

COMMERCIAL TWO WAY RADIO ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

RoHS Compliant Versions Available

DESCRIPTION

Microsemi offers a series of PIN diodes specifically designed and characterized for solid state antenna switches in commercial two-way radios. Antenna switches using the UM9401 and UM9415 series PIN diodes provide high isolation, low loss and low distortion characteristics formerly possible only with electromechanical relay type switches.

The UM9401 and the UM9402 diodes can handle 100 W of transmitter power, while the UM9415 will handle over 1000 W. The extensive characterization of these PIN diodes in antenna switch applications has resulted in guaranteed low distortion specifications under transmit and receive conditions. These diodes also feature low forward bias resistance and high zero bias impedance which are required for low loss, high isolation and wide bandwidth antenna switch performance. For RoHS compliant devices, use the UMX prefix. (IE: UMX9415)

The UMX series meets RoHS requirements per EU Directive 2002/95/EC.

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult our website: www.MICROSEMI.com

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT 25º C (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)										
	CONDITION	UM9401	UM9402	UM9415						
Reverse Voltage (V _R)	@ I _R = 10 uA	50V	50V	50V						
Average Power Dissipation (P _A)	½ in. total length to 25 ^o C Contact	5.5W		10W						
	25 °C (Package Flange Temperature)		10W							
	Free Air	1.5W		2.5W						
Operating Temp. (T _{OP})		-65 °C to +175 °C								
Storage Temp. (T _{STG})		-65 °C to +175 °C								

KEY FEATURES

- High transmitter power UM9401/UM9402 => 100 W UM9415 => 1000 W
- Low harmonic distortion
- Low third order distortion
- High carrier lifetime
- Non cavity design
- Thermally matched configuration
- Low capacitance at 0 V bias
- Low conductance at 0 V bias
- Compatible with automatic insertion equipment
- RoHS complaint versions available.¹
- Lead finish
 - UM9401: Pb/Sn
 - UM9402: Gold
 - UM9415: Pb/Sn
 - UMX9401,UMX9415: Matte Tin

1 - The UM9402 is RoHS complaint. RoHS compliant versions of the UM9401 and UM9415 are supplied as UMX9401, UMX9415. Consult factory for details.



APPLICATIONS/BENEFITS

- Isolated stud package available
- Surface mount package available
- Maximum soldering temperature 260 °C for 30 seconds.

UM9401 / UM9402

UM9415



COMMERCIAL TWO WAY RADIO ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

RoHS Compliant Versions Available



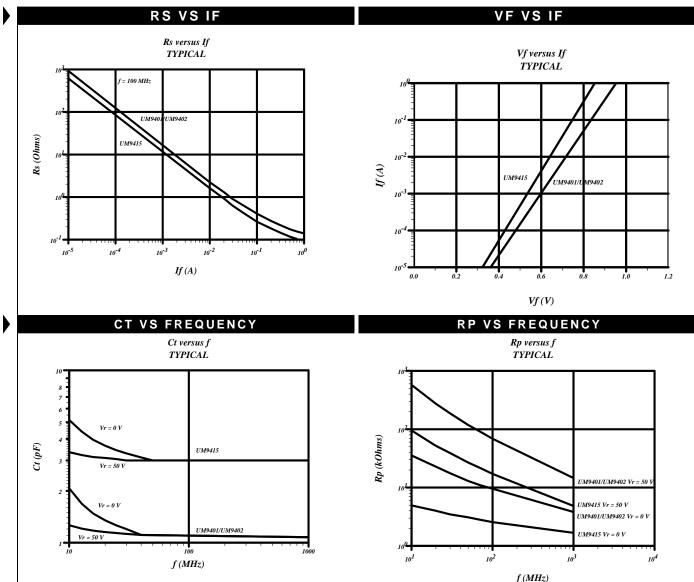
ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS @ 25°C (unless otherwise specified)										
			UM9401 / UM9402			UM9415				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R = 50 V			10			10	uA	
Series Resistance	Rs	l _F = 50 mA, F= 100 MHz		0.75	1.0		0.75	1.0	Ω	
Capacitance	Ст	V _R = 0 V, F = 100 MH _z		1.1	1.5		2.8	4	pF	
Parallel Resistance	R _P	V _R = 0 V, F = 100 MHz	5	10		1	2		kΩ	
Carrier Lifetime	TL	I _F = 10 mA	1.0	2.0		5.0			us	
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F = 50 mA			1.0			1.0	V	
Transmit Harmonic Distortion	R _{2A} /A R _{3A} /A	Pin = 50 W f = 50 MHz, I _F = 50 mA			80			80	-dB	
Receive Third Order Distortion	R _{2AB} /A	Pin = 10 W, 0 V Bias f _A = 50 MHz, f _B = 51 MHz			60			60	-dB	



COMMERCIAL TWO WAY RADIO ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

RoHS Compliant Versions Available



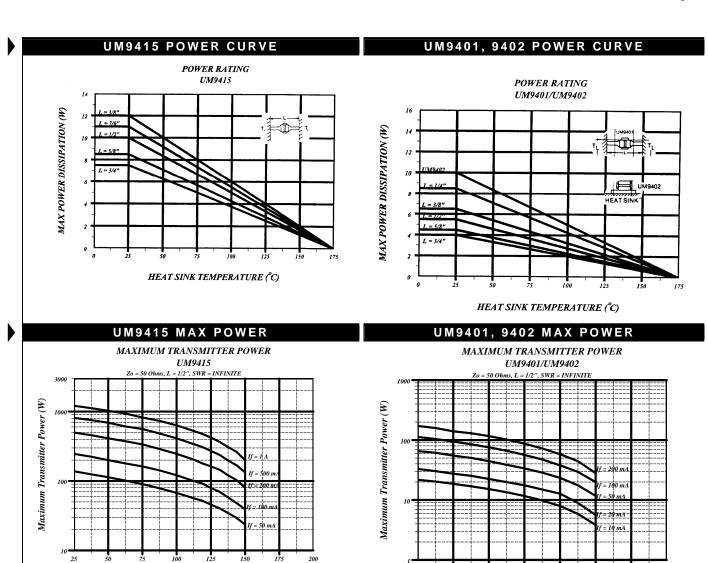




COMMERCIAL TWO WAY RADIO ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

RoHS Compliant Versions Available





Lead Temperature (°C)

