# 128Mbit GDDR SDRAM

2M x 16Bit x 4 Banks
Graphic Double Data Rate
Synchronous DRAM

Revision 1.3 July 2007

# **Notice**

INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED IN RELATION TO SAMSUNG PRODUCTS, AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

NOTHING IN THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS GRANTING ANY LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE,

TO ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IN SAMSUNG PRODUCTS OR TECHNOLOGY. ALL INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED

ON AS "AS IS" BASIS WITHOUT GUARANTEE OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND.

- 1. For updates or additional information about Samsung products, contact your nearest Samsung office.
- Samsung products are not intended for use in life support, critical care, medical, safety equipment, or similar applications where Product failure could result in loss of life or personal or physical harm, or any military or defense application, or any governmental procurement to which special terms or provisions may apply.

<sup>\*</sup> Samsung Electronics reserves the right to change products or specification without notice.



# **Revision History**

Revision	Month	Year	History
0.0	January	2006	- Target Spec - Defined target specification
1.0	September	2006	- Added the Current Spec - Added the IBIS Data
1.1	October	2006	- Added and Revised the IBIS Data
1.2	November	2006	- Added power up comment
1.3	July	2007	- Revised voltage comment of power up sequence

# 2M x 16Bit x 4 Banks Double Data Rate Synchronous DRAM with Bi-directional Data Strobe and DLL

# 1.0 FEATURES

- 2.5V + 5% power supply for device operation
- 2.5V + 5% power supply for I/O interface
- · SSTL\_2 compatible inputs/outputs
- · 4 banks operation
- · MRS cycle with address key programs
  - -. Read latency 2,3(clock)
  - -. Burst length (2, 4 and 8)
  - -. Burst type (sequential & interleave)
- All inputs except data & DM are sampled at the positive going edge of the system clock
- · Differential clock input
- · Wrtie-Interrupted by Read Function

- 2 DQS's (1DQS / Byte)
- Data I/O transactions on both edges of Data strobe
- DLL aligns DQ and DQS transitions with Clock transition
- · Edge aligned data & data strobe output
- · Center aligned data & data strobe input
- · DM for write masking only
- · Auto & Self refresh
- 32ms refresh period (4K cycle)
- · Lead free 66pin TSOP-II (RoHS compliant)
- · Maximum clock frequency up to 250MHz
- · Maximum data rate up to 500Mbps/pin

### 2.0 ORDERING INFORMATION

Part NO.	Max Freq.	Max Data Rate	Interface	Package	
K4D261638K-LC40	250MHz	500Mbps/pin	SSTL 2	66pin TSOP-II	
K4D261638K-LC50	200MHz	400Mbps/pin	331L_2	00piii 130F-ii	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  K4D261638K-TC is the Leaded package part number.

# 3.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

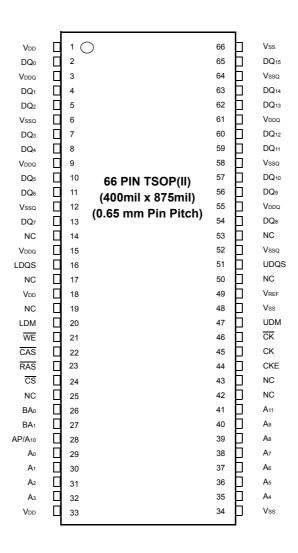
### FOR 2M x 16Bit x 4 Bank DDR SDRAM

The K4D261638K is 134,217,728 bits of hyper synchronous data rate Dynamic RAM organized as 4 x 2,097,152 words by 16 bits, fabricated with SAMSUNG's high performance CMOS technology. Synchronous features with Data Strobe allow extremely high performance up to 1GB/s/chip. I/O transactions are possible on both edges of the clock cycle. Range of operating frequencies, programmable burst length and programmable latencies allow the device to be useful for a variety of high performance memory system applications.



<sup>\*</sup> For K4D261638K-LC50. VDD & VDDQ = 2.375V to 2.7V.

