	0.4006	VD	0.4364	0.4188			
	0.4242	0.3919		0.4322	0.4096			
	0.4242	0.3919		0.4322	0.4096			
	0.4281	0.4006		0.4364	0.4188			
V6	0.4342	0.4028	VE	0.4430	0.4212			
	0.4300	0.3939		0.4385	0.4119			
	0.4300	0.3939		0.4385	0.4119			
	0.4342	0.4028		0.4430	0.4212			
V7	0.4403	0.4049	VF	0.4496	0.4236			
	0.4359	0.3960		0.4449	0.4141			
	0.4359	0.3960		0.4449	0.4141			
	0.4403	0.4049		0.4496	0.4236			
V8	0.4465	0.4071	VG	0.4562	0.4260			
	0.4418	0.3981		0.4513	0.4164			

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y			
U rank (3500 K)								
	0.3889	0.3690		0.3941	0.3848			
111	0.3915	0.3768	110	0.3968	0.3930			
U1	0.3981	0.3800	U9	0.4040	0.3966			
	0.3953	0.3720		0.4010	0.3882			
	0.3953	0.3720		0.4010	0.3882			
U2	0.3981	0.3800	UA	0.4040	0.3966			
02	0.4048	0.3832	UA	0.4113	0.4001			
	0.4017	0.3751		0.4080	0.3916			
	0.4017	0.3751		0.4080	0.3916			
U3	0.4048	0.3832	UB	0.4113	0.4001			
03	0.4116	0.3865	UB	0.4186	0.4037			
	0.4082	0.3782		0.4150	0.3950			
	0.4082	0.3782	UC	0.4150	0.3950			
U4	0.4116	0.3865		0.4186	0.4037			
04	0.4183	0.3898		0.4259	0.4073			
	0.4147	0.3814		0.4221	0.3984			
	0.3915	0.3768		0.3968	0.3930			
U5	0.3941	0.3848	UD	0.3996	0.4015			
03	0.4010	0.3882		0.4071	0.4052			
	0.3981	0.3800		0.4040	0.3966			
	0.3981	0.3800		0.4040	0.3966			
U6	0.4010	0.3882	UE	0.4071	0.4052			
00	0.4080	0.3916	OL.	0.4146	0.4089			
	0.4048	0.3832		0.4113	0.4001			
	0.4048	0.3832		0.4113	0.4001			
U7	0.4080	0.3916	UF	0.4146	0.4089			
0,	0.4150	0.3950	Ji	0.4222	0.4127			
	0.4116	0.3865		0.4186	0.4037			
	0.4116	0.3865		0.4186	0.4037			
I I O	0.4150	0.3950	ПС	0.4222	0.4127			
U8	0.4221	0.3984	UG	0.4299	0.4165			
	0.4183	0.3898		0.4259	0.4073			

# d) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y			
T rank (4000 K)								
	0.3670	0.3578		0.3702	0.3722			
T1	0.3726	0.3612	Т9	0.3763	0.3760			
IΨ	0.3744	0.3685	19	0.3782	0.3837			
	0.3686	0.3649		0.3719	0.3797			
	0.3726	0.3612		0.3763	0.3760			
T2	0.3783	0.3646	TA	0.3825	0.3798			
12	0.3804	0.3721	IA	0.3847	0.3877			
	0.3744	0.3685		0.3782	0.3837			
	0.3783	0.3646		0.3825	0.3798			
T2	0.3840	0.3681	TD	0.3887	0.3836			
T3	0.3863	0.3758	ТВ	0.3912	0.3917			
	0.3804	0.3721		0.3847	0.3877			
	0.3840 0.3681		0.3887	0.3837				
T4	0.3898	0.3716	TC	0.3950	0.3875			
14	0.3924	0.3794		0.3978	0.3958			
	0.3863	0.3758		0.3912	0.3917			
	0.3686	0.3649		0.3719	0.3797			
T5	0.3744	0.3685	TD	0.3782	0.3837			
13	0.3763	0.3760	IU	0.3802	0.3916			
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3736	0.3874			
	0.3744	0.3685		0.3782	0.3837			
Т6	0.3804	0.3721	TE	0.3847	0.3877			
10	0.3825	0.3798	15	0.3869	0.3958			
	0.3763	0.3760		0.3802	0.3916			
	0.3804	0.3721		0.3847	0.3877			
T7	0.3863	0.3758	TF	0.3912	0.3917			
1/	0.3887	0.3836	11	0.3937	0.4001			
	0.3825	0.3798		0.3869	0.3958			
	0.3863	0.3758		0.3912	0.3917			
Т8	0.3924	0.3794	TG	0.3978	0.3958			
10	0.3950	0.3875	10	0.4006	0.4044			
	0.3887	0.3836		0.3937	0.4001			

