# 18Mb NtRAM<sup>TM</sup> Specification

# 100 TQFP with Pb & Pb-Free (RoHS compliant)

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# **Document Title**

### 512Kx36 & 1Mx18-Bit Pipelined NtRAM<sup>™</sup>

# **Revision History**

<u>Rev. No.</u>	<u>History</u>				<u>Draft</u>	Date	<u>Remark</u>			
0.0 0.1 0.2	1. Add x32	G Scan Ord org and indu	strial temperation	ature.	March. May. Aug.	21. 2001 10. 2001 30. 2001	Preliminary Preliminary Preliminary			
0.3	0.21. Add x32 org and industrial temperature . 2. Add 165FBGA package0.31. Speed bin merge. From K7N1636(32/18)09A to K7N1636(32/18)01A.2. AC parameter change. tOH(min)/tLZC(min) from 0.8 to 1.5 at -25 tOH(min)/tLZC(min) from 1.0 to 1.5 at -22 tOH(min)/tLZC(min) from 1.0 to 1.5 at -201.01. Final spec release.2.01. Release lcc on page 14. $part \#$ From To -25-22400430					Dec. 26. 2001 Prelimin				
1.0	1. Final spe	ec release.			May. 1	0 .2002	Final			
2.0	1. Release	lcc on page	14.		May. 2	2. 2002	Final			
	part #	From	То							
	-25	440	470							
	-22	400	430							
	-20	370	400							
	-16	340	350							
	-13	280	290							
2.1		19BGA pack he Ball Size	age. of 165 FBGA		April. 0	4. 2003	Final			
3.0	1. Delete x3 2. Delete th	32 Org. ie 225MHz s	peed bin		Nov. 1	7, 2003	Final			

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# 16Mb NtRAM(Flow Through / Pipelined) Ordering Information

Org.	Part Number	Mode	VDD	Speed FT ; Access Time(ns) Pipelined ; Cycle Time(MHz)	PKG	Temp
	K7M161825A-QC(I)65/75	FlowThrough	3.3	6.5/7.5 ns		С
1Mx18	K7N161801A-Q(F)C(I)25/20/16/13	Pipelined	3.3	250/200/167/133MHz		; Commercial
	K7N161845A-Q(F)C(I)25/20/16/13	Pipelined	2.5	250/200/167/133MHz	Q : 100TQFP	Temp.Range
	K7M163625A-QC(I)65/75	FlowThrough	3.3	6.5/7.5 ns	F:165FBGA	I
512Kx36	K7N163601A-Q(F)C(I)25/20/16/13	Pipelined	3.3	250/200/167/133MHz		; Industrial
	K7N163645A-Q(F)C(I)25/20/16/13	Pipelined	2.5	250/200/167/133MHz		Temp.Range



#### **FEATURES**

- 3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V Power Supply.
- I/O Supply Voltage 3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V for 3.3V I/O
- or 2.5V+0.4V/-0.125V for 2.5V I/O.
- Byte Writable Function.
- Enable clock and suspend operation.
- Single READ/WRITE control pin.
- Self-Timed Write Cycle.
- Three Chip Enable for simple depth expansion with no datacontention .
- · A interleaved burst or a linear burst mode.
- Asynchronous output enable control.
- · Power Down mode.
- 100-TQFP-1420A
- 165FBGA(11x15 ball aray) with body size of 13mmx15mm.
- Operating in commeical and industrial temperature range.

# FAST ACCESS TIMES

PARAMETER	Symbol	-25	-20	-16	-13	Unit
Cycle Time	tCYC	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.5	ns
Clock Access Time	tCD	2.6	3.2	3.5	4.2	ns
Output Enable Access Time	tOE	2.6	3.2	3.5	4.2	ns

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The K7N163601A and K7N161801A are 18,874,368-bits Synchronous Static SRAMs.

The NtRAM<sup>™</sup>, or No Turnaround Random Access Memory utilizes all the bandwidth in any combination of operating cycles. Address, data inputs, and all control signals except output enable and linear burst order are synchronized to input clock. Burst order control must be tied "High or Low".

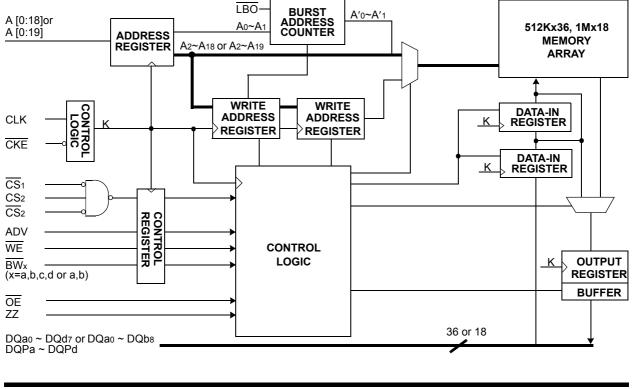
Asynchronous inputs include the sleep mode enable(ZZ).

Output Enable controls the outputs at any given time. Write cycles are internally self-timed and initiated by the rising edge of the clock input. This feature eliminates complex off-chip write pulse generation

and provides increased timing flexibility for incoming signals. For read cycles, pipelined SRAM output data is temporarily stored by an edge triggered output register and then released to the output buffers at the next rising edge of clock.

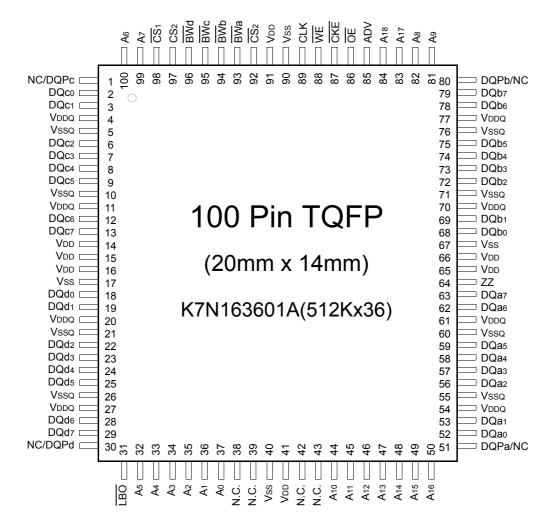
The K7N163601A and K7N161801A are implemented with SAMSUNG's high performance CMOS technology and is available in 100pin TQFP and 165FBGA packages. Multiple power and ground pins minimize ground bounce.