# 4.0 PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)



# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

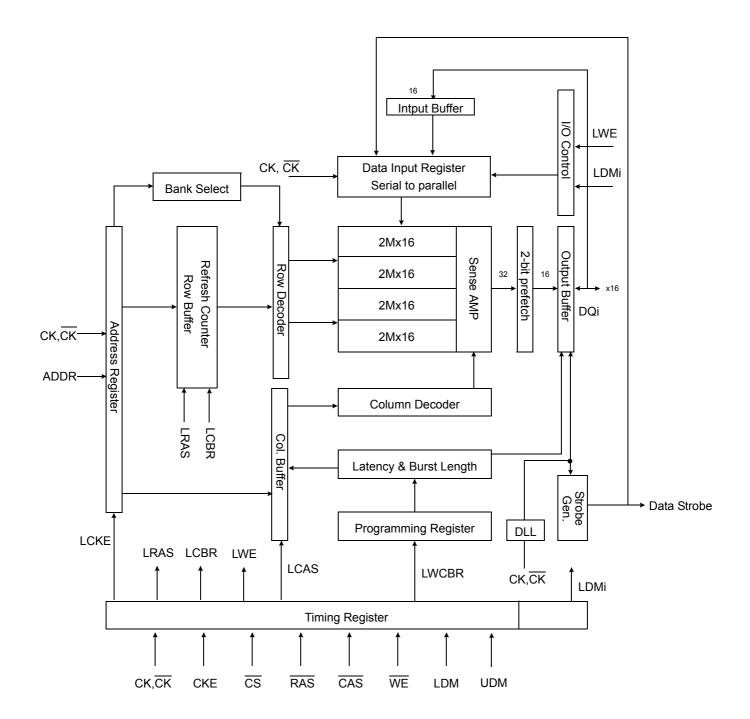
CK, CK	Differential Clock Input	BA0, BA1	Bank Select Address
CKE	Clock Enable	A0 ~A11	Address Input
CS	Chip Select	DQ0 ~ DQ15	Data Input/Output
RAS	Row Address Strobe	$V_{DD}$	Power
CAS	Column Address Strobe	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
WE	Write Enable	$V_{DDQ}$	Power for DQ's
L(U)DQS	Data Strobe	V <sub>SSQ</sub>	Ground for DQ's
L(U)DM	Data Mask	NC	No Connection
RFU	Reserved for Future Use		

# 5.0 INPUT/OUTPUT FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Symbol	Туре	Function
СК, <del>СК</del> *1	Input	The differential system clock Input.  All of the inputs are sampled on the rising edge of the clock except DQ's and DM's that are sampled on both edges of the DQS.
CKE	Input	Activates the CK signal when high and deactivates the $\overline{\text{CK}}$ signal when low. By deactivating the clock, CKE low indicates the Power down mode or Self refresh mode.
CS	Input	CS enables the command decoder when low and disabled the command decoder when high. When the command decoder is disabled, new commands are ignored but previous operations continue.
RAS	Input	Latches row addresses on the positive going edge of the CK with RAS low. Enables row access & precharge.
CAS	Input	Latches column addresses on the positive going edge of the CK with $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ low. Enables column access.
WE	Input	Enables write operation and row precharge. Latches data in starting from CAS, WE active.
LDQS,UDQS	Input/Output	Data input and output are synchronized with both edge of DQS.  For the x16, LDQS corresponds to the data on DQ0-DQ7; UDQS corresponds to the data on DQ8-DQ15.
LDM,UDM	Input	Data in Mask. Data In is masked by DM Latency=0 when DM is high in burst write. For the x16, LDM corresponds to the data on DQ0-DQ7; UDM correspons to the data on DQ8-DQ15.
DQ0 ~ DQ15	Input/Output	Data inputs/Outputs are multiplexed on the same pins.
BA0, BA1	Input	Selects which bank is to be active.
A0 ~ A11	Input	Row/Column addresses are multiplexed on the same pins. Row addresses: RA0 ~ RA11, Column addresses: CA0 ~ CA8.
V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>SS</sub>	Power Supply	Power and ground for the input buffers and core logic.
V <sub>DDQ</sub> /V <sub>SSQ</sub>	Power Supply	Isolated power supply and ground for the output buffers to provide improved noise immunity.
V <sub>REF</sub>	Power Supply	Reference voltage for inputs, used for SSTL interface.
NC/RFU	No connection/ Reserved for future use	This pin is recommended to be left "No connection" on the device

<sup>\*1 :</sup> The timing reference point for the differential clocking is the cross point of CK and  $\overline{\text{CK}}$ . For any applications using the single ended clocking, apply  $V_{\text{REF}}$  to  $\overline{\text{CK}}$  pin.

# 6.0 BLOCK DIAGRAM (2Mbit x 16I/O x 4 Bank)

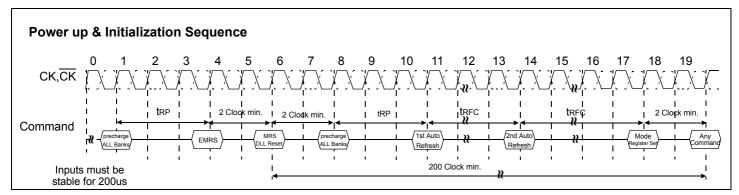


# 7.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

# 7.1 Power-Up Sequence

DDR SDRAMs must be powered up and initialized in a predefined manner to prevent undefined operations.