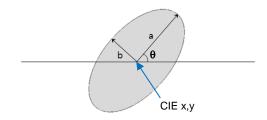
# d) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates

Region	CIE x	CIE y							
R rank (5000 K)									
	0.3371	0.3490							
D4	0.3451	0.3554							
R1	0.3440	0.3427							
	0.3366	0.3369							
	0.3451	0.3554							
R2	0.3533	0.3620							
K2	0.3515	0.3487							
	0.3440	0.3427							
	0.3376	0.3616							
R3	0.3463	0.3687							
K5	0.3451	0.3554							
	0.3371	0.3490							
	0.3463	0.3687							
R4	0.3551	0.3760							
K4	0.3533	0.3620							
	0.3451	0.3554							

Region	CIE x	CIE y						
Q rank (5700 K)								
	0.3215	0.3350						
01	0.3290	0.3417						
QI	0.3290	0.3300						
	0.3222	0.3243						
	0.3290	0.3417						
Q2	0.3371	0.3490						
Q2	0.3366	0.3369						
	0.3290	0.3300						
	0.3207	0.3462						
Q3	0.3290	0.3538						
QS	0.3290	0.3417						
	0.3215	0.3350						
	0.3290	0.3538						
Q4	0.3376	0.3616						
ųт	0.3371	0.3490						
	0.3290	0.3417						

Region	CIE x	CIE y
vegion	CIE X	CIE y
ı	P rank (6500	K)
	0.3068	0.3113
D4	0.3144	0.3186
P1	0.3130	0.3290
	0.3048	0.3207
	0.3144	0.3186
P2	0.3221	0.3261
PZ	0.3213	0.3373
	0.3130	0.3290
	0.3048	0.3207
P3	0.3130	0.3290
P3	0.3115	0.3391
	0.3028	0.3304
	0.3130	0.3290
P4	0.3213	0.3373
P4	0.3205	0.3481
	0.3115	0.3391

# e) MacAdam Ellipse (I<sub>F</sub> = 700 mA, $T_j$ = 85 $^{\circ}$ C)



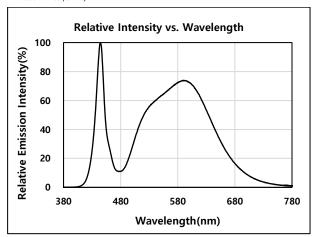
Nom. CCT	Iom. CCT Color	Center Ellipse		nter	Rotation	а	b
(K)	Rank	Lilipse	CIE x	CIE y	Angle $\theta$ (°)		U
2200	YM	3-step	0.5018	0.4153	53.45	0.0072	0.0040
2700	WM	3-step	0.4578	0.4101	53.70	0.0081	0.0042
3000	VM	3-step	0.4338	0.4030	53.22	0.0083	0.0041
3500	UM	3-step	0.4073	0.3917	54.00	0.0093	0.0041
4000	TM	3-step	0.3818	0.3797	53.72	0.0094	0.0040
5000	RN	5-step	0.3447	0.3553	59.62	0.0137	0.0059
5700	QN	5-step	0.3287	0.3417	59.10	0.0125	0.0053
6500	PN	5-step	0.3123	0.3282	58.57	0.0116	0.0048

Note:

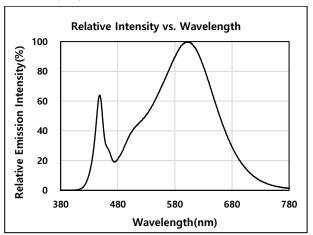
## 3. Typical Characteristics Graphs

#### a) Spectrum Distribution ( $I_F = 700 \text{ mA}, T_j = 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

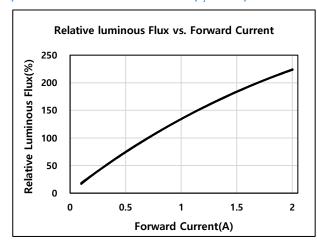
Cool White (CRI70)