# LOGIC BLOCK DIAGRAM





### PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)



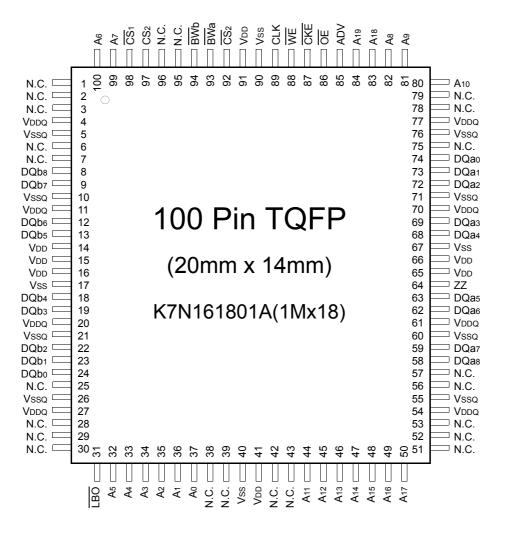
#### **PIN NAME**

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.	SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.
A0 - A18	Address Inputs	32,33,34,35,36,37,44	Vdd	Power Supply(+3.3V)	14,15,16,41,65,66,91
		45,46,47,48,49,50,81	Vss	Ground	17,40,67,90
		82,83,84,99,100			
ADV	Address Advance/Load	85	N.C.	No Connect	38,39,42,43
WE	Read/Write Control Input	88			
CLK	Clock	89	DQao~a7	Data Inputs/Outputs	52,53,56,57,58,59,62,63
CKE	Clock Enable	87	DQbo~b7	Data Inputs/Outputs	68,69,72,73,74,75,78,79
CS1	Chip Select	98	DQc0~c7	Data Inputs/Outputs	2,3,6,7,8,9,12,13
CS <sub>2</sub>	Chip Select	97	DQdo~d7	Data Inputs/Outputs	18,19,22,23,24,25,28,29
CS <sub>2</sub>	Chip Select	92	DQPa~P₀	Data Inputs/Outputs	51,80,1,30
BWx(x=a,b,c,d)	Byte Write Inputs	93,94,95,96	or NC		
OE	Output Enable	86			
ZZ LBO	Power Sleep Mode	64	Vddq	Output Power Supply	4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77
LBO	Burst Mode Control	31		(3.3V or 2.5V)	
			Vssq	Output Ground	5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76

Note: 1. Ao and A1 are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.



### PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)



#### **PIN NAME**

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.	SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.
A0 - A19	Address Inputs	32,33,34,35,36,37,44	Vdd	Power Supply(+3.3V)	14,15,16,41,65,66,91
		45,46,47,48,49,50,80	Vss	Ground	17,40,67,90
		81,82,83,84,99,100			
ADV	Address Advance/Load	85	N.C.	No Connect	1,2,3,6,7,25,28,29,30,
WE	Read/Write Control Input	88			38,39,42,43,51,52,53,
CLK	Clock	89			56,57,75,78,79,95,96
CKE CS1	Clock Enable	87			
CS <sub>1</sub>	Chip Select	98	DQao~a8	Data Inputs/Outputs	58,59,62,63,68,69,72,73,74
CS <sub>2</sub>	Chip Select	97	DQbo~b8	Data Inputs/Outputs	8,9,12,13,18,19,22,23,24
CS <sub>2</sub>	Chip Select	92			
BWx(x=a,b)	Byte Write Inputs	93,94			
OE	Output Enable	86	VDDQ	Output Power Supply	4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77
ZZ LBO	Power Sleep Mode	64		(3.3V or 2.5V)	
LBO	Burst Mode Control	31	Vssq	Output Ground	5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76

NOTE : An and A1 are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.



# 165-PIN FBGA PACKAGE CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW)

#### K7N163601A(512Kx36)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	NC	А	CS1	BWc	BWb	CS2	CKE	ADV	А	А	NC
В	NC	А	CS2	BWd	BWa	CLK	WE	OE	А	А	NC
С	DQPc	NC	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	DQPb
D	DQc	DQc	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQb	DQb
Е	DQc	DQc	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vdd	VDDQ	DQb	DQb
F	DQc	DQc	Vddq	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	Vddq	DQb	DQb
G	DQc	DQc	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQb	DQb
н	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	NC	NC	ZZ
J	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
к	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
L	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
м	DQd	DQd	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	DQa
N	DQPd	NC	VDDQ	Vss	NC	NC	NC	Vss	VDDQ	NC	DQPa
Р	NC	NC	А	А	TDI	A1*	TDO	A	А	А	NC
R	LBO	NC	А	А	TMS	A0*	тск	А	А	А	А

Note : \* A0 and A1 are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

#### **PIN NAME**

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	PIN NAME
А	Address Inputs	Vdd	Power Supply
		Vss	Ground
A0,A1	Burst Address Inputs		
ADV	Address Advance/Load	N.C.	No Connect
WE	Read/Write Control Input		
CLK	Clock	DQa	Data Inputs/Outputs
CKE	Clock Enable	DQb	Data Inputs/Outputs
CS <sub>1</sub>	Chip Select	DQc	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\frac{CS^2}{CS^2}$	Chip Select	DQd	Data Inputs/Outputs
	Chip Select	DQPa~Pd	Data Inputs/Outputs
BWx	Byte Write Inputs		
(x=a,b,c,d)		Vddq	Output Power Supply
OE	Output Enable		
ZZ LBO	Power Sleep Mode		
LBO	Burst Mode Control		
тск	JTAG Test Clock		
TMS	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	JTAG Test Data Input		
TDO	JTAG Test Data Output		
TMS TDI	JTAG Test Mode Select JTAG Test Data Input		



# 165-PIN FBGA PACKAGE CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW)

#### K7N161801A(1Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	NC	А	CS1	BWb	NC	CS2	CKE	ADV	А	А	А
В	NC	А	CS2	NC	BWa	CLK	WE	OE	А	А	NC
С	NC	NC	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	DQPa
D	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
Е	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
F	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
G	NC	DQb	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	DQa
н	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	NC	NC	ZZ
J	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
к	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
L	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
м	DQb	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	DQa	NC
N	DQPb	NC	VDDQ	Vss	NC	NC	NC	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC
Р	NC	NC	А	А	TDI	A1*	TDO	А	А	А	NC
R	LBO	NC	А	А	TMS	A0*	тск	А	А	А	А

Note : \* A0 and A1 are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.

