



Single Phase 10 Amp Rectifier Bridge

Qualified per MIL-PRF-19500/469

Qualified Level: JANTX and JANTXV

DESCRIPTION

This series of high-current single-phase bridge rectifiers are constructed with hermetically sealed rectifiers built with the same design and construction techniques used in military applications for the upmost in reliability. These include voidless glass encapsulation and internal "Category 1" metallurgical bonds. They can be purchased screened and mil-qualified to MIL-PRF-19500/469, making them ideal for applications where failure cannot be tolerated. These 10A rectifier bridges are available in multiple working peak reverse voltage ratings per leg.

Important: For the latest information, visit our website http://www.microsemi.com.

FEATURES

- Voidless hermetically sealed glass packages used internally for each leg
- Electrically isolated aluminum case
- Triple-laver passivation
- Internal "Category 1" metallurgical bonds
- JANTX and JANTXV qualifications available per MIL-PRF-19500/469 (See part nomenclature for all available options)
- RoHS compliant versions available without Sn/Pb solder dip

APPLICATIONS / BENEFITS

- Controlled avalanche characteristics
- Working peak reverse voltages 200 to 1,000 volts
- Military and other high-reliability applications
- High forward surge current capability
- Low thermal resistance
- Extremely robust construction
- Inherently radiation hard as described in Microsemi MicroNote 050

MAXIMUM RATINGS @ T_A = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

Parameters/Test Conditions		Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction and Storage Temperature		T」&	-65 to +150	°C
		T _{STG}		
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case		$R_{\Theta JC}$	5	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient		R _{OJA}	25	°C/W
Working Peak Reverse Voltage (per leg)	483-01	V_{RWM}	200	V (pk)
	483-02		400	
	483-03		600	
	483-04		800	
	483-05		1,000	
Maximum Average DC Output Current @ T _C =	+55 °C	I ₀₁ ⁽¹⁾	10	Α
Maximum Average DC Output Current @ T _C = +100 °C		I _{O2} (2)	6	Α
Forward Surge Current @ $I_O = I_{O1}$, $T_C = +55$ °C, tp = 8.3 ms		I _{F(surge)}	100	A (pk)
Isolation Voltage @ 10 µA DC Max for 10 secs	V_{ISO}	2800	V	
Solder Temperature @ 10 s		260	°C	

Notes: 1. Derate from 10 A at $T_C = +55$ °C to 6 A at $T_C = +100$ °C (88 mA dc/ °C).

2. Derate from 6 A at T_C = +100 °C to 0 A at T_C = +150 °C (120 mA dc/ °C). t_{rr} = 2.5 μ s at I_F = 0.5 A, I_R = $1.0 A, I_{rec} = 0.25 A.$



MD Package

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MECHANICAL and PACKAGING

CASE: Aluminum

• TERMINALS: Tin/lead (Sn/Pb) or RoHS compliant matte tin

• MARKING: Alternating current input: AC

Cathode positive output: +

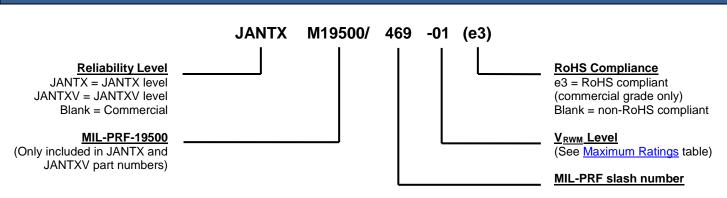
Anode negative: -

Part number is printed on the body

WEIGHT: Approximately 10 grams

See <u>Package Dimensions</u> on last page.

PART NOMENCLATURE



SYMBOLS & DEFINITIONS				
Symbol	Definition			
$V_{(BR)}$	Breakdown Voltage: A voltage in the breakdown region.			
V_{RWM}	Working Peak Reverse Voltage: The peak voltage excluding all transient voltages (ref JESD282-B). Also sometimes known historically as PIV.			
Io	Average Rectified Output Current: The Output Current averaged over a full cycle with a 50 Hz or 60 Hz sine-wave input and a 180 degree conduction angle.			
V _F	Forward Voltage: A positive dc anode-cathode voltage the device will exhibit at a specified forward current.			
I _R	Reverse Current: The dc current flowing from the external circuit into the cathode terminal at the specified voltage V _R .			
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time: The time interval between the instant the current passes through zero when changing from the forward direction to the reverse direction and a specified decay point after a peak reverse current occurs.			