- 1. Apply power and keep CKE at low state (All other inputs may be undefined)
  - Apply  $V_{DD}$  before or with  $V_{DDQ}$  .
  - Apply  $V_{DDQ}$  before or with  $V_{REF}$  &  $V_{TT}$
  - The VDD voltage ramp time must be no greater than 200 ms from when VDD ramps from 300 mV to VDD min and the power voltage ramps are without any slope reversal
- 2. Start clock and maintain stable condition for minimum 200us.
- 3. The minimum of 200us after stable power and  $clock(CK,\overline{CK})$ , apply NOP and take CKE to be high.
- 4. Issue precharge command for all banks of the device.
- 5. Issue a EMRS command to enable DLL
- 6. Issue a MRS command to reset DLL. The additional 200 clock cycles are required to lock the DLL.
- \*1,2 7. Issue precharge command for all banks of the device.
  - 8. Issue at least 2 or more auto-refresh commands.
  - 9. Issue a mode register set command with A8 to low to initialize the mode register.

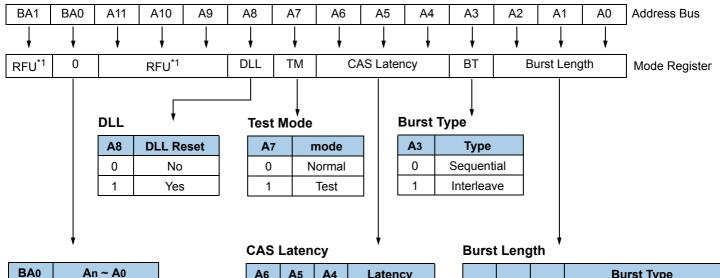


<sup>\*</sup> When the operating frequency is changed, DLL reset should be required again.

After DLL reset again, the minimum 200 cycles of clock input is needed to lock the DLL.

### 7.2 MODE REGISTER SET(MRS)

The mode register stores the data for controlling the various operating modes of DDR SDRAM. It programs CAS latency, addressing mode, burst length, test mode, DLL reset and various vendor specific options to make DDR SDRAM useful for variety of different applications. The default value of the mode register is not defined, therefore the mode register must be written after EMRS setting for proper operation. The mode register is written by asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  (The DDR SDRAM should be in active mode with  $\overline{CKE}$  already high prior to writing into the mode register). The state of address pins  $A_0 \sim A_{11}$  and  $BA_0$ ,  $BA_1$  in the same cycle as  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  going low is written in the mode register. Minimum two clock cycles are requested to complete the write operation in the mode register. The mode register contents can be changed using the same command and clock cycle requirements during operation as long as all banks are in the idle state. The mode register is divided into various fields depending on functionality. The burst length uses  $A_0 \sim A_2$ , addressing mode uses  $A_3$ , CAS latency(read latency from column address) uses  $A_4 \sim A_6$ .  $A_7$  is used for test mode.  $A_8$  is used for DLL reset.  $A_7A_8$ ,  $BA_0$  and  $BA_1$  must be set to low for normal MRS operation. Refer to the table for specific codes for various burst length, addressing modes and CAS latencies.



**MRS** 

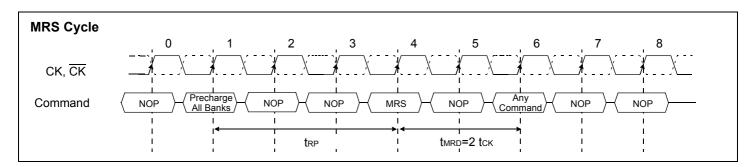
**EMRS** 

0

1

<b>A</b> 6	<b>A</b> 5	A4	Latency
0	0	0	Reserved
0	0	1	Reserved
0	1	0	2
0	1	1	3
1	0	0	Reserved
1	0	1	Reserved
1	1	0	Reserved
1	1	1	Reserved

<b>A</b> 2	<b>A</b> 1	A0	Burst	Туре
A2	Δ'	Αυ	Sequential	Interleave
0	0	0	Reserve	Reserve
0	0	1	2	2
0	1	0	4	4
0	1	1	8	8
1	0	0	Reserve	Reserve
1	0	1	Reserve	Reserve
1	1	0	Reserve	Reserve
1	1	1	Reserve	Reserve

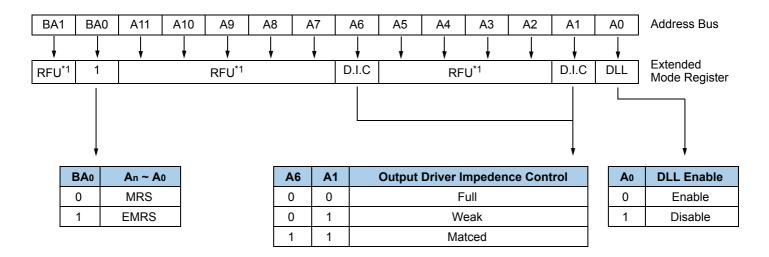


- \*1 : MRS can be issued only at all banks precharge state.
- \*2: Minimum tRP is required to issue MRS command.