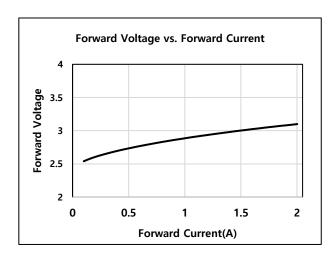


Warm White (CRI80)

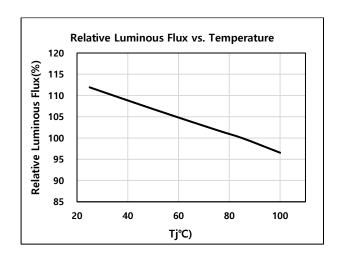


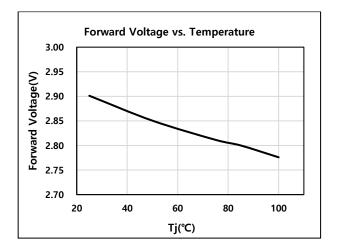
#### b) Forward Current Characteristics (T<sub>j</sub> = 85 °C)



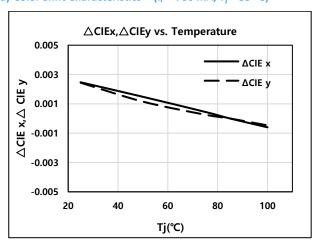


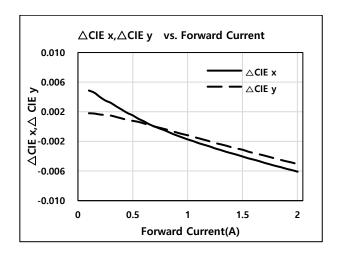
#### c) Temperature Characteristics (I<sub>F</sub> = 700 mA)



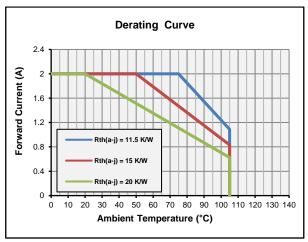


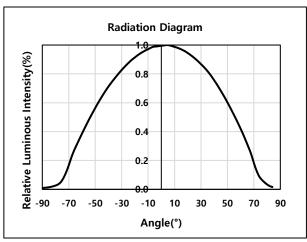
## d) Color Shift Characteristics ( $I_F$ = 700 mA, $T_j$ = 85 $^{\circ}$ C)



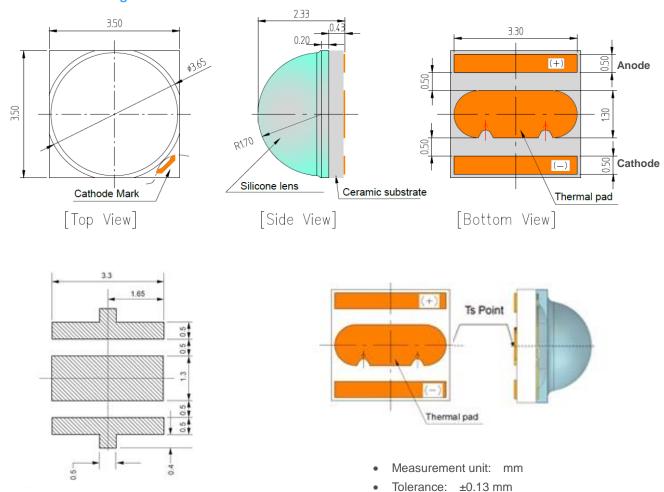


#### e) Derating Curve and Beam Angle Chracteristics (I<sub>F</sub> = 700 mA, $T_j$ = 25 $^{\circ}$ C)





#### 4. Outline Drawing & Dimension



## **Recommended Soldering Pattern**

#### Notes:

- 1) This LED has built-in ESD protection device(s) connected in parallel to LED chip(s).
- 2) The thermal pad is electrically isolated from the anode and cathode contact pads.
- 3) T<sub>s</sub> point and measurement method:
  - $\bigcirc$  Measure the nearest point to thermal pad as shown above. If necessary, remove PSR of PCB to reach  $T_s$  point.
  - ② All pads must be soldered to the PCB to dissipate heat properly, otherwise the LED can be damaged.

