

DESCRIPTION

The LX1990 is a dual output current display lighting micro-miniature 6 lead MLP package with duty cycle control. featuring a 3 x 3 mm footprint, a profile of less than 1mm, and much improved thermal performance. Its two output sink currents are accurately matched and require only one resistor to program. output currents, and quiescent current is milliseconds to 7.4 microseconds. low, providing a very high efficiency driver for battery-powered displays.

sinking outputs. The output stages section for dimming details. multiply this reference current by 100 to sink independently regulated currents up to 30 mA.

Light output from LED's is proportional sink optimized for driving light emitting to average current through them; they can diodes. This low cost bipolar IC enables easily produce a brightness range of 500:1. precise current regulation in LED However, color of emitted light is shifted by applications, yet current amplitude. Color shift at low light requires far fewer parts than discrete levels can be reduced by driving the LED's solutions. The LX1990 is supplied in a with a constant peak current while dimming

This is achieved by driving the I_{SET} resistor with a PWM signal. A 500:1 brightness range can be achieved by choosing 270 Hz as the PWM frequency (to avoid optical beating with 50/60 Hz room Program current is only 1% of the lights) and pulse width from 3.7

The LX1990 features a shutdown mode via the Enable pin. In this mode the The LX1990 is based on a current- LX1990 consumes less than 1µA and holds mirror architecture that transfers a the two open collector output stages off. reference current produced at the ISET This pin may also be used to pulse width pin to each of two open-collector current modulate output current. See applications

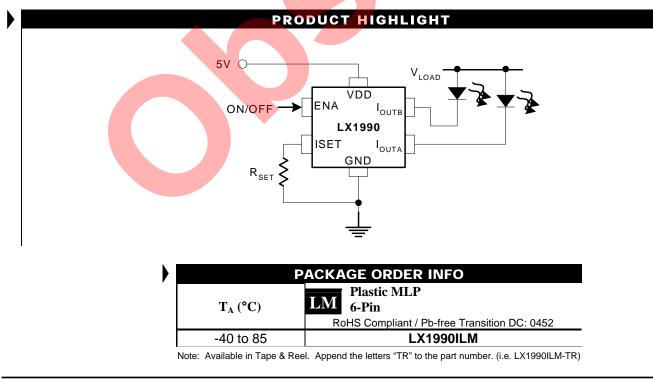
IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com

KEY FEATURES

- Programmable Sink Current 0.1 to 30mA x 2 Channels
- **Replaces Discrete Transistor Circuitry With A Single Package**
- 300mV Maximum Current Sink Dropout Voltage at 20mA
- 2.7 to 5.5V Power Supply Input
- IOUT Compliance Voltage from
- 0.1 to 10Vpc Enable Input With <1µA Sleep
- Current
- Amplitude and PWM Dimming
- Current rise and fall time may be controlled to reduce EMI

APPLICATIONS

- Cell Phone Display Illumination
- PDA White LED Display Lighting
- Automotive Display Illumination
- **Digital Still Camera**
- Camcorders
- Consumer Electronics Front Panels



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6 🗍 I_{outa}

5 🗍 GND

4 ... І_{оυтв}

PACKAGE PIN OUT

LM PACKAGE (Top View)

1990 xxxx

LM PACKAGE MARKINGS Denotes Date Code / Lot Identification

RoHS / Pb-free 100% Matte Tin Lead Finish

Dual Programmable LED Current Sink

ISET 🗍 1

VDD

ENA 🛄 3

xxxx –

2 (

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Supply Voltage (V _{DD}) | 6V |
|---|-----------------|
| ENA Voltage | |
| I _{SET} Maximum Current | |
| I _{SET} Maximum Voltage | V _{DD} |
| I _{OUT} Maximum Compliance Voltage | |
| Current Source Outputs | |
| Operating Temperature Range | 40°C to 85°C |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | 125°C |
| Storage Temperature | 65°C to 150°C |
| Peak Package Solder Reflow Temperature | |
| (40 seconds maximum exposure) | |

Note: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

THERMAL DATA

LM Plastic MLP 6-Pin

THERMAL RESISTANCE-JUNCTION TO AMBIENT, θ_{JA}

Junction Temperature Calculation: $T_J = T_A + (P_D \ge \theta_{JA})$. The θ_{JA} numbers are guidelines for the thermal performance of the device/pc-board system. All of the above assume no ambient airflow.

FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION

41°C/W

| NAME | DESCRIPTION | |
|---|--|--|
| V _{DD} | Input Supply | |
| GND | Common ground reference | |
| ENA | Chip Enable Input. If logic high, current source outputs are enabled. If logic low, internal power is disconnected from the VDD pin, disabling all functions. Logic threshold is 1.2 V. | |
| I _{OUTA} & I _{OUTB} | Output Current Source. Two separate constant current outputs. Outputs may be loaded in any combination without affecting regulation of the loaded output. If only one output is needed I _{OUTA} & I _{OUTB} must be shorted together. In this case the value of ISET resistor must be doubled. Compliance voltage range is 0.1V to 10V. | |
| I _{SET} | Output current programming pin. | |



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter | | LX1990 | | | |
|--|-----|---------|-----------------|-------|--|
| Falanielei | Min | Min Typ | | Units | |
| Supply Voltage (V _{DD}) | 2.7 | | 5.5 | V | |
| ENA (ENABLE) Input Voltage | 0 | | V _{DD} | V | |
| I _{SET} Voltage | 0 | | 1.25 | V | |
| I _{SET} Current | 0 | | 300 | μA | |
| I _{OUTA} / I _{OUTB} Compliance Voltage Range | 0.1 | | 10 | V | |
| IOUTA / IOUTB Output Current Range | 0.1 | | 30 | mA | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

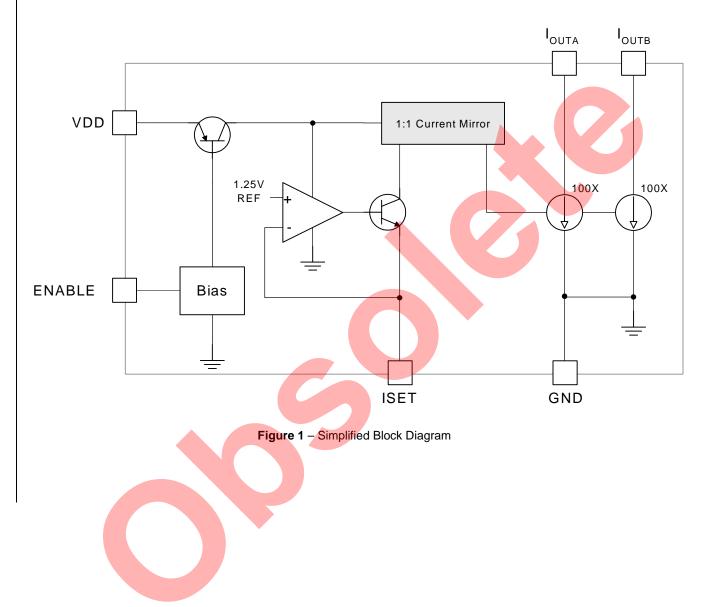
Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the operating ambient temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$ and the following test conditions: $V_{DD} = 2.7$ to 5.5 V_{DC} , $I_{SET} = 200\mu$ A, $V_{OUT} \le 5.5V$, VLOAD $\le 10^{\circ}V$. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