#### **PIN NAME**

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	PIN NAME
А	Address Inputs	Vdd	Power Supply
		Vss	Ground
A0,A1	Burst Address Inputs		
ADV	Address Advance/Load	N.C.	No Connect
WE	Read/Write Control Input		
CLK	Clock		
CKE CS1	Clock Enable	DQa	Data Inputs/Outputs
	Chip Select	DQb	Data Inputs/Outputs
CS2 CS2 BWx	Chip Select	DQPa, Pb	Data Inputs/Outputs
CS <sub>2</sub>	Chip Select		
BWx	Byte Write Inputs	Vddq	Output Power Supply
(x=a,b)			
OE	Output Enable		
	Power Sleep Mode		
ZZ LBO	Burst Mode Control		
200			
тск	JTAG Test Clock		
TMS	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	JTAG Test Data Input		
TDO	JTAG Test Data Output		
TMS TDI	JTAG Test Mode Select JTAG Test Data Input		



# FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

The K7N163601A and K7N161801A are N*t*RAM<sup>™</sup> designed to sustain 100% bus bandwidth by eliminating turnaround cycle when there is transition from Read to Write, or vice versa.

All inputs (with the exception of OE, LBO and ZZ) are synchronized to rising clock edges.

All read, write and deselect cycles are initiated by the ADV input. Subsequent burst addresses can be internally generated by the burst advance pin (ADV). ADV should be driven to Low once the device has been deselected in order to load a new address for next operation.

Clock Enable( $\overline{CKE}$ ) pin allows the operation of the chip to be suspended as long as necessary. When  $\overline{CKE}$  is high, all synchronous inputs are ignored and the internal device registers will hold their previous values.

N*t*RAM<sup>TM</sup> latches external address and initiates a cycle, when  $\overline{CKE}$ , ADV are driven to low and all three chip enables( $\overline{CS}_1$ ,  $CS_2$ ,  $\overline{CS}_2$ ) are active .

Output Enable( $\overline{OE}$ ) can be used to disable the output at any given time.

Read operation is initiated when at the rising edge of the clock, the address presented to the address inputs are latched in the address register,  $\overline{CKE}$  is driven low, all three chip enables( $\overline{CS}_1$ ,  $\overline{CS}_2$ ,  $\overline{CS}_2$ ) are active, the write enable input signals  $\overline{WE}$  are driven high, and ADV driven low. The internal array is read between the first rising edge and the second rising edge of the clock and the data is latched in the output register. At the second clock edge the data is driven out of the SRAM. Also during read operation  $\overline{OE}$  must be driven low for the device to drive out the requested data.

Write operation occurs when  $\overline{WE}$  is driven low at the rising edge of the clock.  $\overline{BW}$ [d:a] can be used for byte write operation. The pipelined N*t*RAM<sup>TM</sup> uses a late-late write cycle to utilize 100% of the bandwidth.

At the first rising edge of the clock, WE and address are registered, and the data associated with that address is required two cycle later.

Subsequent addresses are generated by ADV High for the burst access as shown below. The starting point of the burst sequence is provided by the external address. The burst address counter wraps around to its initial state upon completion. The burst sequence is determined by the state of the LBO pin. When this pin is low, linear burst sequence is selected. And when this pin is high, Interleaved burst sequence is selected.

During normal operation, ZZ must be driven low. When ZZ is driven high, the SRAM will enter a Power Sleep Mode after 2 cycles. At this time, internal state of the SRAM is preserved. When ZZ returns to low, the SRAM normally operates after 2 cycles of wake up time.

						(		,	
LBO PIN	HIGH	Case 1		Case 2		Case 3		Case 4	
LBOPIN	mon	<b>A</b> 1	A0						
Fi	rst Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
		0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
	$\downarrow$	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Fou	urth Address	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0

# **BURST SEQUENCE TABLE**

#### (Linear Burst, LBO=Low)

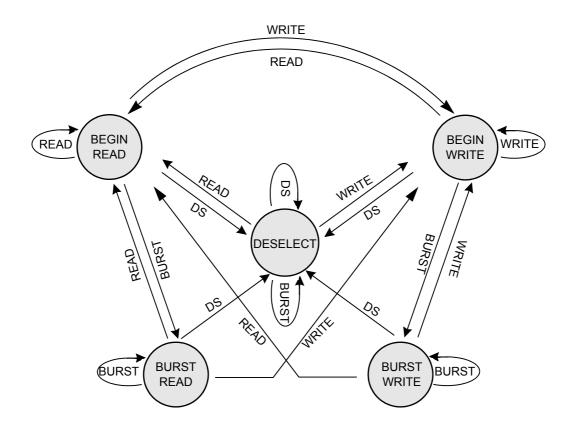
(Interleaved Burst I BO=High)

	LOW	Case 1		Case 2		Case 3		Case 4	
LDOTIN	LOW	<b>A</b> 1	A0						
Fi	rst Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
		0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
	$\downarrow$	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Fou	urth Address	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0

Note : 1. LBO pin must be tied to High or Low, and Floating State must not be allowed.



## STATE DIAGRAM FOR NtRAM™



COMMAND	ACTION
DS	DESELECT
READ	BEGIN READ
WRITE	BEGIN WRITE
BURST	BEGIN READ BEGIN WRITE CONTINUE DESELECT

Notes : 1. An IGNORE CLOCK EDGE cycle is not shown is the above diagram. This is because CKE HIGH only blocks the clock(CLK) input and does not change the state of the device.

2. States change on the rising edge of the clock(CLK)



# TRUTH TABLES

#### SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

CS <sub>1</sub>	CS <sub>2</sub>	CS <sub>2</sub>	ADV	WE	BWx	OE	CKE	CLK	ADDRESS ACCESSED	Operation
Н	Х	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	L	$\uparrow$	N/A	Not Selected
Х	L	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	L	$\uparrow$	N/A	Not Selected
Х	Х	н	L	Х	Х	Х	L	$\uparrow$	N/A	Not Selected
Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	L	$\uparrow$	N/A	Not Selected Continue
L	Н	L	L	Н	Х	L	L	$\uparrow$	External Address	Begin Burst Read Cycle
Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	Х	L	L	$\uparrow$	Next Address	Continue Burst Read Cycle
L	Н	L	L	Н	Х	Н	L	$\uparrow$	External Address	NOP/Dummy Read
Х	Х	Х	Н	х	Х	Н	L	$\uparrow$	Next Address	Dummy Read
L	Н	L	L	L	L	Х	L	$\uparrow$	External Address	Begin Burst Write Cycle
Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	L	Х	L	$\uparrow$	Next Address	Continue Burst Write Cycle
L	Н	L	L	L	Н	Х	L	$\uparrow$	N/A	NOP/Write Abort
Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	Н	Х	L	$\uparrow$	Next Address	Write Abort
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	$\uparrow$	Current Address	Ignore Clock

Notes : 1. X means "Don't Care". 2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by (<sup>↑</sup>).