#### **Precautions:**

- 1) Pressure on the LEDs will influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid strong pressure on the LEDs. Do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 2) Re-soldering should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. If re-soldering is unavoidable, LED's characteristics should be carefully checked before and after such repair.
- 3) Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Since materials of LEDs is soft, abrasion between two PCB assembled with LED might cause catastrophic failure of the LEDs.

# 5. Reliability Test Items & Conditions

## a) Test Items

Test Item	Test Condition	Test Hour / Cycle
Room Temperature Life Test	25 °C, Maximum Rated Drive Current	1000 h
High Temperature Life Test	85 °C, Maximum Rated Drive Current	1000 h
High Temperature Humidity Life Test	85 °C, 85 % RH, Maximum Rated Drive Current	1000 h
Low Temperature Life Test	-40 °C, Maximum Rated Drive Current	1000 h
Powered Temperature Cycle	-45 $^{\circ}$ C / 20 min $\leftrightarrow$ 85 $^{\circ}$ C / 20 min, sweep 100 min cycle on/off: each 5 min, Maximum Rated Drive Current	100 cycles
Temperature Cycling	-45 $^{\circ}$ C $/$ 15 min $\leftrightarrow$ 125 $^{\circ}$ C $/$ 15 min temperature change within 5 min	500 cycles
High Temperature Storage	120 ℃	1000 h
Low Temperature Storage	-40 ºC	1000 h
ESD (HBM)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 times
ESD (MM)	$$R_1$: 10 M\Omega $$R_2$: 0                                   $	5 times
Vibration Test	20~2000~20 Hz, 200 m/s², sweep 4 min X, Y, Z 3 direction, each 1 cycle	4 cycles

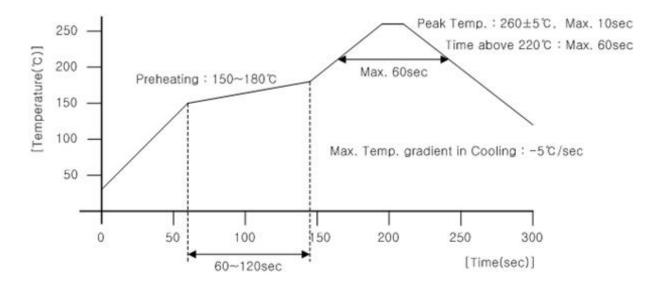
# b) Criteria for Judging the Damage

ltem	Symbol	Test Condition	Lim	nit
item	Symbol	(T <sub>j</sub> = 25 ºC)	Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	I <sub>F</sub> = 700 mA	Init. Value * 0.9	Init. Value * 1.1
Luminous Flux	Фи	I <sub>F</sub> = 700 mA	Init. Value * 0.7	Init. Value * 1.1

## **6. Soldering Conditions**

#### a) Reflow Conditions (Pb free)

Reflow frequency: 2 times max.

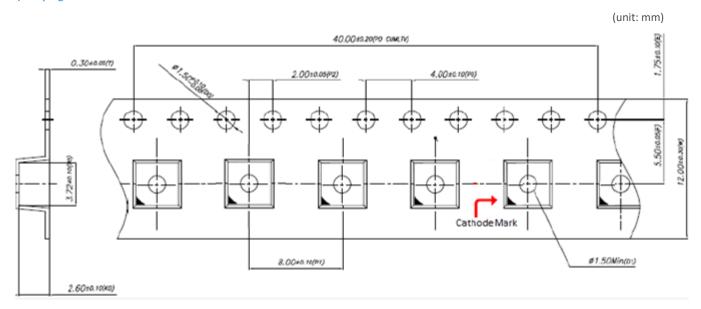


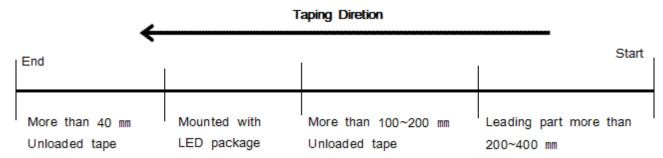
#### b) Manual Soldering Conditions

Not more than 5 seconds @ max. 300 °C, under soldering iron.