| Baramatar | Symbol | Sumhal Tast Canditians | LX1990 | | | Units |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--------|------|-------|------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Symbol Test Conditions | | Тур | Max | |
| Power Characteristics | | | | | | |
| Quiescent Current | I_ _{QUI} | VDD = 2.7V; ISET = 0uA | | 1.4 | 2 | mA |
| Quiescent Current | I_ _{QUI} | VDD = 5.5V; I <mark>SET</mark> = 300uA | | 3.0 | 4 | mA |
| Sleep Current ¹ | I_SLEEP | VDD = 5.5V, ENA ≤ 0.4V | | 0.08 | 1 | μA |
| Enable Input | | | | | | |
| Enable Logic Threshold | $V_{\text{TH}_{\text{EN}}}$ | | 0.8 | 1.55 | 2.4 | V |
| Enable Input Current | I _{IN_EN} | $ENA = V_{DD} = 5.5V$ | | 4 | 10 | μA |
| I _{SET} to Out Pulse Response | T _{D(ON)} | | | 1.2 | 2 | μS |
| I _{SET} to Out Pulse Response | T _{D(OFF)} | | | 1.4 | 2 | μS |
| ISET Input | | | | | | |
| I _{SET} Current Range | IISET | R _{SET} terminated to GND | 0 | | 300 | μA |
| I _{SET} Voltage | V _{ISET} | I _{SET} = 200uA | 1.225 | 1.25 | 1.275 | V _{DC} |
| Output Characteristics | | | | | | |
| Output Current Amplitude | I _{OUT} | 0.5 < V _{OUT} < 5.5V, I _{SET} = 200µA | 18.5 | 20 | 21.5 | mA _{DC} |
| OUTA to OUTB Current Matching | IOUT_MATCH | $I_{OUT} = 20mA$; $(I_{OUTA} - I_{OUTB}) / I_{OUTA} * 100$ | | 0.4 | 5 | % |
| ISET to IOUT Current Ratio | I _{OUT_RATIO} | I_{OUT}/I_{SET} ; $I_{SET} = 200 \mu A$; $V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ | | 102 | | |
| ISET to IOUT Current Ratio | I _{OUT_RATIO} | I_{OUT}/I_{SET} ; $I_{SET} = 200\mu A$; $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ | | 99 | | |
| Output Current $I_{SET} = 0\mu A$ | I _{OUT_ZERO} | $0.5 < V_{OUT} < V_{LOAD}, I_{SET} = 0\mu A$ | | 10 | 100 | μA_{DC} |
| Dropout Voltage ² | V _{DROPOUT} | T I _{OUT} = 20mA | | 150 | 300 | mV |
| Dropout Voltage ² | V _{DROPOUT} | I _{OUT} = 30mA | | 200 | 400 | mV |
| Maximum Output Current, I _{SET} Shorted To Gnd. Each Output | I _{sc} | V _{ISET} = Zero Volts; VDD=5V | | 100 | | mA _{DC} |
| Output Off State Current | I _{OUTOFF} | $ENA \leq 0.4V$ | | | 20 | μA _{DC} |

¹ At enable voltages greater than 0.4V but less than 0.8V the outputs will remain off but the sleep current may be greater than 1µA. ² Dropout is defined as the OUTA/B to GND voltage at which the output current sink drops 10% from the nominal value.



SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



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APPLICATIONS

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The LX1990 is designed to drive LED's used in display illumination and signaling applications such as cellular telephones and PDA's. With a 5V supply, the two independently regulated constant current outputs can drive 2 white LED's ($V_F < 4.5V$) in parallel, or 4 green or amber LED's ($V_F < 2.25V$ each) arranged as 2 parallel x 2 in series.

With Dropout voltage of only 300 mV at 20 mA, the LX1990 provides regulated current for 2 green / amber LED's in a cell phone all the way down to the minimum NiCd cutoff of 2.7 volts for three cells.

The LX1990 features resistor settable output current. Connecting a resistor between I_{SET} and a voltage of zero to 1.25 volts generates a current that is mirrored into each of the output with a gain of about 100. Output current can be varied in an analog fashion by varying I_{SET} resistance or termination voltage (see application schematics).