3. A continue deselect cycle can only be enterd if a deselect cycle is executed first.

4. WRITE = L means Write operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.

WRITE = H means Read operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.

5. Operation finally depends on status of asynchronous input pins(ZZ and  $\overline{OE}$ ).

#### WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x36)

WE	BWa	BWb	BWc	BWd	OPERATION
Н	х	Х	х	х	READ
L	L	Н	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE a
L	Н	L	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE b
L	Н	Н	L	Н	WRITE BYTE c
L	Н	Н	Н	L	WRITE BYTE d
L	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	WRITE ABORT/NOP

Notes : 1. X means "Don't Care".

2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of  $CLK(\uparrow)$ .

#### WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x18)

WE	BWa	BWb	OPERATION
Н	Х	Х	READ
L	L	Н	WRITE BYTE a
L	Н	L	WRITE BYTE b
L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES
L	Н	Н	WRITE ABORT/NOP

Notes : 1. X means "Don't Care".

2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of  $CLK(\uparrow)$ .



# ASYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

OPERATION	ZZ	OE	I/O STATUS	
Sleep Mode	Н	Х	High-Z	
Read	L	L	DQ	
Redu	L	Н	High-Z DQ High-Z Din, High-Z	
Write	L	Х	Din, High-Z	
Deselected	L	Х	High-Z	

#### Notes

1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. Sleep Mode means power Sleep Mode of which stand-by current does not depend on cycle time.
- Deselected means power Sleep Mode of which stand-by current depends on cycle time.

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT	
Voltage on VDD Supply Relative to Vss	Vdd	-0.3 to 4.6	V	
Voltage on Any Other Pin Relative to Vss	Vin	-0.3 to VDD+0.3	V	
Power Dissipation	PD	1.6	W	
Storage Temperature		Тѕтс	-65 to 150	°C
	Commercial	Topr	0 to 70	°C
Operating Temperature	Industrial	Topr	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias	TBIAS	-10 to 85	°C	

\*Notes : Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

### **OPERATING CONDITIONS at 3.3V I/O**( $0^{\circ}C \le TA \le 70^{\circ}C$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	Тур.	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vdd	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Supply Voltage	Vddq	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	0	V

\* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

# **OPERATING CONDITIONS at 2.5V I/O**(0°C $\leq$ TA $\leq$ 70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	Тур.	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vdd	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Supply voltage	Vddq	2.375	2.5	2.9	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	0	V

\* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

#### CAPACITANCE\*(TA=25°C, f=1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance	CIN	VIN=0V	-	5	pF
Output Capacitance	Соит	Vout=0V	_	7	pF

\*Notes : Sampled not 100% tested.



#### SYMBOL PARAMETER **TEST CONDITIONS** MIN MAX UNIT NOTES Input Leakage Current(except ZZ) VDD=Max : VIN=Vss to VDD -2 +2 μA Ιu **Output Leakage Current** Output Disabled, Vout=Vss to VDDQ -2 +2 μΑ lo<sub>l</sub> -25 470 -20 400 Device Selected, IOUT=0mA, -**Operating Current** Icc mΑ 1,2 $ZZ \le V_{IL}$ , Cycle Time $\ge t_{CYC}$ Min -16 350 \_ -13 290 \_ -25 120 -Device deselected, IOUT=0mA, -20 100 \_ Isb ZZ $\leq$ VIL, f=Max, All Inputs $\leq$ 0.2V or $\geq$ mΑ -16 ۹N \_ VDD-0.2V -13 90 -Device deselected, IOUT=0mA, Standby Current ZZ≤0.2V. 70 mΑ ISB1 \_ f=0, All Inputs=fixed (VDD-0.2V or Device deselected, IOUT=0mA, ISB2 ZZ>VDD-0.2V, f=Max, All Inputs<VIL 60 mΑ or ≥VIH V Output Low Voltage(3.3V I/O) IOL=8.0mA Voi 04 \_ Output High Voltage(3.3V I/O) Vон Іон=-4.0mA 2.4 V V Output Low Voltage(2.5V I/O) VOL IoL=1.0mA \_ 0.4 Output High Voltage(2.5V I/O) v νон Іон=-1.0mA 20 V Input Low Voltage(3.3V I/O) VIL -0.3\* 0.8 Vін Input High Voltage(3.3V I/O) 2.0 VDD+0.3\*\* V 3 Input Low Voltage(2.5V I/O) -0.3\* 0.7 v Vıı v Input High Voltage(2.5V I/O) Vін 1.7 VDD+0.3\*\* 3

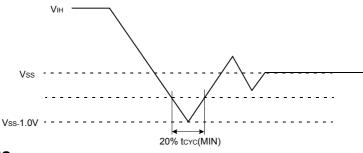
#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

**Notes :** 1. The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

2. Reference AC Operating Conditions and Characteristics for input and timing.

3. Data states are all zero

4. In Case of I/O Pins, the Max. VIH=VDDQ+0.3V



#### **TEST CONDITIONS**

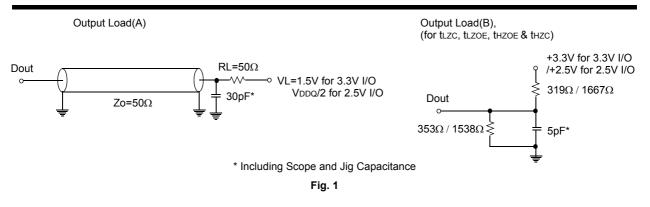
(VDD=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V,VDDQ=3.3V+0.165/-0.165V or VDD=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V,VDDQ=2.5V+0.4V/-0.125V, TA=0to70°C)

PARAMETER	VALUE
Input Pulse Level(for 3.3V I/O)	0 to 3.0V
Input Pulse Level(for 2.5V I/O)	0 to 2.5V
Input Rise and Fall Time(Measured at 20% to 80% for 3.3V I/O)	1.0V/ns
Input Rise and Fall Time(Measured at 20% to 80% for 2.5V I/O)	1.0V/ns
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels for 3.3V I/O	1.5V
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels for 2.5V I/O	VDDQ/2
Output Load	See Fig. 1

\* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.