<sup>\*1 :</sup> RFU(Reserved for future use) should stay "0" during MRS cycle.

## 7.3 EXTENDED MODE REGISTER SET(EMRS)

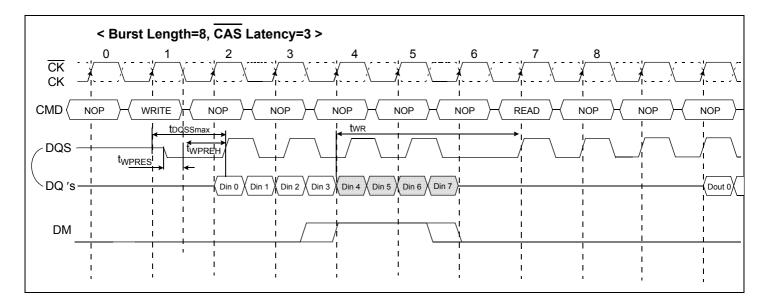
The extended mode register stores the data for enabling or disabling DLL and selecting output driver strength. The default value of the extended mode register is not defined, therefore the exten<u>ed mode register must</u> be written after power up for enabling or disabling DLL. The extended mode register is written by asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$  and high on BA0(The DDR SDRAM should be in all bank precharge with CKE already high prior to writing into the extended mode register). The state of address pins A0, A2  $\sim$  A5, A7  $\sim$  A11 and BA1 in the same cycle as  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  going low are written in the extended mode register. A1 and A6 are used for setting driver strength to normal, weak or matched impedance. Two clock cycles are required to complete the write operation in the extended mode register. The mode register contents can be changed using the same command and clock cycle requirements during operation as long as all banks are in the idle state. A0 is used for DLL enable or disable. "High" on BA0 is used for EMRS. All the other address pins except A0,A1,A6 and BA0 must be set to low for proper EMRS operation. Refer to the table for specific codes.



<sup>\*1 :</sup> RFU(Reserved for future use) should stay "0" during EMRS cycle.

### 7.4 WRITE INTERRUPTED BY A READ

A burst write can be interrupted by a read command of any bank. The DQ's must be in the high impedance state at least one clock cycle before the interrupting read data appear on the outputs to avoid data contention. When the read command is registered, any residual data from the burst write cycle must be masked by DM. The delay from the last data to read command (tCDLR) is required to avoid the data contention DRAM inside. Data that are presented on the DQ pins before the read command is initiated will actually be written to the memory. Read command interrupting write can not be issued at the next clock edge of that of write command.



The following function established how a Read command may interrupt a Write burst and which input data is not written into the memory.

- 1. For Read commands interrupting a Write burst, the minimum Write to Read command delay is 2 clock cycles. The case where the Write to Read delay is 1 clock cycle is disallowed
- 2. For Read commands interrupting a Write burst, the DM pin must be used to mask the input data words which immediately precede the interrupting Read operation and the input data word which immediately follows the interrupting Read operation
- 3. For all cases of a Read interrupting a Write, the DQ and DQS buses must be released by the driving chip (i.e., the memory controller) in time to allow the buses to turn around before the DDR SDRAM drives them during a read operation.
- 4. If input Write data is masked by the Read command, the DQS input is ignored by the DDR SDRAM.
- 5. Refer to "3.3.2 Burst write operation"

### 8.0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to Vss	VIN, VOUT	-0.5 ~ 3.6	V
Voltage on VDD supply relative to Vss	VDD	-1.0 ~ 3.6	V
Voltage on VDD supply relative to Vss	VDDQ	-0.5 ~ 3.6	V
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 ~ <b>+</b> 150	°C
Power dissipation	PD	2.0	W
Short circuit current	los	50	mA

Note: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded.

Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.

Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

### 9.0 AC & DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

# 9.1 POWER & DC OPERATING CONDITIONS(SSTL\_2 In/Out)

Recommended operating conditions(Voltage referenced to Vss=0V, Ta=0 to 65°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Device Supply voltage	$V_{DD}$	2.375	2.50	2.625	V	1, 7
Output Supply voltage	$V_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$	2.375	2.50	2.625	V	1, 7
Reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	0.49*V <sub>DDQ</sub>	-	0.51*V <sub>DDQ</sub>	V	2
Termination voltage	V <sub>tt</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> -0.04	$V_{REF}$	V <sub>REF</sub> +0.04	V	3
Input logic high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> +0.15	-	V <sub>DDQ</sub> +0.30	V	4
Input logic low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.30	-	V <sub>REF</sub> -0.15	V	5
Output logic high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>tt</sub> +0.76	-	-	V	I <sub>OH</sub> =-15.2mA
Output logic low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	-	V <sub>tt</sub> -0.76	V	I <sub>OL</sub> =+15.2mA
Input leakage current	I <sub>IL</sub>	-5	-	5	uA	6
Output leakage current	I <sub>OL</sub>	-5	-	5	uA	6

#### Note:

- 1. Under all conditions  $V_{DDQ}$  must be less than or equal to  $V_{DD}$ .
- 2.  $V_{REF}$  is expected to equal  $0.50*V_{DDQ}$  of the transmitting device and to track variations in the DC level of the same. Peak to peak noise on the  $V_{REF}$  may not exceed + 2% of the DC value. Thus, from  $0.50*V_{DDQ}$ ,  $V_{REF}$  is allowed + 25mV for DC error and an additional + 25mV for AC noise.
- 3.  $V_{tt}$  of the transmitting device must track  $V_{\text{REF}}$  of the receiving device.
- 4.  $V_{IH}(max.) = V_{DDQ} + 1.5V$  for a pulse width and it can not be greater than 1/3 of the cycle rate.
- 5.  $V_{IL}$ (mim.)= -1.5V for a pulse width and it can not be greater than 1/3 of the cycle rate.
- 6. For any pin under test input of  $0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD}$  is acceptable. For all other pins that are not under test  $V_{IN} = 0V$ .
- 7. For K4D261638K-LC50,  $V_{DD}$  &  $V_{DDQ}$  = 2.375V to 2.7V.

## 9.2 DC CHARACTERISTICS

Recommended operating conditions Unless Otherwise Noted (TA=0 to 65°C)

Parameter	Symbol Test Condition		Vers	Unit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	rest Condition	-40	-50	Onit	Note
Operating Current (One Bank Active)	ICC1	Burst Lenth=2 tRc ≥ tRc(min) loL=0mA, tcc= tcc(min)	200	180	mA	1, 2
Precharge Standby Current in Power-down mode	Icc2P	CKE ≤ VIL(max), tcc= tcc(min)	45	40	mA	1, 2
Precharge Standby Current in Non Power-down mode	Icc2N	$\begin{aligned} &CKE \geq VIH(min), \ \overline{CS} \geq VIH(min), \\ &tcc= \ tcc(min). \end{aligned}$	70	60	mA	1, 2
Active Standby Current power-down mode	ІссзР	CKE ≤ VIL(max), tcc= tcc(min)	85	70	mA	1, 2
Active Standby Current in in Non Power-down mode	Icc3N	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{split} CKE &\geq VIH(min), \ \overline{CS} \geq VIH(min), \\ tcc &= tcc(min) \ . \end{split}$	135	110	mA	1, 2
Operating Current (Burst Mode)	ICC4	IoL=0mA ,tcc= tcc(min), Page Burst, All Banks activated.	350	300	mA	1, 2
Refresh Current	ICC5	trc ≥ trfc(min)	200	180	mA	1, 2,3
Self Refresh Current	Icc6	CKE ≤ 0.2V	10	10	mA	1, 2

#### Note:

- 1. Measured with output open.
- 2. Current meassured at  $V_{DD}(max)$ .
- 3. Refresh period is 32ms.

### 9.3 AC INPUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

Recommended operating conditions(Voltage referenced to Vss=0V, VDD=2.5V±5%, VDDQ=2.5V±5%, TA=0 to 65°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage; DQ	$V_{IH}$	V <sub>REF</sub> +0.35	-	-	V	
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage; DQ	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	-	V <sub>REF</sub> -0.35	V	
Clock Input Differential Voltage; CK and CK	V <sub>ID</sub>	0.7	-	V <sub>DDQ</sub> +0.6	V	1
Clock Input Crossing Point Voltage; CK and $\overline{\text{CK}}$	V <sub>IX</sub>	0.5*V <sub>DDQ</sub> -0.2	-	0.5*V <sub>DDQ</sub> +0.2	V	2

#### Note:

- 1.  $V_{ID}$  is the magnitude of the difference between the input level on CK and the input level on  $\overline{CK}$ .
- 2. The value of  $V_{IX}$  is expected to equal  $0.5*V_{DDQ}$  of the transmitting device and must track variations in the DC level of the same.
- 3. For K4D261638J-LC50,  $V_{DD}$  &  $V_{DDQ}$  = 2.375V to 2.7V.