Duty cycle dimming with a fixed current amplitude is accomplished by switching the I_{SET} current on and off with an open collector or open drain pulse width modulated logic signal. Switching frequency can exceed 20 KHz, making it practical to use a PWM output channel from popular micro controllers. The upper limit on frequency is minimum switching response from I_{SET} to output. As frequency increases, these fixed delays will cause an error in expected output current duty cycle.

All inputs and outputs are ESD and short circuit protected making the LX1990 an exceptionally robust component. However it is not recommended to indefinitely short the I_{SET} input to ground while shorting the outputs to 10V as the power dissipation under these conditions is the greatest.

APPLICATION NOTES

Each output has an independent current sink, however both must be held above about 0.5 volts to maintain specified current regulation accuracy. If only one output is needed, the two outputs should be connected together and the programming resistor value doubled so each output supplies $\frac{1}{2}$ the desired current. In this case, more than 60 mA total current can be delivered from the combined output.

Package power dissipation can be calculated from the following equation:

 $\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{D}} = \left(\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{OUT}}\right) \cdot \left(\mathbf{V}_{LOAD} - \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{LED}}\right)$

| n | = | Number of outputs used |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| I _{OUT} | = | Current from each output |
| V_{LOAD} | = | Output Supply Voltage |
| V_{LED} | = | Minimum LED forward voltage |
| P _D | = | Power Dissipated in mW |

When the ENA input is at zero volts, less than 20μ A current flows into or out of the outputs. If the disable function is used, ENA must be driven below 0.4 volts to insure minimum current from V_{DD}.

The I_{SET} pin may be driven with a digital open collector or open drain logic PWM signal to dim the LED's. Recommended PWM frequency for dimming is between 100 Hz and 20 KHz. Below 100 Hz flicker may be observed. Above 20 KHz duty cycle accuracy is reduced due to switching delays from I_{SET} to outputs. Totem pole output drive may also be used as long as the maximum driver voltage never exceeds the V_{DD} supply. Since the totem pole drive will exceed the 1.25V I_{SET} voltage it can introduce delays that may limit the useful frequency and maximum dim range.

If PWM dimming is used, use separate power and ground lines directly from the power source point to prevent noise generated from the LED current transients from entering video or audio subsystems on the same supply rails. Additional power supply filtering may be needed in PWM dimming applications. Care should be exercised in the PCB layout to prevent coupling from the outputs to the I_{SET} pin, as this may cause the part to oscillate.

Current out of the I_{SET} pin may be varied for current amplitude dimming. There are two ways to do this: If a mechanical input is needed, a rheostat in series with a resistor connected from GND to I_{SET} can be used. The second method is to connect a fixed resistor from I_{SET} to the output of a voltage DAC or other low impedance voltage source. Varying the voltage between zero and 1.25 volts will cause a corresponding output current change from I_{OUT} max to zero:

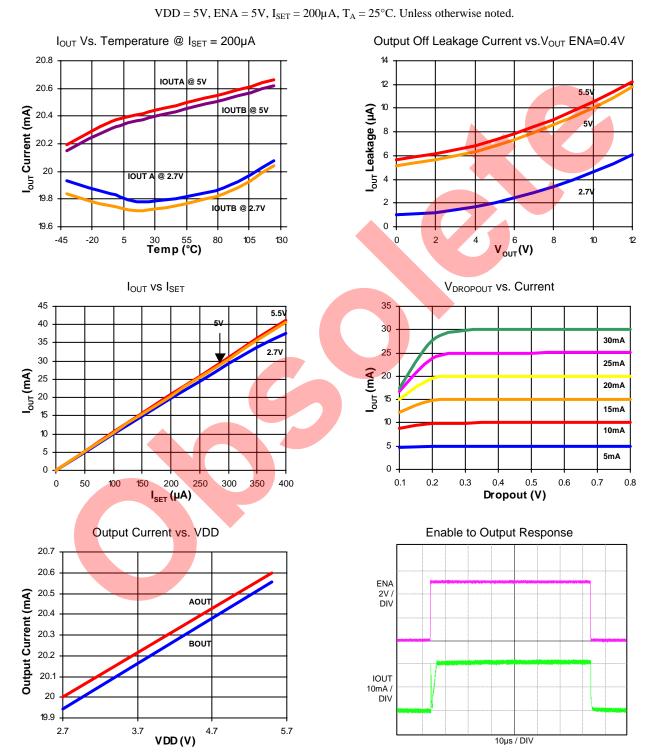
I_{OUT} = Current Ratio × I_{SET}

The ENA pin may be used to duty cycle dim the output in applications where only one control line is available for dimming and shutdown. A narrow current spike that may be as high as 100 mA is produced when the ENA signal has very fast rise times. This is not harmful to the LED, but will cause dimming linearity errors when operating at very low duty cycles. APPLICATIONS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

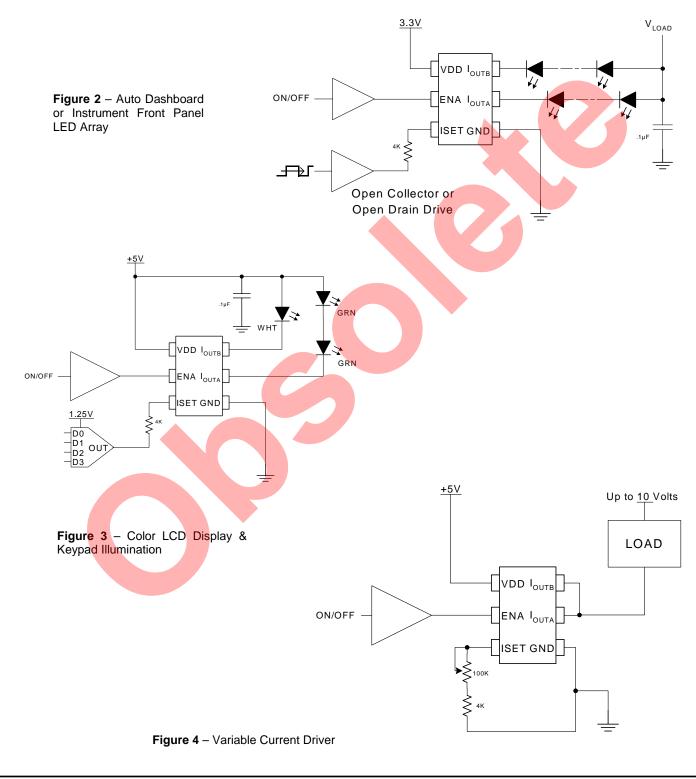


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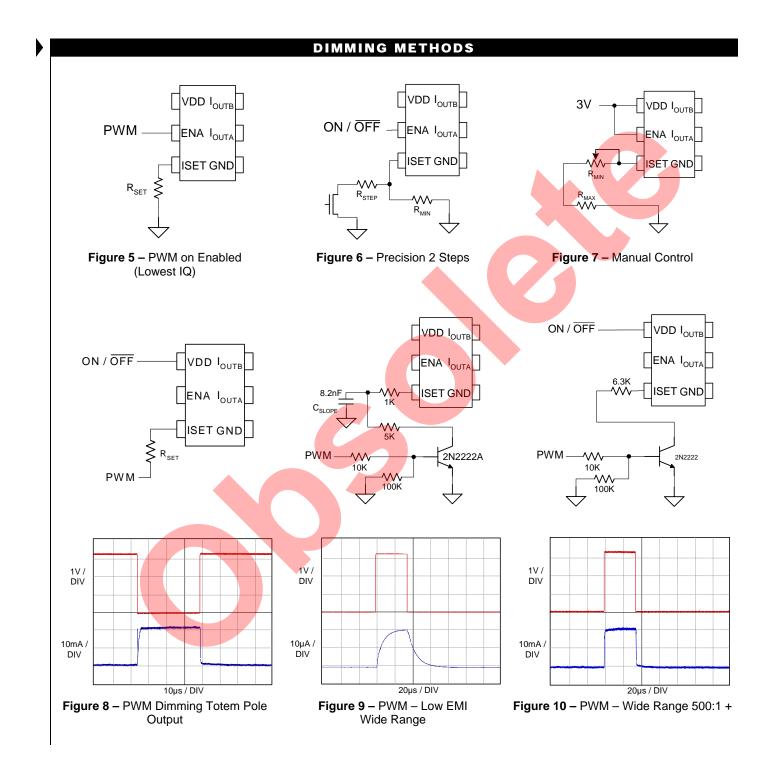