# 512Kx36 & 1Mx18 Pipelined NtRAM<sup>™</sup>



#### AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V, TA=0 to 70°C)

	0.445.01	-:	25	-:	20	-	16	-	13	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Cycle Time	tcyc	4.0	-	5.0	-	6.0	-	7.5	-	ns
Clock Access Time	tcD	-	2.6	-	3.2	-	3.5	-	4.2	ns
Output Enable to Data Valid	toe	-	2.6	-	3.2	-	3.5	-	4.2	ns
Clock High to Output Low-Z	t∟zc	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Output Hold from Clock High	tон	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Output Enable Low to Output Low-Z	<b>t</b> LZOE	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Output Enable High to Output High-Z	thzoe	-	2.6	-	3.0	-	3.0	-	3.5	ns
Clock High to Output High-Z	tHZC	-	2.6	-	3.0	-	3.0	-	3.5	ns
Clock High Pulse Width	tсн	1.7	-	2.0	-	2.2	-	3.0	-	ns
Clock Low Pulse Width	tc∟	1.7	-	2.0	-	2.2	-	3.0	-	ns
Address Setup to Clock High	tas	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
CKE Setup to Clock High	tces	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Data Setup to Clock High	tDS	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Write Setup to Clock High ( $\overline{WE}$ , $\overline{BW}x$ )	tws	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Address Advance Setup to Clock High	tadvs	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Chip Select Setup to Clock High	tcss	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
Address Hold from Clock High	tан	0.3	-	0.4	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
CKE Hold from Clock High	tсен	0.3	-	0.4	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Data Hold from Clock High	tdн	0.3	-	0.4	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Write Hold from Clock High (WE, BWx)	twн	0.3	-	0.4	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Address Advance Hold from Clock High	<b>t</b> advh	0.3	-	0.4	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Chip Select Hold from Clock High	tcsн	0.3	-	0.4	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
ZZ High to Power Down	tPDS	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	cycle
ZZ Low to Power Up	tPUS	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	cycle

Notes : 1. The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

2. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all rising clock(CLK) edges when ADV is sampled low and CS is sampled low. All other synchronous inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times whenever this device is chip selected.

 Chip selects must be valid at each rising edge of CLK(when ADV is Low) to remain enabled.
A write cycle is defined by WE low having been registered into the device at ADV Low, A Read cycle is defined by WE High with ADV Low, Both cases must meet setup and hold times.

5. To avoid bus contention, At a given voltage and temperature tLzc is more than tHzc. The specs as shown do not imply bus contention because tLzc is a Min. parameter that is worst case at totally different test conditions (0°C,3.465V) than tHzc, which is a Max. parameter(worst case at 70°C,3.135V)

It is not possible for two SRAMs on the same board to be at such different voltage and temperature



## SLEEP MODE

SLEEP MODE is a low current, power-down mode in which the device is deselected and current is reduced to IsB2. The duration of SLEEP MODE is dictated by the length of time the ZZ is in a High state.

After entering SLEEP MODE, all inputs except ZZ become disabled and all outputs go to High-Z

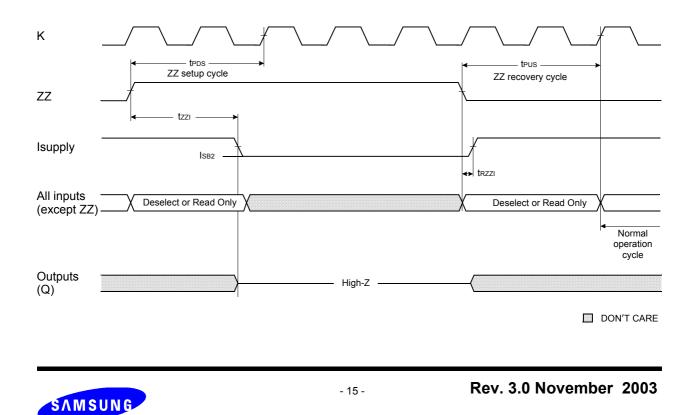
The ZZ pin is an asynchronous, active high input that causes the device to enter SLEEP MODE.

When the ZZ pin becomes a logic High, ISB2 is guaranteed after the time tzzi is met. Any operation pending when entering SLEEP MODE is not guaranteed to successful complete. Therefore, SLEEP MODE (READ or WRITE) must not be initiated until valid pending operations are completed. similarly, when exiting SLEEP MODE during tPUS, only a DESELECT or READ cycle should be given while the SRAM is transitioning out of SLEEP MODE.

# SLEEP MODE ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Current during SLEEP MODE	$ZZ \geq V IH$	ISB2		60	mA
ZZ active to input ignored		tPDS	2		cycle
ZZ inactive to input sampled		tPUS	2		cycle
ZZ active to SLEEP current		tzzı		2	cycle
ZZ inactive to exit SLEEP current		trzzi	0		

# SLEEP MODE WAVEFORM

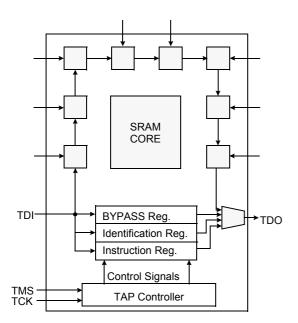


**ELECTRONICS** 

# IEEE 1149.1 TEST ACCESS PORT AND BOUNDARY SCAN-JTAG

This part contains an IEEE standard 1149.1 Compatible Test Access Port(TAP). The package pads are monitored by the Serial Scan circuitry when in test mode. This is to support connectivity testing during manufacturing and system diagnostics. Internal data is not driven out of the SRAM under JTAG control. In conformance with IEEE 1149.1, the SRAM contains a TAP controller, Instruction Register, Bypass Register and ID register. The TAP controller has a standard 16-state machine that resets internally upon power-up, therefore, TRST signal is not required. It is possible to use this device without utilizing the TAP. To disable the TAP controller without interfacing with normal operation of the SRAM, TCK must be tied to Vss to preclude mid level input. TMS and TDI are designed so an undriven input will produce a response identical to the application of a logic 1, and may be left unconnected. But they may also be tied to VDD through a resistor. TDO should be left unconnected.

#### JTAG Block Diagram



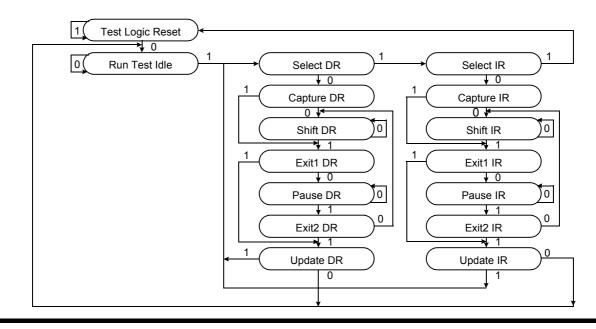
# JTAG Instruction Coding

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	rction TDO Output			
0	0	0	EXTEST	Boundary Scan Register	1		
0	0	1	IDCODE	Identification Register	3		
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Boundary Scan Register	2		
0	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4		
1	0	0	SAMPLE	Boundary Scan Register	5		
1	0	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6		
1	1	0	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4		
1	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4		

NOTE :

- Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs. This instruction is not IEEE 1149.1 compliant.
- 2. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs.
- 3. TDI is sampled as an input to the first ID register to allow for the serial shift of the external TDI data.
- Bypass register is initiated to Vss when BYPASS instruction is invoked. The Bypass Register also holds serially loaded TDI when exiting the Shift DR states.
- 5. SAMPLE instruction dose not places DQs in Hi-Z.
- 6. This instruction is reserved for future use.