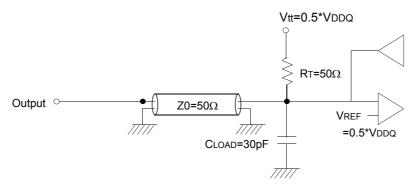
### 9.4 AC OPERATING TEST CONDITIONS

 $(VDD=2.5V + 5\%^{*2}, TA=0 \text{ to } 65^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter	Value	Unit	Note
Input reference voltage for CK(for single ended)	0.50*V <sub>DDQ</sub>	V	1
CK and CK signal maximum peak swing	1.5	V	
CK signal minimum slew rate	1.0	V/ns	
Input Levels(VIH/VIL)	V <sub>REF</sub> +0.35/V <sub>REF</sub> -0.35	V	
Input timing measurement reference level	$V_{REF}$	V	
Output timing measurement reference level	V <sub>tt</sub>	V	
Output load condition	See Fig.1		

#### Note:

- 1. In case of differential clocks(CK and  $\overline{\text{CK}}$  ), input reference voltage for clock is a CK and  $\overline{\text{CK}}$ 's crossing point.
- 2. For K4D261638J-LC50,  $V_{DD}$  &  $V_{DDQ}$  = 2.375V to 2.7V.



(Fig. 1) Output Load Circuit

### 9.5 CAPACITANCE

(VDD=2.5V, TA= 25°C, f=1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input capacitance( CK, CK)	CIN1	1.0	5.0	pF
Input capacitance(Ao~A11, BAo~BA1)	CIN2	1.0	4.0	pF
Input capacitance( CKE, CS, RAS, CAS, WE)	Сімз	1.0	4.0	pF
Data & DQS input/output capacitance(DQ0~DQ15)	Соит	1.0	6.5	pF
Input capacitance(DM0 ~ DM3)	CIN4	1.0	6.5	pF

### **DECOUPLING CAPACITANCE GUIDE LINE**

Recommended decoupling capacitance added to power line at board.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Decoupling Capacitance between VDD and Vss	CDC1	0.1 + 0.01	uF
Decoupling Capacitance between VDDQ and VSSQ	CDC2	0.1 + 0.01	uF

- 1.  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDQ}$  pins are separated each other. All  $V_{DD}$  pins are connected in chip. All  $V_{DDQ}$  pins are connected in chip.
- 2.  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{SSQ}$  pins are separated each other. All  $V_{SS}$  pins are connected in chip. All  $V_{SSQ}$  pins are connected in chip.

### 9.6 AC CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	-4	10	-5	50	Unit	Nata
Parameter	Farameter		Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Note
CK avalatima	CL=2	tCK	7.5	10	7.5	10	ns	
CK cycle time	CL=3	tCK	4.0	10	5.0	10	ns	
CK high level width		tCH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
CK low level width		tCL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
DQS out access time from CK		tDQSCK	-0.6	0.6	-0.7	0.7	ns	
Output access time from CK		tAC	-0.6	0.6	-0.7	0.7	ns	
Data strobe edge to Dout edge		tDQSQ	-	0.4	-	0.45	ns	1
Read preamble		tRPRE	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK	
Read postamble		tRPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
CK to valid DQS-in		tDQSS	0.85	1.15	0.8	1.2	tCK	
DQS-In setup time		tWPRES	0	-	0	-	ns	
DQS-in hold time		tWPREH	0.35	-	0.3	-	tCK	
DQS write postamble		tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
DQS-In high level width		tDQSH	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
DQS-In low level width		tDQSL	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
Address and Control input setup		tIS	0.9	-	1.0	-	ns	
Address and Control input hold		tIH	0.9	-	1.0	-	ns	
DQ and DM setup time to DQS		tDS	0.4	-	0.45	-	ns	
DQ and DM hold time to DQS		tDH	0.4	-	0.45	-	ns	
Clock half period		tHP	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	ns	1
Data output hold time from DQS		tQH	tHP-0.4	-	tHP-0.45	-	ns	1

#### Note 1:

- The JEDEC DDR specification currently defines the output data valid window(tDV) as the time period when the data strobe and all data associated with that data strobe are coincidentally valid.
- The previously used definition of tDV(=0.35tCK) artificially penalizes system timing budgets by assuming the worst case output vaild window even then the clock duty cycle applied to the device is better than 45/55%
- A new AC timing term, tQH which stands for data output hold time from DQS is difined to account for clock duty cycle variation and replaces tDV
- tQHmin = tHP-X where
- . tHP=Minimum half clock period for any given cycle and is defined by clock high or clock low time(tCH,tCL)
- . X=A frequency dependent timing allowance account for tDQSQmax