Lead Temperature ($^{\circ}C$)

125

150

175

200

100

25

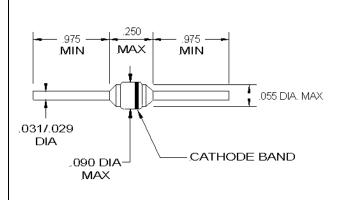


COMMERCIAL TWO WAY RADIO ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

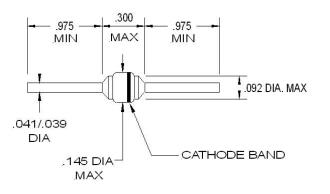
RoHS Compliant Versions Available

"STYLE" UM9415B

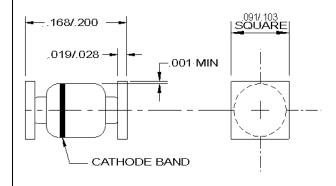


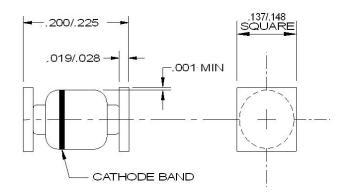


"STYLE" UM9401B



"STYLE" UM9401SM





"STYLE" UM9415SM

Downloaded from Arrow.com.

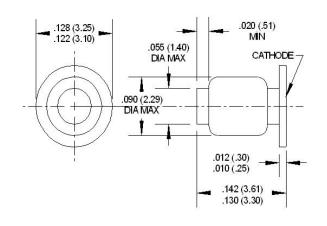


COMMERCIAL TWO WAY RADIO ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

RoHS

RoHS Compliant Versions Available



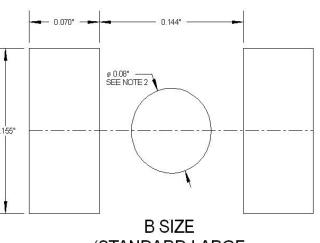


UM9401SM FOOTPRINT

0.067" 0.112" a 0.06" SEE NOTE 2 0.155" 0.105'



UM9415SM FOOTPRINT



(STANDARD LARGE SQUARE END CAP OUTLINE)

NOTES:

- 1: THESE DIMENSIONS WILL MATCH THE TERMINALS AND PROVIDE FOR ADDITIONAL SOLDER FILLETS AT THE OUTBOARD ENDS AT LEAST AS WIDE AS THE TERMINALS THEMSELVES, ASSUMING ACCURACY OF DEVICE PLACEMENT WITHIN 0.005". 2: IF THE MOUNTING METHOD CHOSEN REQUIRES USE OF AN ADHESIVE SEPARATE FROM THE SOLDER COMPOUND, A ROUND(OR SQUARE) SPOT OF CEMENT AS SHOWN SHOULD BE CENTRALLY LOCATED.



COMMERCIAL TWO WAY RADIO ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

RoHS Compliant Versions Available



Maximum Transmitter Power

The maximum CW transmitter power, $P_{T(max)}$, a PIN diode antenna switch can handle depends on the diode resistance, R_S , power dissipation, P_D , antennae SWR, σ , and the nominal impedance, Z_O . The expression is as follows:

$$P_{T(MAX)} = \frac{P_D x Z_O}{R_D} \left(\frac{\sigma + 1}{2\sigma}\right)^2 \quad \text{[Watts]}$$

Characteristic curves are shown in the data section which gives both the maximum and typical diode resistance, R_s as a function of forward current. The maximum power dissipation rating of the PIN diode depends both on the length of the diode leads and the temperature of the contacts to which the leads are connected. A graph defining the maximum power dissipation at various combinations of overall lead length (L) and lead temperature (T_L) is given in the data section. From these curves and the above equation, the power handling capability of the PIN diode may be computed for a specific application.

Curves are also presented which show the maximum

transmitter power that an antenna

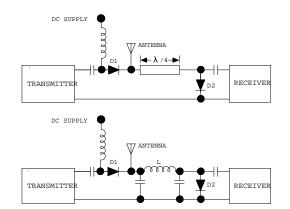
switch using UM9401s and UM9415s can safely handle for various forward currents and lead temperatures. These curves are based on a typical design condition of a $\frac{1}{2}$ in. total overall lead length, 50 Ω line impedance, and a totally mismatched antenna ($\sigma = \infty$). For the case of a perfectly matched antenna, the maximum transmitter power can be increased by a factor of 4.

Design Information

A circuit configuration for a two-way radio antenna switch using PIN diodes consists of a diode placed in series with the transmitter and a shunt diode placed a quarter wavelength from the antenna in the direction of the receiver as shown. For low frequency operation, the quarter wave line may be simulated by lumped elements. Typical performance of antenna

switches using PIN diodes forward biased at 100 mA is less than 0.2 dB insertion loss and 30 dB isolation during

transmit; at zero bias the receive insertion loss is less than 0.3 dB. This performance is achievable across a ± 20 % bandwidth at center frequencies ranging from 10 to 500 MHz.



$$L = Z_0 / 2 \pi f_0$$
 (H)

$$C = 1/2 \pi f_0 Z_0$$
 (F)