# **TAP Controller State Diagram**





# Rev. 3.0 November 2003

# SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan	
512Kx36	3 bits	1 bits	32 bits	75 bits	
1Mx18	3 bits	1 bits	32 bits	75 bits	

# **ID REGISTER DEFINITION**

	Part	Rev	vision Nu (31:28)	mber		figuration :18)	V	endor D (17:		Samsu	ung JEDI (11: 1)	EC Code	Start	Bit(0)
51	2Kx36		0000		00111	00100		XXXX	<xx< th=""><th>0</th><th colspan="2">00001001110</th><th colspan="2">1</th></xx<>	0	00001001110		1	
1	Mx18		0000		01000	00011		XXXX	<xx< td=""><td>0</td><td colspan="2">00001001110</td><td colspan="2">1</td></xx<>	0	00001001110		1	
65FB	GA BO	UNDA	RY SCA	N EXI	T ORDE	ER(x36)	165FBGA BOUNDARY SCAN EXIT OF						ORDE	R(x18
1	1R	LBO		CLK	6B	39		1	1R	LBO		CLK	6B	39
2	6N	NC		NC	11B	40		2	6N	NC		NC	11B	40
3	11P	NC		NC	1A	41		3	11P	NC		NC	1A	41
4	8P	А		CS2	6A	42		4	8P	А		CS2	6A	42
5	8R	А		BWa	5B	43		5	8R	Α		BWa	5B	43
6	9R	А		BWb	5A	44		6	9R	А		NC	5A	44
7	9P	А		BWc	4A	45		7	9P	А		BWb	4A	45
8	10P	А		BWd	4B	46		8	10P	А		NC	4B	46
9	10R	А		CS2	3B	47		9	10R	А		CS2	3B	47
10	11R	А		CS1	3A	48		10	11R	А		CS1	3A	48
11	11H	ZZ		Α	2A	49		11	11H	ZZ		А	2A	49
12	11N	DQa		Α	2B	50		12	11N	NC		А	2B	50
13	11M	DQa		NC	1B	51		13	11M	NC		NC	1B	51
14	11L	DQa		DQc	1C	52		14	11L	NC		NC	1C	52
15	11K	DQa		DQc	1D	53		15	11K	NC		NC	1D	53
16	11J	DQa		DQc	1E	54		16	11J	NC		NC	1E	54
17	10M	DQa		DQc	1F	55		17	10M	DQa		NC	1F	55
18	10L	DQa		DQc	1G	56		18	10L	DQa		NC	1G	56
19	10K	DQa		DQc	2D	57		19	10K	DQa		DQb	2D	57
20	10J	DQa		DQc	2E	58		20	10J	DQa		DQb	2E	58
21	11G	DQb		DQc	2F	59		21	11G	DQa		DQb	2F	59
22	11F	DQb		DQc	2G	60		22	11F	DQa		DQb	2G	60
23	11E	DQb		DQd	1J	61		23	11E	DQa		DQb	1J	61
24	11D	DQb		DQd	1K	62		24	11D	DQa		DQb	1K	62
25	10G	DQb		DQd	1L	63		25	11C	DQa		DQb	1L	63
26	10F	DQb		DQd	1M	64		26	10F	NC		DQb	1M	64
27	10E	DQb		DQd	2J	65		27	10E	NC		DQb	1N	65
28	10D	DQb		DQd	2K	66		28	10D	NC		NC	2K	66
29	11C	DQb		DQd	2L	67		29	10G	NC		NC	2L	67
30	11A	NC		DQd	2M	68		30	11A	Α		NC	2M	68
31	10A	А		DQd	1N	69		31	10A	А		NC	2J	69
32	10B	А		A	3P	70		32	10B	А		Α	3P	70
33	9A	А		Α	3R	71		33	9A	А		А	3R	71
34	9B	А		Α	4R	72		34	9B	А		А	4R	72
35	8A	ADV		Α	4P	73		35	8A	ADV		А	4P	73
36	8B	OE		A1	6P	74		36	8B	OE		A1	6P	74
37	7A	CKE		A0	6R	75		37	7A	CKE		A0	6R	75
38	7B	WE						38	7B	WE				-

NOTE, NC ; Don't Care



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# JTAG DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vdd	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Input High Level ( 3.3V I/O / 2.5V I/O )	Vін	2.0 / 1.7	-	VDD+0.3	V	1
Input Low Level ( 3.3V I/O / 2.5V I/O )	VIL	-0.3	-	0.8 / 0.7	V	
Output High Voltage( 3.3V I/O / 2.5V I/O )	Vон	2.4 / 2.0	-	-	V	
Output Low Voltage( 3.3V I/O / 2.5V I/O )	Vol	-	-	0.4 / 0.4	V	

NOTE : The input level of SRAM pin is to follow the SRAM DC specification.

1. In Case of I/O Pins, the Max. VIH=VDDQ+0.3V.

# JTAG AC TEST CONDITIONS

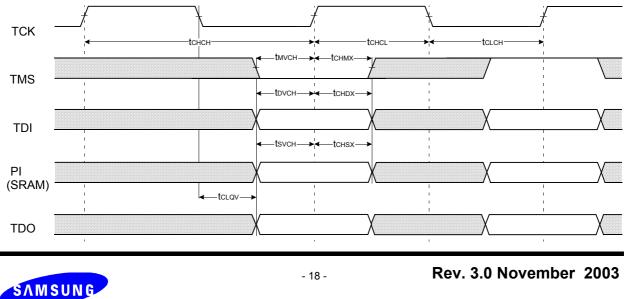
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit	Note
Input High/Low Level( 3.3V I/O , 2.5V I/O )	VIH/VIL	3.0/0 , 2.5/0	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time( 3.3V I/O , 2.5V I/O )	TR/TF	1.0/1.0 , 1.0/1.0	ns	
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		VDDQ/2	V	