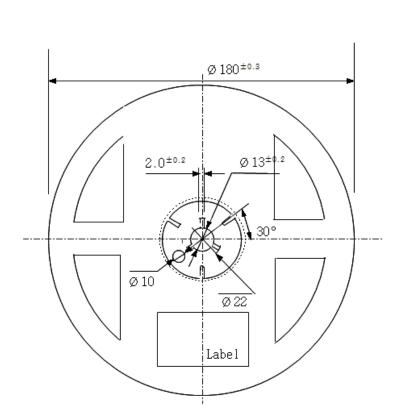
# 7. Tape & Reel

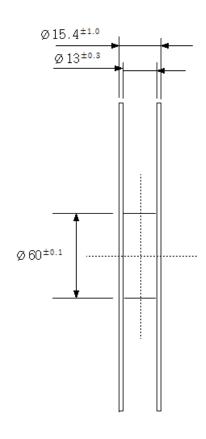
## a) Taping Dimension





(unit: mm)



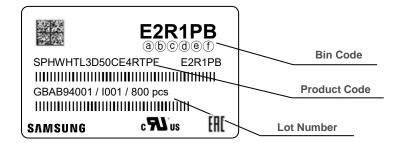


#### Notes:

- 1) Quantity: The quantity/reel is 800 pcs
- 2) Cumulative tolerance: Cumulative tolerance / 10 pitches is  $\pm 0.2$  mm
- 3) Adhesion strength of cover tape: Adhesion strength is 0.1-0.7 N when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at 10° angle to the carrier tape
- 4) Packaging: P/N, Manufacturing data code no. and quantity are indicated on the aluminum packing bag

#### 8. Label Structure

#### a) Label Structure



Note: Denoted bin code and product code above is only an example (see description on page 7)

Bin Code:

(a) b: Forward Voltage bin (refer to 9 page)

© d: Chromaticity bin (refer to 9 page)

(refer to 7 page )

#### b) Lot Number

The lot number is composed of the following characters:



# 123456789/labc /800 pcs

①, ② : Production site (GB : Nanchang, China)

③ : Product state (A: Normal, B: Bulk, C: First Production, R: Reproduction, S: Sample)

(4) : Year (Y: 2014, Z: 2015, A: 2016, B: 2017, C: 2018, D: 2019 ...)

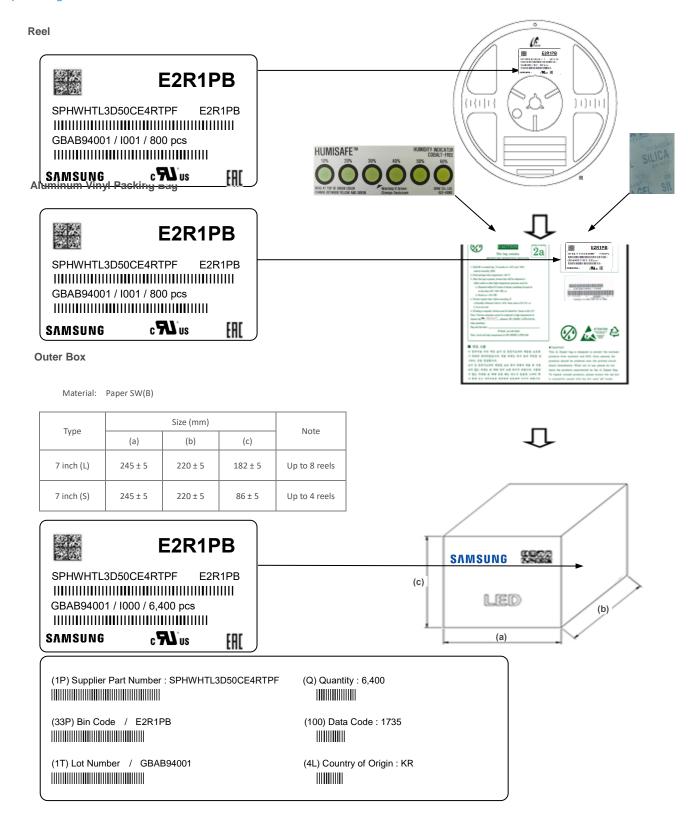
(5) : Month (1~9, A, B, C)(6) : Day (1~9, A, B~V)