# AC CHARACTERISTICS (II)\_Continued

Parameter	Symbol	-4	10	-5	Unit	Note	
r ai ainetei	Зуппоп	Min	Max	Min	Max	Oilit	Note
Row cycle time	tRC	52	-	55	-	ns	
Refresh row cycle time	tRFC	60	-	70		ns	
Row active time	tRAS	36	100K	40	100K	ns	
RAS to CAS delay for Read	tRCDRD	16	-	15	-	ns	
RAS to CAS delay for Write	tRCDWR	8	-	10	-	ns	2
Row precharge time	tRP	16	-	15	-	ns	
Row active to Row active	tRRD	12	-	10		ns	
Last data in to Row precharge @Normal Precharge	tWR	3	-	3	-	tCK	1
Last data in to Row precharge @Auto Precharge	tWR_A	3	-	3	-	tCK	1
Last data in to Read command	tCDLR	2	-	2	-	tCK	1
Col. address to Col. address	tCCD	1	-	1	-	tCK	
Mode register set cycle time	tMRD	2	-	2	-	tCK	
Auto precharge write recovery + Precharge	tDAL	7	-	6	-	tCK	
Exit self refresh to read command	tXSR	200	-	200	-	tCK	
Power down exit time	tPDEX	3tCK+tIS	-	3tCK+tIS	-	ns	
Refresh interval time	tREF	-	7.8	-	7.8	us	

#### Note:

- 1. For normal write operation, even numbers of Din are to be written inside DRAM.
- 2. tRCDWR should be always greater or equal to 2tCK.

# AC CHARACTERISTICS (III)\_Continued

(Unit: Number of Clock)

### K4D261638K-LC40

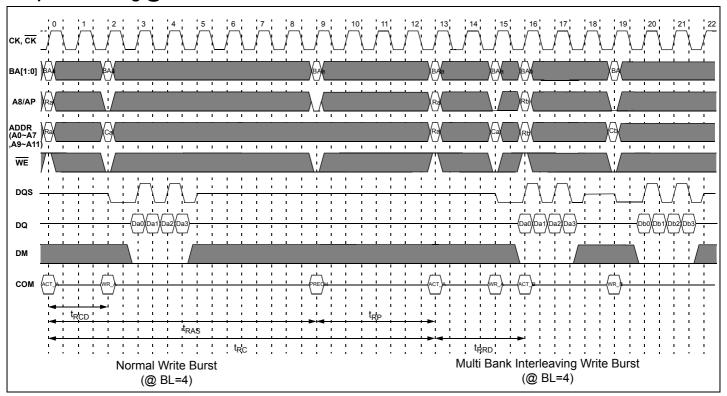
Frequency	Cas Latency	tRC	tRFC	tRAS	tRCDRD	tRCDWR	tRP	tRRD	tDAL	Unit
250MHz ( 4.0ns )	3	13	15	9	4	2	4	3	7	tCK
200MHz ( 5.0ns )	3	11	14	8	3	2	3	2	6	tCK
133MHz ( 7.5ns )	3 or 2	7	8	5	3	2	3	2	4	tCK

### K4D261638K-LC50

Frequency	Cas Latency	tRC	tRFC	tRAS	tRCDRD	tRCDWR	tRP	tRRD	tDAL	Unit
200MHz ( 5.0ns )	3	11	14	8	3	2	3	2	6	tCK
133MHz ( 7.5ns )	3 or 2	8	10	6	2	2	2	2	4	tCK