# **JTAG AC Characteristics**

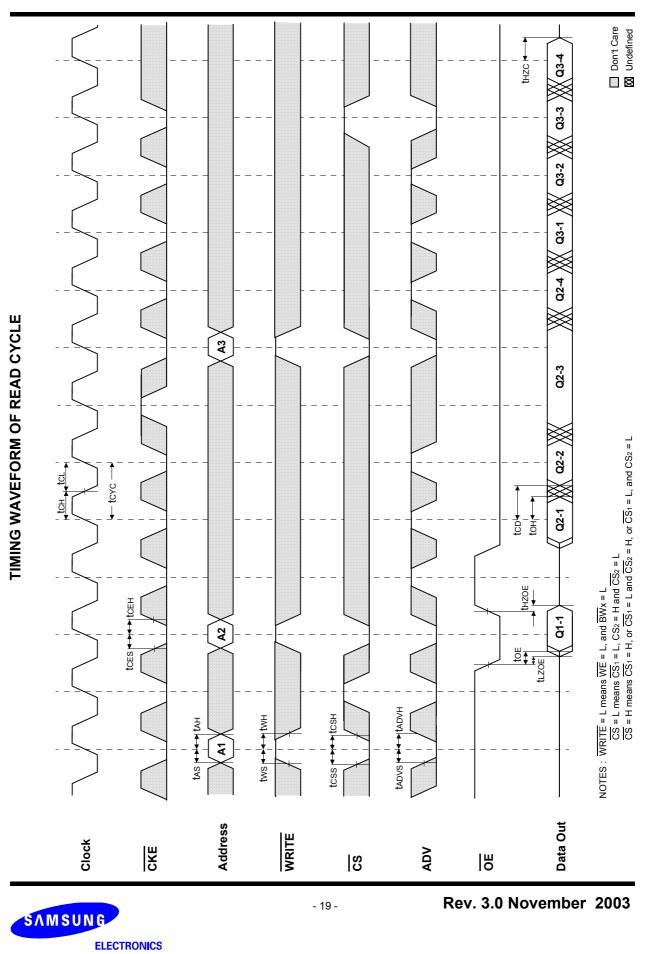
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Note
TCK Cycle Time	tснсн	50	-	ns	
TCK High Pulse Width	<b>t</b> CHCL	20	-	ns	
TCK Low Pulse Width	<b>t</b> CLCH	20	-	ns	
TMS Input Setup Time	tмvсн	5	-	ns	
TMS Input Hold Time	tснмх	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Setup Time	tdvcн	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Hold Time	tснох	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Setup Time	tsvcн	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Hold Time	tcнsx	5	-	ns	
Clock Low to Output Valid	tCLQV	0	10	ns	