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NUMBER	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE Per Leg V _(BR)	CURI I _R @	REVERSE RENT V _{RWM} te 1)	FORWARD VOLTAGE V _F I _F @ 15.7 A (pk) @ 8.3 ms	REVERSE RECOVERY t _{rr} (I _F = 0.5 A, I _{RM} = 1.0 A,
	@ I _R = 50 μA	T _C = +25 °C	T _C = +100 °C	Duty Cycle ≤ 2% (Note 1)	$I_{R(REC)} = 0.250 \text{ A}$
	Volts	μΑ	μΑ	Volts (pk)	μs
483-01	220	2.0	125	1.35	2.5
483-02	440	2.0	125	1.35	2.5
483-03	660	2.0	125	1.35	2.5
483-04	880	2.0	125	1.35	2.5
483-05	1,100	2.0	125	1.35	2.5

NOTE 1: Applies to each discrete diode and each bridge leg.



GRAPHS

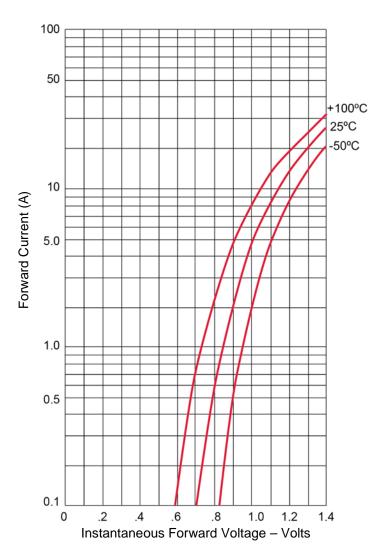


FIGURE 1 Typical Forward Voltage Per Leg vs Forward Current



GRAPHS

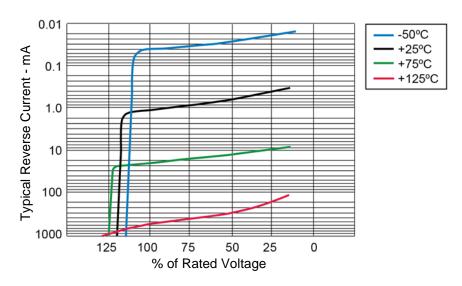


FIGURE 2 Typical Reverse Leakage Current - Per Leg

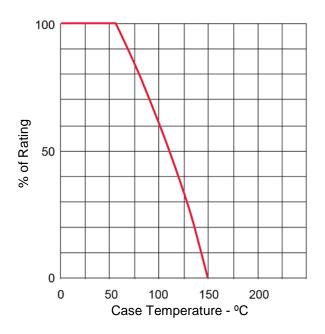
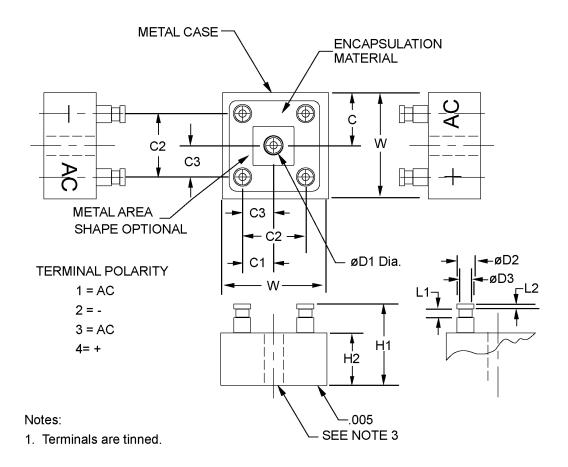


FIGURE 3 **Current Derating Curve**

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



Notes:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- 2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
- 3. Polarity shall be marked on the bridge body adjacent to terminals. Terminal numbers are for reference and are not required to be marked on the bridge; however, terminal 1 shall be indicated by a mechanical index such as a line or flattened corner, visible from the top (terminal surface) of the device.
- 4. Point at which Tc is read shall be in metal part of case as shown on drawing.
- 5. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to Φx symbology.

	Dimensions				
Ltr	Inches		Millimeters		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
C1	0.367	0.375	9.32	9.53	
C2	0.350	0.450	8.89	11.43	
C3	0.175	0.225	4.45	5.72	
Φ D1	0.139	0.149	3.53	3.78	
Φ D2	0.091	0.101	2.31	2.57	
Φ D3	0.066	0.076	1.68	1.93	
H1	-	0.570	-	14.48	
H2	-	0.370	-	9.40	
L1	0.088	0.098	2.24	2.49	
L2	0.020	0.030	0.51	0.76	
W	0.735	0.750	18.67	19.05	