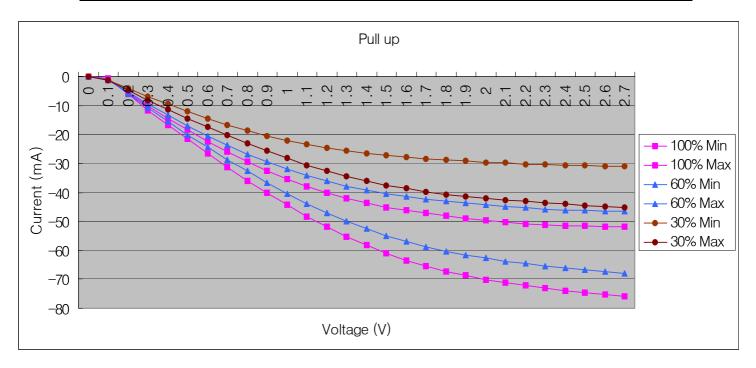
# **10.0 SIMPLIFIED TIMING**

# Simplified Timing @ BL=4



IBIS: Pull up

	Pullup Cu	rrent(mA)	Pullup Cur	rent(mA)	Pullup Cu	ırrent(mA)
Voltage	100% Min	100% Max	60% Min	60% Max	30% Min	30% Max
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.10	-1.00	-0.76	-1.16	-1.00	-1.28	-1.24
0.20	-5.64	-6.16	-5.40	-5.92	-4.20	-4.72
0.30	-10.08	-11.56	-9.40	-10.80	-7.00	-8.08
0.40	-14.40	-16.68	-13.32	-15.48	-9.64	-11.28
0.50	-18.40	-21.60	-17.00	-20.08	-12.04	-14.40
0.60	-22.32	-26.64	-20.40	-24.40	-14.44	-17.44
0.70	-26.00	-31.32	-23.76	-28.68	-16.68	-20.32
0.80	-29.40	-35.96	-26.72	-32.72	-18.64	-23.12
0.90	-32.52	-40.24	-29.48	-36.60	-20.40	-25.72
1.00	-35.44	-44.36	-32.00	-40.36	-22.04	-28.20
1.10	-37.92	-48.40	-34.20	-43.92	-23.44	-30.52
1.20	-40.20	-51.92	-36.20	-47.04	-24.64	-32.52
1.30	-42.08	-55.36	-37.80	-49.96	-25.64	-34.40
1.40	-43.76	-58.32	-39.20	-52.60	-26.48	-36.04
1.50	-45.16	-61.00	-40.40	-54.92	-27.20	-37.48
1.60	-46.28	-63.40	-41.40	-57.00	-27.84	-38.64
1.70	-47.24	-65.48	-42.28	-58.76	-28.32	-39.72
1.80	-48.12	-67.20	-43.00	-60.24	-28.76	-40.64
1.90	-48.88	-68.76	-43.68	-61.60	-29.20	-41.40
2.00	-49.56	-70.08	-44.28	-62.72	-29.60	-42.04
2.10	-50.20	-71.24	-44.84	-63.72	-29.88	-42.64
2.20	-50.76	-72.24	-45.32	-64.60	-30.20	-43.16
2.30	-51.36	-73.16	-45.80	-65.36	-30.48	-43.68
2.40	-51.41	-73.96	-46.10	-66.16	-30.65	-44.08
2.50	-51.63	-74.72	-46.31	-66.76	-30.81	-44.52
2.60	-51.71	-75.40	-46.49	-67.40	-30.97	-44.88
2.70	-51.92	-76.04	-46.61	-67.92	-31.10	-45.24



**IBIS: Pull down** 

	Pulldown C	Current(mA)	Pulldown C	urrent(mA)	Pulldown (	Current(mA)
Voltage	100% Min	100% Max	60% Min	60% Max	30% Min	30% Max
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.10	1.24	0.84	1.24	0.96	1.36	1.24
0.20	6.72	7.28	5.96	6.48	4.64	5.24
0.30	12.00	13.68	10.48	12.12	7.72	9.04
0.40	17.16	19.88	14.80	17.44	10.68	12.76
0.50	21.84	25.88	18.80	22.60	13.44	16.24
0.60	26.16	31.52	22.56	27.48	15.92	19.64
0.70	30.32	37.12	26.04	32.20	18.08	22.84
0.80	33.92	42.44	28.96	36.64	20.00	25.80
0.90	37.00	47.28	31.56	40.80	21.52	28.40
1.00	39.68	51.80	33.72	44.52	22.72	30.76
1.10	41.76	55.84	35.32	47.72	23.64	32.64
1.20	43.32	59.24	36.52	50.48	24.24	34.20
1.30	44.48	62.12	37.44	52.72	24.76	35.40
1.40	45.36	64.40	38.04	54.48	25.12	36.24
1.50	46.00	66.16	38.60	55.88	25.36	37.00
1.60	46.44	67.48	39.00	56.84	25.60	37.48
1.70	46.88	68.56	39.32	57.64	25.84	37.88
1.80	47.20	69.28	39.68	58.24	26.00	38.20
1.90	47.56	69.88	39.88	58.72	26.20	38.48
2.00	47.88	70.40	40.12	59.12	26.32	38.68
2.10	48.12	70.84	40.36	59.44	26.48	38.88
2.20	48.36	71.20	40.56	59.72	26.60	39.08
2.30	48.60	71.56	40.76	60.00	26.76	39.24
2.40	48.80	71.88	40.96	60.28	26.84	39.40
2.50	49.04	72.16	41.16	60.48	26.96	39.60
2.60	49.24	72.40	41.36	60.72	27.12	39.68
2.70	49.48	72.64	41.52	60.92	27.20	39.84