# JTAG TIMING DIAGRAM

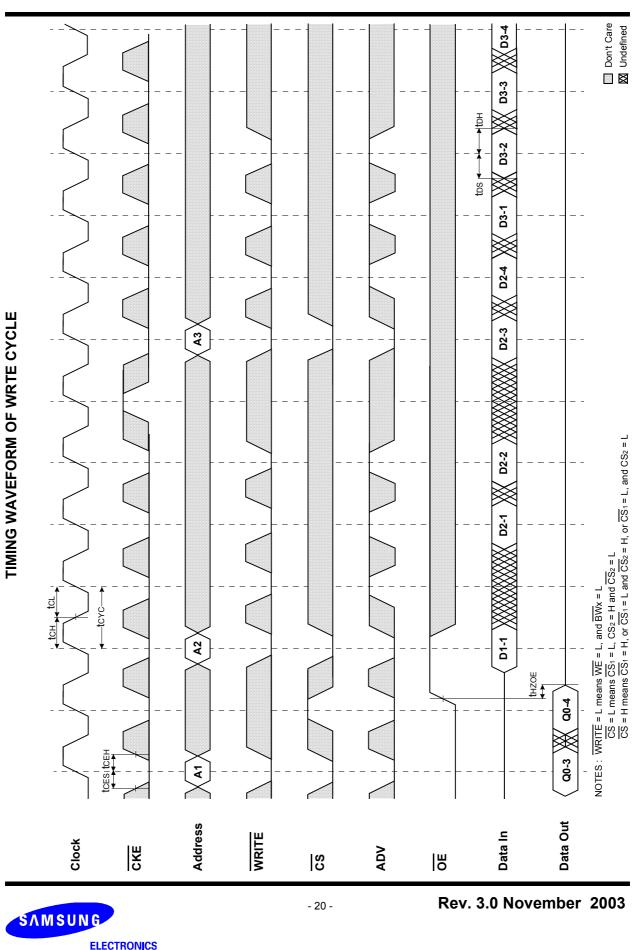
**ELECTRONICS** 



# 512Kx36 & 1Mx18 Pipelined NtRAM<sup>™</sup>

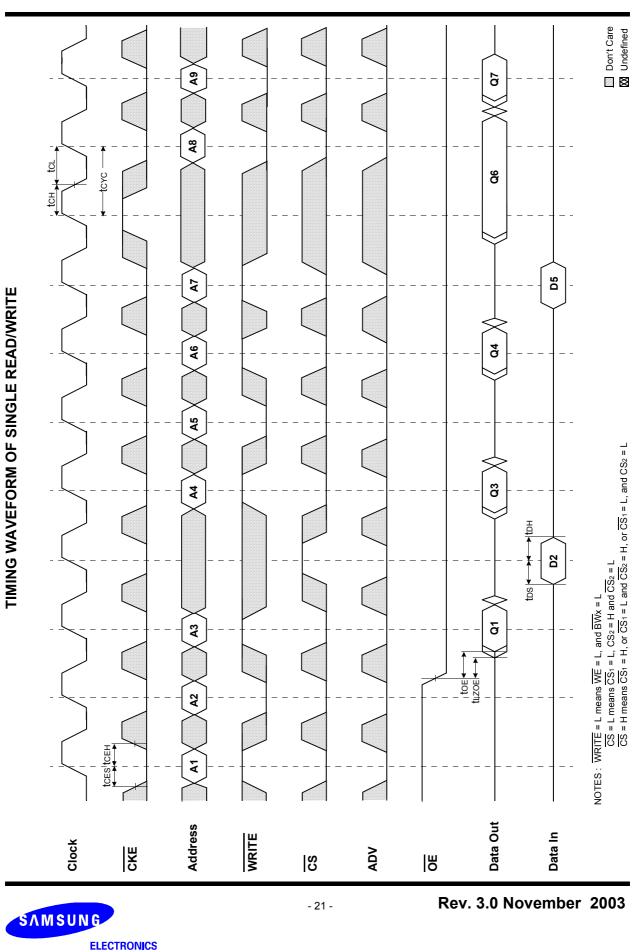


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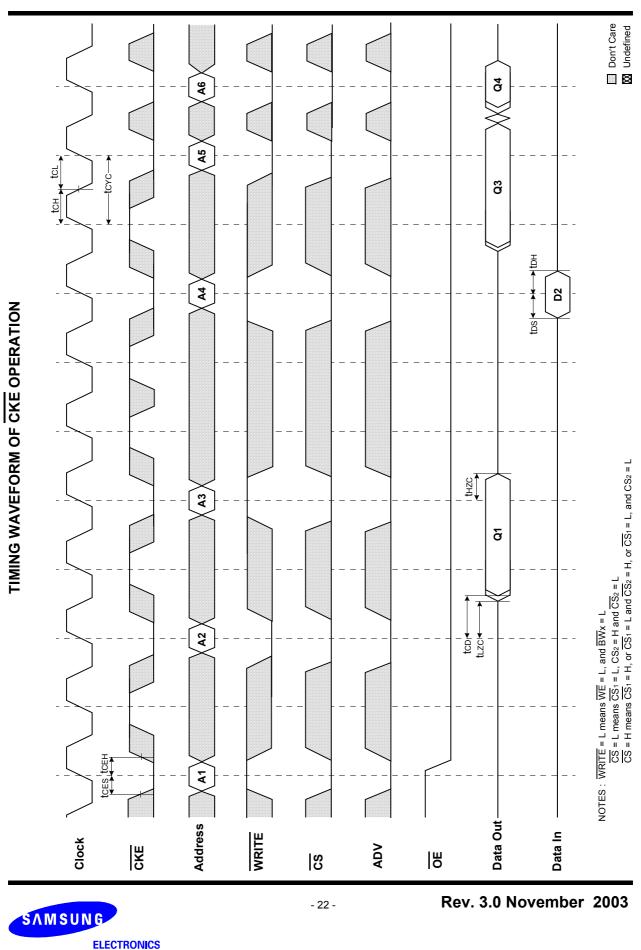


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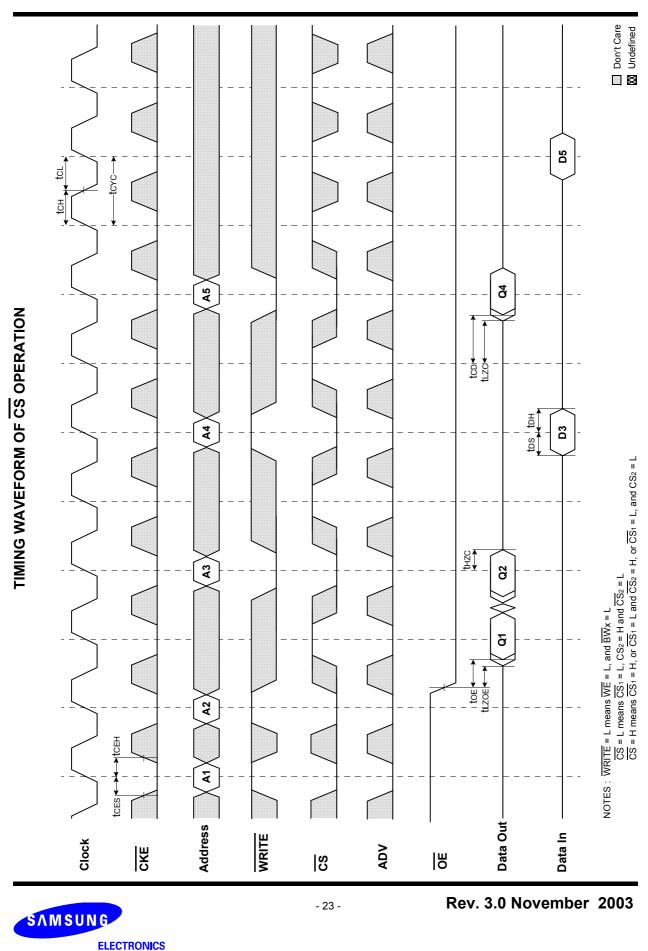
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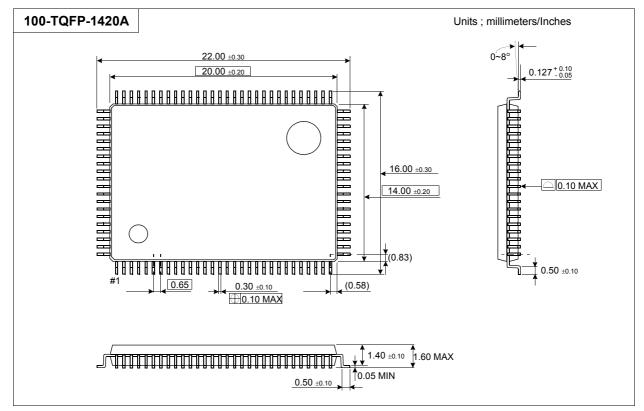


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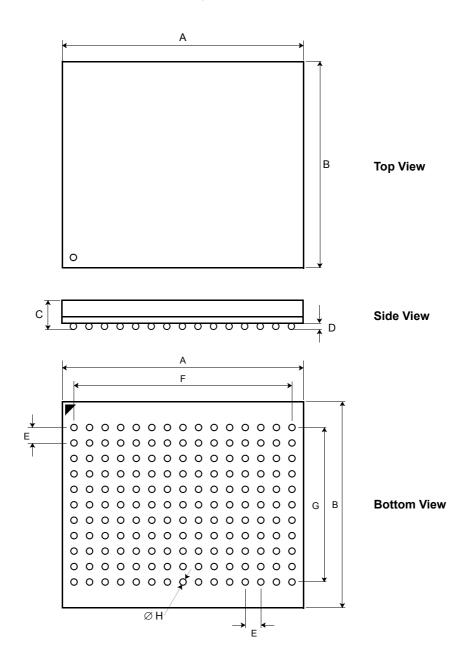
# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





# **165 FBGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

13mm x 15mm Body, 1.0mm Bump Pitch, 11x15 Ball Array



Symbol	Value	Units	Note	Symbol	Value	Units	Note
A	$15\pm0.1$	mm		E	1.0	mm	
В	$13\pm0.1$	mm		F	14.0	mm	
С	$1.3\pm0.1$	mm		G	10.0	mm	
D	$0.35\pm0.05$	mm		н	$0.5\pm0.05$	mm	