APPLICATIONS



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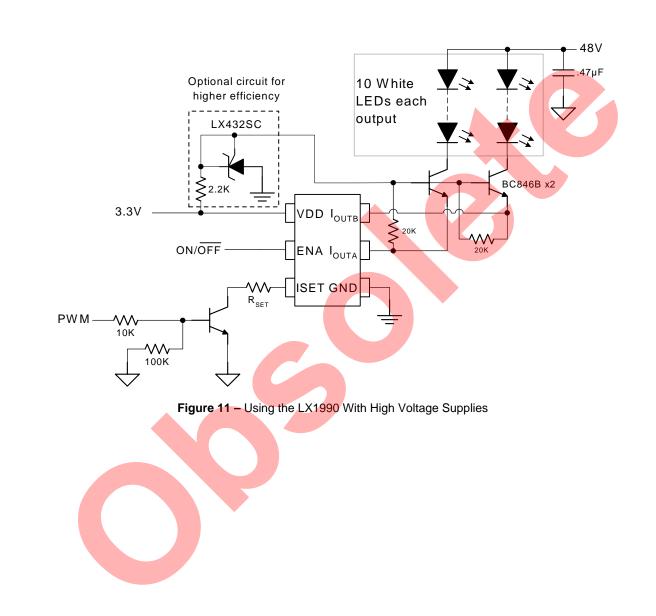


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Dual Programmable LED Current Sink

APPLICATION



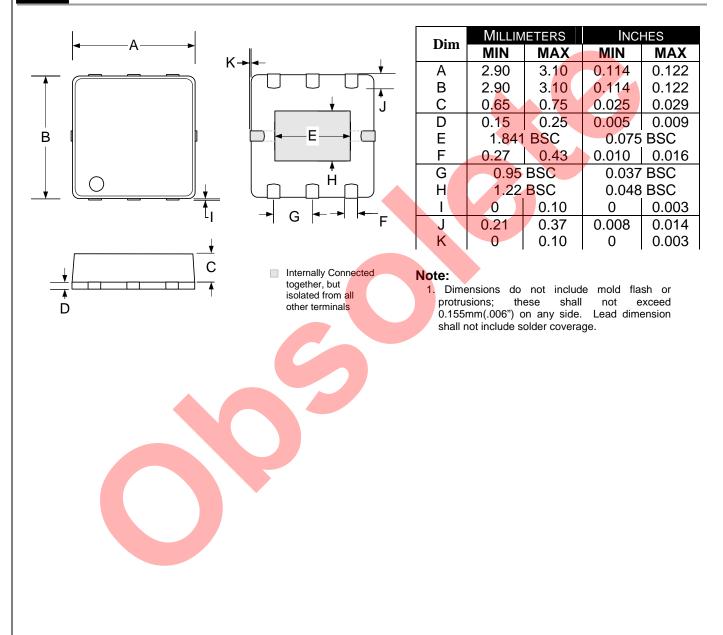
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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

 $\mathbf{L}\mathbf{N}$

6-Pin Plastic MLP-Micro Exposed Pad



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Dual Programmable LED Current Sink

NOTES

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