789 : Product serial number (001 ~ 999)

(a)b)C : Reel number (001 ~ 999)

#### 9. Packing Structure

#### a) Packing Process





# CAUTION

# 2a

# This bag contains MOISTURE SENSITIVE DEVICES

- Shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months at <40°C and <90% relative humidity (RH)
- 2. Peak package body temperature: 240 °C
- After this bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature processes must be:
  - a. Mounted within 672 hours at factory conditions of equal to or less than 30℃ /60% RH, or
  - b. Stored at < 10% RH
- Devices require bake, before mounting, if:
   a.Humidity Indicator Card is > 65% when read at 23±5°C, or
   b. 2a is not met.
- 5. If baking is required, devices must be baked for 1 hours at 60±5 °C. Note: if device containers cannot be subjected to high temperature or shorter bake times are desired, reference IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure.

Bag seal due date: .

(if blank, see code label)

Note: Level and body temperature by IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020



SAMSUNG





E2R1PB

E2R1PB

EHE

SPHWHTL3D50CE4RTPF

GBAB94001 / I001 / 800 pcs

c **FL** us



#### ■ 주의 사항

이 알루미늄 지퍼 백은 습기 및 정전기로부터 제품을 보호하 기 위하여 제작되었습니다. 개봉 후에는 즉시 솔더 작업을 실 시하는 것을 권장합니다.

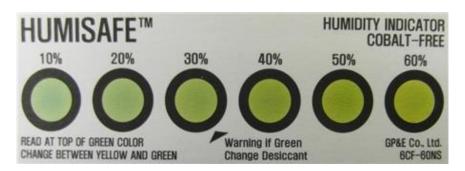
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#### ■ Important

This Al Zipper bag is designed to protect the enclosed products from moisture and ESD. Once opened, the products should be soldered onto the printed circuit board immediately. When not in use, please do not leave the products unprotected by the Al Zipper Bag. To repack unused products., please ensure the zip-lock is completely sealed with the dry pack left inside.

#### c) Silica Gel & Humidity Indicator Card inside Aluminum Vinyl Bag





Downloaded from **Arrow.com**.

#### 10. Precautions in Handling & Use

- 1) For over-current protection, users are recommended to apply resistors connected in series with the LEDs to mitigate sudden change of the forward current caused by shift of forward voltage.
- 2) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent, etc. When cleaning is required, IPA is recommended as the cleaning agent. Some solvent-based cleaning agent may damage the silicone resins used in the device.
- 3) When the device is in operation, the forward current should be carefully determined considering the maximum ambient temperature and corresponding junction temperature.
- 4) LEDs must be stored in a clean environment. Shelf life of sealed bags is 12 months at temperature 0~40 °C, 0~90 % RH.
- 5) After storage bag is opened, device subjected to soldering, solder reflow, or other high temperature processes must be:
  - a. Mounted within 672 hours (28 days) at an assembly line with a condition of no more than 30 ºC / 60 % RH, or
  - b. Stored at <10 % RH
- 6) Repack unused devices with anti-moisture packing, fold to close any opening and then store in a dry place.
- 7) Devices require baking before mounting, if humidity card reading is >60 % at  $23 \pm 5 \degree$ C.
- 8) Devices must be baked for 1 hour at  $60 \pm 5$  °C, if baking is required.
- 9) The LEDs are sensitive to the static electricity and surge current. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs. If voltage exceeding the absolute maximum rating is applied to LEDs, it may cause damage or even destruction to LED devices. Damaged LEDs may show some unusual characteristics such as increase in leakage current, lowered turn-on voltage, or abnormal lighting of LEDs at low current.
- 10) VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) can be generated from adhesives, flux, hardener or organic additives used in luminaires (fixtures). Transparent LED silicone encapsulant is permeable to those chemicals and they may lead to a discoloration of encapsulant when they exposed to heat or light. This phenomenon can cause a significant loss of light emitted (output) from the luminaires. In order to prevent these problems, we recommend users to know the physical properties of materials used in luminaires and they must be carefully selected.

# Legal and additional information.

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